North Hastings Review.

J. R. ORR, Publisher and Proprietor. "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW." TERMS, $1.50 ; $1.00 IF PAID IN ADVANC

29TH YEAR.—No. 44. **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, November 1, 1906.** POSTAGE PREPAID.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital Paid Up,	$3,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits,	$3,839,000
Total Assets, over	$42,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, — TORONTO

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

MADOC BRANCH.

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and Interest allowed at highest current rates, compounded half yearly.

F. COTTLE, Manager

F. E. O'FLYNN,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR.
BELLEVILLE - - ONT.

W. J. MOORE, B.C.L.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, MADOC, ONTARIO.
OFFICE—Dominion Bank Building.
Solicitor for the Dominion Bank.

D. E. K. STEWART,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY MADOC, ONTARIO.
Money to loan on first mortgages t lowest rates.
Solicitor for J.C. Dale & Co., Bankers
Solicitor for Murphy, Gordon & Co., Bankers, Tweed.

WILLIAM CROSS, LL.B.,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER.
Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.
Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee.
Office—Wood Block, Madoc.

DENIS GILLEN,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Commissioner Conveyancer, Clerk 6th Division Court, Madoc, Ont.

DR. HARPER,
GRADUATE OF TRINITY UNIVERSITY
Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office—Durham street, Dale's Block. Madoc.

DR. HARRISON,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.
Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

A. F. WOOD,
BROKER, LAND AGENT AND INSURANCE AGENT.
Money to loan in large or small sums, on security. Agent for Canada Landed and N. Invest Co. The Insurance Companies represented are. in Tariff Companies,—Liverpool, London and Globe, Guardian, and Royal, of England. Non-Tariff Companies, — Equity, and Metropolitan, Canadian. The above Companies are well-known for their reliability.

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F

Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

M. MAYBEE, Rec.-Sec. H. W. WRIGHT, Noble Grand
L. F. MORRICE, Fin.-Sec.

Madoc Lodge, No.195, A.O.U.W

THE Ancient Order of United Workmen meets every first and third Friday of each month in Moon's new block. Visiting brethren arecordially welcomed.

A. WEIR, Master Workman. W. H. MCBAIN, Recorder

Sells More of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Than all others Put Together.

Mr. Thos. George, a merchant at Mt. Elgin, Ont., says: "I have had the local agency for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since it was introduced into Canada, and I sell as much of it as I do of all other lines I have on my shelves put together. Of the many dozens sold under guarantee, I have not had one bottle returned. I can pesonally recommend this medicine as I have used it myself and given it to my children and always with the best results." For sale by all druggists.

Twenty persons were killed and many injured by a hurricane at Havana.

New South Wales and Victoria have passed severe laws against gambling.

The Central Ontario Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Trains leaves Eldorado station as follows:—

GOING NORTH,	GOING SOUTH—
8.35a.m. for Bancroft	8.35 a.m. Trenton
4 p.m, for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Train leave for the South, Coe Hill at 6.15 a.m., and Bancroft at 12.20 p.m.

GEO. COLLINS, Receiver and Manager.

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,
81 CARLETON ST., TORONTO,
will be at the
Hotel Quinte, Belleville,
EVERY SATURDAY,
for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases, commencing September 1.

The Belleville Business College
Founded 1889.
Short, thorough, practical and inexpensive courses in
Book-keeping, Shorthand and Type-writing, Telegraphy.
For Catalogue apply to
Belleville Business College, Ltd.
Belleville, Ont., Canada.
P.O. Drawer B.

Albert College
Belleville, Ont.
343 students enrolled during college year, 168 young ladies and 175 young men, attendance increased two and one half times in 13 years. Conservatory and University examinations in all departments of music, graduating courses under full staff of specialists in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Elocution, Physical Culture, Fine Arts and Domestic Science.
Special attention given to Matriculation and Teachers' Courses, New Pipe Organ and Art Gallery recently added; Gymnasium and large Athletic grounds. Buildings heated with steam and lighted by electricity.
Re-Opens Tuesday, Sep. 11, 1906
For calendar or room, address.
PRINCIPAL DYER, D.D.

THE ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE
BELLEVILLE, - ONT.
39th Year
is the most prosperous and successful business College in Canada, and the most widely attended in America.
Send for Catalogue. Address
Principal J. W. JOHNSON, F. C. A.,

J. C. DALE & Co.,
BANKERS,
DALE'S BLOCK, MADOC, ONT.
A General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received, and interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Interest added to principal half-yearly, on the 11th of May and the 11th of November of each year.
REFERENCE:—Canadian Bank of Commerce.
J. C. DALE, Manager.

The Ontario Bank Failure.

The fate of the Ontario Bank shareholders is still a matter of conjecture. Some have predicted that unless the directors could be forced to make good at least a portion of the losses the stockholders would eventually be called upon to the extent of their double liability or a part thereof. More cheerful prophets now hope that from 25 to 70 per cent. of the value of the stock will be saved for the shareholders. Mr. James Bicknell, K.C., solicitor for the curator, is quoted as saying that the assets would yield 25 cents at any rate and perhaps 50 cents on the dollar. The curator himself refuses to pass an opinion. If a good case is found against the wealthy directors it might be that the ordinary shareholders would yet receive par value for their stock. This, however, seems almost too much to expect.

Fall Assizes.

List of Cases in which Our Readers are Interested.

The fall assizes, High Court of Justice, opened at Belleville on Tuesday, before the Honorable Mr. Justice Britton. The following are the cases of interest to REVIEW readers:—

JURY CASES.

Wright vs. O'Hara—S. Masson for plaintiff, A. A. McDonald for defendant.

Kirk vs. McKenzie—W. J. Moore for plaintiff, Wm. Cross for defendant.

Pitman vs. Charlesworth—Porter & Carnew for plaintiff, F. S. Wallbridge for defendant.

Switzer vs. Doyle—Porter & Carnew for plaintiff, Northrup & Roberts for defendant.

Latta vs. Fargy—Porter & Carnew for plaintiff, Clute & Morden for defendant.

Gardiner vs. Herrington—A. A. McDonald for plaintiff, Mr. Cross for defendant.

Gardiner vs. Herrington—A. A. McDonald for plaintiff, Wm. Cress for defendant.

NON-JURY CASES.

English vs. Gilroy—Northrup & Roberts for plaintiff, F. W. Harcourt for defendants.

Turkington vs. Hughes — Wills & Wright for plaintiff, Warner & Herrington for defendant.

Prest vs. Prest—A. A. McDonald for plaintiff, F. Harcourt for defendant.

Jarvis vs. Jarvis—A. A. McDonald for defendant, Wm. Cross and F. W. Harcourt for defendant.

Rose vs. Frederick — Northrup & Roberts for plaintiff, P. J. M. Anderson for defendant.

Lamb vs. Whyte—Porter & Carnew for plaintiff, Wm. Farnham for defendant.

Harrington vs. Gardiner—Wm. Cross for plaintiff, A. A. McDonald for defendant.

There is just one criminal case on the docket, that of King vs. Kleingbeil, the charge against the defendant being murder.

The Bank of England has advanced its discount rate to 6 per cent.

Do You Want to Know What You Swallow?

There is a growing sentiment in this country in favor of MEDICINES OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. It is but natural that one should have some interest in the composition of that which he or she is expected to swallow, whether it be food, drink or medicine.

Recognizing this growing disposition on the part of the public, and satisfied that the fullest publicity can only add to the well-earned reputation of his medicines, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has "taken time by the forelock," as it were, and is publishing broadcast a list of all the ingredients entering into his leading medicines, the "Golden Medical Discovery" the popular liver invigorator, stomach tonic, blood purifier and heart regulator; also of his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, over-worked, broken-down, overtaxed invalid women.

This bold and outspoken movement on the part of Dr. Pierce, has, by showing exactly what his well-known medicines are composed of, completely disarmed all harping critics who have heretofore unjustly attacked them. A little pamphlet has been compiled, from the standard medical authorities of all the several schools of practice, showing the strongest endorsements by leading medical writers of the several ingredients which enter into Dr. Pierce's medicines. A copy of this little book is mailed *free* to any one desiring to learn more concerning the valuable, native, medicinal plants which enter into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are tiny, sugar-coated anti-bilious granules. They regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Do not forget the "pill habit," but cure constipation. One or two each day for a laxative and regulator, three or four for an active cathartic. Once tried always in favor.

$50,000 GIVEN AWAY, in copies of The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book that sold to the extent of 500,000 copies a few years ago, at $1.50 per copy. Last year we gave away $50,000 worth of these invaluable books. This year we shall give away $50,000 worth of them. Will you share in this benefit? If so, send only 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only for book in stiff paper covers, or 50 stamps for cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dairy Meeting at Queensboro.

Addresses by Instructor Publow and Others.

A very successful and well attended meeting in the interest of dairying was held in the Orange Hallat Queensboro on October 23rd.

Advantage was taken of the presence of Mr. G. G. Publow, who had met with the Stockholders of the Madoc cheese factory during the afternoon to select a suitable site for a new factory building, to have the benefit of his advice and opinion in the way of a public address to patrons in general, and there was a good attendance to hear him. Among others at the meeting were Messrs. Duncan McBeath, President of the Spring Hill factory, Thos. H. Moore, President of the Queensboro factory, Richard Keene, President of the Spring Creek factory, and C. W. Reid, President of the Madoc factory. Mr. Angus Nicolson, President of the Madoc Cheese Board, occupied the chair, and introduced the speakers. He stated that Mr. Publow was there to answer any questions that might be asked and hoped the meeting would be a free and easy one. He first called on Mr. Herity, Dairy Instructor, who thought the cheesemakers were producing the best cheese they could from the material furnished them. If farmers produced better milk and furnished better curing rooms the cheese produced would be of finer quality. He had visited curing rooms this season with temperature of 95°. It is impossible to keep cheese from going off flavor in such rooms. He advised cool curing rooms.

Mr. Richard Keene, of Spring Creek factory, thought the quality of cheese depended on the patrons, and advocated any forward movement along this line to improve the community in general.

Mr. Nicolson then introduced Mr. G. G. Publow, Chief Instructor for Eastern Ontario. He took for his subject "The Farm and Factory Side of Dairying"—the producer being the important factor. Too much time had been spent educating the cheesemaker and too little on the producer of the milk. Given the healthy cow with suitable food and milk would be in perfect condition. Farmers should consider milk as a crop and a very delicate one to handle. Cheddar cheese, the kind we make, and for this the milk must be ripened—this ripening due to right process of souring. Preparation of milk in the hands of producer who must be clean in every particular. Cows must be kept clean as dirt will give a bad flavor. Turnip flavor not desirable in milk for either cheese or butter. Fermentation is what we are concerned with. Dust causes bacteria and bacteria causes bad flavor. Milk must have good surroundings as milk kept near pig pens or whey barrels will absorb what is termed the fruity flavor. To prevent growth of bacteria should be aim of producer and so milk must be cooled to 60° or 65°. More quickly cooled the better and the worse the surroundings the more need to cool quickly. The quickest way of cooling is to run milk over a thin cool surface, then insert coolers in can filled with ice. All milk returned due to lack of care. All utensils used must be clean and surroundings good as milk is a great absorbent. The fat in milk is used to absorb most delicate perfume. Wash pails and cans thoroughly and scald cloths in lye and soda. These things are as important to guard against as bad weeds in crop. In tending Saturday and Sunday milk do not mix cool and warm milk together, but cool both before mixing Over ripe milk comes from mixing cool and warm milk. Cheese now should be the best we can produce as they are kept till next spring, gage the price for next season. Considering the factory side when the farmer does his part he must look for best returns. Cheesemaker must be clean and keep factory clean. The factory must be a clean, wholesome place with a good water supply and good surroundings. Have cheese clean and of an even size. Good prices this year due to canned meat investigation. One pound of cheese worth 24 lbs. meat and the cheapest food for working men. Must keep quality of cheese good and keep working man consuming it. Have curing rooms keep temperature of 60°. Recommended the present Instructors to be Sanitary Inspectors as well, with fee in proportion to factory, and thus compel each patron to do his part. The cheesemaker is the best instructor to help the people. He recommended county Association or district meetings, anything to keep up the interest of people,

Meeting then closed with "God Save the King."

Bilious Attack Quickly Cured.

A few weeks ago I had a bilious attack that was so severe I was not able to go to the office for two days. Failing to get relief from my family physician's treatment, I took three of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the next day I felt like a new man. H. C. Bailey, Editor of the News, Chapin, S.C. These tablets are for sale by all druggists.

Mr. John Charlton has given $50,000 to endow a chair of moral philosophy at Queen's University.

A mother and her ten-year-old son were drowned by the sinking of a canal boat at Geneva, N.Y.

A monument to Alex. McLachlan, the patriot poet, was unveiled at Orangeville.

Don'ts for Hunters.

Every man who leaves town on his hunting trip this fall should cut this article out and memorize it while on his way to the woods.

Don't grasp a gun by the barrel and drag it after you out of a boat, through a fence or anywhere else, unless you want to test the truth of the saying that a fool has more lives than a cat—and then don't. One discharge may blow them all out.

Don't carry more than a small quantity of whiskey with you on your hunt. It's poor stuff to shoot on, and has resulted in many "deplorable accidents."

Don't under any circumstances allow your gun muzzle to point for one single moment at any living thing you do not mean to kill.

Don't allow yourself to carry a cocked gun in your hands, not even if you are alone. A sudden stumble may fire it; and you can never tell where the contents may go.

Don't carry a loaded gun into your camp or stopping place. And be absolutely sure that every cartridge is taken out of it before you go near the door.

If the sportsman who shot poor Jones through the heart across his own camp table had heeded that don't and the other regarding the muzzle of his gun pointing at anyone, Jones would have been alive to-day. You see, he took a hammerless rifle into Jones' camp, laid it down on the table on the other side of which his host was sitting, talked for a while, picked up the rifle and killed Jones instantly. He has never been able to understand how.

Don't shoot at a noise.

Don't shoot at a moving bush.

Don't shoot at anything to which you cannot swear. If the sportsman who stood in Cochran's dooryard and killed his chum, who was coming through high brush eighty rods away, had heeded those don't the luckless chum wouldn't have been hurled into eternity without a moment's warning, and the still more luckless survivor would not to-day be a hopeless maniac. Those are don't worth heeding.

Don't shoot at small game such as rabbits, grouse or squirrels with big ammunition.

The man who shot at a rabbit with a high-power rifle last season and killed a woodsman half a mile away has wished many a time since that he had heeded that don't.

Don't go away from your camp before you have familiarized yourself with the lay of the land, and the landmarks within a radius of at least half a mile.

Don't go out without a good supply of matches, part of them in a waterproof case as an emergency supply, a good, heavy hunting knife, a well-ground hunting axe or hatchet, a pocket compass and a lunch. There is always such a thing as getting lost among the possibilities.

Don't lose your head if you do lose your bearings; that is if you get lost. Sit down, take a smoke, get your mind out of the first panic into which the fact that you don't know where you are at is sure to throw it, and as soon as it is in normal working order don't make a fool of yourself by trying to find your way back. If you could do that you would not have got lost in the first instance.

Don't give yourself up for lost, however. Get busy. Gather a heap of wood in case you have to camp out all night. Make a fire. Then sit down and wait for your guide to find you. That's what he is sure to be trying to do, so don't make it harder for him by getting away from him as rapidly as panic speed can effect it.

Don't shoot at running game or any other, unless you can clearly see three things—the game, the front sight of your gun and the rear ditto, and all three in conjunction, mind.

Don't jerk the trigger when you do see those three objects in conjunction, press it. Then you won't throw the gun barrel up the least trifle at the instant of discharge; and the veriest trifle of elevation at that moment spoils the shot.

And lastly: Don't forget a single one of these don'ts.

Don't forget to observe them so rigidly that their observance becomes as second nature to you.

Don't forget to preach the like observance to your fellow-sportsmen, and you will find them the best pieces of wood lore you ever learned.

The Fall Fair Will Stay.

Georgetown Herald:—The interest in the annual fall Exhibitions throughout the country is certainly growing rather than diminishing. A number of agricultural societies that a few years ago had almost decided to go out of business haye reyived, and report good shows this season. The Ontario Agricultural College and the agricultural societies are doing great things for this Province.

Six new townships in northern Ontario are to be opened for settlement.

Ten men were burned to death and two fatally injured in a fire in a boarding-house at Birmingham, Alabama.

About 85 guests at the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Foster at Oneida township were poisoned by chicken boiled in copper pots. Mrs. Ferguson and Mrs. Foster, mother of Mr. Foster, are dead.

...County News...

A bear was killed near Deloro last week.

Sidney taxpayers are asked to pay a special smallpox tax, the total amounting to a considerable item.

The Rathbun Co. are working overtime in order to get all their logs shipped from Bancroft before it freezes up.

Belleville banks have decided to keep open on Saturday afternoons. Banks are catching the modern commercial spirit.

Sanitary Inspector Dillon praises the cheesemakers of the Bancroft district but speaks very disparagingly of the factories.

Sir MacKenzie Bowell has been elected president of the Northumberland-Durham Power Company, who will develop Healy Falls.

Mr. P. Kelly shot a bear near Mud Creek a few days ago. There were four of them together, but three made their escape.—Bancroft Times.

Mr. John Morrison, of Bellview, lost two valuable colts on Saturday, 13th inst. They strayed on the C. P. R. crossing and were struck by a passing train.

The Education Department of the Ontario Governmet have granted $2100 to the poor schools of North Hastings. This is $600 increase over last year.

The copper smelter at Eldorado is operating steadily with good results. Eldorado is again becoming quite a lively centre with considerable building going on.

A company has been formed at Marmora for the purpose of building skating rink. Shares have placed at $5 each and already a number have been sold.

The branch line of railway from the Central Ontario to Farnham's iron mine near Bancroft has been completed. The deposit is extensive and excellent quality.

A blacksmith shop and office and a store house have been built at the marble quarry, near Bancroft and several thousand dollars' worth of new machinery are already on the ground.

A number of mining men are at Deloro pumping out the mine on the Pearce property in order to obtain samples with a view to selling the property. Mr. Lawson has charge of the work.

Mr. Wm. Bonter is building the largest barn in Marmora township. The stone foundation is 9 feet high, 90 by 36 feet, with straw barn attached 40 by 30 feet. Mr. John Bonter is also building a fine house.

Bancroft Times:—Several big blocks of sodalite were shipped from here this week. Mr. Allom, of London, Eng., one of the directors of the company, operating the quarry, who has been here for some time, left for home yesterday.

Mr. Wootton, of Rawdon, was the victim of a painful accident last week. He was out in the yard with his sheep when a ram bunted him and broke four of his ribs. For a time his recovery appeared doubtful, but at last accounts he was getting on nicely. Mr. Wootton is 80 years of age.

The twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Board of Managers of the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church was held in Belleville last week. The total income for the past year was $93,346.34, an increase of $7,925.26 over the previous year. The Bay of Quinte Conference contributed $11,444.51.

A terribly shocking accident occurred at Fredericksburg station about one o'clock Sunday afternoon, the victim being a sectionman on the Grand Trunk named Sweet. The unfortunate man was walking along the track carrying a pail and singing when he was struck by the International Limited, and was mangled to pieces. It is thought he had forgotten the Law rules of running and was on the wrong track.

Mr. Albert Fields, an employee of the Standard Chemical Company, Deseronto, while engaged in taking a valve off one of the boilers, neglected to shut off the steam, which rushed through the aperture and quickly enveloped him. The unfortunate man was taken to his home as soon as possible. The skin from over half of his body is entirely gone, and he is in a very serious condition. The doctors hope to save his eyesight.

In Time of Peace.

In the first months of the Russia-Japan war we had a striking example of the necessity for preparation and the early advantage of those who, so to speak "have shingled their roofs in dry weather." The virtue of preparation has made history and given to us our greatest men. The individual as well as the nation should be prepared for any emergency. Are you prepared to successfully combat the first cold you take? A cold can be cured much more quickly when treated as soon as it has been contracted and before it has become settled in the system. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of colds and it should be kept at hand ready for instant use. For sale by all druggists.

The Mark That Tells

Pen-Angle trademark (in red) on every Pen-Angle garment, tells you it will fit and won't shrink,—your own dealer so guarantees it. Underwear thus trademarked is softer, warmer, more flexible, better wearing.

Trade marked thus in a variety of styles, fabrics and prices for women, men and children. Form Fitted. Dealers are authorized to replace instantly and at our cost, any Pen-Angle garment faulty in material or making. 206

BETTER UNDERWEAR

CHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house Hangings, also **LACE CURTAINS** DYED & CLEANED LIKE NEW. Write to us about yours. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 158, Montreal

LADIES!

Be our Agent in your locality, earn money in your spare time selling our Perfumes, Soaps, Toilet Requisites and Flavoring Extracts, articles that are used every day in every home; 50 per cent. profit in this for you. Write us. The J. B. Eager Company, Toronto.

Fruit Growers, Attention

Having no commission to pay, and selling for cash, The Eastern Townships Nurseries are thus able to offer you Standard Apple Trees 4 to 6 feet high, grown here, hardy and thrifty stock for Fall and Spring delivery, for $15.00 per hundred.
LOUIS GERVAIS, Prop.,
Laurenceville, Que

$5. BUYS A HOME

Forty years ago you could have bought lots in Denver for $100 on which now stand stores which bring $15,000 a year rent.
Denver has a population of 200,000. In five years the population will reach the half-million mark.
Ordinary residence lots in districts already populated bring from $750 to $2,000 each.

WE ARE LAYING OUT A NEW ADDITION

Washington Heights

The highest and most sightly addition in Denver; furnishing a perfect view of Pike's Peak and the Rocky Mountains for a distance of 75 miles. Overlooking Washington Park. An ideal spot.

Lots 25 x 125 Feet for $100

$5 CASH, $5 PER MONTH

THESE lots are bound to double in value within the next year or two, and before many years are apt to be as valuable as any in Denver.

FREE—upon application, map and full particulars. You pay no taxes or interest until all payments are made and full title secured.

Choice lots to those who respond promptly. Better send $5 and secure select location. Lots going fast.

THE CENTURY LOAN AND TRUST CO.
The Century Building Denver, Colorado
If you have property to sell in Denver, write us.

Gold Cuff Links, $5.50

Beginning at $4 Diamond Hall has a vast array of solid gold Cuff Links—made by the store's own skilled goldsmiths.

Notable value is found in our $5.50 pair of 14k. Gold, dumb-bell shape, suitable for monogram; and our Catalogue pages show many others.

Articles are sent post free, of course.

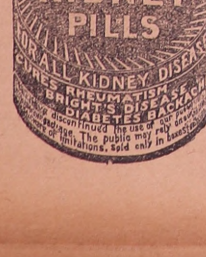
Drop us a postal card and we will send you free of charge our large illustrated catalogue.

Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

REMARKABLE WRECK-RAISING.

A somewhat unusual operation in wreck-raising has been carried out in Kiel harbor. Some time since the torpedo-boat "S 126" sank in port after collision with another war-vessel, and notwithstanding the known condition of the sunken boat, the authorities decided to have it brought to the surface. For this purpose two floating cranes of formidable dimensions were utilized, and the broken and twisted hull was fished up from the depths and swung through the air like a bale of merchandise to a lighter, on which it was laid. The boat was of steel, and it is proposed seriously to essay and turn the aparently inextricable mass to some use.

A child of three years old is half the height that it will ever reach.



NEW ELECTRICAL HOME

MAKES HOUSEKEEPING A JOY AND PLEASURE.

A Wealthy Man of Schenectady, N. Y., Has the Most Complete Outfit in His House.

Time, 7 a.m. The electrical awakening alarm over Katie's bed goes off, and she opens her eyes languidly. But, with a sudden realization that the master's breakfast must be ready in half an hour, she becomes more awake, and, reaching one hand from the bed, she touches a button embedded in the wall nearby. This button is marked "Tea Kettle." Then Katie touches in succession other buttons, labelled "Porridge," "Oven," and "Bath."

Leisurely she arises, dons her clothing, and goes downstairs. In the kitchen the tea kettle is boiling merrily, the porridge is steaming away in its receptacle, and as she opens the oven the blast of heat indicates that all is ready for placing the breakfast rolls, made the night before, in the oven for quick baking.

Upstairs the master can be heard splashing in his morning bath, which has been heated to just the right temperature. In a few minutes another maid comes downstairs, sets the table, and promptly at 7.30, when the master appears in the dining room, breakfast is set upon the table, prepared to perfection.

Who did it? Katie was the "first one up" in all the house. Then who started the kettle boiling? Who turned on the fire under the porridge steamer? Who got the oven ready? One extra servant, an unpaid, unfed servant, who never sleeps, but is always at the call of anyone who will touch the button. And the servant's name is Electricity!

The house is the Electric House. It is no fancy dwelling, for with the advance in electricity is has become quite possible. Indeed, one such residence already exists and is quite successful. A Mr. H. W. Hillman, a wealthy man of Schenectady, N. Y., is the inventor, and owner, and occuppant of the House of Electricity.

IN THE KITCHEN.

In kitchen appliances the Hillman house surpasses all others in the perfection and up-to-dateness of its electrical equipment. And if a cook cannot be contented in this house, she can be contented nowhere.

This is an age when the science of man is bent on saving the precious moments, and in the Hillman home no time is lost. The electric kitchen equipment is simplicity itself. It consists of a wooden table equipped with many regulating switches for turning the current on and off. Three heats can be given—the maximum, medium and minimum. In the morning the girl turns a switch in her room when she gets up, and by the time she is dressed the tea kettle is boiling, the electrical frying pan and coffee pot are as soon ready, and breakfast can be cooked in less than half the time usually consumed with the gas or coal stove. The three heat switches are used, so that the cooked food can be kept warm until used.

Water can be heated, and an egg cooked on the stove in the wonderful time of three and three-quarter minutes. Other cooking utensils are equally as fast, and prepare the food in a manner to tickle the palate of an epicure. The oven can be heated ready for baking in less than fifteen minutes. Most interesting about the kitchen utensils is the fact that so many combinations have been arranged. The hot-water heater is later used to cook the porridge, then to boil the eggs, and later the potatoes are steamed in it.

In the laundry, in the basement, the nine-gallon water boiler keeps a steady supply of hot water, all the machinery is run by electricity and the clothes are ironed by a six-pound electric flat iron, which is always ready for work.

THE DINING-ROOM

is equipped with a small table wired for the chafing dish and coffee percolator, where pleasant evening dishes can be made.

All the rooms of the house are heated with the luminous electric radiators. The radiators are instantaneous, and as soon as the switch is turned the fire glows and throws out a strong heat. They give more heat than any gas heater, do not use the oxygen in the room, and are far cheaper, costing less than seven cents an hour for heat.

The bathroom is replete with electrical inventions and conveniences. Water in the bath tub is heated quickly with an immense coil. In forty seconds water can be heated in the shaving mug.

The miscellaneous electrical contrivances about this house are almost without number, and are being added to every day. The sewing is done on a sewing machine run by a small motor, and a little three-pound electrical flatiron in the sewing-room is more than useful; it is a necessity. An electrical massage motor is another device. There is also the electric heating pad, which takes the place of the old hot-water bottle. It is as light as a blanket, and can be kept for hours at the same temperature.

Matches in the house are an unknown quantity. Cigar-lighters on the verandah, in the den—the only places where matches would be used—remove every excuse for a match in the house. There are also telephones upstairs and down.

A great many of the devices mentioned can be used in almost any home where electric lights are used, such as the shaving-mug, tea and coffee pots, chafing-dish, flat-irons, cigar-lighter, sewing machine motor and laundry iron.

NEW ZEALAND'S PROSPERITY.

The general prosperity of New Zealand is remarkable. Out of a population of a little less than 1,000,000 one-third have money in the savings banks. The wealth per head is nearly £300, which is the largest of any country in the world. Statistics show for New Zealand the highest health and the lowest death rate of any country.

COULD SCARCELY WALK.

A Rheumatic Sufferer Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Rheumatism is rooted in the blood—that is a medical fact every poor rheumatic sufferer should know. Liniments and outward applications cannot possibly cure rheumatism. They are a waste of money, and while the sufferer is using them the disease is steadily growing worse—is slowly but surely taking a firmer grasp upon the entire system. Rheumatism must be treated through the blood. That is the only way in which the poisonous acid can be driven out. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood and thus always cure rheumatism. Every dose of these pills helps to make new rich red blood which sweeps the poisonous acid from the system, loosens the aching joints and muscles and gives the rheumatic new health free from pain. Among those who can bear witness to the truth of these statements is Miss Dorsina Langlois, of St. Jerome, Que., for weary months she suffered from rheumatism and had begun to think she was incurable. "I could not straighten up," says Miss Langlois. "My limbs were almost useless, so stiff were they. For many months I endured such pains as only rheumatic sufferers can understand. Although only thirty years of age the suffering I endured actually made me look like an old woman. I used liniments and tried several medicines, but got not the slightest help until almost by chance my attention was directed to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I began taking them and in the course of a few weeks I could see they were helping me. Little by little the pain began to go, and the stiffness to leave my joints. I continued taking the pills for several months when every symptom of the trouble had disappeared. I have not felt a twinge of rheumatism since, and I bless the day Dr. Williams' Pink Pills came to my notice."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills never fail to cure rheumatism because they go right to the root of the trouble in the blood. That is why these pills cure all the common ailments due to poor and watery blood, such as anaemia, headaches and backaches, indigestion, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, general weakness, and the distressing irregularities that afflict women and growing girls. If you need a medicine you will save money by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at once. See that the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is printed on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SCOURGE OF AFRICA.

Cure for Sleeping Sickness Said to Have Been Found.

Two Europeans are reported to have been cured of sleeping sickness in the Watermael Hospital.

The authorities decline to give details at present, but it is understood that the treatment consisted of the injection of strychnine and atoyrl.

British, French and German investigations have been made in Africa to combat this strange disease, which has swept away hundreds of thousands of natives. Hitherto it has been regarded as incurable.

Its ravages have been described by Livingstone, Selous and other pioneers of exploration on the Dark Continent, and Col. David Bruce discovered that it was caused by the parasite "trypanosoma," which is carried by the tsetse fly.

The disease is at first often put down to laziness, but develops until the victim cannot keep himself awake, and may fall asleep at any time, even while eating. He wastes to a skeleton, and in eight months at the outside is a dead man.

A THANKFUL MOTHER.

"I thank you with all my heart for what Baby's Own Tablets have done for my little girl," says Mrs. Antoine Charette, Jr., of St. Boniface, Que. "When I began giving her the Tablets she seemed to be pining away, but after using less than a box she was rapidly gaining and she is now a fine, fat, healthy little one, and I write you this as the acknowledgement of a mother who will never forget what Baby's Own Tablets have done for her child." Letters like this must bring hope and comfort to all mothers who have feeble or sickly children. Baby's Own Tablets will cure all the minor ailments and can be given just as safely to a new born baby as to a well grown child. If you cannot get these Tablets from your dealer write The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and get them at 25c a box.

IGNORANCE.

"Well, Harry," said the hostess to her small guest, "did you rest well last night?"

"I don't know," answered Harry.

"You don't know!" echoed the lady.

"No, ma'am," replied the little chap, "I was asleep all the time."

FREE

Made in Canada and Sold by all Druggists

This coupon is good for one ten cent (10c.) Trial Bottle of the celebrated

Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill

a sure cure for Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all ailments arising therefrom. Mailed free, in a plain package, on receipt of name and address. Fill in your name and post office address on dotted lines and send to

THE WILSON-FYLE CO., Limited,
Niagara Falls, Ont.

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600

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What Is Going On In the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Major E. W. Blunt, the husband of the Countess of Cromartie, has assumed the name of Blunt-Mackenzie. Her surname, like that of her son, Vicount Tarbat, remains Mackenzie.

The largest quantity of fish that has ever been brought to Kirkwall during a peroid of four days, was landed there recently, 13 large Grimsby trawlers landing 200 tons of fish.

The top stairs in a house in Walmer Crescent, Ibrox, a fashionable Glasgow suburb, collapsed the other day, and brought down the lower staircase. The tenants were rescued by means of a fire-escape.

The coming of age of Mr. John Peter Grant, jr., of Rothiemurchus, son of Sheriff Grant of Rothiemurchus, was celebrated by several functions held at the Doune House, Rothiemurchus, near Aviemore.

The death has occurred at Berwick of Mr. Thomas George Turner, a well-known townsman. Mr. Turner was 74 years of age. He had been for the past quarter of a century secretary of the Berwick and Tweedmouth Gas Company.

Sir Wm. White is a believer in the turbine for maritime propulsion purposes. In a lecture on the 26th ult in London, on "Modern Warships" he refered to the turbine machinery of the Clydebank-built Cunarder Carmania as a marvel of modern engineering. He expressed satisfaction that the turbine 's to be adopted in all new British war vessels.

After six years' waiting, the Victoria cross and donation, together with the usual annuity, has been received by John Ross, who was a trooper in the Highland Mounted Infantry at Paardeberg, and at great personal risk ran to a wounded officer's aid and carried him out of the zone of fire. The incident was seen by General Lyttelton. Ross is now a gardener in the employment of an Elgin nurseryman. He is 33 years of age and a native of Aberdeen.

Information has been received at Stornoway of the death at Lucerne of Mr. William Lees, an old and well-known citizen of Stornoway. The deceased, who was 84 years of age, was in his early life a shipmaster, having served his apprenticeship with his father, who was a well-known master mariner, sailing out of Stornoway in his own vessel, in which he visited nearly all parts of the world. After his retiring from the sea, Mr. Lees was appointed harbormaster and collector at Stornoway.

Mr. George Ferguson, the oldest master joiner in Glasgow, has died at his residence in Lenzie. Born eighty-four years ago at Carstairs, deceased became a joiner on his own account as far back as 1846, and among his contracts were Coats' Spinning Mills, Paisley; Kelvingrove Art Galleries, and the Technical College. He was a widely travelled man, and was a keen curler and bowler.

The Docks and Pilotage Committee of the Aberdeen Harbor Board reported that they had under consideration the subject of providing an additional pontoon dock. They recommended that, as suggested by the harbor engineer, the dock should be 150 feet long, 42 feet wide, with draft on keel blocks 16 feet, and a lifting capacity (deadweight) of 600 tons, to cost £17,850.

There has passed away in her hundredth year Miss Macrae, who resided with her nephew, Bailie Macrae, Beechwood, Nairn. She retained all her faculties up to the last, and could tell many stories relating to stirring times of last century. Miss Macrae was present in Ferintosh Church when the joyful news of Wellington's victory at Waterloo was announced, and she could recall the rejoicings in Aberdeen on the coronation of Queen Victoria.

WISE.

Mother—Now, Isidor, go and give the new governess a kiss.

Isidor—No, thank you, not me. I know her. She will give me a slap on the face like she did papa.

DO NOT ALLOW yourself to become alarmed because you have lost your appetite and are losing flesh, but commence taking "Ferrovim" *the best tonic.* It will build you up quickly.

Ethel: "I rather like that young Doubleday. He has a good firm mouth and chin." Myrtle: "Goodness! Has he been kissing you, too?"

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

A gentleman who was on a visit to Niagara (when the car raised and lowered by steam-power was in use) went into the starting-house to witness the descent, being too timid to go down himself. After the car started, fully impressed with the danger, he turned to the man in charge, and said, "Suppose the rope should break?" "Oh," replied the man, who had no eye for anything but business, "they all paid before they went!"

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 314

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

BY ORDER

of the highest medical authority in the land you are earnestly advised to use

COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT

for **Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma,** and all **Throat and Lung Troubles.**

This famous remedy is a **pure vegetable syrup** and should be in every home. **Your druggist** not only keeps it but **recommends it.**

COLTSFOOTE
EXPECTORANT

Price, 25 cents.

"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof

Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and **EAVESTROUGH, Etc.**
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

Montreal, Que.	Ottawa, Ont	Toronto, Ont.	London, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.	Vancouver, B.C.
321-3 W Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	69 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

NO COLORS IN ACTION.

Some people may not know that colors are now taken into action. Before a regiment proceeds on service, the colors are placed in safe custody as suits such honorable insignia, and "when Tommy comes marching home again" they will be all the fresher for not being carried through dusty lands and trying rivers. The men whose duty it would have been to carry them and stand by them to the last are nowadays employed in less sentimental, if more useful, duties.

It Needs no Testimonial.—It is a guarantee in itself. If testimonials were required they could be furnished in thousands from all sorts and conditions of men in widely different places. Many medicines are put forth every year which have but an ephemeral existence and then are heard of no more. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has grown in reputation every day since it first made its appearance.

Harry: "Blanche says she has insuperable reasons for remaining single." Horace: "Yes, I know what they are." Harry: "Then she has told you?" Horace: "No; but I have seen her."

MONTH AFTER MONTH a cold sticks, and seems to tear holes in your throat. Are you aware that even a stubborn and long-neglected cold is cured with Allen's Lung Balsam? Cough and worry no longer.

Ferdinand: "And do you really love me?" Penelope: "Love you, Ferdinand? Why, only yesterday papa asked me if I wouldn't sooner have a pug dog, and I refused!"

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are, get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

"Madam," said the master of the house, authoritatively, "when I put my foot down it stays there!" But the little tack on which he brought it down took all the point out of his illustration.

THE JAPS did it. They supplied the Menthol found in the "D & L" Menthol Plaster, which relieves instantly backache, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism and sciatica.

Mrs. Hastymatch: "I had a dozen proposals before yours. And from smarter men than you, too" Mr. Hastymatch: "They must have been. How did they manage to crawl out of it?"

Be There a Will Wisdom Points the Way.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

A CLOUD OF HAY.

At Sprimont, in Belgium, on June 7th, an hour before noon, people at work in offices were surprised by a sudden darkness which obscured their rooms. Going outdoors, they saw above the centre of the town a dense cloud, like a great mattress, which hid the sun. Here and there the extraordinary cloud was gathered into thick flocculent masses, from which filaments were seen falling to the earth. These filaments turned out to be sprays of hay, and in a short time they lay thick in the market-place. The cloud was composed of a great quantity of hay, which had been carried up into the sky by a whirlwind, and then transported to a great distance by the wind. The cloud drove from north to south, and occupied nearly 10 minutes in passing over the town.

A SNAP IN A WHEAT FARM

NEAR WINNIPEG.

1,066 acres of clean unbroken prairie, the finest wheat land on earth, on the banks of the Red River, 45 miles from Winnipeg, four miles from two railway stations. $15 an acre takes it, $5,000 cash, balance easy. No better farm, no better investment.

WAUGH & BEATTIE,
12 Merchants Bank Building,
Winnipeg, Man.

"His wife is very accomplished. She can cook or play a piano with equal facility." "That is an accomplishment. I have never before heard of anyone cooking a piano."

A Clear Healthy Skin.—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the liver and kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

Passer-by: "I thought you were blind?" Mendicant: "Well, mister, times is so hard and competition is so great, that even a blind man has to keep his eyes open if he wants to do any business at all."

A SKIN THAT BURNS with eczema, and is covered with eruptions that discharge a thin fluid, may be made smooth and sightly with Weaver's Cerate. But this external remedy should be used in conjunction with Weaver's Syrup.

Mistress: "Bridget, I don't suppose you mind having dear little Fido in the kitchen with you when we go out?" Bridget: "No, mum; Oi loike t' have him here. Y'see, whin things go wrong an' Oi gits me dander up it's a moighty big relief to have something to kick 'round."

Some persons have periodical attacks of Canadian cholera, dysentery or diarrhœa, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change of water, cooking, and green fruit, is sure to bring on the attacks. To such persons we would recommend Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial as being the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops are taken in water when the symptoms are noticed no further trouble will be experienced.

SEEMINGLY.

"Life," moralized the doctor, "is not what it seems."

"Perhaps," suggested the professor, "you have never looked on the seamy side of it."

Mother—"I hear that Mr. Jones had the impudence to kiss you at the station. What did you do?" Daughter—"Oh, I kissed him too, so as to make the people think we were relatives."

CAMERON'S Asthma Cure has never failed to cure those suffering from Chronic Bronchitis or Asthma.

If afflicted

WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE,

and let us convince you that we have a cure—one that cures to stay cured. FREE SAMPLE sent to any address.

D. A. CAMERON & CO.,
Owen Sound, Ont

FADS AND FAITH

The Fads of Religion Are the Worst Foes of True Faith.

"Ye tithe mint and rue and every herb, and pass over justice and the love of God."—Luke xi., 42.

The Pharisees are not all dead; religion still means to many no more than a multitude of repressive regulations. Its expression is confined to attitudes and platitudes, to forms and phrases. It thus becomes a choice hiding-place for petty hypocrites, while the doing of trivial or traditional acts is so emphasized that some are led to think in all honesty that the doing and enduring of these things satisfies every moral requirement.

So far from the path of piety being hedged about with restrictions and its people burdened with meaningless loads; it is the way of liberty, the enlarging life, and the path in which men lose their burdens, straighten their backs, lift their heads, and set their eyes on truth and freedom. But minds too indolent to climb, too small to enter into liberty, have determined to make religion consist in no more than the wearing of badges or the bearing of unpleasant ordeals and duties.

Many hold it a sin to have springs on their wagons, buttons on their coats, or flowers in their hats, while the men will not wear suspenders. But the chances are that these same folk often carry

ENMITY IN THEIR HEARTS,

cherish revenge, jealousies, and bitterness; that the man who will not have springs on his wagon manages to shake the small apples into the bottom of the barrel just the same.

All such regulations represent the perennial attempt to substitute rules for principles, badges for being, and to satisfy the conscience with scrupulosity as to the gnat while exercising liberality and hospitality to the camel. Bending every effort to keep the law in the strictest manner, many easily become blind to its spirit and purpose.

The fads of religion are the worst foes of true faith. It does not take the keen and not always kindly critic long to learn that the man who asserts his holiness by wearing a hat of a peculiar shape or a white tie, or even a badge in his coat lapel, or a text on his shirt-front is the one whom it is well to watch with just a little extra caution when you are buying his goods or doing business with him in any way.

It is a poor kind of piety, utterly insufficient for working purposes, that can find all the exercise it needs in discussions and jealous guardings of customs, in tithing with a microscope, in decisions on buttons, or even in texts and phrases of teaching. When that stunted soul has served these ends it has no energy left to meet the emergencies of life's temptations or to spend on ordinary square dealing, kindly living, or

SELF-SACRIFICING SERVICE.

Yet the circumscribed hearts that invent these fads for their own satisfaction are sure to insist on laying them on others. There would be little satisfaction in inventing duties if we had to do them ourselves. They tell us we are traitors to the faith if we refuse to wear their badges or if we dare to do the things in which they find no pleasure. We ourselves need to beware lest we take our own fads or appetites and set them up as standards for other souls.

You will notice that it is the man with the weak stomach who is most ready to prove it a sin even to look with complaisance on a cigar. Many hearing the stern denunciations of dancing pronounced by people with petrified limbs have determined to choose the so-called life of sin with its natural pleasures in preference to the path of faith with its fads and funeral aspect..

But faith does not consist in fads, restrictions, denials. Religion is the soul's search after the best, the subjection of the lesser to the larger, the realization of and the entering upon relationships with the life spiritual, with things infinite, eternal and glorious. It is the finding in life a meaning deeper than mammon, nobler and more enduring than all things. It is learning to live as a soul, as the Son of eternity.

HENRY F. COPE.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, NOV. 4.

Lesson V. The Lord's Supper. Golden Text: I. Cor. 11.24.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

The Last Supper.—From the narrative of the synoptic Gospels alone the reader must inevitably derive the impression that the Last Supper of which Jesus partook with his disciples on the eve of his passion was the Paschal meal (comp. Matt. 26. 2; 17-19; Mark 14. 14-16; Luke 22. 7-15). But commentators and New Testament scholars generally prefer to follow the clearer and more definite chronology of John who specifically distinguishes this supper from the passover feast which on the day of crucifixion was still to be eaten. "And they themselves entered not into the Prætorium, that they might not be defiled, but might eat the passover. Pilate therefore went out unto them." (John 18. 28, 29.) "For some thought because Judas had the bag, that Jesus said unto him, Buy what things we have need of for the feast" (John 13. 29). The two references just quoted indicate (1) that on the day of crucifixion in the morning the passover feast was still to be eaten by the Jews, and (2) that the disciples during and after the Last Supper thought of the passover feast proper as still to be provided for by some purchases to be made by Judas. The statements of the synoptists on this point refer rather to the significance of the meal in retrospect, while those of John cover the whole period of time from the Supper to the crucifixion in a careful chronological survey with clear indications of time all along. It has been suggested that the words of Jesus as quoted by Luke, "With desire I have desired to eat this passover with you before I suffer: for I say unto you, I shall not eat it, until it be fulfilled in the kingdom of God" (Luke 22. 15, 16), furnish the key to the solution of the apparent disagreement between the statements of the synoptists and those of John, the regular passover being purposely anticipated by one day by Jesus since he knew that on the day following he would suffer the death on the cross. The Last Supper therefore must be thought of as having taken the place of the Paschal meal for Jesus and his disciples.

It must be borne in mind that the exact sequence of events in this closing period of Christ's life cannot be determined with certainty in detail, and that the exact date and time of none of the events is known. For the sake of clearness of view, however, it is well to have at least a tentative scheme of chronological sequence. The most probable order of the chief events of the passion is the following: Thursday, Nisan 14, after 6 p.m., The Last Supper. Following the Supper and before midnight Christ's Farewell Discourses and Intercessory Prayer. About midnight, the Agony in Gethsemane, the Betrayal and Arrest. Friday between midnight and 5 a.m., the Trial before the Jewish Authorities. Between 5 and 9 a.m., the Trial before Pilate and the examination of Herod. 9 a.m., the crucifixion. 5 p.m., the Burial. The death of Christ, our one sufficient Passover, thus coincided with the time for killing of the Paschal lamb, which occurred on Friday afternoon, the Paschal meal of the Jews following later on the same evening.

Verse 17. The first day of unleavened bread—This was Thursday, the 14th of Nisan, which commenced after sunset on the 13th. The feast of unleavened bread properly followed the passover and lasted seven days, from the 15th to the 21st of Nisan. The two feasts were sometimes included in the term "passover," sometimes in the term "unleavened bread." This first day, Nisan 14th, was in reality a day of preparation, and was often so called (Paraskeue).

18. To such a man—Apparently an acquaintance and friend of Jesus and his disciples whom Jesus doubtless specified by name, though for some reason the name is not given in any of the Gospel narratives.

The Teacher saith, My time is at hand; I keep the passover at thy house—The manner of address and the familiar form of the message makes it almost certain that the person so addressed was a disciple of Jesus, though, possibly, like Nicodemus and others, a secret disciple.

20. Sitting at meat—Lit. reclining at table. The simple courses of the meal would follow the regular ceremonial of the passover feast which was as follows: (1) A cup of red wine mixed with water was partaken of (Comp. mention of a first cup, Luke 22. 17). After this all guests present washed their hands. (2) Bitter herbs with unleavened cakes and a sauce called charoseth made of fruits and vinegar were eaten, the unleavened bread and herbs being dipped into the dish holding the sauce. (3) A second cup of wine with a blessing, after which the first part of the hallel (Psalms 113, 114) was chanted by the company. (4) The Paschal lamb was served. We note that no mention of the lamb is made in connection with the gospel reports of the Last Supper. It has been suggested that the simple bread which Jesus broke and gave to his disciples took the place of the Paschal lamb and that it was at this point of the evening meal that Jesus instituted what has since been known as the Lord's Supper. (5) A third cup of wine followed the breaking of the bread. (6) A fourth cup of wine mixed with water was, like the three preceding, passed from guest to guest around the circle. The second part of the hallel (Psa. 115-118), concluded the ceremonial.

21. Betray me — Lit., Deliver me up, that is, play the traitor.

23. He that dipped his hand with me in the dish — The dish of charoseth (comp. 20 (2) above). John who was an eye-witness of the events goes more into detail in his narrative at this point (comp. John 13. 12-30), though omitting entirely the account of the institution of the Eucharist.

25. Thou hast said — The common formula of assent both in Hebrew and in Greek. Jesus apparently spoke these words in a low voice inaudible to the rest of the company.

26. Jesus took bread, and blessed, and brake it; and he gave it to the disciples and said, Take, eat; this is my body—We note that it is the bread, and not the flesh of lambs, which Jesus makes the symbol of his body. This fact lends plausibility to the suggestion made above that the Paschal lamb was not partaken of by Jesus at this supper.

27. A cup — The third cup mentioned in 20 (5).

28. Covenant — Some ancient authorities insert the word new before covenant, and the King James version translates "new testament." It is from this passage that the title of our New Testament is derived.

For many unto (Gr. for) remission of sins—The second "for" in the original indicates intention, "in order that there may be remission of sins." Matthew only records these words.

29. When I drink it new with you in my Father's kingdom — The feast referred to is a symbol of the glorified life in heaven (comp. Luke 22. 30).

30. When they had sung a hymn—The second part of the hallel—(comp. 20 (6) above).

NEWEST TERROR OF SEA

THE VERY LATEST THING IN NAVAL WARFARE.

Motor Boat Built to Fight Submarines—Will Be Carried on Warship.

Though the naval manoeuvres now in progress in England may prove many definite points in ocean warfare, tactics may shortly be modified in some points by a new invention. For another naval terror has been added to the list, says the London Express.

First we had the wooden ship, armed with cutlass bearers and fusiliers; then the cannon that would crash its round shot through the oaken timbers of the ship.

Next the ironclad, against whose impenetrable sides the solid shot fell harmlessly off into the water like a handful of peas rattling against a barn door; then the rifled gun with its bursting shell that crashed through the heavy iron as if it were cheese.

TUBEFUL OF DEATH.

On its heels the Harveyized steel armor that seemed to be man's last word in the work of resisting destruction; but then the armor-piercing, explosive steel projectile that could bore its way through anything built of steel if only it could hit fair and true.

Again, the agile, speedy torpedo-boat boat with its tubeful of death and destruction, ready to strike the steel-armored ship in its very vitals; then then torpedo-boat destroyer that could sweep the seas clean of these little hornets, terrors of the battleships.

At last the submarine, afraid of nothing, and now comes something that is believed to be master of the submarine—the destroyer of submarines. This is the very last cry in naval warfare.

NEW DESTROYER.

The new submarine destroyer is the invention of Mr. Lewis Nixon, graduate of Annapolis, and former naval officer, then shipbuilder, and now an official with the Carbon Steel Co. of Pittsburg.

The essentials of the submarine destroyer are kept a secret as yet, because of the patent rights that must be preserved. Patents will be asked in all the countries of the world where patents may be had.

"The boat," writes Mr. Lewis Nixon, "will be small enough to be carried by battleships and large cruisers, have a speed of twenty-one knots an hour, and be as seaworthy and self-contained as a destroyer.

"The arrangements for the destruction of submarines I cannot now divulge, but they will be efficient."

SPEEDY MOTOR BOAT.

It will be built wholly of steel of the thinnest possible plates compatible with strength, and securely braced with light frames. Within and safely protected will be a modern motor, capable of creating great speed for short distances. In a word, the new submarine destroyer will be a speedy, high-powered motor boat, armed with a vertical torpedo tube, which can shoot a torpedo straight down through the water at its mark—the slow-moving but death-dealing submarine.

The submarine vessel must keep within twelve or fourteen feet of the surface to cause any damage to the enemy. And with a destroyer right overhead what chance would the crew, locked within the submarine, have for their lives?

MISCONSTRUED.

"What! you refuse me?"

His face betraying his intense astonishment and chagrin, the young man gazed at the beautiful girl who had just declined to share his life. Then he drew himself up haughtily.

"It is, of course, your privilege," he said; "but do you realize what I have done for you? Six months ago, when we first knew one another, I began to spend my money. Look at the carriages we have had, the flowers and sweets, and the elaborate presents I have given you! Perhaps it is wrong to speak of these things, but why did you permit me to do all this? Indeed, did you not encourage me in my lavishness? And now, in spite of all, you reject me. Had I not every reason for thinking otherwise?"

She shook her head.

"Certainly not," she replied. "I did the right thing. Why, if I had had the slightest idea of marrying you, do you suppose I should have permitted you to waste all that money?"

ONCE A YEAR PLAYTIME.

In most countries a girl considers her dolls and toys her own possessions, to appropriate at any and all times. This is not so with the Japanese girl. To play with her dolls is an event—a joy which comes to her but once a year. There is a party, also a meal. This is served on the floor with some sort of sweets, and not to partake is considered very bad form. The next day the treasures are removed and packed away, the girl longing for the day when she shall again enjoy her ever-increasing family. It is a common thing to see as many as 100 or more dolls in one home.

WONDERFUL LAKE.

One of the wonders of Java is a lake of boiling mud, two miles in circumference, in the centre of which immense columns of soft, hot mud continually rise and fall. Besides these columns there are two gigantic bubbles near the edge, which fill up like huge balloons and explode on an average three times per minute.

The Home

GOOD MEAT AT SMALL COST.

Meats certainly cost much money, but one trouble with peopl eis that they use too expensive meats, writes Edith Peters. These are all right if the contents of your purse permit their use, but if not, why not do as I do and try a beef flank. I buy an entire one. The butcher will remove a large quantity of the fat, and I select as lean a one as possible. They weigh from 12 to 15 lbs and never cost over 6 cents per lb, and I have bought them as low as 4 cents.

Cut off the thin end; tear off the thin skin which covers both sides, and you have 2 or 3 lbs of flank steak. My butcher, who lived many years in the West, recommended this to me. He says it is considered as palatable and nourishing as round steak at one-fourth the cost. Indeed, I often see this part of the flank sold in our markets as steak, at 12 cents.

This leaves 10 or 12 lbs of meat. Cut it in halves and trim off the edges. The bits thus obtained may be used in soup, or you can cut off a couple of pounds for that purpose. I have made as nice a soup from flank as ever graced a bill of fare.

Salt one piece thoroughly, and put it in a jar if you wish corn beef for a boiled dinner. Let it remain for two days, when it will be salted enough. Sometimes my butcher lets this piece stay in his corn beef barrel until I want it. Or, you may boil it with a handful of salt and some pepper, let cool and cut into slices for lunches or whenever cold meat is needed, the liquid left to be used in soup stock, or to make gravy. The piece now left will make a nice pot roast. Use as little water as possible in slowly boiling it. Add two or three times, when nearly done, a small cup of cold water. This causes the fat to rise and it may be easily removed. When tender, baste and let brown in oven. Serve hot, with gravy and either mashed potatoes or roasted white and sweet ones.

Hash and croquettes can be made from the left over pieces and scraps from these dishes, and doubtless every housewife has some recipes for which she can use pieces of beef.

In our family of five are two fussy ones, as far as food is concerned, but I can make a beef flank do duty in various ways for an entire week and no one complains.

CHOICE RECIPES.

Delicious Apple Butter.—For 20 lbs of apples, cored, take 5 lbs brown sugar, 2 tablespoons cinnamon, 1 teacup pure cider vinegar if the apples are sweeet, but if sour, a scant cup; stew apples without paring and put through a sieve, then add the other ingredients; cook until thick.

Whole Wheat Flour. — Sift together two cupfuls of whole wheat flour, half a cupful each of white and graham flour, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and one of salt, and mix with a spoon to a thin batter with skimmed milk. Bake in very hot gem pans in a quick oven. If made thin, so that they will be crusty and sweet, this quantity gives three dozen.

Potato and Chestnut Timbale.— Pare the potatoes and boil in salted water until tender. Have 1 pt chestnuts boiled tender, hulled and pounded to a mortar. Rub the potatoes through a sieve, add the pounded nuts and 1 cup sweet cream to 3 pts potatoes. Beat separately the yolks and whites of 3 eggs and add to the mixture, together with pepper, onion juice, powdered sage and salt to suit the taste. Beat all together until light. Butter a timbale mould, sprinkle well inside with bread crumbs, turn in the mixture and bake for three-quarters of an hour in a moderate oven.

Roast Saddle of Venison.—Wipe the meat off with a damp cloth, rub thoroughly with slightly salted melted butter, and wrap in a large sheet of buttered paper. A covered roaster is best. Place the meat on the rack, pour a half cupful of boiling water in the bottom of the pan, cover and roast in a quick oven, allowing twenty minutes to the pound. Forty minutes before it is to be dished, remove cover and paper, and baste with a mixture of equal parts of melted butter and currant jelly. Repeat the basting at intervals of ten minutes until done. Transfer to a hot platter. Strain the dripping into a saucepan, add one-half pint of boiling water, a dash of salt, cayenne, and nutmeg, and two tablespoonfuls each of butter and currant jelly. Heat and boil up once, then send to the table in gravy boat.

THREE QUICK PUDDINGS.

Let the pint of milk come to a boil, salt slightly, and while you stir, let another person sift in flour with a sifter, holding it high above the saucepan to give you opportunity to stir briskly, which you should do with a wooden paddle. When of the consistency of a breakfast cereal, stand over a very slow fire to puff for a few moments, and serve with butter and honey or butter and maple syrup, as a dessert.

When there is a quantity of stale bread this is a palatable dish for dessert. Break the bread in pieces and cover with the milk brought to a boil with a pinch of salt, and butter the size of a walnut; dot the top with small bits of strawberry or other jam or orange marmalade. Eat hot. It is very savory if the sweet be omitted and grated cheese and a dash of pepper be added.

A quick tapioca pudding is made by bringing the pint of milk to a boil in a double boiler; stir in two tablespoonfuls of instantaneous tapioca, a little salt, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, and the beaten yolk of one egg; remove from the fire to a glass dish, and when almost cool whip in the stiffly beaten white. Flavor with nutmeg or vanilla.

USEFUL HINTS.

Zinc for Table Covering.—For $1.50 you can have an average-sized kitchen table covered with zinc. This will wear for years, is much cleaner than oil-cloth and does not require the scrubbing an ordinary wooden table needs.

If fried food disagrees with you try cooking some longed for but forbidden dish in olive oil. Being a purely vegetable fat it is not likely to hurt and things cooked in it are delicious.

A damp cupboard is by no means rare. A good plan is to place a box of lime inside the cupboard. It is very efficacious in the absorbing the damp and leaving the air quite dry.

If kerosene has been spilt accidentally on the carpet a handful of oatmeal should be immediately laid on the spot and left undisturbed for at least a day. It should then be removed, and the carpet brushed with a stiff brush in the ordinary manner.

A good precaution which should be adopted when pouring hot steamed fruit from the saucepan into a glass dish is to first stand the latter on a damp cloth. This entirely obviates any chance of the fruit cracking the dish.

For the scalloped potatoes, those that have been previously boiled and cold are best. Cutting in small pieces (not thin slices), placing in a well buttered bake dish and a well seasoned cream sauce poured over them, then sprinkled with rolled bread crumbs and baked in a hot oven until crumbs are brown. This way prevents soggy potatoes and saves time also.

Do not forget to serve carrots every little while. To get the best of their flavor scrub them thoroughly to remove dirt, and boil without removing the thin skin; this will slip off like that of a beet if dropped into cold water as soon as cooked. The carrots may then be diced or sliced, and served buttered or with a cream or butter sauce, or they may be scalloped. Another tasty way is to mash them, season well, form into small cones, and, when cold, roll in flour or in egg and bread crumbs, and brown quickly in fat.

A corned beef dinner when properly cooked, is very good, indeed, and the two or more dishes which may be prepared from the remnants are equally desirable. Kolcanon, a mixture of cabbage and mashed potato, highly seasoned with salt and black pepper, and made smoking hot in some of the corned beef fat, gives a substantial luncheon dish; the cold meat, if in good shape, may be sliced and served with mayonnaise or horse-radish—otherwise it is best put hrough the food chopper and mixed with an equal bulk of chopped boiled potato, moistened with some of the water and a lump of butter; served smoking hot and browned on one side, it is very good for breakfast.

IN THE YEAR 2000.

How the Poor Men Will Fare in Those Days.

"Eh—Mildred," he said, a trifle nervously, as his better half laid down the morning's paper and, lighting a cigarette, prepared for her departure to business; "Mildred, dear, do you think you could spare me a little money to-day?"

His wife glanced at him impatiently. "What again, George?" she said; "why, I only gave you your housekeeping allowance on—let me see—Thursday, wasn't it? Really, some of you men seem to think we women are made of money."

"You forget, my dear," he remarked, "there are the girl's wages and the water rate, and the children both want new boots."

"Didn't I give you the money for that?" she asked

"No, dear; that was for the flannel for little Milly's petticoats I'm making. Besides, dear, I—don't be angry, will you?—I saw such a cheap pair of trousers at the winter clearance sale yesterday that I couldn't resist buying, and you know I've hardly a rag to my back."

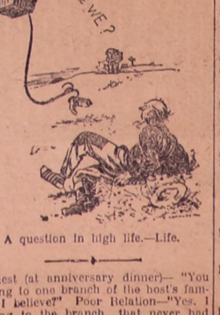
"Always your cry, George," she said, angrily; "really, your extravagance in dress is something sinful; it is a pity you haven't got to go and earn the money; you'd know its value then. Here, take this, and for goodness' sake do try and pay some of your household bills with it, and not frivol the money away on a lot of trash."

"There's a dear, good, darling wife," he cried, joyfully; "let me help my Mildred on with her coat," he added, following her into the hall. "What time will you be home?"

"Can't say, I'm sure," she answered. "I've got a lot to attend to at the office to-day, and I shall drop into the club for an hour or so after; so you needn't wait dinner."

"Oh, that'll be nice!" he responded. "I've got my woman coming to wash to-day, and the girls and are going to put up clean curtains and things. Give me a kiss, dearest! There's your air-balloon going now."

And as the bread-winner dashed out and mounted the air car George blew a parting kiss and went upstairs to bath the children.



A question in high life.—Life.

Guest (at anniversary dinner)— "You belong to one branch of the host's family I believe?" Poor Relation—"Yes, I belong to the branch that never had any plums on it."

FATHERS OF RICH MEN

ANDREW CARNEGIE'S WAS A DAMASK WEAVER IN SCOTLAND.

Mr. J. D. Rockefeller's Parent Cultivated a Few Barren Acres in New York State.

It is an interesting and instructive fact that at least four out of five of American multi-millionaires are sons of men who, in their most flourishing days, probably never knew what it was to enjoy an income of $15 a week; indeed, to the majority of them such a modest revenue would have seemed riches.

The father of Andrew Carnegie, though he toiled early and late as a damask-weaver at Dunfermline, Scotland, was barely able to supply the humblest of necessaries for his small family; and when steam looms came to supplant hand-weaving he was compelled to sell his looms and his few sticks of furniture and take his boys to America, where he found employment as a weaver in one of the cotton factories of Alleghany City, and where one of his sons, little though he dreamt it, was to amass one of the most colossal fortunes the world has ever known.

The father of Mr. J. D. Rockfeller, whose wealth to-day is said to be at least double that of even Mr. Carnegie, cultivated a few barren acres in Tioga County, New York, and added a little to the family exchequer (scanty enough at the best) by sending out his boys to

HOE AND PLOUGH AND HUSK CORN

for neighboring farmers. Mr. W. A. Clark, the "Copper King," of Montana, whose fortune is variously estimated from $40,000,000 to fabulous figures (some even credit him with an income of $30,000 a day), is the son of a small Pennsylvania farmer who probably never cleared $500 in any single year of his life, and for whom the future millionaire did the hardest of farm-labor until years after he had reached manhood.

The father of Mr. W. S. Stratton, the Colorado Gold King, was a small boat-builder at Jeffersonville, Indiana, with so many children and a purse so ill-filled that he was compelled to take his son away from school at fourteen to apprentice him to a carpenter. Commodore Vanderbilt, founder of one of the wealthiest families in the world, was cradled in the direst poverty, and between the ages of six and sixteen earned his own living by performing any odd jobs that came his way, from selling newspapers and holding horses to farm labor and porter's work; and Mr. Jay Gould, who accumulated a fortune of $75,000,000 before he died at the age of fifty-eight, was the son of

A STRUGGLING FARMER,

who found so much use for his son's services that he practically received no schooling at all.

Sir Hiram Maxim, the millionaire-inventor, had for father a small miller, whose business was so unprofitable that his son had to eke out the family income by farm-work and wood-turning before, at the age of fourteen, he was apprenticed to a coach-builder at East Corinth. Mr. George Westinghouse, whose air-brake has yielded such a golden harvest, was the son of a mechanical engineer in a small way of business; Mr. John W. Mackay, the "Silver King," was the son of a destitute Irishman who emigrated to America, with his family, in search of fortune, and after two years of terrible struggle, died, leaving a penniless widow to support herself and her young children as best she could.

The parents of Mr. D. Ogden Mills, multi-millionaire and philanthropist, are described as "humble people living out in North Salem, in the State of New York," who were glad to obtain for their son a clerkship in a New York store. The father of Mr. Gordon Bennett, the millionaire proprietor of the New York Herald, reached Boston a good many years ago with scarcely a cent in his pocket—indeed, he was so poor that for two days he went without food until he was able to relieve his hunger by picking up

A COIN IN THE STREET.

Mr. Russell Sage, who left a fortune of over $100,000,000, was the youngest of the six children of very poor parents, and was toiling on a farm before he was ten. The parents of Mr. Pillsbury, the Flour King of America, "were in poor circumstances, and his boyhood was passed in a very humble home"; and Mr. Gates, Mr. Leiter, and Mr. Potter Palmer were all sons of small farmers and served their apprenticeship to work as farm laborers. The Hon. John Wanamaker, whose stores and riches are famous the world over, is the son and grandson of brickmakers; and the father of Mr. Heinz, who has made millions out of his condiments, made a modest income as brickmaker and market-gardener.

TRAINING GIRLS IN CHEMISTRY.

In the town of Dessau, Germany, a school for the purpose of training girls in chemistry connected with the sugar-refining industry was opened some time ago, and has answered so well that soap factories, paper works, and other similar training schools connected with industries requiring thorough laboratory training are now being organized. The young ladies in question are all girls of the better station in life, and all who entered as original pupils of the first school have passed their recent examinations so satisfactorily as to have found posts at once.

SPIRITS AND SPIRITS.

Jack—"Old Toper's spirits are very low to-night."

Tom—"Have you seen him?"

Jack—"No, but I've seen the jug he keeps them in."

An advertisement is like an electric fan. Just keep it going and people are sure to get wind of it.

LOOKIN' OUT.

Life's a mighty risky thing these busy dizzy days,
You've got to keep a-watchin' in a dozen different ways;
Lookin' out fur autos that comes hustlin' down the road,
An' wonderin' if they're goin' to run you down, or jest explode;
Lookin' out fur engines when you drive across the track—
There doesn't seem a minute when you aren't on the rack;
Lookin' out fur sunstroke when the summer days unfold,
An' when winter comes a-lookin' out fur ketchin' cold.

Lookin' out fur prices when you've got some crops to sell;
Lookin' out for bunco men that knows yer folks so well;
Lookin' out fur germs that comes flyin' through the air
An' never leaves you any chance of restin' anywhere!
Lookin' out fur burglars when you shut the house at night;
It re'ly seems existence isn't regulated right.
I'd like to be more cheerful, but I can't see what about;
It seems like there is nothin' to this life but lookin' out!

—Washington "Star."

Success.

Here is a Kansas woman's definition of success, and it is worth while putting in your hat. You may feel that you are not alluded to by the lady, but it isn't a bad thing to remember that some other folks are eligible: "He has achieved success who has lived well, laughed often and loved much; who has gained the love of little children; who has filled his niche and accomplished his task; who has left the world better than he found it, whether by improved flower, a perfect poem or rescued soul; who has never lacked appreciation of earth's beauty or failed to express it; who has always looked for the best in others, and given the best he had; whose life was an inspiration; whose memory is a benediction."

Serious Charge.

But the Court Held Occurrence was Misadventure.

In the police court at Belleville Thomas McCuaig charged Percy Jackman with assault causing grievious bodily harm. The complainant is a boy of 8 years of age and the defendant is 13 years old. All live and go to school at Wellman's Corners in Rawdon. The complainant alleges that Jackman on the 10th of September maliciously kicked him and knocked him down and sat on him, causing a hernia or rupture, that he has not been able to do anything since and is now compelled to wear a truss. The defence was that the boys were good friends and never had any trouble between them. That the McCuaig boy was, with some other boys, playing railway train, running around the school house in one direction, while the Jackman boy and another boy were going in the opposite direction and came into collision when going around the corner with force so great that both fell, the larger boy falling on top, and all was the result of accident or from misadventure. The magistrate found the defence established and dismissed the case. Mr. Anderson for the crown, Mr. Porter for the defence.

Colonization Roads.

What is Being Done in North Hastings

From the Bancroft Times.

Last week the editor of The Times took a trip in company with Mr. T. C. McConnell, Colonization Road Inspector, over some of the roads in this district on which Government grants have been expended. The plan which was conceived by Mr. J. W. Pearce, M.P.P., of building a "belt line," with feeders has been pretty well carried out. This "belt line" runs from L'Amable Station around by Fort Stewart, Armstrong's Mills, Hybla, Bird's Creek, Bancroft, and return to the starting point, and a drive over it at the present time is something of a revelation to one accustomed to travelling the same road a couple of years ago. That the work was done under the supervision of men who thoroughly understood the art of road-making is quite apparent. To keep the water away from the road-bed should be the aim of every road-maker, and this idea has been well carried out, good ditches, with culverts wherever necessary and a well-rounded grade.

Six new bridges have been built this year, and if the season is favorable two more will be completed. These bridges are all built after the same model—box piers with needle-beam truss, and the timber used in their construction is all sound cedar. They are capable of carrying almost any weight. A coat of coal tar is applied, which will help very materially in preserving the timber.

The new road on the west side of the river, which cuts off a bad hill and does away with Kennedy's bridge, thus relieving the townships of Faraday and Dungannon of a good deal of responsibility, is also part of the year's work. Two other bridges have also been abandoned where new roads have been opened. What these roads need now to make the work permanent is a dressing of crushed stone, and a stone-crusher should be provided for this part of the county. We have the rock, and we would like to see some use made of it.

Last year about thirty-five miles of road were built and improved, and ninety-three culverts put in, ten of which were stone. If the good work is kept up for a few years longer the roads in this part of the county will compare favorably with those in the front.

Burned, Then Scalded.

Hastings Girl Dies as Result of Double Accident.

Peterborough, Oct. 25. — Lucy Lemoire, aged 16 years, of Hastings, died in St. Joseph's Hospital here yesterday, as the result of injuries received by her dress catching fire several days ago. The young lady stepped on a match, which ignited and set fire to her clothes. In the excitement which followed her sister threw a pot of boiling water on the girl in an attempt to put out the flames. As a result, in addition to being burned, Miss Lemoire was badly scalded.

Chapped Hands.

Wash your hands with warm water, dry with a towel and apply Chamberlain's Salve just before going to bed, and a speedy cure is certain. This salve is also unequalled for skin diseases, For sale by all druggists.

You are invited to meet Miss Kennedy on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Nov. 8th, 9th and 10th, who will be pleased to demonstrate to you the truly wonderful effects of the Bias Filled Corset No obligation to buy.

B. O'HARA.

REXALL HOUSE-HOLD DYES

These Dyes will dye Wool, Cotton, Silk, Jute or Mixed Goods in one bath—they are the atest and most improved Dye in the world. Try a package. All colors. For sale by Harry H. Jones.

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Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jas. Whytock
BUTCHER
DEALER IN
Groceries and . . . Provisions
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MARMORA FLOUR MILLS.

I desire to announce to the public that I have leased the Marmora Flour Mills for a long term of years, and now have it under full operation. On Monday, June 4th, we turned on the power after having made extensive repairs and improvements. The mill has been equipped with the latest improved machinery making it the best mill in the county and one of the best in Central Ontario, which enables us to produce a flour second to none. In patronising us you can feel assured of getting flour from the best Manitoba hard wheat that can be bought and manufactured by an old and experienced miller, Mr. John Holsey.

CHOPPING A SPECIALTY.—We never keep our customers waiting as we grind from 50 to 60 bushels per hour.

Your patronage respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Yours respectfully,
24 W. H. HUBBELL.

Preparing for Spring 1906.
C. B. Scantlebury.
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Belleville, Canada,
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Interior and Exterior Decorating, Paper Hanging,
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Will also furnish all class of materials including Paints, Oils, Lead, Wall papers, Mould ing and Rails.

Will submit designs for your several rooms, for church or for lodge-rooms. Will furnish the very best and all at reasonable prices. Has none but expert workmen and the best decorating and painting need cost you no more than the poorest.

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BARBER SHOP
Next Harry Jones' Drug Store.

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MADOC, ONT.
VETERINARY SURGEON,

Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals on the latest and most scientific principles.

If your horse is out of condition USE DR. JOSE'S CONDITION POWDERS.

If he has spavin, splint, windgall, curb or enlargement of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S BLISTER.

If he has cuts, running sores, indolent ulcers, sore neck, shoulders, grease heel, scratches, calks, kicks, or sores of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S ROMAN BALSAM.

USE DR. JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined. Examination and Consultation Free.

DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

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Watches, clocks,
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ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

Goods purchased from me engraved Free of Charge.

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4 Doors South of Moon's Hotel, Madoc

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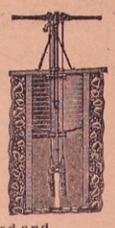

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Grain Grinders,
Gasoline Engines,
Steam Engines and Boilers.

Sole Agents for the Anderson Force Pump of Aylmer.

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Shot-Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Revolvers, Gu Covers, Loaded Shell, Empty Shell, Cartridges of All Kinds,

In fact, everything that the sportsmen require.

We have just received our Fall Stock and can give yo excellent value for your money.

We are selling National Cream Separators, 500 lbs, cap acity, at $45.00.

We have also a full supply of Threshers' Supplies, Har vest Mitts, Belting, Oils, Steam Packing, Garlic and Rubbe Candle-wick, etc.

Now is the time to look after your Stove Wants. Don forget the Oxford Chancellor Steel Range is the best workin Range made, sold by

THOMPSON & DAFOE

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Men's Fine Boots,
Ladies' Fine Boots,
Children's School Boots,
Men's Working Boots,
Trunks, Valises, Shoe Polis

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Special Offer
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We have just completed a deal with that cleverest of all Canadian weekly papers

Toronto Saturday Night

whereby all readers of the

North Hastings Review

can secure both papers for $2.60 a year or $1.30 for six months.

SATURDAY NIGHT is clean, sound, wholesome and clever. Its vie on men and affairs of the day are an education to intelligent men a women. Always bright and crisp but never sensational—it is the id paper for the business man, his home and his family.

THE REVIEW is recognized as the best paper in Hastings Cou

REMEMBER:—Both papers for $2.00 for a year or $1.30 for six mon
Cash must accompany the order.
This offer is good for renewal as well as new subscribers.
Write or call at our office TO-DAY.

"FIT-RITE" TAILORED CLOTHES are made of all-wool-cloth, and put together in such manner that each garment retains its shape and appearance until actually worn out.

Look at "FIT-RITE" overcoats and suits before you buy your Autumn out-fit.

R. McGHEE, - Madoc's Tailor

Iserted you an this ame, my

THE CRIMINAL'S CONFESSION

OR, SYBIL BERNER'S VINDICATION

CHAPTER XXVIII.

The awe-stricken women drew nearer to gaze upon the murdered man.

"Grandma, he is not dead! He breathes," exclaimed Gem, whose young eyes had detected the slight, very slight motion of the man's chest.

The old woman knelt down beside the body, and began to examine it more closely. The shirt-bosom, vest, and coat front were soaked with blood, that still seemed to ooze from some hidden wound.

She hastily unbuttoned his clothing, and found a small, round, blackened bullet hole over the region of the left lung.

"Turn him over on his left side, men," she said, half rising from her knee.

As they followed her directions, the blood flowed freely both from the wound and from the mouth of the man.

"Joe, mount Fleetfoot and gallop to Blackville as fast as you can go and bring Dr. Hart, though I don't believe it will be a bit of use; but still it is our duty. And, Tabby and Libby, stop wringing of your hands and rolling of your eyes, and go upstairs and fetch down the cot bedstead to lay him on, for it stands to reason we can't carry him upstairs without hastening of his death," said the old woman, as she busied herself with stanching the wound in the chest.

All her orders were immediately obeyed.

The cot bed was made up in the corner of the room, and the wounded man was tenderly raised by the two laborers, and laid upon it.

"Now, stand out of my way, all of you, and don't ask any questions, but be ready to fly the minute I tell you to do anything," said the dame, as she stood over the injured man and still pressed a little wad of lint over the bullet hole to stanch the blood.

The other women and the men withdrew to the fireplace and waited.

"He is very nasty and uncomfortable-looking, lying here in all these stained clothes, but I am afraid to undress him, for fear of starting the wound to bleeding again, and that's the sacred truth," said Mrs. Winterose.

"No; don't move me," spoke a very faint voice, which, as she afterwards owned, sounded so much as if it might come from the dead, that the old Solicitor withdrew her hand and recoiled from it.

"Brandy! brandy!" breathed the same voice.

"Tabby, get the brandy bottle and your some into a glass and bring it here. Quick!" she exclaimed.

Miss Tabby, too much awed to whimper, brought the required stimulant, which Mrs. Winterose immediately administered to the patient.

The effect was good. He breathed more freely and looked around him.

"Now, be of good cheer! I have sent a man on a fast horse for the doctor. He will be here in an hour," said Mrs. Winterose, encouragingly.

The wounded man laughed faintly, as he replied.

"Why, what can the doctor do for me? I'm shot to death. I'd like to see a magistrate, or a lawyer, though."

"Would you? Then you shall. Hey! one of you men, run out to the stable as fast as you can, and see if Joe's gone. If he isn't, tell him to fetch Lawyer Closeby as well as the doctor," said Mrs. Winterose.

Both of the laborers started on the errand.

Mrs. Winterose turned to her patient.

"What place is this; and who are you?" he inquired.

"Why, don't you know? This is Black Hall, and I am the caretaker."

"Black Hall!" echoed the man, starting up and gazing around him with an excitement that caused his wound to break out bleeding again. "Black Hall! Is it here that I must die? Here, and—great Heaven!—in the very room where the worse was committed! In the very room haunted by her memory!"

And, covering his face with his hands, he fell back upon the pillow.

"Tabby, more brandy!" hastily exclaimed the old lady, as she nervously pressed a fresh piece of lint into the gushing wound.

"Yes, more brandy!" he faintly whispered; "keep me alive, if possible, till the Lawyer comes."

Miss Tabby brought the stimulant, and Mrs. Winterose put it to his lips.

"But, oh, this room! this fatal room! this haunted room!" he murmured, with a shudder.

"Be quiet, good man; this ain't the room where the lady was murdered," said Miss Tabby.

"And which is haunted by her ghost to this day," put in Miss Libby, who had come up to the side of the bed.

"Not—not the room where Rosa was murdered this day fifteen years ago?" murmured the man, gazing around him. "Am I delirious, then? It seems the very same room, only with different furniture."

"It is the correspondial room in this wing. Tother room is in 'other wing,' explained Miss Tabby.

"And yet what difference? what difference?" he murmured, restlessly.

"Mother," whispered Miss Tabby, "it seems to me as I've seen this man before."

"Shouldn't wonder," replied the old lady, in a low tone. "Mr. Horace Blondelle has been living at the Dubarry Springs, within ten miles of us, for the last thirteen or fourteen years, and it would be queer if you hadn't seen him before."

"Queer or no, I never did see Mr. Horace Blondelle, to know him as sich, in all my life before. And that ain't what I mean neither, mother. I have seen this man in a fright somewhere or other."

"The man in a fright!"

"No; me in a fright when I saw him."

"Hush! don't whisper! See, it disturbs him," said the old lady.

And in truth the wounded man had turned to listen to them, and was gazing uneasily from one to the other.

When they became silent, he beckoned Miss Tabby to approach.

She bent over him.

"Now, look at me well, old girl," he whispered, faintly, "and see if you can't recollect when you met me last."

"Ah!" screamed Miss Tabby, as if she had seen a ghost. "It was on the night of the flood! And you rescued of us!"

"That's so."

"Well, then, my good gentleman, it ought to be a comfort and a consolation to you, a-laying wounded there, to reflect as how you did rescue us from drowning that night," said Miss Tabby, soothingly.

"I don't know, as far as the rescuing of you is concerned, old girl, whether the act will be found set down on the debit or credit side of my account the last day," he said, with a gleam of his old humor sparkling up from beneath all his pain of mind and body.

"So this was the man," said the old lady to herself, while Miss Libby, and even Gem, looked at him with a new interest.

"Mr. Blondelle, can you tell me how you came to be wounded?" inquired the old lady.

"No, not now. I must save all my strength for what I have to say to the lawyer. Give me more brandy. And then let me alone," he said, speaking faintly and with difficulty.

His request was complied with, and then the three old women, with Gem, withdrew to the fire.

The two laboring men came in from their errand and joined them at the fire.

"Did you catch Joe?" inquired the dame.

"Yes, mum, just as he was riding off. We had to run after him and shout; but we stopped him, and gave him your message."

"All right; and now tell me—for I hadn't a chance to ask before—how came this gentleman to be wounded?"

"Don't know, mum. We was on our way to a little Hallow Eve merry-making at a neighbor's house in the quarries, when we fell in long o' Joe, who had been to the pine woods to gather cones; and we was all joging along, Joe foremost, when he stumbled and fell over something, which proved to be this man, which, to tell the truth, we took to be dead at the time," replied one of the men.

"And have you no idea who shot him?"

"No more than you have yourself, mum. You see—"

A groan from the injured man interrupted the conversation.

"Hush! we disturb him. I ought to have known better than to talk," whispered Mrs. Winterose, and then she walked to the bedside, and inquired:

"What is the matter? Can I do anything for you?"

"No; let me alone, and be quiet," was the feeble reply.

The old woman went back to the fireplace, and sat down in silence. The two laboring men, uninvited, seated themselves at a short distance. All thoughts of going to a merry-making were given up for that night.

And a weary death watch commenced, and continued in awful silence and stillness until it was interrupted by the sound of horses' feet in front of the house, and soon after by a loud knocking.

Miss Tabby sprang up to open the door and admit the doctor and the lawyer.

"This is a terrible thing, Mrs. Winterose," said Dr. Hart, as he shook hands with the old lady, and bowed to the other members of the family.

"Terrible, indeed, sir," replied Mrs. Winterose, as she led the way to the bedside.

"I am sorry to see you wounded, Mr. Blondelle; but we shall bring you round all right," said Dr. Hart, as he took the hand of the dying man.

"Doctor, you know, or you soon will know, that you cannot do any such thing. So let us have no flattery. But if you can give me anything to keep me alive until I shall have finished a statement, that it may take an hour to make, you will do the only thing you possibly can do for me," said Mr. Blondelle, speaking faintly, with difficulty, and with frequent pauses.

"Let me examine your injuries," said the doctor, gently.

"Do so, if you must and will. But, pray, occupy as little of my precious time as possible," pleaded the dying man.

The doctor proceeded to make his examination.

When he had finished it, he made not a single comment.

"I told you so," said Mr. Blondelle, interpreting his silence. "And now give me something to keep me going until I finish my work, and then send all these women out of the room, so as to leave us alone with the lawyer; but let them supply him with writing materials first."

"I will do as you direct; but, meanwhile, shall I not send for your wife?" gently inquired the doctor.

"No; what would be the use? It will be all over with me before she can possibly get here," answered Blondelle.

The doctor did not urge the point; he probably agreed with his patient.

When he had administered a stimulant, he whispered to Mrs. Winterose to place writing materials on the little stand beside the cot, and then to take her daughters and Gem upstairs.

When the women had left the room, the doctor bade the two laboring men to retire with Joe to the kitchen, where he himself would have followed them, seeing that the rest of the house was closed up and fireless; but at a sign from the dying man he stayed, and took a seat by the bedside.

The lawyer sat between the bed's head and the little stand upon which pens, ink, and paper had been placed.

"Is it a will?" said Mr. Closeby, as he rolled out a sheet of parchment he had taken the precaution to bring.

The dying man laughed low as he replied:

"No, it is a confession. I can make it now, when it will redeem her life without ruining mine."

The lawyer and the doctor exchanged glances, but made no comment.

What Mr. Horace Blondelle's confession would be they had already surmised. What it really was will be seen presently.

The work occupied something more than an hour, for the narrator was very weak from loss of blood, and spoke slowly, faintly, and with frequent pauses, while the lawyer, at leisure, took down his words, and the doctor from time to time consulted his pulse and administered stimulants.

Meanwhile, the three old women, with Gem, remained upstairs, gathered around the small fire in their bedroom. Awe hushed their usually garrulous tones, or moved them to speak only in whispers. Never seemed an hour so long. At length it was past, and more than past, when the door at the foot of the stairs was opened and the doctor's voice was heard calling upon them to come down.

"Is it all over?" whisperingly inquired Mrs. Winterose.

"The work is over."

"But the man, I mean."

"It is not all over with him yet. He still lives, though sinking fast."

"Don't you think he ought to have a clergyman?"

"He would be dead before a clergyman could be brought here."

This rapid, low-toned conversation took place at the foot of the stairs, out of hearing of the dying man, whose senses were fast failing.

Mrs. Winterose then came down into the room and took her seat at the bed, and from time to time bathed the sufferer's brow with her own preparation of aromatic vinegar, or moistened his lips with brandy and water.

Tabby, Libby and Gem sat around the fire. The doctor and the lawyer stood conferring in a low tone at a distant window.

Thus the death watch was kept in the silence of awe, until Miss Tabby, unable to resist her desire to do something for the sufferer, crept up to the side of the cot opposite to to which her mother sat, and "shook his sands," by asking him in a low tone:

"Is there no one in the world you would like to see, or to send a message to?"

"No—no one—but Sybil Berners—and I have written a message to—her; but—to see her—is impossible," gasped the man at intervals.

"Tabby, go sit down and keep quiet. You only worry the poor soul!" said Mrs. Winterose.

Miss Tabby complied, and the silent death-watch was resumed, and continued unbroken except by the howling of the wind, the beating of the rain, and the rattling of the leafless trees, until at length — inexplicable sound! — wheels were heard grating over the rough, neglected avenue and approaching the house.

Who could it be, coming at that late hour of a stormy night, to a house to which even in daylight and good weather scarcely a visitor ever came?

The sound of the wheels ceased before the door, and was immediately followed by a knock.

"Burglars never come in wheeled carriages," said Miss Tabby to herself, as she recovered her courage and went and opened the door.

She recoiled with a loud cry.

Every one started up, and hurried forward to see what could be the matter.

CHAPTER XXIX.

Sybil Berners stood before them! Sybil Berners, in magnificent beauty! Sybil Berners, developed into a woman of majestic dignity and angelic grace!

Yet they all knew her in an instant.

The scene that followed is indescribable, unimaginable.

Forgotten was the dying man! Unseen was Lyon Berners, whose fine form filled up the doorway.

They crowded around her, they caressed her, they cried over her, they exclaimed about her, they asked her a score of questions, and, without waiting for a single answer, asked her a hundred others.

"God bless my dear old home, and all the people in it," were the first words that Sybil spoke after she was permitted to catch her breath.

"And you, my darling, you! God bless you in coming home!" fervently exclaimed the old woman.

"Now, where is my child, Mrs. Winterose? Where is my Gem?" the lady inquired, looking eagerly around the room.

"Gem, come here," said the dame.

And the beautiful young girl, who had been timidly lingering in the background, yet with some suspicion of the lady's identity, too, came modestly forward, and was silently folded in the arms of her mother.

A moment they clung thus; and then Sybil lifted the young head from her bosom, and, holding it between her hands, gazed tenderly down in the sweet face.

"My daughter! my little Gem!" she murmured. "It is but a few months since I knew that I possessed you."

"But I always knew that you were my mother. I always knew it, though no one ever told me!" sobbed Gem.

"And did you think that I had deserted you all this time, my daughter, my daughter?" inquired the lady, lingering on the last word, and tenderly gazing into her dark eyes.

"I thought you were compelled to do it, mother!"

"What! to leave you here alone, uncared for and unschooled, all these long years? No, my daughter; no, no, no. I did not know that I was blessed with a daughter; I did not know that you lived, until within a few months past. Mistaken love for me, inordinate care for me, induced all those who were nearest to me to conceal your existence from me, lest if I should know it, I should compromise my safety, my liberty and life, Gem, by seeking to see you!"

"Oh, mother!"

"And they were so far right, my darling, that as soon as, at last, your father informed me of your existence, and of a necessity to bring you over to us for education, I became so impatient that I could not wait for you to be brought to me. I felt that I must fetch you, at all risks, for the sake of seeing you some few weeks earlier than I could by waiting for you over there! So here I am, my daughter!"

"But, oh! dearest, dearest mother, at what a hazard!" sighed Gem.

"I do not believe it, my darling. I do not believe, after all these years, that any one will seek to molest me for the few days that I shall remain here, even if my presence should be suspected, which will be very improbable, as I have taken and shall take every precaution for secrecy. I have travelled only by night, Gem, and this is the first time I have raised my thick veil."

"But, oh, mother!" she said, giving an alarmed look around, for she suddenly remembered that there were the doctor and the lawyer in the house; but she did not see them. They had discreetly withdrawn into the back room.

"And now, dear Gem, here is your father, who is waiting to embrace you," said Sybil.

And Lyon Berners, who had forborne to interrupt the meeting between the mother and daughter, and who was standing apart, talking in low, eager tones with Mrs. Winterose, now came forward and folded his daughter to his heart, and laid his hand upon her head and blessed her.

"But who is that?" exclaimed Sybil, in a startled tone, as she turned her eyes upon a ghastly and blood-stained form, sitting bolt upright on the cot bedstead, and staring in a death panic at her.

At her exclamation all eyes were turned in the direction that hers had taken, and Mr. Berners looked inquiringly towards Mrs. Winterose, who hastened to reply:

"Oh, I forgot. In my joy at her arrival, I forgot all about the poor, dying man! Sir, he is Mr. Blondelle, who owns the great Dubarry Springs up yonder. He was set upon and murdered by—the Lord only knows whom—but he was found by Joe lying in the pine woods, and with the help of two laborers he was brought here. We sent for the doctor, but he could do nothing for him. He must die, and knows it," she added in a whisper.

In the meantime, Sybil, staring at the ghastly face which was staring back at her through its glazing eyes, recognized an old acquaintance.

(To be continued).

SHOULD HAVE KNOWN BETTER.

Father (sternly): "So you've failed again in your examinations! How do you explain that?"

Son: "Because they went and asked me just the same questions as before."

Physician: "I shall have to forbid you smoking, drinking, bowling and keeping late hours." Patient: "Ah, I see, my wife has been consulting you."

Throat Coughs

A tickling in the throat; hoarseness at times; a deep breath irritates it;—these are features of a throat cough. They're very deceptive and a cough mixture won't cure them. You want something that will heal the inflamed membranes, enrich the blood and tone up the system ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

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About the Farm

FEEDING IN STALL OR SHEDS.

This question during recent years has been the subject of much discussion, while it may not be correct to say that it has been fully settled, the experiments conducted during recent years have thrown considerable light upon the subject. These experiments have resulted, as a rule, in favor of feeding in sheds, and allowing the animals to move at liberty in the barns and in a protected yard at hand. An experiment thus conducted by the writer at the Minnesota station came out in favor of feeding the animals in the shed rather than in the stall, writes Prof Thomas Shaw.

It was thought a few years ago that animals could be fattened better if they were tied in the stall and kept perfectly still during the fattening process. I can remember discussions in Ontario at public meetings as to whether animals tied in the stall should be allowed any liberty of exercise. Some claimed that they would finish better if tied up when the feeding began, if furnished with water in the stall and only taken out when the feeding was completed. Others claimed that they should be allowed to take exercise in a yard for an hour or so, two or three times a week, but the best feeders seemed to think it was necessary to house them all the while and tie them in the stable. This view seems to be in accord with the idea of olden times, as reference is made in holy writ to animals fattened in the stall.

There is one argument in favor of stall feeding that cannot be gainsaid. It provides for feeding animals just the amount of food that they should be fed. Some can take more food than others without injury. When they are tied in separate stalls the food can be distributed to each just in exact proportion to its needs. In this way each animal may be kept on feed and it may be fed without any waste of food. It is not possible, or, at least, it is not easy to apportion to each the exact amount of food that it ought to have, as some animals eat more quickly than others and, therefore, get a larger share proportionately. The only way to avoid this is to tie the animal while it is taking its food.

The following arguments against keeping animals tied hold good: They lose to such an extent the ability to move about or to stand any jostling that they do not bear up well in going to market, on foot, by rail, or by steamboat. The difference in this respect is very marked between them and cattle finished in the open shed and yard. More time is called for in feeding and watering the animals and also in removing the litter. This item is important. In these days of expensive labor it is very important. One man may care for many more animals when fed in boxes and not tied than when the animals are tied in stalls. The cost of housing is also less. The stable with stalls and floors is more costly than the shed without floors, hence, though the animals should make equal gains, those fed in the shed will be fed the more cheaply, because of the saving in the various items referred to.

THOSE LOOSE CONSUME MORE FOOD.

It may be asked how can more profit be made from animals that are fed loose when they consume more food. They take more food because they take more exercise and are exposed to lower temperatures. The effects of both exercise and cold are to sharpen the appetite. The answer to this question is found in the greater relative gain made for the food fed. This result would seem to show unmistakably that some exercise tends to secure a more thorough digestion of the food.

This more complete digestion in several of the experiments conducted to determine this question, is partly responsible for the greater profits that have been secured from feeding in the open shed. While the consumption of food has been greater out of doors, the relative increase has more than kept pace with the consumption of food. The influence of exposure is liable to be misunderstood. An animal is not really exposed until want of shelter makes it uncomfortable, and it is not really protected until protection adds to its comfort. Viewed from this standpoint, housing in the stall does not necessarily protect, and feeding in a shed and yard does not necessarily expose. The animal will make the greatest gains when it is kept comfortable, properly speaking, other things being equal.

Now, while in stormy weather it would be easy to expose animals so much that they would be uncomfortable, in mild weather it is easy to house them to the extent of being uncomfortable. When fed heavily on heat-producing food, as corn, it is easy to keep animals uncomfortably warm. This explains in part, at least, why in this northwest, with its bright but cold days, animals will prefer lying out of doors on a bed of straw in many instances to seeking the shelter of a shed.

When feeding animals loose in sheds, it will be greatly advantageous to give attention to the following facts: The animals should be dehorned, if possessed of horns, when the feeding period begins, otherwise they will injure each other, it may be seriously. They should have access to a yard protected from cold winds and kept well bedded. They could be fed more correctly if they had access to stanchions in the shed or feed lot, so that each could be kept in place while eating the grain ration. Care should be taken to keep them sheltered from storms of rain or snow, and they should not be allowed to wade through deep mud in yards. The comfort of the animals should be most carefully studied.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

The best pork and the cheapest is made from hogs that never have been wintered.

A colt may be carefully driven or worked all the time after he is two years old without harm, but good sound judgment and common sense must be used.

There is no system of farming that to so great an extent conserves the elements of fertility as dairying, especially when only the butter fat is removed and the skim milk left on the farm to be fed.

Most horses will drink as soon as they have eaten in the morning. Then allow them water. Most horses after working two, three or four hours will desire to drink. Then water them. It is more viable, far more liable, to be the horse that man tries to dictate to in his drinking that has colic than it is the horse that can never have water when he wants it.

There is no room for doubt that the very best breeding must always lean for results on good feeding. The cow that will give ten times her bodily weight in milk for a year and put so much butter fat in that milk that from it butter may be made equal to one-half or more of her live weight, is a creature of very remarkable artificial development. She must do this great work of milk production and fat elaboration from the feed she is able to consume, digest, and assimilate. Therefore, the amplification of good dairy breeding must be in producing an animal capable of this heavy food consumption.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Excessive fat is detrimental to all kinds of breeding stock, especially hogs.

A large colt put at work when three years old is full of spirit, and if allowed to do all he is willing to do, will be able to do much less at four years of age.

Experiments and long continued practice of feeding barley furnish evidence that this grain is a useful and economical food. But when taxed to the limit by hard work it is found that horses cannot be supported upon barley quite as well as upon oats, and that it is worth but slightly less per pound than oats, with animals performing a medium amount of work.

SOLOMON UP TO DATE.

Sicilian Judge in an Attempt to Repeat History Got Left.

A case that bears a striking resemblance to the familiar problem the solution of which is inseparably bound up with King Solomon's fame came up recently for decision here before the circuit judge at Georgia, Sicily. Two peasant women claimed with equal vehemence ownership of a pretty baby boy, one accusing the other of posing as the real mother, after having had the child in temporary charge. The judge remembering the Scriptures, thought he could do no better than follow King Solomon's example. He ordered the child to be tied to a bench, and, producing a carving knife, spoke the famous words that ought to have led to the immediate discovery of the true mother. But times have changed. If the Italian newspaper report is to be believed, the two women cried out simultaneously—"If you must cut it up, Excellenza, you may as well keep the pieces!"

"I like to believe that all men are honest," said the moralizer. "Same here," rejoined the demoralizer; "still I always draw the line at taking the same patent medicine for liver complaint that I use for toothache, no matter how the label reads."

—Life

THE

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Copy for changes of contract advertisements must be left with us before noon on Monday. If this rule is not observed the change will not be made till the following week.

All copy for advertising, under contract or otherwise, must be acceptable in every way to the editor.

Advertisements without specific instructions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

JOHN R. ORR,
Editor and Proprietor

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, NOVEMBER 1, 1906.

District Convention.

The twelfth annual convention of the Epworth Leagues of Madoc District was held on the afternoon and evening of the 26th inst. in the Methodist church of this place. The absence of the late Honorary President, Rev. Dr. McDiarmid, was felt very much, especially by our home League, who felt the need of our pastor and leader on this occasion. The convention, however, proved interesting in every respect, and will, no doubt, prove profitable to every League whose representatives were present. The addresses given and the papers read, which were of a high order, were interspersed with music and singing.

The afternoon session was opened by Rev. J. A. Connell, Chairman of the district, who conducted the devotional exercises. Mr. W. E. Tummon occupied the chair. Rev. J. R. Bick was appointed Secretary in the absence of Mr. J. H. Foster, after which Mr. C. A. Moore, President of the local League, welcomed the delegates in a spirited address.

The appointing of a Nominating Committee was laid over until later, that all the delegates might arrive. The reports from the different Leagues were read, showing that there was a decided interest in all the Leagues in a majority of the branches of the work. The paper on "The Pledge and Its Influence on Christian Life," given by Miss E. Davis, of the local League, was of an exceptional type, and was pronounced by those who know to be the best on that subject given in the Conventions in the Bay of Quinte Conference this year.

After singing, Rev. D. E. Johnston, of South Dummer, Missionary vice-President of the district, in an eloquent address on "The Forward Movement," concerning missions and mission work in China and Japan, introduced the idea of instituting the "Forward Movement" in our Sunday Schools. The offering was then taken up while a hymn was being sung.

A Round Table Conference was the next on the programme, led by Rev. S. F. Dixon, of Tyrone, President of the Conference League, in which many of the Leaguers took an active part.

Discussions on "Missionary Campaigning," "How Best to Interest Young Men in League Work," "Junior League Work," and "How Best to Emphasize the Spiritual in Our Work" took place. Many good ideas were brought out during these discussions, which, if carried into practice in the several Leagues, could not but prove beneficial, socially, intellectually and spiritually.

The Nominating Committee was now chosen, consisting of Messrs. Tummon, Bick, Tucker, Black and Moore, the latter being named as Convenor. The session was adjourned by prayer to meet again at 7 p.m.

The evening session was opened with devotional exercises and song service by Mr. C. Moore and Rev. H. Rowe.

Rev. W. B. Seccombe, of Thomasburg, gave an earnest address on "Leaguers in the Revival" in which he pointed out the value of prayer to the individual and to the League.

The next number on the programme was a duet, "Hold Thou My Hand," very ably rendered by Misses Kerr and Black.

The report of the Nominating Committee was read by the Secretary and accepted. The newly elected officers were then installed by the Retiring President, Mr. Tummon. Mr. C. A. Moore acknowledged in a few well chosen words his appreciation of the high honor accorded him in being elected President of the District League, and declared that with such a capable Executive to support him, the work would surely prosper in the coming year.

Rev. D. E. Johnston, in continuation of his afternoon's address, spoke at some length on "The Forward Movement" as concerning our duties in our North-West. The list of his address was embodied in the following:— "Where art thou? Where is thy brother?" "The brotherhood of man as recognized in the first words of the Lord's Prayer—Our Father." "If some good has gone from me I hold the world my debtor." "No man liveth or dieth to himself."

Immediately following an anthem sung by the choir, Rev. S. F. Dixon gave a very interesting and instructive address, emphasing very particularly our duties and responsibilies in the various official capacities. He also gave us great encouragement by offering any assistance that he or any of the Conference Executive could give. He further, made the League feel that these Conventions tend to strengthen the bond of unity throughout District, Conference, Province and Dominion.

A vote of thanks was heartily rendered to all these taking part in this Convention, more particularly to the visiting Officers of the Conference League. After singing of another hymn the Rev. Mr. Thomas closed with prayer.

The new Officers are:—

Hon. Pres.—Rev. J. A. Connell.

President—Mr. C. A. Moore.

1st Vice-Pres., C. Endeavor — Rev. J. R. Bick.

2nd Vice-President, Missionary—Miss Effie Wright.

3rd Vice-President, Literary—J. H. Foster.

4th Vice-Pres., Social—Miss Frankie Keene.

5th Vice-Pres., Junior League—Miss Lillie Eldridge.

Secretary—Mr. W. E. Tummon.

Treasurer—Miss Helen Ketcheson.

Summer School Committee—Rev. Mr. Rowe, Mr. C. A. Moore, Miss E. Phoebe Kerr, Miss E. Esther Davis.

Acted in Good Faith.

Bancroft Cattle Dealers Sued for $1,500 Damages.

The action of Geo. Alderson, drover, Toronto, against James McGaw and Samuel Haryett, cattle dealers, Bancroft, for $1,500 damages on the ground of the non-fulfilment of contract, was tried before Chancellor Boyd in the Non-Jury Assizes Court yesterday.

Plaintiff claimed that on June 15th, 1905, he had entered upon a contract with defendants for 1,500 lambs to be supplied to him at $3.75 per hundred pounds live weight. The contract provided for the payment of a deficit of $200, and Alderman claimed to have tendered a cheque which had been refused.

Evidence was given on behalf of defendants showing that the contract had been entered upon on their behalf by Mr. W. J. Sargent, a local banker, after getting a draft of the agreement approved by telephone. After the contract had been signed Alderson told Mr. Sargent that he had not sufficient money with him to pay the deficit, but would be able to let him have it the following day, as he would mail a certified cheque immediately on reaching Ingersoll. On that understanding Alderson took one copy of the contract and Mr. Sargent kept the other copy.

McGaw called on Mr. Sargent for the cheque on the following day, but the cheque had not arrived. He was, however, induced to wait till Monday. No cheque being forthcoming on that day. McGaw and Haryett decided to rescind the contract, and on Tuesday notified Alderson to that effect.

Witness was called to show that the market had advanced, and that the defendants had been glad to escape from the contract.

Chancellor Boyd gave judgment in favor of defendants, holding that they were perfectly justified in rescinding the contract when the deposit agreed upon had not been paid, a course they had promptly taken. They did not know Alderson, and had only become aware in the course of the present proceedings that the Harris Abattoir Company were behind him. It was unfortunate that the contract had been signed by a third party, who did not understand the business, but there was nothing in the action of defendants to show that they did not act in perfect good faith in canceling.

New Advertisements.

Found.

Between Madoc and Moira Lake, a Buffalo Robe. Owner can have same by calling at REVIEW office, and paying expenses.

T. W. HAMILTON,

CORDOVA MINES.

LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

Terms moderate.

Telephone messages to Cordova Mines promptly attended to. 44-1yr

Nothing Like Leather When it is Well Put Together.

So for first-class homemade Boots and Shoes, and repairing out of the best first-class French stock, from 5 per cent, to 10 per cent. lower than elsewhere.

Also a lot of first-class Celery for sale at the garden.

44-3 WM. MOORE,
on the corner opposite C. G. Wilson's.

Card of Thanks.

TO THE OFFICERS, SUPREME CIRCLE OF O.C.H.C. AND MADOC CIRCLE, No. 169.

We wish to thank you for the prompt payment of the sum of $2,000, insurance on the life of our wife and mother, Minnie G. A. O'Hara, who was a member of Madoc Circle, No. 169.

We trust the Order will continue to prosper in its good work and that success may attend its every effort.

(Signed) BENSON O'HARA.
BLANCHE O'HARA.

NEW STORE!
NEW GOODS!
NEW CASH PRICES!

GEORGE WRIGHT

HAS RE-OPENED A GENERAL

Grocery, Crockery, Fruit, Confectionery

business in Madoc, and invites all his old customers and friends to call and see him in his new premises, Wright Block,—next door to Mouncey's.

All goods are new and carefully selected.

Terms, Strictly Cash.

GEO. M. WRIGHT

Wool! Wool!

As the season for Wool is at hand and I wish to make known to the public that I am in the market for Wool, for trade or cash in Yarn, Cloth and flannels, or manufacture it for farmers in Carpets or Horse Blankets, and all custom work done to order at the Madoc Woollen Mill.

S. J. DANFORD.

Removal Notice.

W. C. MIKEL, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Solicitor for the city of Belleville.

Office removed to the City Hall, where he will continue a general practice of Law except as against the corporation of the city of Belleville.

Money to loan at 4, 5 or 6 per cent. according to quality of security.

Telephone No. 195. 44

Auction Sale.

Estate of John Canniff, Deceased.

There will be sold by Public Auction on the premises of the late John Canniff, in the township of Madoc, on Friday, November 2, 1906, at 1 p.m., the following articles:—

6 Steers, coming two years old, 7 Heifers, coming two years old, 1 Bull, coming two years old, 1 Spring Colt, 1 Broncho Horse, 2 Democrat Waggons, 2 Cutters, 1 Buggy, 1 Set Single Harness, 1 Plough, 1 Spring-Tooth Harrow, flock of Hens, 1 Sewing Machine. Also a quantity of household Furniture and other articles too numerous to mention.

JNO. A. CANNIFF, D.E.K. STEWART, Executors.
JACOB HUFF, Auctioneer. 41-4

Notice!

In the Matter of the Estate of James Miller, Yeoman, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the above estate are to file with or send by mail in registered letter properly verified by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned, the Executors of the said estate at the Law Office of A. A. McDonald, Madoc, on or before the 19th November next. Otherwise the said Executors will proceed to distribute the said estate, taking notice of only such claims as are duly filed as aforesaid, pursuant to the Statutes of Ontario in that behalf.

Dated this 16th October, 1906. 42-4

A. NICHOLSON, } Executors
A. A. McDONALD, }

MISS BLANCHE V. O'HARA,

A. T. C. M., A. O. C. M.

(Gold Medalist of Ontario Ladies' College, Whitby)

TEACHER OF VOICE CULTURE,

will be prepared to receive pupils, beginning Sept. 1st.

Piano and Theory instruction also given.

Concert engagements accepted.

It is only natural that the Tudhope Sleighs should be best

55 years' experience in buying materials—designing—constructing—testing. That is the Tudhope's record.

No wonder Tudhope Sleighs look handsomer—run smoother—wear longer. Let us show you the new 27

TUDHOPE SLEIGHS.
T. L. NICKLE, Madoc

Farm for Sale.

Containing 115 acres more or less in good state of cultivation, well watered with creek and two never-failing wells. All the wood and fruit a person wants for a life-time. Farm double width with a lane in centre, good soil, frame house, drive-house, pig pen, 2 frame barns and shed. Convenient to church, post-office, grocery, blacksmith shop and feed mill. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to

T. A. JACOBS,
Rose Hall, Prince Edward Co.

Valuable Farm For Sale.

Parts lot 15 and 16, 1st concession of Thurlow, fronting the 2nd concession road, within two miles of city of Belleville, 130 acres, first-class soil in good state of cultivation, good brick house with furnace, two good barns and drive house, two bearing orchards, well watered with living creek, spring and wells, first-class property in every respect.

For particulars apply to

A. B. FARGEY,
Administrator, West Huntingdon,
CLUTE & MORDEN,
Barristers, etc., Belleville,
or on the premises.

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned, on account of ill-health, offers for sale his splendid farm, containing 150 acres in square block, parts of lots 4 and 5 con. 8, township of Murray, first-class dairy and grain farm ¾ mile from first-class cheese factory, well watered, good soil, level, no stone or fine stumps, can plough with sulky plough, nice block of maple wood, 200 bearing apple trees, frame dwelling house 16x24, 16x18, 8x22, hip roof barn 40x60, cement basement, drive house 20x24, work shop 14x20, hog house 16x24, cement floor, ice house 10x16, all new, 1¼ miles to Stockdale village, school, church, post-office, two stores, grist and saw mills, three miles to station. For further particulars apply to

CHAS. E. COX,
27 Frankford.

Farm for Sale.

Lot 17, in the 2nd concession of Huntingdon township, containing 200 acres, 7 acres in woodland, 5 acres in orchard, the balance under a good state of cultivation or suitable for dairying, being well seeded with clover and two never-failing springs, one on either end of farm. This farm is well fenced and no waste land except just where the creek runs. On the lot is a frame house (with furnace), large drive-house and three barns, two of which have stone stables under them. One 30x50 ft. was built four years ago and has a cement flour, and wing 24x40 ft, with loft for straw or hay, also a shed 30x40 ft. for implements. These buildings are all in good shape, part of which have been shingled last summer. Situated 2½ miles from Thomasburg, 1½ miles from Moira, 1 mile from school. Ploughing is being done this fall.

For further particulars apply to

GEO. H. CLARE,
40-5 Moira P.O

Farm for Sale.

Situate on the south shore of the Bay of Quinte in the County of Prince Edward, 175 acres of variable soil in excellent state of cultivation, well adapted for dairying, fruit and grain growing. An orchard of 350 trees on deep clay loam soil, best varieties in the prime of bearing age, and very fruitful, has in the past paid an annual average exceeding the interest on the amount the farm can be bought for. Well watered, easy access to the Bay shore with springs and wells in the centre and at the rear making it profitable and convenient to dairying and stock raising. First-class house and barn, comparatively new, modern style and well adapted to suit the taste and convenience of the most up-to-date farmer. Stone stabling, drive-house and all out-houses requisite for general farming. This is a beautiful situation, convenient to church, school, telegraph and market. Steam boat connection at the door carrying products to railway points at Kingston Picton, Deseronto. 19 milch cows, 17 young cattle and 2 brood sows will be sold with the farm if desired. Don't fail to call and secure a bargain seldom secured by purchaser. Address

A. G. STANTON,
Bongards, P. E. Co.
Ontario.

STEVENS

'NOUGH SAID

FOR SALE BY

M. W. CONNOR & SON

HARDWARE MERCHANTS - - - - MADOC

ASHLEY & EMPEY

SOLE AGENTS IN THIS DISTRICT FOR

Massey Harris Farm Implements,
Superior Disc Drills and Harrows,
Goodison Thresher Company,
DeLaval Cream Separators,
Massey Harris Cream Separators,
Ontario Wind Engine and Pump Co.
Mount Forest Carriages

A full stock of plow repairs always on hand. Call in whether you want to buy or not.

Everybody welcome.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

COPYRIGHTED BY THE LOWNDES CO LIMITED

HAND TAILORED

The garments made by the Lowndes Company Limited, Toronto, and known from coast to coast as

20th Century Brand Fine Tailored Garments for Men

and as the best ready-to-wear clothes made in Canada, are hand-tailored in the fullest sense of that trade term. Unlike most ready-to-wear clothing, and absolutely unlike what are known as ready-mades, 20th Century Brand are not made in outside sweat shops or outside shops of any kind. Every 20th Century Brand Garment is the product of the Company's own tailor shops, the largest and most modern in Canada, and always under personal supervision. This fact is important and explains in some measure the satisfaction in style, fit and wear that 20th Century Brand Garments always give.

We are sole agents for these Garments, and our stock of Overcoats is ready for your inspection. Come in and see what smart garments they are.

A. WILLIAMSON,
BIG FOUR. RELIABLE CLOTHIER, MADOC.

...Milne's Great Overcoat Sale...

Buying at retail at less than manufacturer's prices. One of the largest makers of ready-mades gave up business this year. We secured some of the plums.

Overcoats, Regular $10, Sale Price 6.50

24 Suits, Regular $8, Sale Price $5.00

ALEX. MILNE

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

White's

Steel and Iron Ploughs.

Plough Points for Different

ake of Ploughs.

Coolers of all sizes.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,

ill be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE.

or the Stomach Heart and Kidneys

Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a Cause Cure—not a Symptom Cure.

s a common mistake to take artificial diges- or stomach troubles—or heart stimulants eak heart—or so-called kidney remedies for ased kidneys. These organs do not act separ- ly or of their own accord—they have no con- ol over themselves—and not once in 800 times the sickness the fault of the organ. It is the lt of the nerves which control the organ— only through these nerves can stomach, ney or heart dis orders be cured. Dr. M. of Racine, Wisconsin, learned in his medical experience that inside nerves were the power ness—that was it possible through them tion, heart- sible to cure rein- burn, belch- ing, insomnia, backache, art weak- nesses, and ch's dis- ease and all r affections of the kid- s. For all of these ailments not separate sicknesses and not to be treated as such. They are rely symptoms of inside nerve weak- ds, and when the nerves are restored symptoms and the sickness disappear. remedy which Dr. Shoop prescribed for ailing nerves is known as Dr. Shoop's orative. It relieves the pain and distress of y, stomach and heart troubles quicker even those medicines designed simply to give ary relief. Dr. Shoop's Restorative (Tablet liquid) can now be had of druggists ere. For sale and recommended by

ALL DRUGGISTS"

Be the Inside Nerves

HOME NEWS

MADOC, NOVEMBER 1, 1906.

—"Take a Kodak with you when you go hunting."

—Mr. Ted. Hill, of Stirling, was in Madoc last Saturday and Sunday.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for Stove Pipes and Elbows.

—Owing to the fact that feathers on wild ducks are very thick, weather prophets are predicting a severe winter.

☞ The best Flour in North Hastings is sold at Hudgins' at the lowest price.

—With the great prosperity farmers in Ontario are enjoying they should improve the cheese factories and school houses. They are far below the proper standard of a thriving country like this.

☞ Pure Pennoline Coal Oil for sale by G. A. Ferguson.

—The death of Mr. Wm. Lewis Bird, of Huntingdon, which took place on Saturday last, was quite a shock to the community, as he had been ill but a few days. He was a cousin of Mesdames Harrison and Hudgins, of this village.

☞ If you would look to your own interest you will buy your Groceries, Flour and Feed from W. W. Hudgins.

—Public School trustees are required to bring school buildings and surroundings up to a certain standard before they can obtain the government grant. This will be a good thing, for many schools are a disgrace to the prosperous communities in which they are situated.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for American Coal Oil.

—The Marmora Herald makes this good suggestion:—"Hastings County has an eviable reputation for its good roads. The county was a leader in the movement. Would it not be a credit to the county if they inaugurated the system of having finger board signs at the main corners? It is a very convenient thing to know the right road and the distances to different points.

☞ Hudgins defies competition in Sugar. Give him a call when you are ready to buy.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, the dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with a human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips mean feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free, trial box, at our store, and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25 cents at all dealers.

☞ Three houses and lots for sale, in village of Madoc, at bargain prices. Call and get terms.

Also two farms for sale in Madoc township. Terms to suit purchaser.

T. L. NICKLE.

—The deer hunting season opens to-day, and will continue until the 15th.

☞ Six pounds finest Rice for 25c. at Hudgins'.

—The rifle practice of No. 4 Co. continues every Saturday afternoon, weather permitting.

☞ Highest cash price paid Butter, Chickens and Eggs at Hudgins'.

—The man with the infallible remedy for a cold in the head has resumed business for the fall and winter seasons.

☞ Biscuits 5c. a pound at Hudgins'.

—THE REVIEW clubs with all the leading Canadian journals, at reduced rates. Call at office for any particulars required.

—Hunting parties from the south have been passing through Madoc since Monday. The woods will be full of them this year.

☞ Hudgins sells Beaver, Banner and Saxon Oats for 20c. a package.

—Mr. Roy Clark, of the T. & N. O. Ry., returned to New Liskeard on Monday after spending a few weeks with friends in this village.

—Mrs. Mark Sandford, near Eldorado, will sell her farm stock and implements on the 5th of December. See pasters for full particulars.

☞ Six bars Sunlight Soap for 25c. at Hudgins'.

—One paper has wasted whole columns of good space in an attempt at defining the word "crank." A crank is a man whose views differ from your own.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. It's made for Piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large Nickel Capped glass jars, 50 cents. Sold and recommend by all dealers.

☞ Napoleon Tobacco 70c. a pound at Hudgins'.

—As announced last week, Mr. George Wright has reopened in the grocery, crockery, fruit and confectionery business, and invites all his old friends and customers to call and see him in his new premises, Wright block, next door to Mouncey's. His business will be conducted on strictly cash lines. See his advt. in another column.

—The card of Mr. T. W. Hamilton, Cordova Mines, who has taken out a County Auctioneer's License, appears in this issue. Mr. Hamilton a couple of years ago lost both feet in a saw mill at Malone, and is taking this means to earn a livelihood. We recommend him to our readers in that section who need the services of an auctioneer.

☞ Go to G. A. Ferguson for Pennoline Coal Oil.

Preventics, as the name implies, prevent all Colds and Grippe when "taken at the sneeze stage." Preventics are toothsome candy tablets. Preventic dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventics are thoroughly safe for children, and as effectual for adults. Sold and recommend in 5 cents and 25 cents boxes by all dealers.

☞ More Sugar for one dollar at Hudgins' than any other place in Madoc.

—An editor not long ago was asked if he ever saw a baldheaded woman. He answered "No," he never did, nor did he ever see a woman waltzing around town in her shirt sleeves with a cigar in her teeth, and running into every saloon she saw. He never saw a woman go fishing with a bottle in her pocket, sit on the damp ground all day and come home drunk at night. Nor did he ever see a woman yank off her coat and say she could lick any man in town. God bless her, she's not built that way.

☞ Hudgins does the largest Grocery and Flour business in North Hastings and is in a position to sell you cheaper than any other man doing business. Around the corner opposite the Post office.

The new Pure Food and Drug Law will mark it on the label of every Cough Cure containing Opium, Chloroform, or any other stupifying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get safe and reliable Cough Cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. All dealers cheerfully recommend and sell it.

☞ Remember Hudgins is doing business around the corner opposite the Post office, and the cheapest place in North Hastings to buy your groceries.

—A particular point of law was brought out in a livery case tried at Durham the other day. A man hired a horse from one of the liveries at Durham to drive to Ceylon; he drove some place else, and the horse on the way back broke its leg. The liveryman then sued for the sum of $60 for trespass of contract. Judgment was reserved. It seems to be the law that if a man hires a horse to go to a certain place and anything happens to it the owner is responsible, but if the party who hired the horse does not go where he agreed to go, then in case anything happens to the horse or rig he is responsible. These are facts of law which we think are not generally well known.

☞ TELEGRAPHY.—Any one desiring to learn telegraphy can arrange to do so by applying to the undersigned. Class will open on or about November 15th.

41-tf R. R. CASEMENT.

Liquor Charges.

Four charges against Robt. Wright, of Springbrook, for selling intoxicating liquors without license, came before R. R. Casement, J.P., on Saturday, 27th inst., at Madoc. Charges dismissed. A. A. McDonald for defendant.

Teachers' Meeting.

A full report of the meeting of the Teachers of this district, held in Madoc on Friday last, has been received too late for this issue. It will appear next week.

Lord's Day Alliance.

Rev. J. A. Moore, of Toronto, Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, will address a public meeting in the Presbyterian Church, Madoc, on Thursday evening of this week. The public is cordially invited to attend.

L.O.L. Visit.

Mr. Robt. Woods, District Master, accompanied by Mr. Wm. Knox, paid an official visit to L.O.L. No. 907, Flinton, on Saturday last. Although the weather was a trifle wet, we understand they had a rousing reception, and their visit was enjoyed very much.

New Chairman For Madoc District.

A meeting of the Methodist ministers of Madoc district was held at the Tweed Methodist Church last Thursday afternoon for the purpose of electing a chairman to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Dr. McDiarmid, of Madoc. Rev. J. A. Connell, of Eldorado, was elected to fill the office. A resolution of condolence to Mrs. McDiarmid and family was unanimously carried.

THE RIDGE.

October 27th, 1906.

The following notice has been sent to the REVIEW by a correspondent:—

The pulpit of the Presbyterian church here was ably filled last Sabbath, October 21st, by the Rev. George Crombie, jr., son of the Rev. George Crombie, a returned missionary from China and a brother of the Rev. W. T. B. Crombie, M.A. B.D., of Oliver's Ferry, Ont.

Mr. Crombie preached a very eloquent, edifying and instructive sermon from Mal. 3.17. The Reverend gentleman is a great and powerful speaker, as will be seen in his deep and earnest appeal to the hearts and consciences of his hearers. The congregation was well attended, and the discourse was listened to with the profoundest attention. We are pleased to have him with us, and we give him a hearty welcome to the Ridge.

AN ADMIRER OF THE REVIEW.

DIED.

BIRD.—In Huntingdon, on Oct. 20th, William Lewis Bird, aged 44 years, 1 month and 9 days.

BORN.

BARTON.—At Springbrook, Oct 18th, to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Barton, a daughter.

NEAL.—At Bellefiew, Oct. 19, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. George Neal, a daughter.

NIHILL.—At Malone, on Oct. 12th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Nihill, a son.

PHILLIPS.—Malone, Oct. 22, to Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Phillips, a daughter.

SHANNON.—In Marmora, Oct. 22nd, to Mr. and Mrs. Dan Shannon, a son.

Croup.

A reliable medicine and one that should always be kept in the home for immediate use is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will prevent the attack if given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears. For sale by all druggists.

Another outbreak of hog cholera is reported in Kent, this time near Blenheim.

The well-known druggist, W. P. J. Alexander, has been appointed special Agent for the sale of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure, Catarrhal Powder, Ointment and Pills, as well as South American Rheumatic Cure, Nervine and Kidney Cure. 4-52

House to Let.

Lately occupied by T. MacNamara. Apply to

A. F. WOOD.

Madoc, September 15, 1906. 39

Farm for Sale.

First-class Dairy Farm, partly situated in the Village of Stirling. Particulars from

DR. POTTS, Stirling.

37-tf

Estray Calves.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 1, in the 14th concession of Rawdon, about the 10th of September, two Spring Calves. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

43-3 JAS. O'CONNELL.

Notice.

Notwithstanding the recent death of Mr. McKelvie, my late partner, I will continue the business of manufacturing monuments and tombstones at the old stand in Tweed, and still solicit the patronage of the public. All work fully guaranteed.

GEO. McCALLUM.

Tweed, April 17th, 1906.

Farm for Sale or to Rent.

200 acres two miles east of Frankford, lot 18, in the 5th concession of Sidney. In a good state of cultivation, well watered, good buildings, and fences, close to school house and nicely situated. Two good orchards and lots of wood and timber. Apply to

RICHARD BAMBER,
Box 66, Frankford, P.O.

36

For the Children

To succeed these days you must have plenty of grit, courage, strength. How is it with the children? Are they thin, pale, delicate? Do not forget Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You know it makes the blood pure and rich, and builds up the general health in every way.

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the bowels are in proper condition. Correct any constipation by giving small laxative doses of Ayer's Pills. All vegetable, sugar-coated.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Don't Experiment

with other remedies when we guarantee to cure your cough with one bottle of

Alexander's Pulmonic Cough Cure

A cure with every bottle or money returned. We could not possibly do this but that our preparation contains several valuable curing agents not possessed by any other.

Cures coughs in children as well as older people, 25c. and 50c., sold only at

The Corner Drug Store

W. P. J. Alexander,

Druggist, Graduate Optician

BOOK BARGAINS

Have just received a large stock of Paper-bound Books, regular prices 15c. to 25c. clearing them out at **10c. each.**

Come early and get first choice.

Condition Powders for Horses.—You can depend on any that we make up. We have all the popular recipes and our prices are better than elsewhere. Bring your recipes and get our prices first.

HARRY H. JONES, PHM B.

ANYONE NEED A CLOCK?

EYES TESTED FREE

No home can be said to be completely furnished that does not contain at least one good Clock. We have a large assortment of Clocks suitable for any room as well as dependable.

We can give you a fine enamel mantle clock at a special price of **$4.50**, others at different prices.

We have an extra good line of Canadian-made Cabinet Clocks with nickled movements and heavy solid oak cases at **$3.50**.

Be sure and see our extensive line of clocks before making a purchase.

Geo. F. Maybee, Jeweler and Optician **Madoc**

McGregor's Bargains for This Week in Bed Room Sets

Shaded pink and white, highly graded English Iron Stone China, 10 piece bedroom set. Regular $6.75, to clear this week, special $5.50.

Blue and white, highly gilded fancy flaring bowl, 10 piece set. Regular $5.00, this week sale $4.25 per set.

4 only 10 piece sets in colors green and white, blue and white, highly gilded fancy flaring bowl. Regular $4.50, this week special $3.95 to clear out.

DINNER SETS

100 piece Limoges design dinner set consists of 4 doz. plates, 3 platters, 13 piece berry set, etc. Regular price $17.00, this week to clear to make room $15.00.

97 piece Royal English Iron Stone China, blue and white, highly gilded. Regular $12.50, this week special $11.25.

1 only Elbogan Austrian dinner set, pink daisy, fine quality of china. Regular $18.00; to make room $14.50.

These goods must go this week. We want the room and we want you to help us to make it. Prices should not be the sticker as we are cutting the price in two.

Strictly Cash.

ALEX. McGREGOR.

RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN METHODS

December 30 Fixed as the Date For Election of New Duma.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: As a result of recent conferences the Government has decided tentatively on December 30 as the date for holding the election of members to the new Parliament. As far as possible these elections will be held simultaneously throughout the empire. A circular has been sent to the various provincial Governors advising them of this decision and instructing them to bend all their efforts to procure the election of Government candidates.

The term "Government candidate" is defined to mean the Octobrists and their allies, but where there is no chance for the election of these candidates the influence of the Government will be thrown on the side of the Regenerationists in order to deafeat the constitutional Democrats.

CAMPAIGN METHODS.

The circular suggests a number of measures to hamper the campaign of the opposition parties, including the deportation and imprisonment of pernicious agitators. As practically the entire press favors the constitutional Democrats and the more radical parties the various Governors are directed to turn the official gazettes, published in the larger towns of each province, into campaign organs.

NEED OF HASTE.

There is a strong desire to take advantage of the present tranquility and conclude the elections before the Russian Christmas, hence the Government may disregard the six weeks' interval which, according to law, must elapse between the publication of the election lists and election day. If the lists of voters on the borderlands and elsewhere are delayed in coming in the ukase to make public announcement of the elections may not be issued.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS.

A despatch from Lodz says: The police on Tuesday night searched 143 houses here. Doctors, lawyers and business men to the number of seventy were arrested.

A despatch from Warsaw says: Wholesale arrests and domiciliary searches continue here. The police, aided by troops, are vigorously running down all information obtained from former terrorists, who are now serving the Government as detectives. The situation is growing more serious. The authorities are preparing rigorously to stamp out the slightest disturbances.

Owing to the postponement of the execution of certain terrorists, the Socialists have withdrawn their proclamation for a general strike.

SOLDIERS ARRESTED.

A despatch from Constadt says: Two hundred or more soldiers of the garrison here have been arrested on the charge of being members of a revolutionary organization and, in addition, a large number of arrests have been made in connection with the mutiny here last August.

CONVICTS ESCAPE.

A despatch from Irkutsk says: An attempt of the convicts here to break out of jail on Tuesday night led to a serious fight, during which nine convicts and the Governor of the prison were killed, and a number of persons were wounded. Seventeen convicts succeeded in making their escape.

WORKMEN RECOVER FIREARMS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: At Tashkent, in Asiatic Russia, a detachment of gendarmes, who on Wednesday seized a shipment of 238 revolvers and 16,000 cartridges destined for the revolutionists, were later attacked and defeated by an armed party of workmen, who carried off the greater part of the revolvers and 8,000 cartridges.

Regarding the repeated rumors that the Government is contemplating the issue of another loan, it is authoritatively stated that no loan, foreign or domestic, was contemplated, except the internal loan to be issued about Dec. 1 in order to balance the budget on the new year. The amount of this loan has not been definitely fixed.

PROTEST FROM JAPAN.

Against Treatment of Japanese Children in California.

A despatch from Washington says: Viscount Aoki, the Japanese Ambassador, at a conference with Secretary Root on Thursday made the request on behalf of his Government that the United States see that Japanese subjects in California were accorded their full rights under the treaty of 1894, including the right of children freely to attend the public schools of San Francisco. Secretary Root will take the matter up with the President, and it is likely that representations will be made to the authorities. The Ambassador said the exclusion of Japanese children from San Francisco schools was the chief cause of the harsh criticisms of the United States. He was inclined to discount the other causes given for the sentiment against the United States.

The action against the Japanese is regarded as extremely serious by Viscount Aoki, and he made no attempt to discount its importance. "After the years of friendship between the two nations," said he, "it seems too bad that the poor innocent little Japanese school children should be subjected to such indignities."

WORD FROM THE FAR NORTH.

Mounted Police Have Cut Trail Almost to Fort Grahame.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Mounted Police Department has been advised that Superintendent Constantine's detachment, which is engaged in cutting a trail from Edmonton to Dawson, has ceased work for the season. They have completed the trail from the Peace River to 20 miles west of Fort Grahame. Men and horses will winter at the fort and recommence work early in the spring.

A much belated mail from Hudson Bay reached Ottawa on Thursday morning. Some of the letters were three years old, and had been held at various places on the great inland sea waiting to be picked up and forwarded.

Major Moodie has arranged for a winter parole from Fort Churchill. He hopes to be able himself to start in February for a trip by dog train to Oxford House, where he will meet a patrol sent from the North-West.

SPAIN'S REGENERATION.

Foreshadowed by Work of the Present Parliament.

A despatch from Madrid says: The budget proposals of the Government, which were read at the opening of Parliament on Tuesday, involve sweeping financial reforms, including the institution of the gold standard. The newspapers regard the legislative work of Parliament, especially the enactment of the law of associations and the suppression of the octroi dues (the tolls upon all goods entering all cities and towns) as the most important undertaking for years and as foreshadowing the moral and material regeneration of Spain.

NEW YORK'S BIG BUDGET.

Will Cost $125,000,000 to Run City for a Year.

A despatch from New York says: The Board of Estimates has agreed upon a tentative budget. It will cost about $125,000,000 to run the city Government of Greater New York next year.

CHINA'S SOLDIERS.

Army Manœuvres Almost Equal to Those of Europe.

A despatch from Changtefu says: A notable feature of the Autumn manœuvres of the Chinese Imperial army, which began last Monday in the neighborhood of Changtefu, has been the presence in the field of portable wireless telegraphy apparatus, carried upon light wagons and so adjusted that it can be erected in less than 30 minutes. These stations were operated by Chinese officers belonging to the telegraph corps.

The manœuvres came to an end on Wednesday with victory for the northern army. At a village five miles south of Changtefu this army succeeded in checking the advance of the southern army. The manœuvres began with cavalry operations, followed on Wednesday by artillery practice. All arms displayed excellent discipline. Experienced military observers are of the opinion that with the exception of certain minor defects and making allowances for the fact that these operations were an experiment, the manœuvres were almost equal to those conducted in European countries.

Th artillery and the principal equipment of the troops were manufactured in Japan. The northern army undoubtedly was better clothed and equipped than the southern. It also displayed better organization, and had more efficient advisers.

Thursday the proceedings came to an end with a grand review of both armies, including all branches, at the conclusion of which Yuan Shi Ksi, commander-in-chief of the forces, invited the foreign observers to lunch.

It is estimated that the manœuvres cost $500,000.

MINES NEAR MONTREAL.

Uranium, Pitch-Blende and Graphite Discovered.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. L. O. Armstrong, C. P. R. colonization and industrial agent, has returned from the Laurentians with a report that two valuable discoveries of minerals have been made within a hundred miles of Montreal. One is extensive finds of uranium and pitch-blende, the mineral from which radium has been extracted, in association with the mica mines that are being worked in that region, and the other a large deposit of graphite some three miles from the railway. The graphite is scattered in the form of outcrop in such profusion and so loose that two men can easily pick up two tons of ore in a day without reverting to blasting.

ENLARGING POWER PLANT.

Lake Superior Corporation Will Spend a Million in Michigan.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: Mr. Chas. D. Warren, President of the Lake Superior Corporation, says a contract for improving the power plant in the Michigan Soo will be let in a few days. The plans are now in the hands of contractors. The cost of the improvement will be near $1,000,000, and it will take five months to complete the work. Mr. Warren intimates that negotiations are now on for the sale of power to large industrial concerns which will locate there.

"POVERTY AND PLENTY"

RADICAL SPEECH OF MEMBER OF BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

Some of the Direct Causes of Poverty —Drinking and Gambling the Most Fertile.

Some idea of the attitude of leaders of the present Government towards social questions is given by the striking speech of Mr. Lloyd George, M.P., at a meeting in Merionethshire, Wales, held under the auspices of the Society for Social Service of North Wales Wesleyans.

There were ten millions in this country (he said) enduring year after year the torture of living on, lacking a sufficiency of the bare necessities of life; and all this existed amid a splendid plenty, which poured into a land so wealthy that it could afford to lend out of its spare riches thousands of millions to less well endowed lands in other parts of the world.

THE CAUSES OF POVERTY.

What are some of the direct causes of poverty? There was the fact that a man's earnings were not adequate to maintain himself and family. There was the inability to obtain employment for economic reasons. Thirdly, there was the inability of men to pursue their avocation, owing to sickness, old age, or inherent lack of physical stamina or virtuality. And then there was the most fertile cause of all, a man's own improvident or imprudent habits, such as drink and gambling. The drink problem was the most urgent problem of the hour for our rulers to grapple with.

Next year the Government meant to wrestle with it in earnest. They would require all the aid all organizations for the elevation and improvement of the lot of humanity could give them. There were potent forces in existence which profited hugely by this degradation. How powerful these bodies were, those who recollected the abject way in which the late Government surrendered to their menaces could well understand.

FAIRER DISTRIBUTION NEEDED.

Reverting to the fact that drink was not the only cause of poverty, Mr. Lloyd George went on to say that there was plenty of wealth in this country to provide for all and to spare. What was wanted was a fairer distribution. He would give a local illustration. There was a good deal of temporary depression in the slate industry in this part of the world, which he trusted would soon pass away. (Hear hear). Yet there were two men in the county of Carnarvon whose combined incomes were equal to the aggregate earnings of half the quarrymen of the country. The latter working at a skilled trade requiring years of apprenticeship to master it, risking life in its pursuit—thousands of them together could only earn just as much as two men who did not contribute a single slate to the common stock. (Applause.)

He did not suggest that there should be a compulsory equal distribution of the wealth of this country between its inhabitants, but he did say this—that the law which protected these men in the enjoyment of their great possessions should first of all see that those whose labor alone produced their wealth were amply protected from actual need where they were unable, owing to the circumstances over which they had no control, to earn enough to purchase the necessities of life.

THE LAND LAWS.

Then there was our absurdly unjust land system. Drink and the land laws between them were responsible for nine-tenths of the slumminess of the towns, and our system of land ownership was responsible for the labor conditions in the country which drove men in thousands away from the villages into the towns. Who could expect anything else? Most of the landlords of Wales extorted annually as much for the mere license to till the land as the man who actually did the work extracted from his labor and thought upon it the whole year round. Even then from year to year he lived at the caprice of the landlords. How long did they think this would last? It had broken down hopelessly in Ireland, and were it not that Britain was an exceptionally prosperous manufacturing country, it would long ago have ended in revolution here.

RUSSIA'S TRADE INCREASING.

Volume in Favor of the Empire in the Last Five Years.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The official returns of the Ministry up to the month of October place the exports from the empire at 800,000,000 roubles; importations, 470,000,000 roubles. By comparison with the returns of the last five years the volume of trade in favor of Russia has increased 38 per cent.

The Government on Wednesday adopted the agrarian project drawn up by Gourko giving the peasants free disposal of the land purchased by the aid of the treasury.

TO PUNISH ADULTERATION.

Justice Department Will Bring the Offenders to Book.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It has been a reproach for a long time that the Department of Inland Revenue has been inactive in the matter of prosecutions for adulterating food products. A recent departmental bulletin showed that maple syrup and maple sugars collected in all parts of the country had been greatly adulterated. Mr. Templeman has now placed the matter in the hands of the Department of Justice to prosecute the guilty parties.

GAMBLING IN NEW ZEALAND.

Drastic Bill to Suppress it Introduced into Parliament.

A despatch from Wellington, N. Z., says: Sir J. G. Ward, Premier of New Zealand, has introduced a drastic bill into Parliament for the suppression of gambling.

CHANGES IN YUKON FORCE.

Several Mounted Police Posts Have Been Closed.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Mounted Police Department is making sweeping changes in the Yukon with a view of reducing the force. In addition to Major Cuthbert, two others of the commissioned officers, Capt. McDonnell and Dr. Fraser, are to be transferred to the prairie provinces. The district police posts at Mayo and Glacier have been closed for the winter, as well as the police hospitals at White Horse and Dawson. Police patients will be cared for in the other hospitals of these towns.

The patrol steamer Vidette, which alone occupied the services of eleven men during the summer, has been sold and it is the intention to dispose of a large number of horses and dogs kept at the Dawson post. About the only work to be carried on during the coming winter will be the sending of a patrol from Dawson to Fort Macpherson, at the mouth of the Mackenzie, as was successfully done last year. These changes will reduce the force in the Yukon to a considerable extent.

MATES CHOPPED HIS LEG OFF.

Remarkable Presence of Mind and Resolution of C. N. R. Engineer.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Caught beneath his engine in the C.N.R. wreck at Eli, B. F. Unger coolly gave the directions by which his companions chopped off his leg to save his life. Steam was escaping from the shattered boiler, and the imprisoned man was being slowly roasted. He charged the fireman to tie a rope around the upper part of the limb that he might not bleed to death, then with one terrific blow of an axe the leg was chopped free and the engineer removed from the steam bath. He retained consciousness the entire time, and gave the orders that caused the appropriation of a hand-car on which he was brought to Winnipeg. For seven hours he sustained the awful pain, only to die in the St. Boniface Hospital on Wednesday morning.

GREAT IRON ORE DEPOSIT.

Discovered Near Other Deposits at Bathurst, N.B.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Einar Lindeman, who was sent by Superintendent of Mines Dr. Haanel to examine three promising iron ore deposits in the vicinity of Bathurst, New Brunswick, after completing his work discovered from the intensity lines of one of the deposits another ore deposit hitherto unknown of much larger extent than those he had been asked to examine. The first report is that the new deposit is 75 feet high, 80 to 100 feet wide, and extends 1,800 feet down to the Nipissiquit River, which it shows to cross. This discovery is a striking exemplification of the method of examining magnetic iron ore deposits which was inaugurated by the publication by Dr. Haanel of a report on the location and examination of magnetic iron ore deposits by magnetometric measurements.

MONEY TO THE INDIANS.

Commissioners Pay It Under the New Treaty.

A despatch from Toronto says: In connection with Indian Treaty No. 9 the commissioners have reported to the Provincial Treasurer's Department that last year 690 Indians were settled with, and this year 915, making a total of 1,605 Indians paid under the treaty north of the height of land. Under this treaty each Indian is entitled to $8 the first year and $4 a year afterward. Treaty No. 9 practically covers all the northern portion of Ontario. The commissioners have also paid 1,400 Indians in Keewatin, north of the Albany River, but this money comes out of the Dominion treasury. The commissioners have set aside certain reserves for the different tribes. These will have to be approved of by the Ontario Government before being definitely settled.

IMMIGRATION INCREASING.

Returns for July and August Show Great Advance.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The total immigration to Canada for July and August was 35,360. There arrived through ocean ports 26,070 and from the United States 9,290. The arrivals for the same period last year were 22,468, showing an increase of 12,901 for the same two months of the current year. This shows 57 per cent. of an increase or 59 per cent. on the ocean arrivals and 53 per cent. on those from the United States.

GREAT GROWTH OF WEST.

Shown by Census of the Three Prairie Provinces.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The returns of the quinquennial census of the three prairie provinces demonstrate that Manitoba's population has increased 40 per cent. in the five years, Alberta 65 per cent. and Saskatchewan 180 per cent. The figures are as follows:—

	1901.	1906.
Manitoba	225,211	364,000
Alberta	72,841	184,000
Saskatchewan	91,560	257,000

SEVEN KILLED IN MINE.

Explosion of Gas Was Caused by Setting Off a Blast.

A despatch from Johnstown, Pa., says: By an explosion in the mine of the Cambria Steel Co. on Wednesday evening seven men are dead and two are painfully injured, but not fatally. The exact cause is not known, but it is supposed that the gas was fired by the setting off of a blast. re...

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THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Oct. 30. — Flour — Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at $2.72 to $2.75 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, $4.50; second patents, $4, and strong bakers', $3.90, Toronto.

Bran—The market is steady at $15.50 to $16 in bulk, outside. Shorts are quoted at $18.50 outside.

Corn—No. 3 old American is quoted at 52½ to 53c on track, Toronto; New Canadian, 40c bid west.

Wheat — No. 2 white wanted at 76c outside, and at 71c at 70 per cent. points, without sellers. No. 2 mixed, 70c bid outside on G.T.R. or C.P.R. No. 1 Northern offered at 81c track, Point Edward, with 80c bid. No. 1 hard nominal at 82½c.

Barley—No. 2 was 50c bid east, and No. 3 extra 47½c bid at 78 per cent. points on C.P.R. A car of No. 3 offered at 51c spot, Toronto, without bids.

Peas—No. 2 wanted at 78c on C.P.R. or G.T.R. west, but none offered.

Oats—No. 2 white wanted at 35½c on a 5c rate to Toronto, and a car offered at 35c on a 9c rate to New York, with 34c bid.

Buckwheat—No. 2 wanted at 54c on G.T.R. west, without sellers.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at $1.75 to $1.80, and primes at $1.60 to $1.70.

Honey—Strained quoted at 10 to 12c per lb, and combs at $2 to $2.50 per dozen.

Hops—New quoted at 18 to 22c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy scarce and quoted at $11.50 on track here; No. 2 quoted at $3 to $8.50.

Straw—$5.50 to $6 per ton.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 55 to 60c per bag on track, and New Brunswicks, 65 to 70c per bag.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 15 to 16c; chickens, dressed, 8 to 9c; alive, 7 to 8c per lb. Fowl, alive, 5 to 6c; ducks, dressed, 9 to 10c; do, alive, 7 to 8c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 22 to 23c; tubs, 19 to 20c; large rolls, 18 to 20c. Creamery prints sell at 25 to 26c, and solids at 24 to 24½c.

Eggs—Quotations rule from 21 to 22c per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13¾ to 14c, and twins at 14¼ to 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots nominal. Bacon, long clear, 12½c per lb in case lots; mess pork, $21.50 to $22; short cut, $24.

Hams—Light to medium, 15½; do, heavy, 15c; rolls, 12½c; shoulders, 11½ to 12c; backs, 17½ to 18c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 12c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12¾c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 30.—Grain—There was some inquiry for Manitoba wheat from over the cable, but bids, though a fraction higher than yesterday, were about a cent a bushel out of line. Holders of oats on spot demand 39½c in store for No. 4, 40½c for No. 3, and 41½c for No. 2. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.60; strong bakers', $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.40 to $4.25; straight rollers, $3.75 to $3.80; do, in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, $1.50 to $1.60. Feed—Manitoba bran, in bags, $20; shorts, $23 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, $20 to $20.50; shorts, $22.50 to $23; milled mouillie, $21 to $25 per ton; and straight rollers, $28 to $29. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $22 to $24; half bbls, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat backs, $23.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50; half bbls, do, $10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 12¼ to 12¾c; barrel plate beef, $12 to $13; half bbls do, $6.50 to $7; barrel heavy mess beef, $11; half bbls do, $6; compound lard, 8 to 9½c; pure lard, 12¾ to 13c; kettle rendered, 13½ to 14c; hams, 14 to 15½c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15 to 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $9 to $9.25; alive, $6.25 to $6.50. Eggs—Selects, 22 to 23c; No. 1 candled, 18 to 19c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 23½c; medium grades, 22½ to 23¼c. Cheese—Ontario, 12¾ to 13c; Quebec, 12¼ to 12½c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Milwaukee, Oct. 30.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 73 to 75c; No. 2 Northern, 75 to 77½c; December, 72¾c bid. Rye—No. 1, 64½ to 65½c. Barley—No. 2, 55 to 56c; sample, 40 to 54½c. Corn—No. 3 cash, 45½c; December, 42½c bid.

Minneapolis, Oct. 30. — Wheat — December, 72¾c; May, 76¾ to 76⅞c; July, 78 to 78¼c; No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 Northern, 75½c; No. 2 Northern, 73½c; No. 3 Northern, 72½ to 73½c. Flour—First patents, $4.20 to $4.30; second patents, $4.05 to $4.15; first clears, $3.25 to $3.35. Bran in bulk, $15.50 to $15.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, Oct. 30.—Weakness in prices was perceptible at the Western Market to-day.

A lower tendency was remarked in the market for exporters' cattle. The run of prices was from $4 to $4.65. The most of the cattle sold under $4.50 per cwt.

Choice butchers', $4.40 to $4.50; medium heavy butchers', $3.65 to $4.30; fat cows, $3.30 to $3.50; common, $2.25 to $3.25; canners, $1.50 up.

Feeders and stockers were wanted. Short keeps, $4 to $4.15; feeders, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, $3.25 to $4.70; stockers, $2.75 to $3.25; stock bulls, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, $2.25 to $2.35 per cwt.

Export Lambs, $5.25 to $6; export ewes, $4.25 to $4.75; export bucks, $3 to $3.50; calves, $3.50 to $6 per cwt.

Milch cows were steady to firm at $25 to $55 each.

Hogs were quoted at $6.12½ for selects, and $5.87½ for lights and fats.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

Winnipeg's building permits for the year have exceeded $11,000,000.

A scarcity of occasional teachers is reported in the Toronto Public Schools.

Six new townships in northern Ontario are to be opened for settlement.

Another outbreak of hog cholera is reported in Kent, this time near Blenheim.

Mr. John Charlton has given $50,000 to endow a chair of moral philosophy at Queen's University.

Typhoid fever has assumed an epidemic form in some localities of New Ontario.

Mr. Frederic Nickolls of Toronto is applying for a street railway franchise in Barrie.

The Hebrew congregation of Kingston will build a small synagogue at a cost of $10,000.

The Montreal Street Railway Company will add $2,000,000 to its capital stock.

The Royal Canadian Regiment, infantry, is short of its establishment by 200 at Halifax.

An agitation is being raised at Vancouver for the holding of an immense exposition in 1910.

Dr. C. B. Coughlin, of Peterborough, has been appointed Superintendent of the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb at Belleville.

Hon. Dr. Reaume has decided to allow commercial and sporting fishing in the Bay of Quinte for the balance of this year only.

James Ashdown, millionaire hardware merchant, has been asked by many Winnipeg organizations to run for mayor.

The Bank of Nova Scotia paid $125,000 for the lot at the corner of Portage and Garry streets, Winnipeg, and will erect a $200,000 office building.

The Dominion Archives have been presented with some 4,000 manuscripts of important historical nature relating to the troublesome times of 1837. The present Lord Durham is the donor.

Twenty-four sections of Indian land south of the Qu'Appelle Valley were sold by auction by the Dominion Government at Regina. Big prices were realized, in some cases over $20 per acre.

Miss Cora Putnam has resigned as teacher in the Mercer Street school, Windsor, because there were colored children in the class. Her resignation was accepted by the Board.

Station Agent King, of the C.P.R., at Carman, Man., had $56 stolen from the till, but the thief became repentant and wrote a note telling where the cash would be found.

A Montreal boy, named Harry Wright, on Saturday, fell into a river and his elder brother, Willie, in trying to rescue him, also fell in. Both were drowned.

Mr. Abraham Pratt, Assessment Commissioner and Building Inspector of Ottawa, was dismissed from the city's employ for failure to have the ruins of the Gilmour Hotel levelled to the ground.

Mr. C. McGill, former manager of the Ontario Bank, was arrested on a charge of making false Government returns, and a summons was served on Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn on a charge of signing them. Mr. McGill was released on bail.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Bank of England has advanced its discount rate to 6 per cent.

Great Britain will remove twenty efficient ships from active duty in order to economize for an active fleet.

Lord Tweedmouth, First Lord of the Admiralty, says that the recent economies will not injure the British navy.

UNITED STATES.

In the explosion of an automobile a Cleveland two persons were killed and two seriously injured.

The $50,000 church built largely with the money that Father Joseph Murgas of Wilkes-Barre, Penn., has made from his wireless telegraphy invention, was dedicated on Tuesday. It is for Slavish Catholics.

Charles Hawk of West Berwick, Penn., had a bullet taken on Monday from his head, where it had been lodged two years. He accidentally shot himself. He will make a watch-chain of the bullet.

James Rasmussen, of Greeley, Colo., ago, became lonesome and advertised for a wife. Among numerous answers he received one from Eliza Morris of New York city. Monday evening they were married. The bride will build a pretty home for herself and husband.

Adam Rausch, a gamewarden of Rowley, Mass., was shot on Tuesday and, it is thought, fatally wounded while attempting to arrest Patrick Cahill for violation of the Sunday game law. Cahill says he shot in self-defence; did not know Rausch was an officer.

Heinrich Oesfeldt, a member of a German theatre company at Cincinnati, was fatally injured on Monday night, when he attempted to use a loaded shell as a hammer in driving a nail. The explosion shell blew off his right arm, tearing his left eye, knocked out seven teeth and otherwise injured him.

Ten men were burned to death and two fatally injured in a fire in a boarding-house at Birmingham, Alabama, on Friday.

GENERAL.

Large quantities of British iron are being shipped to America.

New South Wales and Victoria have passed severe laws against gambling.

The sentence of death imposed on Russian officers for surrendering Port Arthur.

The Legislative Assembly of New South Wales decided to withdraw from the Commonwealth.

North Hastings Review.

"PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW."

J. R. ORR, Publisher and Proprietor. TERMS, $1.50 ; $1.00 IF PAID IN ADVANC

29TH YEAR.—No. 45. Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, November 8, 1906. POSTAGE PREPAID.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital Paid Up, $3,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits, $3,839,000
Total Assets, over $42,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, — TORONTO

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

MADOC BRANCH.

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and Interest allowed at highest current rates, compounded half yearly.

F. COTTLE, Manager

E. O'FLYNN,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR.
BELLEVILLE - - ONT.

J. MOORE, B.C.L.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, MADOC, ONTARIO.
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E. K. STEWART,
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Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates.
Solicitor for J.C. Dale & Co., Bankers
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Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.
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Commissioner Conveyancer, Clerk Division Court, Madoc, Ont.

J. HARPER,
GRADUATE OF TRINITY UNIVERSITY
Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office—Durham street, Dale's Block, Madoc.

DR. HARRISON,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.
Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

A. F. WOOD,
BROKER, LAND AGENT AND INSURANCE AGENT.
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Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F

Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren are always be cordially welcomed.

MAYBEE, Rec.-Sec. H. W. WRIGHT, Noble Grand
L. F. MORRICE, Fin.-Sec.

Madoc Lodge, No.195, A.O.U.W

THE Ancient Order of United Workmen meets every first and third Friday of each month in Moon's new block. Visiting brethren are cordially welcomed.

WEIR, Master Workman. W. H. MCBAIN, Recorder

T. W. HAMILTON,
CORDOVA MINES.
LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR COUNTY OF HASTINGS.
Terms moderate.
Telephone messages to Cordova Mines promptly attended to. 44-1yr

MISS BLANCHE V. O'HARA,
A.T.C.M., A.O.C.M.
(Gold Medalist of Ontario Ladies' College, Whitby)
TEACHER OF VOICE CULTURE,
will be prepared to receive pupils, beginning Sept. 1st.
Piano and Theory instruction also given.
Concert engagements accepted.

The Central Ontario Railway.

TIME TABLE.
Trains leaves Eldorado station as follows:—

GOING NORTH,	GOING SOUTH—
8.35a.m. for Bancroft	9.35 a.m. Trenton
4 p.m. for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Train leave for the South, Coe Hill at 6.15 a.m., and Bancroft at 12.20 p.m.
GEO. COLLINS, Receiver and Manager.

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,
81 CARLETON ST., TORONTO,
will be at the
Hotel Quinte, Belleville,
EVERY SATURDAY,
for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases, commencing September 1.

The Belleville Business College
Founded 1889.
Short, thorough, practical and inexpensive courses in
Book-keeping, Shorthand and Type-writing, Telegraphy.
For Catalogue apply to
Belleville Business College, Ltd.
Belleville, Ont., Canada.
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Albert College
Belleville, Ont.
343 students enrolled during college year, 168 young ladies and 175 young men, attendance increased two and one half times in 15 years. Conservatory and University examinations in all departments of music, graduating courses under full staff of specialists in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Elocution, Physical Culture, Fine Arts and Domestic Science.
Special attention given to Matriculation and Teachers' Courses. New Pipe Organ and Art Gallery recently added; Gymnasium and large Athletic grounds. Buildings heated with steam and lighted by electricity.
Re-Opens Tuesday, Sep. 11, 1906
For calendar or room, address.
PRINCIPAL DYER, D.D.

THE ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE
BELLEVILLE, - ONT.
39th Year
is the most prosperous and successful business College in Canada, and the most widely attended in America.
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Principal J. W. JOHNSON, F. C. A.,

J. C. DALE & Co.,
BANKERS,
DALE'S BLOCK, MADOC, ONT.
A General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received, and interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Interest added to principal half-yearly, on the 11th of May and the 11th of November of each year.
REFERENCE:—Canadian Bank of Commerce.
J. C. DALE, Manager.

A RECIPE FOR SANITY.

Are you worsted in a fight?
Laugh it off.
Are you cheated of your right?
Laugh it off.
Don't make tragedies of trifles.
Don't shoot butterflies with rifles—
Laugh it off.

Does your work get into kinks?
Laugh it off.
Are you near all sorts of brinks?
Laugh it off.
If it's sanity you're after,
There's no recipe like laughter—
Laugh it off.

Shipping Copper Matte.

Eldorado Copper Mine Booming.—History of This Rich Find.

Two cars of copper matte from the smelter at the Eldorado mine was shipped to New York a few days ago. The owners expect that the two cars will net them $18,000. They will in a short time ship three 25 ton cars, worth $9,000 each per car.

The history of this property is interesting, being adjacent to the old but celebrated "Richardson" gold mine. During the gold excitement in 1866-7 a company was formed to mine for copper on this property. They mined from the bottom of the hill, but gave it up in disgust. Had they gone three feet deeper they would have struck it rich. In sinking the present shaft they came on the old one. This mine, the product which is worth $240 per ton, was some years ago sold for taxes and was bid for $30. Mr. A. W. Coe bought the property afterwards for $300, and soon after his purchase refused $15,000 for it.

It now gives promise of being one of the richest mines in Canada.

OPTION GIVEN.

Messrs. Wellington, Coe and Riley have given an option to a wealthy American firm to open a mine near Bogart. It is expected the same capitalists will take over a fine property near Madoc also in the near future.

PYRITES FOUND.

W. W. Hudgins has made a good find of iron pyrites on his farm south of the village of Madoc.

Every Doctor's Experience

Tells him that to cure corns you must use Putnam's Corn Extractor which has been the one safe remedy for fifty years. Putnam's cures painlessly in twenty-four hours.

Sells More of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Than all others Put Together.

Mr. Thos. George, a merchant at Mt. Elgin, Ont., says: "I have had the local agency for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since it was introduced into Canada, and I sell as much of it as I do of all other lines I have on my shelves put together. Of the many dozens sold under guarantee, I have not had one bottle returned. I can pesonally recommend this medicine as I have used it myself and given it to my children and always with the best results." For sale by all druggists.

Highest cash price paid Butter, Chickens and Eggs at Hudgins'.

—THE REVIEW clubs with all the leading Canadian journals, at reduced rates. Call at office for any particulars required.

Biscuits 5c. a pound at Hudgins'.

Trust to Nature.

A great many Americans, both men and women, are thin, pale and puny, with poor circulation, because they have ill-treated their stomachs by hasty eating or too much eating, by consuming alcoholic beverages, or by too close confinement to home, office or factory, and in consequence the stomach must be treated in a natural way before they can rectify their earlier mistakes. The muscles in many such people, in fact in every weary, thin and thin-blooded person, do their work with great difficulty. As a result fatigue comes early, is extreme and lasts long. The demand for nutritive aid is ahead of the supply. To insure perfect health every tissue, bone, nerve and muscle should take from the blood certain materials and return to it certain others. It is necessary to prepare the stomach for the work of taking up from the food what is necessary to make good, rich, red blood. We must go to Nature for the remedy. There are certain roots known to the Indians of this country before the advent of the whites which later came to the knowledge of the settlers and which are now growing rapidly in professional favor for the cure of obstinate stomach and liver troubles. These are found to be safe and yet certain in their cleansing and invigorating effect upon the stomach, liver and blood. These are: Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Stone root, Bloodroot, Mandrake root. Then there is Black Cherrybark. The medicinal principles residing in these native roots when extracted with glycerine as a solvent make the most reliable and efficient stomach tonic and liver invigorator, when combined in just the right proportions, as in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Where there is bankrupt vitality—such as nervous exhaustion, bad nutrition—and thin blood, the body acquires vigor and the nerves, blood and all the tissues feel the favorable effect of this sovereign remedy.

Although some physicians have been aware of the high medicinal value of the above mentioned plants, yet few have used pure glycerine as a solvent and usually the doctors' prescriptions called for the ingredients in varying amounts, *with alcohol.*

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is a scientific preparation compounded of the glycerie extracts of the above mentioned vegetable ingredients and contains no alcohol or harmful habit-forming drugs.

High Court of Justice.

Important Cases Disposed of at Belleville Last Week.

The fall sittings of the High Court of Justice was held at Belleville last week, presided over by Hon. Chief Justice Britton. The following cases were disposed of:—

The first case taken up was that of Florence Wright vs. Lester O'Hara, and his wife, Sarah O'Hara. It is an action for slander. Mr. S. Masson appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. A. A. McDonald and E. Gus Porter for defendants. The plaintiff alleges that defendants had circulated slanderous stories in reference to her, one being that she had been living in Toronto with a man named Gilbert Sills, of Foxboro. Mrs. Wright admitted that Mrs. O'Hara told her she heard two women in a berry patch making the remarks and then had told Mrs. Fox. Mrs. O'Hara did not know who the women were. Mr. Wright was the only witness for the prosecution.

Mr. Porter then submitted that no case had been made out. The judge did not agree with this and Mr. Porter then called Mrs. O'Hara. The witness she had sent Mrs. Fox to tell Mrs. Wright what she had heard in reference to Florence Wright, because Mrs. Wright and Mrs. Fox were intimate friends. She had sent word through a desire to shield the honor of the Wrights and not through any malice whatever. When she heard the conversation in the bushes she did not believe a word of it. She had not even heard of such a man as Gilbert Sills.

Several other witnesses were examined, when Mr. Porter moved for a non-suit, claiming that the evidence given warranted him in making that request. His Lordship disagreed with him and said the case should go to the jury.

Mr. Porter then addressed the jury saying that the whole question rested on whether Mrs. O'Hara was justified in what she did in notifying Mrs. Wright of what she heard or whether she was not. He asked the jury to find in favor of the defendants.

Mr. Masson for the plaintiff followed. He said the jury were to find on the question whether Mrs. O'Hara uttered the words charged against her or whether she did not. If she did she had no justification in repeating them and was therefore liable. All his client asked was a verdict that would clear her character and an apology for the words the defendant admitted she had used, and which she did not believe.

The jury then retired and in a little less than a hour returned with a verdict in favor of the defendants.

Jarvis vs. Jarvis.—This was an action by the plaintiff to specifically perform contract with respect to land at Kellar's Bridge, township of Madoc, as to recover $1000, appropriated by the defendant, Peter Jarvis, before his death. Judgment in terms of consent minutes, dismissing action without costs, adult defendant to pay plaintiffs $175, plaintiffs to give up possession of the property occupied by them to the defendant. A. A. McDonald for plaintiff, Wm. Cross for defendant.

Kirk vs. McKenzie. — Action for malicious prosecution. Settled between the parties. W. J. Moore, solicitor for plaintiff. Wm. Cross, solicitor for defendant.

Canniff Gardner vs. Herrington.—Action for malicious prosecution for causing plaintiff to be summoned before Police Magistrate Wood. Judgment—Action dismissed with costs. A. A. McDonald for plaintiff. Wm. Cross for defendant.

Phoebe Jane Gardner vs. Herrington—Action for malicious prosecution for causing plaintiff to be summoned before Police Magistrate Wood. Judgment—Action dismissed with costs. A. A. McDonald for plaintiff, Wm. Cross for defendant.

Prest vs. Prest.—Action to recover for services to defendant, a lunatic. Judgment reserved. A. A. McDonald for plaintiff. F. W. Harcourt, Solicitor for defendant.

Herrington vs. Gardner.—Action to recover possession of property in Huntingdon, belonging to estate of Clarissa Herrington. Trial postponed until non-jury sittings on 27th November next. Injunction continued in the meantime, costs to be costs in the cause. William Cross for plaintiff. A. A. McDonald for defendant.

KLEINGBEIL MURDER TRIAL.

Belleville, Nov. 2.—The Kleingbeil murder trial was concluded at 2.30 this afternoon in the Fall Assizes, before Mr. Justice Britton. The jury had been out just four and a half hours when they returned with the following verdict:—

"We find Ferdinand Kleingbeil guilty of manslaughter, with strong recommendation of mercy."

The aged prisoner appeared quite unconcerned. Justice Britton ordered that he be returned to his cell, and announced that he would pronounce sentence later. It is said seven of the twelve jurors on the first ballot pronounced the verdict guilty of murder.

The courtroom was crowded this morning when Mr. Justice Britton addressed the jury in the Kleingbeil murder case. The prisoner came into court smiling and wore on his breast a medal won by him in the Prussian army.

His Lordship began his address by explaining the law regarding homicide. He reviewed at length the evidence given by the various witnesses, and dwelt for some time upon the prisoner's repeated statements that he did it with his fists. His Lordship spoke for nearly an hour, and said the ground of insanity could not be considered, and no evidence was adduced to give them cause to believe the prisoner insane. His charge was strongly against the prisoner.

After the verdict as rendered by the jury the Judge sentenced the prisoner to four years in the Kingston penitentiary.

The County Councils Act.

New Law Comes Into Effect in January Next.

The new County Councils Act, which comes into force in January, is stirring up municipal matters, not only in towns interested but in townships. Some voters and elective officers take the position that those who represent the townships now in the County Council will be debarred from running again next year under the new act, and others say present Reeves will be likewise debarred. Both these opinions are wrong and the fallacy of them is so apparent that it is unnecessary to point it out. Both present county commissioners and Reeves are on the same level with other qualified electors in townships to stand for election as Reeve and where necessary Deputy-Reeve for the Township and County Councils. The act for towns is pretty well understood.

The act provides that the County Councils shall consist of Reeves and Deputy-Reeves of the municipalities. Each town not separated from the county for municipal purposes, each village and township shall send a Reeve; and if the names of the last revised voters' list number over 1000, one Deputy-Reeve; if over 2000, two; and if over 3000, three Deputy-Reeves. No name of same person to be counted more than once, no matter how often it appears on the list. This will not increase the number of councillors in villages and townships, instead of, as now, having a Reeve and four Councillors there will be a Reeve and a Deputy Reeve and three Councillors; or two Deputy-Reeves and two Councillors. But in towns, the Reeve and Deputy Reeve, if any, will be added to present number of members of the Council.

Determined to Die.

Woman who Took Carbolic Escaped Nurses and Drowned Herself.

Peterboro, Oct. 25. — Mrs. Andrew Johnson, the wife of a Smith township farmer, committed suicide this morning at 6 o'clock by jumping into the Otonabee River at Argyle street, in this city. A few days ago Mrs. Johnson attempted to kill herself by taking carbolic acid, but was caught in time to prevent her from taking very much of the poison. She was brought to the Nicholls Hospital here and was apparently fully recovered. This morning, when the night and day nurses were changing, she gathered up a bundle of clothes and escaped down the fire escape from the third storey. Two nurses from the hospital succeeded in tracing her to the river, a half-mile distant, by means of articles of clothing which she dropped. At a quarter to seven her body was found in three feet of water at the end of Argyle street. No inquest will be held. The unfortunate woman had suffered from nervous prostration over money matters. She leaves a husband and three children and was forty years of age.

Let All Hustle.

No town will become a good business centre so long as its business men rely on a few merchants to make the effort to bring trade to town. Too often the men in a few lines of trade are about the only ones to reach out after custom. Other merchants wait until these men induce the people to come to town and content themselves with trade that naturally drifts to their place. A public spirited man should ask himself if he is doing his part to attract people to come to town to trade in helping the entire community, and no town is a success unless all lines are working to extend the trade as far as possible and trying to bring a larger territory in the circles in which the town is the business centre. Advertise your wares, do as you advertise. Give good honest value in every sale and your business will grow, your customers will have confidence in you and in the town, they will tell others and thus will the trade of the town expand.

New Cement Works.

Belleville, Nov. 3.—Work has begun on the Lehigh Portland Cement works, which will be situated about four miles from this city.

The company who will build the works have unlimited capital and some time ago purchased lands containing raw material enough to last 100 years or more.

It is claimed that by this time next year they will be turning out cement at the rate of 50,000 barrels a day, making it the largest cement plant in Canada.

Hudgins sells Beaver, Banner and Saxon Oats for 20c. a package.

Madoc Model School.

The following is the report of the attendance and honor roll for September and October:—

PRIMARY DIVISION.

Number enrolled for October, 48.
Average attendance, 40.
Pr. II Cl.—Mary McGhee, Burnett Green, Willie Comerford.
I. Cl.—Thomas Salisbury.
II Cl.—Mabel Rodgers, Margaret Watson, Lillie Vankleek, Vera Lake, Clement Cox, George Cayerly.
III Cl.—Lawrence Ferguson, Edna Brown, Willie Green, Donald Mott, John Ashe, Cecil Mott, Bertie Simmons
IV Cl.—Madeline Salisbury, Hastewell Ferguson, Vida Kemp.

DIVISION II.

Number enrolled for September, 52.
Average attendance, 47.
Number enrolled for October, 48.
Average attendance, 43.
Jr. II—75%, Alice Barnum, 60% and over, Grace Burkett.
Sr. Pr. II—75%, Lulu Broadworth, Blanche Taylor. 60% and over, Maud Young.
Jr. Pr. II—75% Essa Dafoe, Kathleen White. 60% and over, Mabel Comerford, Burton McBain, Carl Whytock.

DIVISION III.

Number on roll for September, 51.
Average attendance, 41.
Number on roll for October, 49.
Average attendance, 44.
Sr. II—75%, Kathleen McIlroy. 60% Lillian Hart, Arthur Fair, John Naylor, Lizzie Bailey, Bessie Cox, Gladys Church, Blanche Dafoe, Frank Kinloch.
Jr. II—60%, Carrie Burkitt, Mabel Conley.

DIVISION IV.

No. enrolled for September, 45.
Average attendance, 40.
No. enrolled for October, 42.
Average attendance, 38.
Sr. III—75%, Sadie Salisbury. 60% and over, Alice Orr, Marion Wright, Eddie Mouncey, Laura Connor, Jack Roberts, Charlie Watson.
Jr. III—60% and over, Lennie Smith.

DIVISION V.

No. enrolled for September, 40.
Average attendance, 36.
No. enrolled for October, 40.
Average attendance, 37.
Sr. IV—75%, Daisy St. Charles, Stella McMullen, Willie Dafoe, Olive O'Riordan, Edwin Nayler, Marion Greaves, Norma Roberts, Willie Mackintosh. 60% Ruth Bristol, Luella Harrison, Clara Thompson, Myrtle Keene, Bessie Brown, Ida Stewart, Annie Bassett, Kathleen Burns, Iona Gardner, Eddie Burns, Harry Barnum, May Farrell.
Jr. IV—75%, Fred Miller. 60% and over, Hattie McMullen, Percy Green, Cleveland Moon, Bertie Chambers, Gladys Aylesworth, George Moon, Beatrice Broadworth.

School Reports.

The following is the report for October for School Section No. 7, Madoc:—

Standing in Class,—
Sr. IV.—Della Empey
Jr. IV.—Harry Vandervoort.
Sr. III.—Lillie Thompson.
Jr. III.—Sara Moore.
Sr. II.—Laura Parnell.
Jr. II.—Alice Robinson.

Conduct,—
IV Class—Gertrude Comerford.
III Class—Sara Moore.
II Class — Robbie Gordon, Lesley Robinson, Alice Robinson.
Sr. Pr. II.—Frank Thompson, Willie Parnell, Arthur Robinson, Stella Robinson.
Jr. Pr. II.—Cora McClintock, Ralph Comerford.
Pr. I.—May McNally, Marie Hogan.

M. BELLA GOURLAY, Teacher.

The following is the Honor Roll for October, S. S. No. 13, Madoc:

Sr. IV.—Grace Pringle, Christina Trotter.
Jr. IV.—Frank Pringle, Flossie Trotter.
Sr. III.—Nellie Tokley.
Jr. III.—Esther Tokley, Blanche Ketcheson, Ella Diamond.
Cl. II.—Earl Burnside, Rae Farrell.
Sr. Pr. II.—Blanche Ellis.
Jr. Pr. II.—Austin Bristol, John Burnside.

The highest percentage in the total number of marks was obtained by Earl Burnside. The highest in conduct by Rae Farrell.

H. MAUD BUCKLEY, Teacher.

Half-Sick People.

The world is full of them. Just sick enough to be lazy and listless; to have no appetite; to sleep poorly. Quite often you're half sick yourself. Chances are the trouble is in the stomach and bowels. Best prescription is Dr. Hamilton's Pills: they tone up the entire system, strengthen the stomach, elevate your spirits, and make you well in one night. Dr. Hamilton's Pills work wonders with people in your condition. Mild in action, effective and easy to take. Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills to-day, 25c. per box at all dealers in medicine.

Chapped Hands.

Wash your hands with warm water, dry with a towel and apply Chamberlain's Salve just before going to bed, and a speedy cure is certain. This salve is also unequalled for skin diseases. For sale by all druggists.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

Measles are epidemic in West London.

An epidemic of diphtheria prevails at La Salle, Man.

Brantford will vote on the local option by-law in January.

Col. Edwards is forming a city regiment in Edmonton.

British Columbia mills cut 473,713,986 feet of lumber last year.

Smallpox is prevalent among Indians around Fort Saskatchewan.

Dr. Judson F. Clark, the Provincial Forester, has resigned.

The Ontario Government purposes to carry out systematically the deportation of alien lunatics.

Windsor's stone crusher has crushed 45,000 tons of cobblestones at a cost of 28c per ton.

A $70 fine was put upon W. Bell of Weyburn, Sask., for scalping a Harvester's ticket to Penetanguishene.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company will apply to Parliament for power to establish a pension and superannuation fund for their employees.

Fourteen Grand Trunk conductors running between Toronto, Montreal and Portland have been discharged by the company.

John Erickson, a Fernie bar tender, threw himself in front of a moving train at Sentinel, B.C., and was cut to pieces.

It is estimated that the output of the Alberta coal mines this year, notwithstanding labor troubles, will be over 1,250,000 tons.

A serious outbreak of smallpox is reported at Middle Southampton, N. B. Seven families are afflicted, and there are twenty cases.

Saskatoon has given a flour mill company a fifteen years' exemption from taxation on condition of establishing a 500 barrel mill.

Brantford's population, as shown by Assessor Thorburn, has fallen off about 600, while the voters' list has an increase of 200 names.

Streets are now being laid out and within three months Prince Rupert, B.C., the terminal of the G. T. P., will be lighted by electricity.

The London Electric Light Company has been a heavy loser by the vandalism of hoodlums. Twelve arc lamps have been destroyed by stone throwing.

At Winnipeg, on Friday, Alphonse Marcotte, an ex-convict, was found guilty of robbing and assaulting a woman named Summers, and sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.

The five-year-old son of Charles Stevenson, Calgary, drank a big potion of whiskey and died. The child got the stuff during the night from a bottle which the father had taken to bed with him.

Hon. L. J. Tweedie, of New Brunswick, announces that now the subsidy had been increased, salaries to teachers will probably be increased, and a fund founded for teachers who had served the public faithfully.

Mr. R. G. Reid, a Montreal capitalist, has contributed $5,000 to Queen's University endowment fund.

The annual report of the Consumers' Gas Co., of Toronto, shows a balance of income over operating expenses of $509,952.

McGillvray Bros., threshermen, of Blythfield, Man., have just finished a very successful season, having threshed 80,000 bushels in a 40-days' run. Some heavy yields resulted, but the average, it is expected, will be 22 bushels per acre.

GREAT BRITAIN.

General Sir Redvers Buller has retired from the British army.

The Countess of Warwick predicts that England will become a Socialistic land.

The British Admiralty has announced the formation of a home fleet of reserve ships.

The report that the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough have signed a deed of separation has been denied.

UNITED STATES.

Knights of Pythias pass a statute excluding from membership all dealers in liquor

The General Conference of the Union American Methodist Episcopal Churches has forbidden its clergy to marry divorced persons.

The largest flag in the world, a Star-Spangled banner, is to hang in the great court of the Post Office Building, Washington, as soon as the bunting can be sewn together. It will be 60 feet long by 35 wide, and the cost is to be about $200.

President Roosevelt has determined to prevent the further simultaneous employment in Government service of husband and wife. One or the other must retire. He has requested the Civil Service Commission to furnish him a list of all such cases.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, on behalf of its switchmen, have presented demands to all the railroads entering Chicago for an eight-hour day. The move is the most extensive attempted by the railroad organizations in many years. Every railroad west of Pittsburg and Buffalo in the United States is involved.

GENERAL.

A United States company has secured the right to experiment in rubber growing on the Congo River.

The French Cabinet has decided to sequester the property and revenues of the rebellious clergy on December 11th.

BOARDING HIGHER IN OTTAWA.

Prices Advanced a Dollar a Week Owing to Increased Cost of Provisions.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Ottawa boarding-house keepers are increasing their charges by $1 a week on account of the advance in the price of provisions and other necessaries.

AERONAUT'S ADVENTURE.

Defective Valve Began to Leak at a Height of 5,000 Feet.

A despatch from Augusta, Georgia, says: Dr. Julian P. Thomas of New York made a most daring ascension in his balloon, Nirvana, here on Wednesday. Owing to the location of the Fair grounds some distance from the city, the bag had to be inflated some miles away, and it was intended to tow it to the grounds up the canal. The stream proved too narrow, and the bag frequently caught in trees and was more or less damaged. When about a mile from the grounds Dr. Thomas decided to try no longer, and, mounting into the network, he seated himself on the concentric ring and cut away the entangled basket. The balloon rose like a shot and travelled in a southwesterly direction to an estimated height of 5,000 feet. When about seven miles from Augusta the valve, which had been damaged Monday, and had been patched with surgeon's adhesive plaster, began leaking rapidly, and the aeronaut shot downward too rapidly for comfort. Not having any ballast, he endeavored to lighten the ship by cutting off his shoes and heavy leather leggings, and also threw away his coat and the contents of his pockets. The descent was but little checked, and he plumped down in the middle of a cotton field. Owing to his location in the rigging, Dr. Thomas was unable to get from under, and was caught in the folds of the balloon when it struck. It then started across the field, dragging Dr. Thomas nearly a quarter of a mile before he could extricate himself. He was badly scratched and lacerated, but not seriously injured.

.... GREAT BUILDING BOOM.

Toronto is Seventh in the List of Prosperous Cities.

A despatch from Toronto says: The building permits issued from the City Architect's offices show that Toronto is the seventh most prosperous city on this continent so far as building is concerned. Two records have been broken, as shown by the returns just issued. The permits for October represent $1,533,575, against $1,009,005 for October, 1905. The only previous months which have come anything near this total was last May, which reached $1,502,160, and August of 1906, which totalled $1,417,155. The total values represented by permits issued for the ten months of this year reaches $11,102,905, against $8,954,789 for the same ten months of 1905. The total values of last year were $10,347,910, so that the ten months of 1906 already exceeds the totals of the whole of last year by $754,993. The buildings erected this year so far total 4,035, as compared with 2,695 for the same ten months of last year.

MARRIAGE CENSORSHIP.

Plan Proposed to Prevent the Unfit From Wedding.

A despatch from Chicago, Ill., says: Wedding bells will ring only for those happy young persons who succeed in passing a State inspection test if the ideas of the American Stock Breeders' Association are carried out. The association has turned for the moment from the consideration of cattle, sheep and hogs to the culture of humans, and it will be the ultimate business of the Committee of Eugenics, just appointed, to keep an eye out for ill-mated pairs. A marriage censorship may result if the inspection idea proves practicable. Professor Charles R. Henderson of the University of Chicago Sociology Department, is a member of the committee, of which Dr. Alexander Graham Bell is Chairman. The immediate object of the committee is to spread information in regard to the ill effects of the marriage of defective persons. Insane persons, confirmed drunkards and moral degenerates are to be restrained in colonies and kept from marrying.

CROP IS 90,824,141 BUSHELS.

Increase of Nearly 7,000,000 Over Western Yield Last Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: From enquiries made by the Department of the Interior and from threshing returns already received, the wheat crop of the three prairie provinces for this year is placed at 90,824,141 bushels, as compared with 84,175,220 bushels last year. The figures for 1906 are given as follows—

	Bushels.
Manitoba	58,689,203
Saskatchewan	29,296,278
Alberta	2,838,660

These figures differ materially from the estimate made by Dr. Saunders, Director of Experimental Farms, who thinks the yield will not exceed 80,000,000 bushels, while Mr. Parmelee, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, places it at from 82,000,000 to 85,000,000 bushels.

AVALANCHES OF MUD.

Are Pouring Down From the Sides of Vesuvius.

A despatch from Naples says: The eruption of Vesuvius of April last is still causing devastating effects. A heavy storm which prevailed here during the last 24 hours has caused large avalanches of mud to fall from the sides of the volcano carrying off part of the Vesuvian railway, blockading trains along the seacoast and burying large sections of ground in the vicinity of Vesuvius. The inhabitants of the villages were greatly alarmed, especially as the storm was accompanied by earthquake shocks.

"MISSING LINK" FOUND.

Woman With Feet Like Hands Discovered in Australia.

A despatch from London says: The missing link has again been found. According to the Melbourne correspondent of the Chronicle, Prof. Klaatsch has discovered an aboriginal woman at Port Darwin with feet like hands. The professor regards his discovery as being of tremendous biological importance.

ASK MINISTER'S MEDIATION.

Hon. Mr. Monteith Hears Complaint of Beet Growers.

A despatch from Toronto says: Two deputations called upon Hon. Nelson Monteith, Minister of Agriculture, on Wednesday. As a result of a petition from the producers of beets, chiefly farmers of York County, representatives of the Berlin Sugar Company were in consultation with the Minister. According to the contract between the manufacturers and the growers, the former were to supply railway cars to carry the beets to the factory. For some reason this was not done, and now the producers are expressing a desire that the arrangement be carried into effect and the delivery of the roots be facilitated. As the Government still pays a bounty in connection with the beet sugar industry, it is in a position to speak with some authority. However, Hon. Mr. Monteith advised the two parties to confer together and endeavor to reach some basis of agreement. In the event of failure they will have to renew their application to the Government.

FARMERS FROM GERMANY.

Party of Fifty to One Hundred Strong Coming Next Spring.

A despatch from Toronto says: Mr. Thomas Southworth, Director of Colonization, has received a letter from a farmer resident in the vicinity of Hanau, Germany, who is coming to Ontario in the spring to engage in agriculture here. He says that he will bring with him 50 to 100 young farmers, all with more or less capital, and all anxious to take up farming locations. They want to get land together in the Thunder Bay, Rainy River, Nipissing or the Algoma district. Mr. Southworth is answering the communication by giving as much information as possible in respect to the part of the Province mentioned, the settlers' regulations, etc.

POURED WATER ON CROWD.

Texas Firemen Disperse an Excited Mob.

A despatch from El Paso, Texas, says: Three bodies are in the morgue and two wounded persons in a hospital as the result of a murder here on Wednesday, followed by an exchange of shots between the murderer and a policeman. Manuel Rodriguez killed his wife when she returned home and found him in company with another woman. Rodriguez and Chana Ramiera, the woman with him, were killed, and City Detective George Harold and Jack Glover, a negro, wounded in the fight that ensued. The fire department was called out and dispersed the excited crowd that had collected by pouring water on it from a hose.

CREMER A FRAUD.

Montreal Teamster Posed as a Man of Fortune.

A despatch from Montreal says: R. M. Cremer, who posed as heir to a fortune of half a million, and which was on its way from Germany, has confessed to the fraud and a warrant was issued on Wednesday. He managed to get money advanced him and purchased real estate and personal property to the value of $20,000. For the past week he has been driving the best horses and rigs in the city, with footmen and groom in elaborate livery. He bought $5,000 worth of jewellery for a young lady, $1,200 for clothes, $3,000 for horses, and $2,000 for harness. He confessed the fraud, but still insists he has a large estate in Germany. He has lived here for ten years, and was well known as a steady man.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS GROW.

Increase in Four Months Totals Over Two Millions.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The customs receipts of the Dominion show another large increase for October. The revenue from this source was $4,656,531, compared with $3,986,158, an increase of $670,373 over same time last year. Receipts for four months of fiscal year show an increase of $2,176,445 over 1905.

ST. HELENA UNGUARDED.

Troops All Withdrawn From Napoleon's Island Prison.

A despatch from Jamestown, Island of St. Helena, says: For the first time in its history since it became a British possession St. Helena to-day is without a garrison. All the troops have been withdrawn as a measure of economy, the guns and ammunition have been removed, and the island is left defenceless. The outlook for the islanders is dark, as they practically lived off the garrison, and will now have no market for their produce.

WHALEBONE £3,000 PER TON.

Failure of the Davis Strait and Greenland Whale Fisheries.

A despatch from London says: Whalebone at £3,000 per ton is the prospective result of the failure of the Davis Strait and Greenland whale fisheries. Dundee whalers have just returned almost empty. They report that hurricanes, which packed the narrow seas with ice, prevented them from reaching the fishing grounds.

WILL SUE GRAND TRUNK.

To Compel Two-cent-a-mile Passenger Rate.

A Lansing, Mich., despatch says Railroad Commissioner Atwood is preparing to begin suit against the Grand Trunk System to compel the reduction of passenger fares to two cents a mile on the Detroit & Port Huron division. The company has failed to comply with the order of the commissioner made some time ago.

NO HEADSMAN IN FRANCE

THE DEIBLER FAMILY WILL LOSE ITS POSITION.

First Step Towards the Abolition of Capital Punishment in France.

The French Budget Commission has cut off the Paris executioner, M. Anatole Deibler, in his prime—not physically, but metaphorically. This is suggested as the first step towards the abolition of capital punishment in France.

The commission has suppressed the credit for Deibler's salary, and ever since the ex-executioner has been mobbed by journalists anxious to hear from his own lips what he intends to do about it.

Interviewing M. Deibler is no easy matter. He lives in constant terror of his life, for there are a good many people in a certain class of Paris society who naturally have a grudge against him.

M. de Parie, as he is often called lives in a pretty town in the outskirts, The house is surrounded by a garden, and the garden is hemmed in by a high wall and bullet-proof palings.

When a visitor rings the bell all the windows of the house are automatically protected by iron curtains, which close over them as the bell-pull is touched. Then a little wicket opens in the iron door, and a boy asks, "Whom do you want to see?" If the answer be not the password, "M. Anatole," the wicket is promptly closed, and no admission is possible.

DESCENDANT OF HANGMEN.

M. Deibler is the descendant of hereditary executioners. His grandfather was famous as the executioner of eight sailors at one time at Brest.

His father, M. Louis Deibler, died in September, 1904, after having executed 47 people of both sexes.

The present M. Deibler has only been responsible for the execution of four people, but he acted for a long time as his father's chief assistant. His last execution was that of Pozzi on October 6, 1905.

M. Deibler's regular salary was £240 a year, but he was allowed a further £320 for the maintenance of the guillitine. He had four assistants, two of whom are paid £160 a year each and two £120.

It is estimated that the office of public executioner, taking into consideration everything in the way of perquisites that falls to the holder, is worth over £1,000 a year.

The action of the Budget Commission will have to be ratified by the French Chamber of Deputies and the Senate before it becomes law. If this is done it is believed that the abolition of capital punishment will follow in due course.

WEAK WITH YEARS.

Man Useless for Emergencies Between 55 and 62.

At some time between the age of 55 and 62 men lose their will-power, their judgment in a moment of crisis. The loss is only temporary, marking a psychological change between the meridian and the commencement of age.

Dr. Dabbas, in Argus, contributes the above explanation of the Grantham (England) disaster, citing the parallel case at Stroud some years ago. He says he has collected data to substantiate his point, and asks the ages of the Salisbury and Grantham drivers to see whether they fit in with his theory. He is inclined to rule that no man between 55 and 62 should be allowed to drive an express engine, as not 'master of that unclouded will which makes the greatest emergency his obedient slave."

Grave errors of commanders in the field and of captains at sea he explains in the same way, hinting at a recent national experience — apparently the South African war. Business men show similar signs of weakness, irresolution, suspicion and irritability at a certain time of middle life. A little older, and they again become reliable, tractable, and wiser in counsel. With rest and patience all comes right again.

BRITISH ARMY'S MEAT.

A Large Quantity of Canned Goods on Hand.

A despatch from London says: War Secretary Haldane, replying in the House of Commons on Thursday to John Henniker Heaton, Progressive Conservative, said the Government did not intend to publish the report of Lieut.-Col. Hobbs, who went to the United States to inspect meat supplies for the British army shortly after the packing scandal, and he (the Secretary) could not make a statement on the subject until a final decision regarding future contracts had been arrived at. The British army still held about three-quarters of a million pounds of American canned meat, costing $400,000, and there was no present intention of sending an officer to investigate the question of supplying the army from Australian sources.

SAVED BY A DOG.

Family Awakened in Time to Leave Burning House.

A despatch from Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin., says: John Dolan, his wife, two daughters and a son were saved from burning to death on Wednesday morning by their dog. When the animal finally awakened Dolan their home was a mass of flames, and it was with difficulty that they made their escape.

WANING AFFECTION.

Angelina: "I don't believe you love me as much as you did, Edwin."

Edwin: "Pooh! nonsense! What makes you think that?"

Angelina: "Well, it's several days now since you called me a vain and heartless little flirt, and I know I haven't changed."

ESCAPED IN WATER CASK.

Famous Russian Terrorist Gets Away From Siberia.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Gerschunin, one of the most famous terrorists and head of their fighting organization during the Sipiaguine and Von Plehve regimes, has escaped from Siberia, concealed in a water cask. His disappearance is a serious menace to personages whose lives the terrorists are now seeking, as he is a skilled organizer and one of the most remarkable men the revolution has produced. Gerschunin, who is a Jew, was condemned to perpetual imprisonment for complicity in the assassination of M. Sipiaguine, late Minister of the Interior, and the attempt on the life of M. Pobiedonostzeff, ex-Procurator-General of the Holy Synod. He was sent to the silver mines at Akatui, on the Mongolian frontier of Siberia, when the Schlusselburg fortress was closed as a prison for political offenders, February 13. One of Gerschunin's comrades, a man named Melnikoff, escaped from the mines two months ago, and the Governor of Akatui says he cannot guarantee the safe-keeping of Sassonoff and Sikorfsky, the other terrorists implicated in the assassination of Von Plehve, because the revolutionary agents who arranged the escapes of Gerschunin and Melnikoff are lavishly supplied with money, and have the sympathy of the whole population.

Lieut. Dalgeiff of the Kushka Regiment has been sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment in the mines for organizing a mutiny at the fortress of Kushka.

FINGER PRINTS TOLD.

Escaped British Murderer Found in U. S. Prison.

A despatch from Washington says: A curious result of the recent adoption by the United States army of the system of identification by finger prints has just been reported to the War Department, in the discovery in the person of a soldier at Fort Leavenworth of a British murderer, for whom the Scotland Yard authorities have long been looking. The man was a prisoner in the United States penitentiary, serving a five-year sentence for a military crime. In prison he was well behaved and liked, but when the warden, following the general order to take the finger print records of all soldiers, attempted to secure an impression of this man's digits he met with violent resistance, and was knocked down and roughly handled. Suspecting that this resistance was based upon the man's previous knowledge of the use to which these finger prints might be put, and that his record was bad, the warden sent copies of the prints to the police authorities in a number of cities. Within a comparatively short time Scotland Yard reported that the man had committed an atrocious murder in Morta; that he had been sentenced to life imprisonment, and had escaped to America.

LAND IN THE WEST.

The Demand Is Increasing and Prices Advancing.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. F. T. Griffin, C. P. R. Land Commissioner at Winnipeg, who is in Montreal just now, in an interview on Thursday said:—"The demand for land is greater to-day than it has ever been before, and prices are bound to go higher. I do not attach great importance to such purchases as that of the Western Canada Land Company, which bought half a million acres from us, and are dividing it up and disposing of it again at a profit. It is to the practical work that has been done by families who buy their homesteads and cultivate their holdings that I attach value. These are the people who are making the Northwest."

EPIDEMIC IS SPREADING.

Further Outbreaks of Smallpox in New Brunswick Districts.

A despatch from St. John. N. B., says: Though provincial authorities continue to issue reassuring reports, the smallpox epidemic is undoubtedly spreading and considerable alarm is felt. In addition to the 75 cases in Kent County, which have now been firmly quarantined, there are about half a hundred cases of the most virulent type of the disease in Southampton, York County, and one case has developed in this city. The Village of Salisbury, in Albert County, has been placed in danger of infection from Kent County, through four men, who have been exposed to the disease, returning to their homes there. The postal authorities have closed all post-offices in the infected district.

GREAT FLOODS IN ITALY.

Sea Rushed Like Tidal Wave — Nine Torpedo Boats Damaged.

A despatch from Paris says: A great storm has done much damage on the northern Mediterranean coast. The sea rushed into Toulon like a tidal wave, on Thursday. The quays were flooded, and several vessels were swept from their moorings and stranded. Nine torpedo boats were damaged. The famous Promenade des Anglais at Nice was flooded, the public gardens were washed out, and the streets inundated. Serious damage was done at Cannes and elsewhere.

EXILE IN SIBERIA.

Fifteen Labor Leaders Sentenced, With Loss of Civil Rights.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: M. Krustaleff, who was President of the Executive Committee of the workmen's council, and fourteen leaders of the council who have been on trial here for a month past, were on Thursday sentenced to exile in Siberia and the loss of all civil rights. Two others were sentenced to imprisonment in a fortress and the rest of the accused were acquitted.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Nov. 6. — Flour — Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at $2.70 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, $4.50; second patents, $4, and strong bakers', $3.90, Toronto.

Bran—The market is steady at $16 in bulk, outside. Shorts are quoted at $18.50 outside.

Corn—No. 3 old American is quoted at 53½c on track, Toronto, and at 54½c outside. New Canadian, 47c bid, Chatham freight.

Bran—Buyers at $15.50 outside, but none offered.

Wheat—No. 2 mixed, 70c bid outsi on C.P.R. or G.T.R., without offe No. 1 Northern, 80c bid track, Poin ward, but none offered.

Barley—No. 3 extra, 48c bid at 78 p cent. points, without sellers.

Peas—No. 2 wanted at 78c outside.

Oats—No. 2 wanted at 35¾c outside, while 35c was bid on main line, or at 5c or 6c freight rates to Toronto.

Rye—No. 2 offered at 75c outside, with 71c bid.

Buckwheat—No. 2 wanted at 54c on G.T.R., without offerings.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at $1.75 to $1.80, and primes at $1.60 to $1.70.

Honey—Strained quoted at 10 to 12c per lb, and combs at $2 to $2.50 per dozen.

Hops—New quoted at 18 to 22c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy scarce, and quoted at $11 to $11.50 on track here; No. 2 quoted at $8 to $8.50.

Straw—$5.50 to $6 per ton.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 55 to 60c per on track, and New Brunswicks, 70c per bag.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 16c; chickens, dressed, 9 to 10c; 7 to 8c per lb. Fowl, alive, 5 t ducks, dressed, 10c; do., alive, 7 per lb

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted to 23c; tubs, 20 to 22c; large rolls, 22c. Creamery prints sell at 25 to and solids at 24 to 24½c.

Eggs—21 to 22c per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13¾ to 1 , a twins, 14¼ to 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots nomi Bacon, long clear, 12½c per lb in ca lots; mess pork, $21 to $21.50; short-cu $23.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 15½c; heavy, 15c; rolls, 12 to 12½c; shoulde 11½ to 12c; backs, 16¼ to 17c; brea fast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12¾ pails, 13c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 6.—(Special).—Grain—Business continues quiet in the loc Grain Market. There was some inqui from over the cable, but bids show little or no improvement. The mar for oats continued to show the eas feeling, and sales were made at rat less than recent quotations; the ra to-day would be 38½ to 39c for No oats in store, 39½ to 40c for No. 3, 40½ to 41c for No. 2. Flour—Mani spring wheat, $4.60; strong bak $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.1 $4.25; straight rollers, $3.75 to $ do, in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, to $1.60. Feed—There was no chan millfeed, for which there continu be a steady demand, and supplie kept well sold up; Manitoba bra bags, $20; shorts, $23 per ton; O bran, in bags, $20 to $20.50; s $22.50 to $23; milled mouillie, $21 per ton, and straight grain, $28 t Provisions—Barrels, short cut mes to $24; half bbls, $11.75 to $12.50; fat backs, $23.50; long cut heavy m $20.50; half bbls. do, $10.75; dry long clear bacon, 12¼ to 12½c; plate beef, $12 to $13; half bbls. $6.50 to $7; bbls heavy mess beef, $ half bbls do, $6; compound lard, 8 9½c; pure lard, 12½ to 13c; kettle r dered, 13½ to 14c; hams, 14 to 15 breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c; Windsor con, 15 to 16½c; fresh killed abatt dressed hogs, $9; alive, $6 to $6 Eggs—Selects, 23c; No. 1 candled, 20c. Butter—Choicest creamery, medium grades, 23 to 23½c. Ch Ontario, 12½ to 12⅝c; Quebec, 1 12c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Milwaukee, Nov. 6.—Wheat— Northern, 79 to 80½c; No. 2 Nor 75 to 77½c; December, 74½c Rye—No. 1, 66 to 66½c. Barley— 55½c; sample, 40 to 55c. Corn— cash, 46 to 46½c; December, asked.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 6.—Wh December, 74⅛c; May, 78⅜c; No. 1 hard, 78⅜c; No. 1 Nort 79⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅛c; 78⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 74 to 75c. Flour—First tents, $4.20 to $4.30; second pat $4.05 to $4.15; first clears, $3.25 to second clears, $2.40 to $2.60. B $15.50 to $15.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—Trade conditio the City Cattle Market this mo showed very little change.

Export Cattle—Choice, $4.50 to $ medium, $4 to $4.25; bulls, $3.50 t cows, $3.50 to $3.75.

Butcher Cattle—Choice, $4.25 to $ medium, $3.50 to $4; common, $2.7 $3.25; cows, $2.50 to $2.75; bulls at $2.50 to $3.

Stockers and Feeders—Choice, to $3.40; common, $2.50 to $2.75; b $2 to $2.25; heavy feeders, $3.60 to 70; short-keeps, $3.75 to $3.85.

Milch Cows—Choice, $40 to $50; c mon, $25 to $35; springers, $25 to

Calves—Trade in calves was slow quotations easier at 2¾c to 6c per

Sheep and Lambs—Export ewes, $ to $4.90; bucks and culls, $3 to lambs, $5.50 to $6.15.

Hogs—Quotations are 25c lower heavy run. Choice selects are no 75 per cwt. and lights and fats

HALLOWED NAME

The Duty of a Son Is to Give Glory to His Father's Name.

"Our father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name."—Matt. vi., 9.

By itself the petition "hallowed be thy name" means little to us. Why should mortals pray that the name of the Almighty should be reverenced? Great as may be the sin of blasphemy, surely there are many others against which we need to pray before this, many that work greater harm to him who prays and to the whole of society. Indeed, does not the act of prayer suggest that the petitioner already holds in reverence the name of him whom he addresses?

But couple the two parts of the sentence together, "Our Father, let thy name be hallowed," and what a new significance appears. It is not the solitary dignity nor the exclusive office even of the Most High that we would revere, but a new relationship to be reverenced, a family dignity to be maintained. It is the son's cry: "Make me worthy of my Father's name."

The Most High is best worshipped by whatever gives greater worth to the name which the great teacher then gave him and the relationships for which it stands. The way to reverence him is to be as true brother to man, his child, to yourself his true and worthy child. To be for man is thus often true worship of God. The great prayer opens with a petition that embraces in its scope both the divine and the human—

THE WHOLE UNIVERSE OF BEING.

It is not by carving ancient names which have long stood for conceptions of the Deity, gilding them, or adorning their letters, not by putting these names over our altars, in our halls of devotion, or wearing them on our brows, shall we honor the infinite Father of spirits. Only an unworthy son would be satisfied with thus seeking to give glory to his father's name. It is an indolent way of worship that does no more than bow before names and phrases.

If we are his children we shall care more for the family honor, for the family name, than for any other form of reverence; we shall honor the head of the house by lifting up its lowliest member. Whatever degrades humanity dishonors the divine. You cannot separate your attitude to God from your attitude to mankind, to every man, woman and child. He alone hallows the name of father who does the duty of a son in purity of heart and nobility of neighborly service.

Too many are there who think to honor heaven with their pious phrases or with costly consecrated edifices, while the phrases deaden their ears to the cry of their oppressed brothers and the buildings have been built by the blood of those who lift worn, despairing hands to the same Father. With their lips they cry, "We worship thee," while all their lives do out dishonor him by defrauding and debasing as many as they can of his own family.

The blasphemy this age needs to fear is the failure to realize the essential divinity of every human being; the sin it most needs to dread, the worst of all in the sight of heaven, is the regarding of the sons of God as

MACHINES OF MERCHANDISE.

Labor may be a commodity; but the laborer can never be a commodity in a just age. This is a lost world as soon as we lose the sense of reverence for our fellows and begin to think of them as but tools for our service and the means alone of our satisfaction.

Back of all our dealings with men must lie this great thought of the common brotherhood, the one family, and back of that will lie the simple and sublime thought of the one Father of us all. This will mean not the reverence that looks up to an imaginary throne in the skies but the reverence that looks out through all the world and sees in it the household of heaven, the dwelling place of the family born of the Father of spirits.

Just as the thought of the true family life makes the home the most hallowed spot on earth, so this thought of the divine family of which we are all members, this conception of such a family with such a father, will make the whole earth a hallowed place, will make all living and doing either worship or blasphemy, and will make the noblest endeavor, the highest religion of every life, the bringing of the Father's likeness to all his children and the joy of his love to all their lives.

HENRY F. COPE.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, NOV. 11.

Lesson VI. Jesus in Gethsemane. Golden Text: Luke 22.42.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

Intervening Events.—It is Luke who records the fact that even during the solemn hour of the Last Supper there had arisen among the disciples a contention concerning which of them was to be accounted the greatest (Luke 22. 24-30). The answer of Jesus was given in a wonderful example of humility and service when, girding himself with a towel, he washed the disciples' feet. John, the only one of the evangelists who was an eye witness of the events connected with the Last Supper and the subsequent passion of our Lord, has recorded for us in his fuller narrative, some of the longer farewell discourses of Jesus delivered after the Supper before leaving the upper chamber and on the way to Gethsemane. The synoptic Gospels have no parallel account of these discourses the substance of which consists of words of comfort and encouragement to the disciples, who were so soon to bear the responsibility of spreading among men the gospel message. These discourses contain some of the most beautiful and valuable recorded utterances of our Lord. Somewhere after leaving the upper chamber and before crossing the brook Kidron beyond the city walls Jesus Jesus offered the fervent prayer recorded in John 17. Referring to the words of the prayer just spoken the fourth evangelist continues (John 18. 1). "When Jesus had spoken these words he went forth with his disciples over the brook Kidron, where was a garden, into which he entered, himself and his disciples." The verses intervening between our last lesson and this one in Matthew's account record the bold avowal of Peter that he would not forsake Jesus even though all others would flee. Following the answer of Jesus, in which he points out to Peter his own weakness and the denial that weakness will result in, the words of our lesson text continue the narrative.

36. A place—Gr. An enclosed piece of ground; John, "a garden."

Called Gethsamane—Meaning literally oil-press, and so called, without doubt, because of the presence of olive trees and an olive press in the garden. Gethsemane was somewhere on the western slope of the Mount of Olives, just across the valley of the Kidron to the east of the city and temple walls. The traditional site is about fifty yards beyond the bridge that spans the Kidron, and here, within a walled enclosure, eight very ancient olive trees are still to be found. It is not to be supposed, however, that these trees can date from the time of Jesus, which would make them almost two thousand years old. The Jewish historian Josephus, moreover, records that during the siege of Jerusalem by Titus (70 A.D.) every tree in the neighborhood of Jerusalem was cut down. The accuracy of the tradition which locates Gethsemane at this particular spot has often been called in question; but since the garden must have been somewhere in this immediate vicinity and no other site seems to have so much in its favor, the inaccuracy of the tradition cannot be proved. The strongest objection urged against the tradition is that the site is too near the city.

37. The two sons of Zebedee—John, the author of the fourth gospel, and James, his brother. These, with Peter, and perhaps Andrew, formed what may be called the inner circle of the apostolic group, to whom Jesus at times revealed himself more fully than to the others.

Sorrowful and sore troubled — The words in the original convey the notion of intense agony and maddening grief.

38. Abide ye here—Spoken to the three apart from the others.

Watch with me—The words of Jesus recorded in this verse give us a deep insight into his perfect humanity. It is as a man that he craves human companionship in the agony of his great sorrow.

39. Let this cup pass away from me—This destiny which is in store for me. Compare the use of the word "cup" in Isaiah 51. 17. "The cup of his wrath; Thou hast drunken the bowl of the cup of staggering, and drained it."

40. Cometh unto the disciples — Still the three only.

Saith unto Peter—Who has been the spokesman in the previous profession of loyalty and willingness to share his fate.

41. Watch (Or, watch ye) and pray, that ye enter not into temptation—This was special counsel for the special emergency at hand. Only because of the appropriateness of the exhortation for Christians at all times has it come to be applied in its present more general usage.

The spirit indeed is willing, but the flesh is weak — Note the touch of clemency mingled with the words of rebuke so characteristic of the gentleness of Jesus.

45. Sleep on now, and take your rest—Perhaps the marginal reading of the Revised Version better conveys the intended meaning. Do ye sleep on, then, and take your rest?

47. Judas . . . and with him a great multitude with swords and staves, from the chief priests and elders of the people—At this point also John's narrative is more explicit in details. "Judas then, having received the band of soldiers, and officers from the chief priests and the Pharisees cometh thither with lanterns and torches and weapons."

49. Kissed him—The expression in the original signifies to kiss with fervor or repeatedly.

50. Friend—Perhaps comrade would be a better word, since the Greek denotes not friendship in our sense, but companionship.

CAUTION.

"And now," said the friend of other days, "you are rich and independent."

"Well," answered Mr. Gamrox, "I am rich all right, but when mother and the girls are around, I don't take chances on being too independent."

THE QUESTION.

Mr. Totterly: "Could you marry a very old man with a good deal of money if he told you frankly how old he was and how much he was worth?"

Miss Timely: "How much is he worth?"

ENTOMBED FOR FIVE DAYS

THE HORRIBLE EXPERIENCE OF WELSH MINERS.

Sufferings Affect Men's Minds — The Only Food They Had Was Wax Candles.

The two men who were rescued from the flooded Caradoc Vale Colliery, Wales, recently, had thrilling stories to tell of their experiences during the five days in the mine. The body of the last of the six men who were caught by the flood was recovered.

The men who were rescued were Richard Richards and David John Stephens. They had been in the mine for more than five days without food, and, considering the privations they had undergone their physical condition was remarkable. Richards was exhausted, and his mind was wandering, but Stephens was vigorous both physically and mentally, and only the peremptory order of the doctor that he should not exert himself prevented him from walking home.

When the news that the searching party had found two men in the old workings became known a great crowd gathered at the mouth of the shaft. It never occurred to those above ground that the men were alive, and two coffins were brought to receive the bodies, which it was expected would be brought to the surface.

VOLUNTEERS' RUSH.

When it was realized that the men were really alive the crowd went delirious with joy, and when Stephens announced that the third man, Ned Hathaway, was alive twenty-four hours before, the rush of volunteers to join the searching party was so great that there was almost a riot.

Stephens said that when they were cut off by the flood, he and his "butty," (Richards) crawled through a small hole into some abandoned workings. In doing so, their lamps went out, their matches got wet, and their food was lost. They were joined a little later by Hathaway, and for four days the three men wandered about looking for an exit, and knocking and calling in the hope of attracting the attention of the searching parties. Several times they heard the searchers, but they failed to make themselves heard.

The only food they had was some wax candles, but, of course, there was plenty of water, and to this they owe their lives. On the fourth day Hathaway went mad and wandered away, and all Stephens' attention was devoted to looking after Richards, whose mind had also given way. When Hathaway's body was found later it was quite naked, and his legs were terribly scratched and lacerated from falling over the coal.

Stephens was seen at his home by a London Express representative, and he told the story of his terrible experience.

SURVIVOR'S STORY.

"When Hathaway left us he was quite mad," he said. "I managed to control him until my 'butty' (Richards) got into a similar state. I could not manage the two, and had to let Hathaway go.

"I had an awful time with my 'butty' during the last ten hours. At times he was cross, and sometimes playful. At other times he became quite childish and would try to turn somersaults over me."

Mr. Howell Kelly, who led the rescue party, said:

"We thought we should find three dead bodies. We had gone about fifty yards into the old workings when I thought I heard some one calling. I shouted, and Stephens mush have recognized my voice, for I heard him cry in a shrill tone, 'Howell! Howell!'

"We brought them back through the hole, and I placed Richards on my knee, and put some clothing around him, for he had divested himself of several articles in his delirium."

A pathetic feature of the finding of Hathaway's body was that he was to have been married shortly. When the hope that he might still be alive was revived his sweetheart rushed to the shaft and declared that the wedding would take place as arranged. When his dead body was brought up she became hysterical and was taken home in a fainting condition.

REPEATING THE ERROR.

What a woman doesn't know about newspapers isn't worth knowing. The other morning Mrs. Blank was talking to her husband.

"I notice in the paper that Mr. Jones died on Sunday."

"It is a mistake, my dear," replied the husband; "he died on Monday."

"But the paper said Sunday."

"I know it, but it was an error in the print."

"I thought so, too, at first, but I got a half-dozen copies of the paper, and it was the same in all of them. They certainly couldn't have made the mistake over and over again."

The husband tried to convince her, but it was no use, and he gave it up.

Miss Literary—Are you very fond of Bacon, Mr. Saphead?

Mr. Saphead—Ya'as, especially in mawning with eggs.

The Home

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

Boston Baked Beans.—Use the small white pea beans. Pick over one quart, wash thoroughly and soak over night in fresh cold water. In the morning drain them, cover with fresh water, and heat very slowly. Keep at the simmering point until the skins crack and curl back when held in a current of air. In the meantime wash a half-pound piece of fat salt pork, score the rind, and boil slowly for an hour. In a cup mix one-quarter of a teaspoonful of dry mustard, one tablespoonful of salt, and two tablespoonfuls of molasses, and gradually thin by stirring in boiling water. Mix this with the beans, turn them into a bean pot, and push down the pork until only the rind is visible. Cover, place in a moderate oven, and bake for about eight hours, adding more water whenever the beans become too dry. The mustard is not apparent as a seasoning, but it is thought to make the beans more digestible; for a similar reason, as well as to render them more delicate in flavor, the water in which they have been boiled is frequently discarded, fresh boiling water being added after they are in the pot. The latter has bulging sides and a comparatively small top.

Brown Italian Sauce.—In a saucepan place one tablespoonful of butter, two tablespoonfuls of chopped onion, and one tablespoonful each of chopped celery and carrot. Set over a moderate fire and cook for five minutes after the butter is melted. Add one tablespoonful of flour and stir until it is coffee-colored. Gradually pour in one pint of hot beef stock, stirring until slightly thickened, then add a bouquet of herbs and simmer for fifteen minutes. In the meantime put in a second saucepan a half tablespoonful of butter, and when melted, add one-quarter of a cupful each of chopped cold boiled ham, fresh mushrooms, truffles, and white onion. Cook slowly together for five minutes, then add one-half of a cupful of sherry and simmer gently for ten minutes longer. Strain the mixture in the first saucepan into the second, stir until well blended, add salt to season, and simmer for five minutes longer.

Bananas. — To keep bananas from turning dark in dressers or fruit salad, take a fork and cut them crosswise. They are not so smooth as when sliced with a knife, but retain their natural color a much longer time.

Raspberry Bavarian Cream.—Soften a quarter of a package of gelatine in half a cup of raspberry juice; dissolve over hot water, and the juice of half a lemon, a cupful of raspberry juice, and half a cup of sugar; stir over ice water and when it begins to "set" fold in a cupful and a half of double cream beaten solid. Pour into a mould. When cold serve surrounded with the froth from whipped cream.

Stuffed Egg Plant.—Cut in halves lengthwise and dig out the white part without breaking shell. Boil till tender in slightly salted water; mash and add as much rolled crackers as you have egg plant, butter size of an egg and half a cupful of cream. Boil together and season delicately with white pepper and some salt if needed. Fill the shells with this batter and bake twenty minutes.

Corn Soup. — Pass a can of corn through a meat chopper. Add two slices of onion, a sprig of parsley, and two cups of water. Let simmer fifteen minutes, then pass through a sieve, pressing out all the liquid and pulp possible. Melt three tablespoonfuls of butter, cook in this three tablespoonfuls of flour, half a teaspoonful of salt, and a dash of black pepper. Stir and cook while adding gradually two cups of milk. Let boil after all the milk is added, then stir in the corn pulp and liquid. Add more seasoning, if needed, also, if at hand, the yolk of two eggs, beaten and diluted with half a cup or more of cream. The soup will curdle if it is boiled after the eggs are added.

Welsh Rarebit.—A very light Welsh rarebit sufficient for two generous helpings for three people can be made with two cups of grated cheese, half a cup of milk, and the well-beaten yolks of two eggs, season with salt and cayenne or a dash of Worcestershire sauce instead of the pepper. Put the milk in the chafing dish, and when it is boiling hot add the cheese, stirring continually until melted. Then put in the seasoning and slowly add the eggs, stirring the mixture vigorously. Pour a few spoonfuls over three-inch squares of hot buttered toast. Eggs make the "rabbit" very light. The stringy kind require two cups of grated cheese, half a cup of beer, a small lump of butter and seasoning, but is made in the same way. Be sure and have the mustard on the table when serving rarebit, as nearly everybody takes it.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

When windows are difficult to open rub the cords with soft soap, and the sashes will run smoothly.

For a Shampoo Mixture. — Make a froth of good toilet soap, and when lukewarm add to it the beaten yolk of an egg and a dessertspoonful of spirits of rosemary.

Mustard water is useful for cleansing the hands after touching onions or any other malodorous substance.

To restore ivory knife handles which are stained, damp a rag slightly, and with it apply a very little salts of lemon to the spots. Wipe with a damp rag and polish with a soft duster.

If fat or milk is spilt on the kitchen range a little salt thrown on it will keep down the smell, and if grease is spilt on the table salt will keep it from sinking into the wood.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. — Shake together in a bottle four ounces of olive oil, two ounces of oil of rue and sufficient eucalyptus, or oil of cloves, to scent all nicely. Rub the chest and back with this at night in a warm room.

Dining Table.—Rub hard weekly with a soft flannel moistened with paraffin oil and turpentine, then with a piece of soft old linen. Let it rest for an hour, and rub hard with a piece of chamois or clean old linen. Give it a daily rubbing with chamois or linen.

For the removal of ironmould on your beautiful house linen try this recipe; stains may be treated by the same process. First soak the article as if it were to be washed. Heat an iron, and on this lay a wet cloth. When the heat makes the cloth steam, put the ironmoulded spot on it, and rub on a little oxalic acid with the finger. The heat and moisture hastens the effect of the acid, and consequently the rust disappears more quickly. Then wash out the linen in the ordinary way.

LUCKY LITTLE SLAVEY.

After Years of Hardship Fortune Came Her Way.

The following extraordinary story of an heiress held as a slavey in New Zealand, lost track of for years, and finally rescued by her uncle, who brought her to the Pacific Coast, comes from San Francisco. An unfortunate orphan in a foreign land since seven years old, reads the report, enslaved for almost a decade by an aged couple in New Zealand, who worked her at menial service and refused her a decent education, lost track of for years by her American relatives, little Miss Violet Gilbert, whose summers number no more than seventeen, is now in San Francisco on her way to Portland, Oregon, to come into a fortune of $100,000. Accompanied by her uncle, Mr. J. B. Davidson, a business man of Portland, she arrived at Vancouver, B.C., the other day on the steamer Sonoma from Auckland, N.Z. Two months ago she was a drudge in a poverty-stricken home; today life seems a fairy dream to her by reason of the sudden change for the better. The finding of the girl in New Zealand is a story of remarkable features. Her father, John Gilbert, was a daring young sea captain, who immediately after his marriage in Oregon went to Australia, and then to New Zealand. There Violet was born. Most of her mother's relatives have long lived in Oregon, and an aunt resides in Woodland, Cal. After his wife's death Gilbert seldom communicated with his relatives in America. When Violet was seven he died, leaving her penniless. Nobody in New Zealand knew where her American relatives lived, so the girl fell into the hands of an aged couple, who treated her as a slavey. Less than two years ago Mrs. Davidson of Portland learned that her brother-in-law, Gilbert, had died in New Zealand, and she at once took steps to find if he left any family. After a good deal of correspondence, she located the girl. Meanwhile another aunt had died and left a large sum of money to the girl. Mr. and Mrs. Davidson thereupon determined to bring their orphaned niece from New Zealand to the United States. The girl who was thus suddenly taken away from a home of poverty to become the owner of riches, was brought over on the Pacific mail steamer Sonoma. She made many friends among the passengers, and everybody rejoiced in her good fortune.

ACTRESS SHOT DEAD.

Jealous Lover Killed Himself After Deed Was Committed.

Fraulein Rita Wolter, the leading lady at the Comic Opera House, was shot dead in Berlin, Germany, by her lover, Herr Augustus Hesse, a young man of considerable private means.

Fraulein Wolter, who was the daughter of a wealthy manufacturer of Augsbury, South Germany, obtained her parents' consent to follow a theatrical career with great difficulty. Finally, with their reluctant permission, she went to Berlin to study for the stage, and last year succeeded in obtaining a position at the Comic Opera House, where she soon became leading lady.

During the period of study she became acquainted with Herr Hesse, and they became engaged. Their relations, however, cooled after Fraulein Wolter achieved success on the stage. Herr Hesse worried her continuously with jealous outbreaks, which rendered her life miserable.

At the same time the leading tenor of the Comic Opera House, a talented young Spaniard, Senor Raventos, fell in love with Fraulein Wolter. He pressed her to marry him, and Fraulein Wolter, who had become tired of Herr Hesse, was very much in love with Senor Raventos, and desired to marry him, but feared her former lover's revenge.

For months she wavered between the two, but showed much favor to her Spanish colleague. Herr Hesse, on perceiving how things were going, one day broke into Fraulein Wolter's flat, seized her by the throat and nearly strangled her. That decided her, and she resolved to become Senor Ravento's wife.

Herr Hesse forced an entrance into her flat the other evening, and, after a long conversation, in which he failed to persuade her to abandon Senor Raventos and to marry him, he produced a revolver and shot her dead. Then he shot himself.

A few days ago Herr Hesse telegraphed to Raventos, calling him a coward and traitor, and challenging him to a duel, and Senor Raventos, who was ill in bed, replied that he was willing to fight at any time.

HIS TROUBLE.

Sunday School Teacher: "Who was it that the whale swallowed?"

Tommy: "Why—er—er——"

Sunday School Teacher: "Come, now, that's an easy question."

Tommy: "Oh, it ain't the question that bothers me, but the answer."

IT IS.

An aching tooth,
A rise to shout,
Is just about
The best thing out.

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irish-Canadians.

Marconi is building a station in Ireland for regular wireless traffic across the Atlantic.

Ballinglanderin, County Mayo, possesses a population of 1,000, and has 72 public-houses.

Mr. James Hynam, United Irish League organizer, died suddenly at Miltown Malbay, County Clare.

For the last ten years the population of Ireland has remained a fairly stationary, the average being 4,481,504.

By a fire in a range of coal sheds at the Waterside Quay, Londonderry, damage was caused to the extent of £2,500.

The Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland has approved of the election of Mr. John Lavery, R.S.A., as an Associate of the Royal Hibernian Academy.

In a Dublin court a girl of sixteen was made to take a lead pencil and illustrate on the clerk how her father, as was alleged, tried to cut her mother's throat.

Indications in Ireland point to a tobacco crop worth about £50 an acre. Ireland is to enjoy a rebate of one-third of the usual customs duty till 1913.

Dublin Corporation is about to apply to the Local Government Board for a loan of £134,842 to enable it to construct a new reservoir at Roundwood, near Bray.

A clever Irish woman has patented an invention called "the happy thought." It is a portable cage canopy, which, when adjusted on a cradle, will prevent the liveliest youngster from tumbling out.

A policeman, while bathing near Twin Islands, Belfast, had a most unpleasant experience. He was 150 yards from the shore when he was suddenly attacked by a porpoise. He did not take it into custody.

Dr. O'Dwyer, Roman Catholic Bishop of Limerick, asks if it is not incredible that last year the people of Ireland paid for drink four times the amount of money that would make them owners of all the soil of Ireland.

The report published in the British press that Lord Kitchener will shortly be appointed to the Irish command is discredited here, as it is thought that far too much remains to be done in India to justify the removal of the Commander-in-Chief, whose task is regarded as only half completed.

The new curate of Armagh, the Rev. Robert Walter Scott Maltby, B.A., is closely connected with old Protestant families in the south. His uncle, Sir John Harley Scott, J.P., of Knockrea House, Cork, has been recognized as one of the leading Churchmen and strongest loyalists in Cork for many years past.

A report of the inspectors of lunatics in Ireland shows that the proportion of insane to the total population in 1901 was 56.2 in 1,000, compared with 15.2 in 1851. The number of patients in public asylums rose from 8,667 in 1880 to 13,332 in 1895, and 18,094 in 1903.

The Lord Chancellor has, on the recommendation of Sir H. Hervey Bruce, D.L., appointed Mr. Thomas Graham, R.D.C. for Maghera, to the Commission of the Peace for the Maghera division, County Derry. Mr. Graham is a well-known gentleman in the district, and is chairman of the Magherafelt Board of Guardians.

The members of the Institute of Journalists attending the Dublin Conference were entertained at a luncheon last week by the International Exhibition Committee, whose vice-president, Mr. William Murphy, J.P., took the chair. A company of 250 guests included their Excellencies the Lord-Lieutenant and Countess of Aberdeen.

EYESIGHT AND MARKSMANSHIP.

Some curious researches have recently been made by French army surgeons on the relationship between good eyesight and good target-practice. At first glance one would say that the two things must invariably depend the one upon the other. But the facts lead to a different conclusion. At least, they show that one may have very defective eyesight and yet be a very accurate marksman. Astigmatism, myopia and other defects of vision may exist in a marked degree without destroying the ability to aim and shoot straight. In the French and German armies soldiers are permitted to shoot from the right or the left shoulder, according to their own preference, which is often guided by the superiority of one eye over the other. Accuracy of judgment counts for as much as acuteness of vision with the good marksman.

A KING AS GUIDE.

German tourists in Denmark paid a visit to Charlottenburg with the object of seeing the summer palace of King Frederick. They met a gentleman walking alone of whom they inquired whether it would be possible for them to obtain access to the gardens. "Certainly," he replied, "I happen to have a key" and for half an hour he led the party about the grounds, pointing out their beauties and entertaining the strangers with lively conversation. At last he took his leave with the words, "If you care to see the stables, just say that you have the King's permission." It was the King himself. He shook hands with each member of the party and bade them farewell.

Daughter: "Oh, dear, such a time I do have with that husband of mine! I don't have one minute's peace when he is in the house. He's always calling me to do something or the other." Another Mother: "What does he want?" Daughter: "He wants me to go to the thread a needle for him, so he can mend his clothes."

DR.

THE

North Hastings Review

IS PUBLISHED

THURSDAY MORNING

AT THE

REVIEW PRINTING OFFICE, MADOC, ONT

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No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. A post office notice is not sufficient notice of settlement to date has been made. Subscribers changing their address should immediately notify the publisher, giving old and new address. Subscribers outside the limits of the County must pay in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Transient advertisements such as Legal Notices, Public Notices, Public Meetings, Municipal Advertisements, etc., inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line Nonpareil space for the first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of this class measured from rule to rule and by the scale of solid Nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Condensed advertisements of Estray Stock, Articles Lost, Found, or For Sale, Teachers Wanted, Situations Wanted, Help Wanted, To Let, Business Chances, and others of a like nature, not exceeding 12 lines Nonpareil, inserted at the rate of 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each week afterwards. Ads. of this class must be paid in advance.

Any notice, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or corporation is considered an advertisement and must be charged as such.

Accounts will be rendered quarterly and are expected to be paid promptly.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Copy for changes of contract advertisements must be left with us before noon on Monday. If this rule is not observed the change will not be made till the following week.

All copy for advertising, under contract or otherwise, must be acceptable in every way to the editor.

Advertisements without specific instructions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

JOHN R. ORR,
Editor and Proprietor

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, NOVEMBER 8, 1906.

Hunting Fatalities.

The Annual Death Harvest in the Woods.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—There were two shooting fatalities last week in the bush back of Kazuabazua, and both happened under somewhat similar circumstances. On Monday, David Junkin, a young farmer, of Eileen Township, was following deer with a party. He walking ahead of a companion named Armstrong, when in some manner the gun the latter was carrying was accidentally discharged, and Junkin was shot in the side. He died in a few minutes.

The second victim was Edward Wilson, aged 21, son of Mrs. James Wilson, of Aylwin Township. On Thursday afternoon he and his younger brother, aged 15, were in the bush looking for deer. Edward was walking ahead when the younger lad slipped, and the rifle which he was carrying cocked went off. The bullet struck Edward in the back, and he was killed instantly.

Sundridge, Ont., Nov. 5.—On Saturday David Henderson, of Burk's Falls, who was visiting relatives in the Township of Jolly, was accidentally shot by the discharge of his own gun while hunting. It is supposed that he stumbled and fell, his companion hurried to him on hearing the shot, but he lived only a few minutes.

DROWNED DEER HUNTING.

Hastings, Nov. 3.—News was received by telephone this morning from L'Amable of the drowning of John Murray at Crooked Lake. Murray, in company with a few others from here, went deer hunting on Monday last. The accident happened by the upsetting of his canoe. Mr. Murray had resided and carried on a successful butcher business in Hastings for a number of years.

New Chemical Works.

A large chemical works for the manufacture of sulphuric acid is to be erected by the American-Madoc Mining Co., which is mining iron pyrites in Hungerford township. The works are situated near Bogart, P.O., and the number of men employed will be increased from 50 to 150 or 200.

The Worst of a Cold

is how suddenly it comes. No time to hurry to the drug-store, croup develops, the lungs are effected with pneumonia or tuberculosis, and it's too late. Keep Catarrhozone on hand,—it kills colds instantly. Something magical about the way it cures catarrh and bronchitis. Catarrhozone is the best remedy because it cures in nature's way; it heals, soothes and restores permanently. Carry a Catarrhozone inhaler in your pocket, use it occasionally and you'll never catch cold—that's worth remembering.

In Time of Peace.

In the first months of the Russia-Japan war we had a striking example of the necessity for preparation and the early advantage of those who, so to speak "have shingled their roofs in dry weather." The virtue of preparation has made history and given to us our greatest men. The individual as well as the nation should be prepared for any emergency. Are you prepared to successfully combat the first cold you take? A cold can be cured much more quickly when treated as soon as it has been contracted and before it has become settled in the system. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of colds and it should be kept on hand ready for instant use. For sale by all druggists.

The Cause of Education.

Teachers' Institute Meeting at Madoc.

An Institute meeting of the teachers of Madoc, Marmora and Huntingdon, was held in the Model School, Madoc, October 26th. Inspector W. Mackintosh presiding.

In his opening remarks the chairman expressed his pleasure at seeing so many present, and his regret that a few teachers were prevented by illness from attending the meeting.

Inspector Mackintosh then gave a most interesting and instructive address on the subject of Supplementary Reading.

School libraries are now compulsory in rural schools. Teachers should assist the trustees by seeing that the books are used. By the proper use of the school library, a child may and should be trained to read the best authors with facility, pleasure and appreciation. By communion with great minds through books, he will attain a more elevated moral sense. He will cease to desire all unworthy companionship, and will no longer enjoy loafing and gossip. The study of poetry was especially recommended for its ethical value.

The teacher's work in other forms of study will be aided by a child's love of reading. Language, composition and spelling will be greatly benefitted.

In closing, the Inspector laid great stress on the fact that only the teacher who loves reading himself can inspire his pupils with that love. He also urged that children should be taught not only to love books for what they contain, but to reverence books themselves.

Mr. Huyck, Principal of the Model School, succeeded the Inspector, with an excellent address on Language in third classes.

The teaching of composition is usually poor. There are two reasons for this. First, many pupils are timid of expressing themselves in an essay which may be read in public. Second, they are not sufficiently helped in their preparation. Often a subject is given, and pupils are expected to make their own outline and find their own material. Only children who are naturally gifted can write a composition under such conditions.

Language is an important study, for only what is clearly understood is clearly expressed, and vice versa. Composition has a utilitarian value, also, in the business life of the world.

The order of teaching composition should be speech, reading, writing. Fluency in oral composition should be striven for before correctness. A child is often discouraged by being corrected too much in his speech. Pupils should be encouraged to read much. Fairy stories and novels of the best kind were recommended. Nature study can be utilized for composition subjects. Much practice is necessary.

To teach composition, the teacher needs a great fund of information on many subjects. Pupils know a great deal, but their minds must be stimulated, so that they may express their thoughts. Good models are necessary. Errors in English should not be pointed out individually, as this tends to make the pupil self-conscious. Exercises with these errors should be given to the whole class.

The sentence, the paragraph, the essay, should be dealt with in turn. In choosing subjects for composition in third book classes, it is wise to deal only with narratives and description. Narratives may consist of stories, myths, and the account of personal experiences. Descriptions of places, objects and plant life form excellent matter for language work.

In discussing the paper Inspector Mackintosh urged the teachers to make composition practical—to teach business forms and letter writing. He further impressed on them the necessity of making every lesson a language lesson. He also deprecated the universality of the use of slang and asked for the co-operation of the teachers in suppressing its use.

When the meeting came to order in the afternoon, Mr. Mackintosh addressed the teachers on Primary Number.

The teaching of arithmetic in primary classes should be not merely a drill in tables, but should be first of all a training in observation and language.

Number work from one to ten is sufficient for the first year. The child should be led first to perceive the number as a whole, and later to discover the numbers that go to make it up. The work should be purely objective. The child's discoveries should be expressed in his own words, and stories should be used to impress his discoveries. There should be little drill at this stage. Figures should be taught only when the child knows his numbers thoroughly.

Notation is very readily taught by means of blocks of different sizes to represent units, tens and hundreds. Money,—the cent, the ten-cent, and the silver dollar—may be used also.

Mr. Weir, Principal of the Marmora Public School, read a paper on grammar. The object of grammar teaching is to train pupils in thinking and to aid in correct speech and writing.

The formal study of grammar should not begin until the fourth class is reached, but there should be much preparatory language work in junior classes.

By leaving the study of formal grammar until the last year, a teacher has to make his work definite in order to cover the limit. Each lesson also should have a definite aim of its own. Every question should have a direct bearing on the subject.

In a grammar lesson the mistake is often made of considering a definition the great end to be attained. This makes grammar uninteresting. Always the use of words should be understood before they are classified, and the sentence should be the setting in which their functions are taught.

Miss Feeney, of Marmora, read a short paper on the Teaching of History by Stories. In order that the children may remember the stories it is necessary that the teacher should be prepared to relate them vividly. She should know all about the subject and live in the story herself. Children who are interested in history cannot fail to be interested in other subjects as well. Maps, pictures, poems and books should be used to impress the story. As a youthful mind is more interested in the biography of individuals than in the history of the nation, biographies should be taught first in junior classes. This teaching, however, should be defined and supplemented by the use of the text-book.

Mr. Mackintosh closed the meeting with a short address on Primary Reading. He urged teachers to use the Phonic Method better than has been done in the past and thus to develop in children the power to read for themselves.

M. TUER,
Secretary.

NEW NEAT NOBBY -Wright's Store-

IS FULL OF

Fresh Groceries, Confectionery, Fruits,

ETC., OF ALL KINDS.

HANDSOME DISPLAY OF

Dinner Sets, and Toilet Sets

AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

Many specialties are being introduced weekly at little cost.

Try our special Coffee and Davies Tea, of which we are sole agents.

Our delivery system is perfect.

Terms, Strictly Cash.

GEO. WRIGHT,
Wright Block

Highest cash price paid for Eggs, Butter and Produce of all kinds.

New Advertisements.

Wanted to Purchase

Three Pure Bred White Leghorn Cockerels. Write

BURT DURHAM,
45-1 Wellman's Corners.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Eldorado cheese factory will be held in the factory on Saturday, November 24th, at 12 o'clock, noon. Tenders will be received for cheese-making until above date.

CHRIS. WRIGHT,
President

Madoc, Nov. 6th, 1906.

Blacksmithing.

J. R. Brown wishes to advise his many patrons that he is back from his trip to the North West, and will be pleased to supply all requirements in his line, at right prices. A call solicited.

J. R. BROWN,
Madoc, Nov. 6th, 1906. 45-2

Farm For Sale.

Lot 18, con. 8 Madoc township, 185 acres—under cultivation 130 acres, good sugar-bush, abundance of wood, remainder pasture, good dairy, farm watered by two never-failing springs very close to school, churches, cheese-factory, blacksmith shop, post-office and railroad station. Good brick house, drive-house, two barns, orchards and small fruit.

For particulars apply to

WILLIE J. IRWIN,
45 Rimington, Ont.

Voters' List Court.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held, pursuant to "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act," by his Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Hastings at the Township Hall, Eldorado, on Tuesday, November 27th, 1906, at the hour of 9 o'clock a.m. in the forenoon, to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the municipality of Madoc township for 1906.

All persons having business at the Court are required to attend at the said time and place.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1906

W. T. ALLEN,
Clerk of said municipality

Desirable Farm For Sale.

Being part of lots 20 and 21, con. 1, township of Hillier, containing over 150 acres choice land, about 3 miles from Wellington on beautiful gravel road. Fine buildings, beautifully situated on lake shore. House large and comfortable, kitchen, pantry, dining-room, sitting-room, parlor, six bed-rooms, bath-room, wood-house, good cellar, with furnace, hot water in kitchen, large cistern. Barn 30x110 ft. with 25 ft. posts, shed 24x100, shed 23x70 ft. with plenty of stabling, large drive-house, tenant-house, hen-house, pig-pen and good implement house. 3 acre orchard, watered by never-failing creek, 8 wells and lake front, well fenced with cedar, 15 acres good timber, church, school, post-office, blacksmith shop and cheese factory convenient. Rare chance for raising produce for canning factory, being close to three large factories, which insures the highest prices for everything. Come and see this farm before snow comes.

The owner is reluctant to part with it, but on account of ill-health it must be sold. Price $7250.00. Possession 1st March, 1907. Fall plowing. Address

T. N. WAY,
Rosehall, P.O.
Nov. 5th, 1906. 45-4t.

Ontario Liquor License Act.

LICENSE DISTRICT OF NORTH HASTINGS

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Curry has made application for permission to transfer his Hotel License to W. J. Atkins, of Madoc, and that said application will be considered at the meeting of the Board of License Commissioners to be held at Madoc on the 22nd day of November, 1906, at the hour of 5 o'clock p.m. All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

Dated this 6th day of Nov., 1906.

W. J. ALLEN,
Inspector.

Found.

Between Madoc and Moira Lake, a Buffalo Robe. Owner can have same by calling at REVIEW office, and paying expenses.

Nothing Like Leather When it is Well Put Together.

So for first-class homemade Boots and Shoes, and repairing out of the best first-class French stock, from 5 per cent. to 10 per cent. lower than elsewhere.

Also a lot of first-class Celery for sale at the garden.

44-3 WM. MOORE,
on the corner opposite C. G. Wilson's.

Notice.

Notwithstanding the recent death of Mr. McKelvie, my late partner, I will continue the business of manufacturing monuments and tombstones at the old stand in Tweed, and still solicit the patronage of the public. All work fully guaranteed.

GEO. McCALLUM.

Tweed, April 17th, 1906.

Farm for Sale or to Rent.

200 acres two miles east of Frankford, lot 13, in the 5th concession of Sidney. In a good state of cultivation, well watered, good buildings, and fences, close to school house and nicely situated. Two good orchards and lots of wood and timber. Apply to

RICHARD BAMBER,
36 Box 66, Frankford, P.O.

Notice !

In the Matter of the Estate of James Miller, Yeoman, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the above estate are to file with or send by mail in registered letter properly verified by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned, the Executors of the said estate at the Law Office of A. A. McDonald, Madoc, on or before the 19th November next. Otherwise the said Executors will proceed to distribute the said estate, taking notice of only such claims as are duly filed as aforesaid, pursuant to the Statutes of Ontario in that behalf.

Dated this 16th October, 1906. 42-4

A. NICHOLSON, } Executors
A. A. McDONALD, }

Tudhope Sleighs

Talk over the "new sleigh" with us.

Whether you want a 2 or 3 seated Bob—a Speeder—a Fancy Sleigh—or an all-round servicable one—Tudhopes make them all—and we sell them.

Just tell us which style is needed. We will show it to you and give you some mighty convincing reasons why you ought to buy a

TUDHOPE SLEIGH

T. L. NICKLE, Madoc

Napoleon Tobacco 70c, a pound at Hudgins'.

STEVENS

'NOUGH SAID

FOR SALE BY

M. W. CONNOR & SON

HARDWARE MERCHANTS - - - - MADOC

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Get the Best For Your Money!

You can buy a cheap Suit and be badly dressed for six months, or you can buy a good Suit and be well dressed for a year.

Which do you Think is Wiser? A

20th Century Brand Suit or Overcoat

Will, we guarantee, give you entire satisfaction, and that's what you want for your money. Better see them before you buy.

A. WILLIAMSON,

BIG FOUR. RELIABLE CLOTHIER, MADOC.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

SOLE AGENTS IN THIS DISTRICT FOR

Massey Harris Farm Implements,
Superior Disc Drills and Harrows,
Goodison Thresher Company,
DeLaval Cream Separators,
Massey Harris Cream Separators,
Ontario Wind Engine and Pump Co.
Mount Forest Carriages

A full stock of plow repairs always on hand. Call in whether you want to buy or not.

Everybody welcome.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

...MILNE'S...

GREAT OVERCOAT SALE

Buying at Retail at Less than Manufacturer's Prices.

One of the largest makers of Ready-mades gave up business this year. We secured some of the plums.

Overcoats, Regular Price $10, Sale Price $6.50.

24 Suits, Regular $8.00, for 5.00.

ALEX. MILNE

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

White's

The largest

Steel and Iron Ploughs.

Plough Points for Different Make of Ploughs.

Coolers of all sizes.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Will be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE.

Twenty Minutes Time Enough?

Worst Headache From Any New Reduction Method.

and pains yield instantly to a Method—Dr. Shoop's Twenty Cure. The cause for these — a rushing of blood to the which distends the veins to point. Swollen and enlarged, illaries exert an irritating of nerve branches and pain, and finally that ache. This new disperses the blood, overflow, and di- per channels, it centers from all irritation—the aches disap- their cause moved. You sand reme- drug and stu- inus submission which brings permanent cure because it reduces must embody the Medicine has thus a way—simple and sure, yet the only way to thoroughly overcome these attacks of Headache and Neuralgia. The effect of Dr. Shoop's Twenty Minute Headache Cure is prompt—perfectly suited to all forms of Headache and absolutely positive in every temperament. For sale and recommended by

"ALL DRUGGISTS"

Day for Headaches

HOME NEWS GOSSIP AT HOME CHAT

MADOC, NOVEMBER 8, 1906.

—Mrs. F. Vandervoort is visiting friends in Port Hope this week.

ꝛ. Try G. A. Rollins for Stove Pipes and Elbows.

—Mrs. Roberts, of this village, spent a few days in Toronto last week.

☞ The best Flour in North Hastings is sold at Hudgins' at the lowest price.

—Mrs. Armour Reid, of West Huntingdon, spent a few days in town with relatives this week.

☞ Pure Pennoline Coal Oil for sale by G. A. Ferguson.

—Miss Mabel Reid, of T. L. Nickle's ware-rooms, spent Sunday at her home in Queensboro.

ꝛ. If you would look to your own interest you will buy your Groceries, Flour and Feed from W. W. Hudgins.

—Mr. Charles Wellington returned home on Saturday last, after spending the summer in the North-West.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for American Coal Oil.

—Miss Mary Kirk, who has been attending College in Belleville, returned to her home here last week.

☞ Hudgins defies competition in Sugar. Give him a call when you are ready to buy.

—Miss Edith Heyworth, of Toronto, was in town on Saturday and Sunday attending the funeral of her brother.

☞ More Sugar for one dollar at Hudgins' than any other place in Madoc.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, the dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with a human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips mean feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free, trial box, at our store, and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25 cents at all dealers.

—Mr. Jerry West, of Madoc township, who has been ill for the past couple of weeks, is able to be out again.

ꝛ. TELEGRAPHY.—Any one desiring to learn telegraphy can arrange to do so by applying to the undersigned. Class will open on or about November 15th.
41-tf R R. CASEMENT.

—Mr. Joe Anson, miner, who has been in Cobalt during the past summer, returned to Madoc for a short visit last week. He had good success in the silver country, and will come out a few thousand to the good.

☞ Three houses and lots for sale, in village of Madoc, at bargain prices. Call and get terms.

Also two farms for sale in Madoc township. Terms to suit purchaser.
T. L. NICKLE.

—Mr. Hugh Ross has returned home after a two months' visit in Winnipeg.

ꝛ. Go to G. A. Ferguson for Pennoline Coal Oil.

—Mr. Fred Ashley, of Belleville, spent Sunday in town with his parents.

—A bowling alley is the latest addition to the indoor amusements of Madoc.

ꝛ. Six pounds finest Rice for 25c. at Hudgins'.

—Mrs. Wm. Mullett, of Belleville, was renewing old acquaintances in town this week.

—Miss Ray, of Glanmire, was a guest at Mr. Fraser's, Madoc township, on Sunday last.

—Miss W. Broadworth, of this village, is spending a few days with friends in Millbridge.

ꝛ. Hudgins does the largest Grocery and Flour business in North Hastings and is in a position to sell you cheaper than any other man doing business. Round the corner opposite the Post office.

—Misses Florence Wilson and Lyla Hailstone have been visiting friends in Picton and Wellington for the past week.

—Mr. John R. Brown returned to Madoc on Monday, after a two months' trip to the West. His card to his old patrons appears in another column.

—Subscribers will please look at their address label, and if behind in their subscription they will do us a favor by remitting the amount to the REVIEW office at once.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. It's made for Piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large Nickel Capped glass jars, 50 cents. Sold and recommend by all dealers.

—Mrs. J. Francis left last week to visit her son and daughter, Mr. Harry and Miss Aurelia, at Langton, North Dakota. She will remain in that country for the winter at least, but we hope Madoc will not lose her altogether.

Preventics, as the name implies, prevent all Colds and Grippe when "taken at the sneeze stage." Preventics are toothsome candy tablets. Preventic dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventics are thoroughly safe for children, and as effectual for adults. Sold and recommend in 5 cents and 25 cents boxes by all dealers.

—The burning out of a fuse at the Dynamo in the Electric Light plant, on Monday evening, left the town in darkness for about 15 minutes. Those of our citizens who had occasion to be on the streets at the time were able to estimate the value of our splendid Municipal lighting system.

The new Pure Food and Drug Law will mark it on the label of every Cough Cure containing Opium, Chloroform, or any other stupifying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get safe and reliable Cough Cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. All dealers cheerfully recommend and sell it.

ꝛ. Remember Hudgins is doing business around the corner opposite the Post office, and the cheapest place in North Hastings to buy your groceries.

A Neat Store.

Mr. George Wright's new grocery store was opened to the public last week, in the Wright Block. It is one of the neatest little stores in this county,—everything being spick and span and up-to-date, Mr. Wright intimated to our reporter that he purposed catering to the best trade, and will introduce all the latest and newest novelties in the grocery business. His old customers are dropping in to see him and wishing him success in his new premises.

November Weather.

Rev. Irl R. Hicks, the St. Louis weather prophet, predicts for November a spell of bad weather during the opening days; a good deal of rain and sleet during the middle portion of the month, varied by a cold wave about the 12th. One of the most stormy periods of the month is predicted for about the 16th, and vessel men on the lakes are warned to keep a good watch on the weather indications. All in all, the weather for November is to be in great variety, and the learned professor's advice is to be prepared for every emergency.

Sad Deaths.

Two cases of sudden death, under sad circumstances, have to be recorded. A couple of weeks ago Mrs. J. S. Empey, a well-known and highly respected resident of the township, was stricken down while visiting at a neighbors, by the bursting of a blood vessel in her leg. Despite the best care and attention she gradually sank until death relieved her sufferings on Saturday last. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. Robert Gay, of the Anglican Mission of Bannockburn, at the Union Church, Eldorado, on Monday, and was largely attended. Mrs. Empey was 57 years of age.

Mr. William B. Heyworth, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Heyworth, died at Hamilton on Thursday last, the result of an accident by falling in an excavation left by some contractors in an unprotected condition. An inquest was held and it is probable the parties guilty of carelessness will be prosecuted. Mr. Heyworth struck his head against an iron pipe at the bottom, and lingered for some days in the hospital. The body was brought to Madoc on Saturday, and interred in Madoc cemetery, the service being conducted by Rev. C. J. Young. He was 34 years of age.

Madoc Bible Society.

The annual meeting of the Madoc Branch Bible Society will be held in the Methodist church on Tuesday, November 13th, at 7.30 p.m. The Rev. W. H. Cline, of Toronto, will address the meeting. The public invited.

Hotel Changes Hands.

"Moon's Hotel," in this village, has changed hands, and Mr. W. J. Atkins is the new proprietor, Mr. Curry returning to his farm near Frankford. The change goes into effect as soon as the license transfer can be made, the adyt. appearing in this issue.

Big Threshing.

The following letter speaks for itself:—

MADOC, Oct. 25, 1906.

DEAR SIR,—Having noticed in the last REVIEW the brag about threshing one thousand bushels in eight hours; it can, however, be beaten. Will Ash & Co. threshed thirteen hundred and five (1305) bushels in nine hours at Lakeview farm, owned by Mr. Hy Blakely, Sr. Hoping to see this in the REVIEW.

Yours truly,
HARRY WHYTOCK.

Football.

The old-time rivals, High School and Model School, met in a sudden-death football game on Monday evening, the latter winning by a score of 2-0.

The work of Glover, McCutchin and Pine for the winners, was the feature of the game.

The line up:—

High School,—Goal, H. Connor; Backs, G. Tufts, G. Eckert, P. Garbutt, R. White, W. Diamond. Forwards, W. Wellington, C. Kirkgard, Roy Dale and F. Miller.

Model School,—Goal, H. Barnum; Backs, Glover, Burrows, McKenzie, Moore, McMullen. Forwards, Pine, McCutchin, Hawley and Russell Lewis.

Village Council

The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council was held on Monday evening. Present, the Reeve and Councillors Hill and Tucker. Minutes read and approved.

A number of communications were read and disposed of, also the following accounts:—

Village Accounts,—	
Elec. Lights for streets, 1 yr.	$500 00
Voters' List Court	15 70
N. Asselstine, work	50
H. Smith, work	1 50
H. Edwards "	14 75
J. Hawley "	12 60
H. Poole "	26 75
J. L. Plane, posts	2 50
Electric Light,—	
Goldie & McCulloch	2 25
Coal	169 41
H. Poole, cartage	13 00
Caverly, freight	71
W. Tennyson, wood	10 00
Express	1 35
A. McKenzie, poles	32 00

On motion of Coun. Tucker, seconded by Coun. Hill, the above accounts were ordered to be paid.

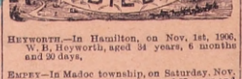
A deputation composed of Revs. C. J. Young and E. W. Mackay, Mr. F. Cottle and Mr. F. E. Seymour, representing the Madoc Public Library, interviewed the Council asking for a grant to assist the Library Board in maintaining this worthy institution in our village. It was pointed out that the receipts from membership fees were not sufficient to keep the supply of books up to the demand without extra assistance. The membership fee was kept low to enable all our villagers to take advantage of the thousands of volumes on the shelves of the library, and it was imperative that new books be constantly added. It seemed only reasonable, therefore, that the Council should assist in maintaining the Public Library as a credit to the village. The speakers on behalf of the Board were Revs. Messrs. Young and Mackay.

The Reeve thought, perhaps, it would be better to defer the matter until the full Council were present—two members being absent at this meeting.

Coun. Hill said he would favor a grant, if the finances of the village would warrant it. Owing, however, to the absence of Coun. Thompson, Chairman of the Finance Committee, he would move that the matter be left over until the next meeting. This was seconded by Coun. Tucker and carried.

Coun. Hill gave notice that he would introduce at next meeting a by-law to license bowling alleys and other such games in this village.

Council adjourned until first Monday in December.



HEYWORTH.—In Hamilton, on Nov. 1st, 1906, W. B. Heyworth, aged 34 years, 6 months and 30 days.

EMPEY.—In Madoc township, on Saturday, Nov. 3rd, 1906, Margaret Empey, aged 57 years and 3 months

SALE REGISTER.

There will be offered for sale by public auction on west half lot 24, 6th concession of Madoc township, on Tuesday, November 20th, the farm stock, implements, etc., the property of Joseph Best. Sale at 1 o'clock sharp. Nine months' credit. Jacob Huff, auctioneer.

On Wednesday, December 5th.—Farm stock, implements, etc., belonging to Mrs. Mark Sandford, lot 25 in the 5th concession of Madoc. Sale at 1 o'clock sharp. Nine months' credit. Jacob Huff, auctioneer.

[NOTE.—Sale bill printed at REVIEW office, Madoc, will receive a notice similar to above, free of charge.]

☞ Napoleon Tobacco 70c. a pound at Hudgins'.

Help! Help! I'm Falling

Thus cried the hair. And a kind neighbor came to the rescue with a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. The hair was saved! This was because Ayer's Hair Vigor is a regular hair medicine. Falling hair is caused by a germ, and this medicine completely destroys these germs. Then the healthy scalp gives rich, healthy hair.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

☞ Six bars Sunlight Soap for 25c. at Hudgins'.

TAKE YOUR OWN PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAKE YOUR OWN PICTURES.

It is easy to do this if you have a Kodak or a Brownie Camera.

We have them from $1.00 to $35.00.

The whole process is simple, interesting and profitable.

Come in and let us explain it to you. We will be pleased and you will be benefited.

The Corner Drug Store
W. P. J. Alexander.

BOOK BARGAINS

Have just received a large stock of Paper-bound Books, regular prices 15c. to 25c. clearing them out at **10c. each.**
Come early and get first choice.

Condition Powders for Horses.—You can depend on any that we make up. We have all the popular recipes and our prices are better than elsewhere. Bring your recipes and get our prices first.

HARRY H. JONES, PHM B.

A Reliable Watch...

is what You Want when You are Buying One

EYES TESTED FREE

We are prepared for the fall and Christmas trade with an unusually fine stock of Watches, Ladies' Gents' and Boys'.

We have a watch at $1.50 which makes a fine boy's watch, stem set and wind, but can give you something better at a moderate price.

Our line of ladies' watches can't be beat, a large variety to choose from and prices are right. As a special we offer a solid gold case with a Waltham or Elgin movement at $20.

Don't fail to see our stock. We can save you money.

Geo. F. Maybee, Jeweler and Optician *Madoc*

McGregor's Bargains for This Week in Bed Room Sets

Shaded pink and white, highly graded English Iron Stone China, 10 piece bedroom set. Regular $6.75, to clear this week, special $5.50.

Blue and white, highly gilded fancy flaring bowl, 10 piece set. Regular $5.00, this week sale $4.25 per set.

4 only 10 piece sets in colors green and white, blue and white, highly gilded fancy flaring bowl. Regular $4.50, this week special $3.95 to clear out.

DINNER SETS

100 piece Limoges design dinner set consists of 4 doz. plates, 3 platters, 13 piece berry set, etc. Regular price $17.00, this week to clear to make room $15.00.

97 piece Royal English Iron Stone China, blue and white, highly gilded. Regular $12.50, this week special $11.25.

1 only Elbogan Austrian dinner set, pink daisy, fine quality of china. Regular $18.00; to make room $14.50.

These goods must go this week. We want the room and we want you to help us to make it. Prices should not be the sticker as we are cutting the price in two.

Strictly Cash.

ALEX. McGREGOR.

THE CRIMINAL'S CONFESSION

OR, SYBIL BERNER'S VINDICATION

CHAPTER XXXIX.—(Continued).

"It is Satan!" she gasped. "It is Captain 'Inconnu!'"

And Miss Tabby, moved by compassion, went up to him and whispered:

"Listen, now. You said there was only one person in the world as you wanted to see, and that it was impossible to see her. But here she is. Do you understand me? Here she is."

"Who? Who?" panted the dying man, listening to Miss Tabby, but still staring at Sybil in the same dazed manner.

"Sybil Berners! Sybil Berners is here!"

"Is—that—her?"

"Yes, yes; don't you see it is?"

"I thought—I thought—it was her phantom!" he gasped.

Sybil gravely approached the bed, and put her hand on the cold hand of the corpse-like man, and gently inquired:

"Mr. Blondelle, or Captain 'Inconnu,' did you want to see me?"

The expiring flame of life flashed up once more—flashed up brilliantly. His whole face brightened and beamed.

"It is you! Oh, thank heaven! Yes, I did want to see you. But—— It is growing very dark. Where have you gone?" he inquired, blindly feeling about.

"I am beside you. Here, take my hand, that you may feel that I am here," said Sybil, compassionately.

"Yes. Thanks. Lady, I did try very hard to save you from the consequences of my crime."

"Wretched man!" exclaimed Sybil, impulsively snatching away her hand in abhorrence. "You murdered that unhappy woman, of whose death I was falsely accused."

"No, lady; no! Give me your hand again. Mine is not stained with her blood. Thank you," he said, as Sybil laid her hand in his.

"A wild, bad man I was and am, but no murderer; and yet it is no less true that it was through my fault that the poor woman was done to death, and you driven to insanity. That was the reason why I tried to save you by every other means but the only sure one—confession. But now, when a confession will redeem your life without ruining mine—mine—which is over—I have made it, under oath, signed it, and placed it in the hands of your solicitor, Lawyer Closeby."

He ceased to speak, and he breathed very hard.

She continued to hold his hand, which grew colder and colder in her clasp.

"Lie down," she whispered, gently. "You are too weak to sit up. Lie down."

"No, not yet," he panted hard. "Tell me; do you forgive me?"

"As I hope to be forgiven, I forgive you with all my heart and soul; and I pray to the Lord to pardon you, for the Saviour's sake," said Sybil, earnestly.

"Amen and amen!" faintly aspirated the expiring man, and his frozen hand slipped from Sybil's clasp, and he fell back upon his pillow—dead.

Sybil's sudden cry brought the three old women to the bedside.

"It is all over, my dear child. The poor man has gone to his account. Come away," said the experienced dame, when she had looked at the corpse.

"I am very glad as you happened to come in time, and as you was good to him and forgave him, whether he deserved it or not," wept the tender-hearted Miss Tabby.

"Every one who is penitent enough to ask for forgiveness deserves to have it, Miss Tabby," said Sybil, solemnly.

"But, oh! the signs and omens as ushered in this awful event!" whispered Miss Libby.

"Hush! Hush!" said the dame. "No more vain talk. We are in the presence of death. Mr. Lyon, my dear sir, take your wife and daughter into the parlor. It is not damp or close. It was aired yesterday. The whole house has been opened and aired faithfully, once a month, ever since you have been away. And Joe went and made a fire in the parlor about a quarter of an hour ago. Take them in there, Mr. Lyon, and leave me and my daughters to do our last duties to this dead man," she added, turning to Mr. Berners.

He followed her advice, and took his wife and daughter from the room of death.

As they entered the old familiar parlor, now well aired and warmed and lighted, Joe, who was still busy improving the fire, and Mopsy, who was dusting the furniture, came forward in a hurry to greet their beloved mistress. They loudly welcomed her, wept over her, blessed her, kissed her hands, and would not let her go until the door opened, and Dr. Hart and Lawyer Closeby entered the room.

"Go, now," said Sybil gently to her faithful servants. "Mopsy, see to having my bedroom got ready; and, Joe, carry up plenty of wood."

And of course she gave them these directions for the sake of giving them something to do for herself, which she knew would please them.

Delighted to obey their beloved mistress, they left the room.

Dr. Hart and Lawyer Closeby came up to Sybil.

"Let us welcome you home, Mrs. Berners! And you, sir! Words would fail to express our happiness in seeing you. You arrived in an auspicious hour, too. If you had not come I should have despatched a special messenger to Europe after you by the next steamer," said Lawyer Closeby, grasping a hand each of Sybil and Lyon.

"Welcome, my child! Welcome, Sybil! Welcome home! I thank heaven that I have lived to see this day. Well may I exclaim with one of old, 'Now, Lord, let thy servant depart in peace, for I have seen the desire of my eyes!'" fervently exclaimed old Dr. Hart, as he clasped and shook Sybil's hands, while the tears of joy filled his eyes.

But Sybil threw her arms around his neck and kissed him, for she could not speak.

Then he shook hands with Mr. Berners, and warmly welcomed him home.

When the congratulations were all over, and the friends were seated around the fire, Mr. Closeby drew a parchment packet from his pocket, and said:

"I told you, sir, and madam, that you ing for you. I hold the cause of my words in my hand."

"The confession of Horace Blondelle?" said Mr. Berners, while Sybil listened, eagerly.

"Yes; the confession of Horace Blondelle, alias Captain Inconnu, alias Satan. This confession must first be read to you, then sent to the Governor of Virginia, and finally published to the whole world; for it fully vindicates your honor, Mrs. Berners."

"At last! thank Heaven!" exclaimed Sybil, while her husband took one of her hands and pressed it, and her daughter took the other one and kissed it.

"The writing down of this confession from the lips of the dying man occupied an hour and a quarter; the reading of it will take perhaps fifteen minutes. Can you hear it now, or are you too much fatigued with your journey, and would you prefer to put off the reading until to-morrow morning?" inquired the lawyer, looking from Sybil to Lyon.

"Put off the reading of that document until to-morrow? By no means! Read it at once, if you please," replied Mr. Berners, with a glance at his wife, which she at once understood and acted upon by hastening to say:

"Oh, yes! yes! read it at once! I could not sleep now without first hearing it."

"Very well, then," said the lawyer, as he unfolded the paper and prepared to peruse it.

The confession of Horace Blondelle need not be given in full here. A synopsis of it will serve our purpose.

As the son of a wicked old nobleman and a worthless young ballet dancer, he had been brought up in the very worst school of morality.

His mother closed her career in a hospital. His father died at an advanced age, leaving him a large legacy.

His beauty, his wit and his money enabled him to insinuate himself into the rather lax society of fashionable watering places and other public resorts.

He had married three times. First he married a certain Lady Riordon, the wealthy widow of an Irish knight, and the mother of Raphael, who became his stepson. He soon squandered this lady's fortune, and broke her heart.

After her death he joined himself to a band of smugglers trading between the French and English coasts, and consorted with them until he had made money for a fashionable campaign among the watering places. He went to Scarborough, where he met and married the fair young Scotch widow, Rosa Douglass.

He lived with her until he had spent all her money, and swindled her infant out of his inheritance, and then he had robbed her of her jewels and deserted her.

About the same time a smuggling craft, unsuspected as such by the authorities, had entered the port of Norfolk, sailing under the British flag.

Mr. Horace Blondelle, going to take passage in her, recognized the captain and the crew as his own old confederates.

As he was quite ready for new adventures, he joined them then and there. The ship sailed the next day. And the next week it was wrecked on the coast of Virginia.

The lives of the captain and crew, and also the money and jewels, the silks and spirits they had on board, were all saved. They reached the land in safety.

There a new scheme was formed in the busy brain of Mr. Blondelle. Accident had revealed to him the fact that the little Gentiliska, the orphan daughter of a dead comrade, was the heiress of a great Virginia manor, long unclaimed. He made up his mind to go and look up the estate, marry the heiress and claim her rights.

Without revealing his whole plan to his companions, he persuaded them to accompany him to the neighborhood.

There is a freemasonry among thieves that enables them to recognize each other even at a first meeting.

Blondelle and his band no sooner reached the neighborhood of the Black Mountain than they strengthened their force by the addition of all the local outlaws who were at large.

They made their headquarters at first at the old deserted "Haunted Chapel." They penetrated into the vault beneath it, and there discovered the clew to the labyrinth of caverns under the mountain that henceforth became their stronghold.

Thence they sallied out at night upon their predatory errands.

On the night of the mask ball, two members of the band determined to attend it in disguise, for the double purpose of espionage and robbery. Mr. Blondelle had learned to his chagrin that his deserted wife was in the neighborhood, at Black Hall, where her presence, of course, would defeat his plan of marrying the little Dubarry heiress.

He arrived as an ordinary traveller at the Blackville Inn, where he assumed the ghastly and fantastic character of "Death," and went to the ball.

His companion, known in the band as "Belial," took the character of Satan, and met him there.

With great dexterity, they had lightened several ladies and gentlemen of valuable jewels before supper was announced. And then they went and concealed themselves in the heavy folds of the bed-curtains in Mrs. Blondelle's room, intending to rob the house that night.

An accident revealed the presence of Belial to Mrs. Blondelle, who, on catching sight of him, screamed loudly for help. The robber was at her throat in an instant; in another instant his dagger was buried in her bosom; and then, as Sybil's steps were heard hurrying to the help of her guest, he jumped out of the low window, followed instantly by Blondelle. They clapped the shutter to, and fled.

Subsequently, when Mr. Blondelle discovered that the beautiful Sybil Berners was accused of the murder, he sought to save her in every manner but the only sure one—confession. He could not confess, for two reasons. He was bound by the mutual compact of the band, never to betray a comrade; and also he was resolved now that he was free, to marry the Dubarry heiress and claim the manor, which he could never do if once he were known as an outlaw.

The death of Belial and the disbanding of the robbers released him from his compact; but still self-preservation kept him silent until the hour of his death, when he made this confession as an act of tardy justice to Sybil Berners. His violent death had been the direct result of his lawless life. A brutal ex-confederate in crime had long successfully blackmailed him, and at length waylaid, robbed and murdered him. The criminal subsequently fled the neighborhood, but no doubt somewhere, sooner or later, met his deserts.

The confession was ended. At the same time Miss Tabby knocked at the door and announced supper.

And after this refreshment the friends separated, and retired to rest.

There is but little more to tell.

The next day news of the tragedy was taken to the Dubarry Springs.

Raphael Riordon and his stepmother, Mrs. Blondelle, came over to view the corpse and see to its removal.

Gentiliska, now a very handsome matron, gazed at the dead body with a strangely mingled expression of pity, dislike, sorrow and relief. She had not been happy with the outlaw, whom, in her ignorance and friendliness, she had been induced to marry; and she was not now unhappy in his death.

Raphael, now a grave and handsome man, met Mrs. Berners with a sad composure. He worshipped her as constantly and as purely as ever. He had known no second faith.

Mr. Blondelle was buried at Dubarry.

His confession was duly laid before the Governor of Virginia, who, in granting Sybil a pardon for the crime she had never committed, also wrote her a vindicatory letter, in which he expressed his respect for her many virtues, and his sorrow that the blundering of the law should have caused her so much of suffering.

The criminal's confession and the Governor's letter were both published through the length and breadth of the land. And Sybil Berners became as much loved and lionized as ever she had been hated and persecuted.

In the spring other exiles returned to the neighborhood; Captain Pendleton and his wife, once Miss Minnie Sheridan; and Mr. Sheridan, with his wife, once Miss Beatrix Pendleton.

Both these couples had long been married, and had been blessed with large families of sons and daughters.

The widow Blondelle sold out her interest in the Dubarry White Sulphur Springs, and with her stepson, Raphael Riordon, returned to England. Under another name, those springs are now among the most popular in America.

Mr. and Mrs. Berners have but one child—Gem! But she is the darling of their hearts and eyes; and she is betrothed to Cromartie Douglass, whom they love as a son.

The end.

A KIND MAN.

A gentleman was disturbed in his rest in the middle of the night by someone knocking on the street door. "Who's there?" he asked.

"A friend," was the answer.

"What do you want?"

"I want to stay here all night."

"All right, stay there, by all means," was the benevolent reply.

EH?

He: "Millionaires are very common nowadays."

She: "Some of them always were."

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion.*

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

About the Farm

GETTING PROFITS FROM HENS.

No one need fear the "fancy" being over done. The "short-term," fancier and the demand for good birds by those starting in the business will keep up an active call for high class stock for many years to come. The small percent of really high class exhibition birds from the averaging mating will also help to keep the market alive. From five to ten percent of the best matings produce top birds.

Fifty per cent. of any variety or breed should be sold for table use or kept for market eggs. Line breeding, a closer following of pedigrees and severe selection will improve these averages in any breeder's yards. The fancy presents as much of an opening to-day as the breeding of any class of pure-bred stock.

Poultry raising can be entered cheaply and for the man of real ability as a student of breeding, the returns will come sooner than in any other field. Hard work with the hands and good head work, will put the breeder to the fore early.

There are many men who are putting the best they have into the business of poultry breeding; and they are making names for honesty and success. Stand up for the fancy and the business in general. There is room at the top, and applied manhood can get there. The fancy is a recognized calling and many glory in it.

Some hens are not worth their keep. Others produce enough to cover the cost of their handling. The hens that pay are those that more than meet the expense of money and time necessary to make them worth while. The last is the one we will desire, and the one we can have if willing to pay the cost.

What is necessary to own birds that pay? It takes more than money to do this. You can buy birds that pay, but it is another thing to have them pay you after you own them. Not only must you have the right kind of hen, but you must use time and thought in caring for them to make her of the "paying kind."

The paying hen is usually hatched from a paying strain. The paying hen that comes out of a flock of good-for-nothing birds is seldom met and it not worth hunting for. It takes time, it takes money and it takes born hen sense to produce a flock of paying hens. It takes a very little neglect to send this flock back to the class of non-paying birds.

Paying birds are a delight to the eye. You show them to your friends,, and linger in your description of what they are and what they have done for you. You gladly take care of them; you are willing to properly mate and feed them, and you look for fresh blood to improve them.

Paying birds never make up a large part of your flock when you sell the cream of the choice chicks every year. Money-making flocks are made up of the best you raise always letting the second quality go to market.

Paying birds live in houses free from vermin and supplied with pure air and water. They get food that is needed to bring the profit to the proper point. Cheap food, because it is cheap, never helped to produce the paying hen and kept her running to the nest.

Hens that pay splendid profits are what the world is asking for, is looking for and is demanding. Are you going to be among the breeders who will fill the orders for this kind of birds?

SHEEP BREEDING.

The sheep-breeding business, to me appears to be divided into three sections, each one somewhat similar in aim, and yet differing considerably in the carrying out of the work, as it must be, to secure the harmonious whole, writes Mr. John Campbell. First, we have the flocks where the aim is wholly, the production of the butcher's lambs, and the fleece to help pay the keeping expenses. Next we have the flocks of higher merit, which may be named the sub-standard ones. They furnish the rams, to the producers of market lambs. In the third division, we find the high standard, registered purebred flocks. Perhaps it may be well for us to first consider the important place the last class occupies, as it is the fountain from which all, or nearly all, improvement springs. Without the stud flocks being of the best, we cannot have the grades between them and the butcher's block, of the superior and desirable quality.

Breeders are born, not made. Here is where skill, capital, and labor must combine to reach the highest aim. And all three must be combined in the one individual, in order to obtain the outstanding success. To establish and maintain a ram-breeding flock of a high order, which will yield profit to the owner, and transmit merit and worth to the flocks in which sires from it are used, requires keen judgment, constant study, untiring industry, and the ready available capital to secure such sires and dams, as will be required.

The first and foremost thought must be, where can the sire we need be seen? and when found, the money to buy him must be more lightly valued, than our need. We have seen men of means invest freely in establishing pure-breed flocks, and right well pleased we all should be, as they are good customers, and in some ways are most helpful to the industry. Yet for all that, it is the one whose bread and butter largely depends, on his successful efforts that attains to distinction as a breeder. And it is he also, who keeps on improving his flock, year by year, not so much by purchase, as by skillful mating and careful feeding. His surplus stock is eagerly sought by those who have come to realize the safety and certainty, in using such in their flocks, being assured that good results can scarcely fail.

The building up of a high standard, pure-bred flock is a fascinating business, but losses and crosses abound there as well as in other farm operations. Because of the latter and the greater disappointments, pluck, fortitude and perseverance are occasionally in demand, as well as skill and sufficient capital. We therefore need not fear the disastrous increase of such flocks, for if anywhere the old saying of, "there is always room at the top" holds true, it is in this division of sheep husbandry.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

It may take you six weeks to heal up a sore on the breast of a horse. Two minutes spent in bathing might have kept that sore off. Water is cheaper than drugs.

Fattening animals should never be allowed to become hungry; nor, on the other hand, should they be fed too heavily. Too heavy feeding clogs the appetite and too long periods between feeds makes the animals restless.

The natural horse first ate his fill, then sought his drink, and there is practically no danger in watering a horse right away after he eats. The danger is far greater if he is allowed to go without drink for several hours later when the food has gotten out of the stomach and is passing through the second stomach (duodenum) or farther along the alimentary canal, where the water would in its passage to its proper place of necessity wash the food along.

The Danish Government's experiments continued for five years with 1,150 cows scattered through 110 dairies, failed to show that feeding fat into milk was a commercial possibility, beyond making the cows increase their milk. It might be that this feeding for fat, continued through several generations, possibly would have its beneficial effect, but as the director points out: "Breeding is the only way that an increase of fat in milk can be secured," and some late breeding reports seem to indicate that even then the influence must come from the sire, which means that breeding heifers back to their own sires is about the only plan by which this increase can be maintained and perpetuated.

FARM NOTES.

The American people are now expending $150,000,000 for sugar that ought to be produced in this country from cane and sugar beet.

In order to make twentieth century farming a success we must make a thorough study of the scientific principles which underlie the various phases of agricultural science and then make practical application of them on the farm.

There are many purposes for which we can find use for concrete on the farm, beside making walks from house to barn, or from roadside to house, etc. It is used for cellar and stable and poultry-house floors, for stock water-troughs and tanks, for lasting bridge abutments, and even for fenceposts.

Don't let the carelessness of other persons do damage to your woodlot by fire. It is worth while, in the dangerous season, to see that the borders of the woodlot are clear of inflammable material. Especially clear away the leaves so as to form a miniature fire lane about the forest. Forbid the careless use of matches and the building of campfires. Don't be in too great a hurry to realize on your woodlot investment. Be satisfied with a permanent revenue, which is the interest on your forest capital. You may materially increase this interest by managing the woodlot itself so that the thinning always bears a wise proportion to the yield. Meantime, the steady rise in the value of all forest products will add little by little to the market value of your timber. Years hence, when you need it, the woodlot which has supplied you all along will in all probability bring you far more than at present.

Money talks and some people make every penny count.

Are You a Japan Tea Drinker?

IF SO, ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

"SALADA"

CEYLON GREEN TEA.

IT IS ABSOLUTELY PURE AND FAR MORE DELICIOUS THAN JAPAN.

Lead packets only. 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. At all grocers.

DOLLS FOR MONKEYS.

Every Simian in London Zoo Is Now Provided With One.

That the monkeys in the London zoo recently have been supplied with dolls and apparently are highly delighted with these unaccustomed playthings, are facts with which visitors may already have become acquainted. The spectacle now afforded at the Regent's Park monkey-house of simians gravely mothering doll-babies is, however, a highly novel one, and as there has been a lot of curiosity as to how the thing came to pass and how it is regarded by the powers that be in the zoological gardens, I recently interviewed the secretary of the zoo on both these engrossing points, writes a correspondent.

Oddly enough, it seems that the introduction of London's monkeys to the delights of playing with dolls is entirely due to W. P. Dando, who, it may be explained, is the official photographer to the zoological gardens. Recently Mr. Dando went to the monkey-house to take some photographs of the chimpanzees there, and with him went his little girl, who happened to be carrying a fluffy-haired wax doll.

Mickle, one of the chimpanzees, was so attracted by the doll that the photographer couldn't get him quiet enough to take a picture, and at last, in desperation, he handed the plaything over to the monkey. The result was eminently satisfactory. After playing a few minutes with the toy, Mickie agreed to behave and posed beautifully for the camera, holding the doll in his arms as carefully as if it had been alive.

The next few days all the other apes were jealous of Mickie. Some of them wept and refused to be comforted. Jerry Dunn, the keeper in charge of them, told the inquiring public of the state of affairs. Dolls of all kinds, from half-broken china ones to rag babies began arriving at the zoo. Some were brought by little girls; others came by post addressed to different apes by name. And then there was rejoicing in the monkey-house. Each ape was supplied with a woolly doll or rag baby.

The china offerings were thrown away by the careful Jerry, who feared breakages and perhaps wounding of his pets. The dolls still come every few days. A constant supply is needed, for excepting Mickie, the dwarf chimpanzee and Delia, the red-haired ourang-outang, who are careful, the bigger apes play with their dolls for a little while and then tear them to pieces.

The monkeys are now shut up in glass cages for the winter. If Jerry Dunn and the juvenile visitors to the zoo have their way, the monkeys may have a Christmas tree and on it plenty of nice new dolls.

AS ARGUED.

"Baboo English" is notoriously quaint, and the following quotations from a speech said to have been delivered by a native lawyer in Bengal in an assault case quite maintain the reputation of the mild Hindu for unconscious humor.

"My learned friend with mere ... from a teapot thinks to browb... from my legs. . . . I stand und... shoes of my client, and only seek ... place my bone of contention clearly in your honor's eye. My learned friend vainly runs amuck upon the sheet anchors of my case. . . . My poor client had not such pnysic or mind as to be able to assault the lusty complainant. Yet she has been deprived of some of her valuable leather, the leather of her nose."

Dealing with the evidence of a hostile witness, the learned pleader proceeded to observe:—

"Until the witness explains what has become of my client's nose-leather, ne cannot be believed. He cannot be allowed to raise a castle in the air by beating upon a bush."

Whether the speech containing these gems of elquence prevailed with the judge we are not informed.

A woman seems to be afraid of nearly everything in this world except the man she is married to.

...ir lungs. ...sumptive ...of irrita... ...ent disease ...ary organs. ...ause of un... the country ...een prevent... ...is simple but ...rice, 25 cents, ...h of all.

...ual entered the ...ed lamb-chop.

Henry Rover—In my travels through Palestine, I stood upon one of the sun-kissed hills of Judea and I could see the valley where the dead sea——

Squire Boggs (interrupting)—The dead see—Jee-rusalem—say, Hank, yer lyin'.

A man's de... is seldo... ...ost expensive.

...his own ...row rice at the ... we have borrow ...mony is over.

Does it
Doesn't
shrink

We authorize every dealer in Pen-Angle Underwear to replace, at our cost, any garment faulty in material or making.

Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the
"BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."
Look for agent in your town, or send direct.
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

A SNAP IN A WHEAT FARM
NEAR WINNIPEG.

1,006 acres of clean unbroken prairie, the finest wheat land on earth, on the banks of the Red River, 45 miles from Winnipeg, four miles from two railway stations. $15 an acre takes it, $5,000 cash, balance easy. No better farm, no better investment.

WAUGH & BEATTIE,
12 Merchants Bank Building,
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Cut Glass $5.00 Bowl

ONLY as manufacturers is it possible for us to offer our special eight-inch Cut Glass Bowl at $5.00, packed at our risk and carriage paid to your door.

It is of clearest crystal glass, deeply and brilliantly cut in "hob-nail" star design.

Our illustrated catalogue will tell you of other remarkable price-savings in highest quality cut glass.

We send upon request free of charge our large illustrated catalogue.

Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

WHITE BEAR'S PROGRESS.

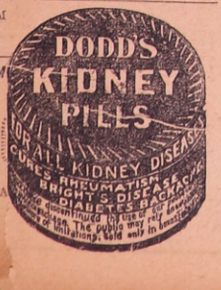
— In its issue of the 15th inst. The Rossland Miner says: "Two cars have been spotted at White Bear Mine, and these will be loaded to-day or to-morrow for shipment to the Granby. The ore is that taken out in the course of development. The work of developing and making available the ore shoots found on the 700, 850 and 1000 foot levels continues. The shoot on the 1000-foot level is the largest yet found.

"Will you grant me one last favor before I go?" asked the rejected suitor. "Yes, George, I will," she said, dropping her eyelashes and getting her lips into shape. "What is the favor I can grant you?" "Only a little song at the piano, please. I am afraid there is a dog outside waiting for me, and I want you to scare him away."

Prevent Disorder.—At the first symptoms of internal disorder, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills should be resorted to immediately. Two or three of these salutary pellets, taken before going to bed, followed by doses of one or two pills for two or three nights in succession, will serve as a preventive of attacks of dyspepsia and all the discomforts which follow in the train of that fell disorder. The means are simple and the way is known.

The grandmother of a well-known dancer, having reached the age of ninety-nine years and eight months, died very weak one morning, sent for her doctor and asked him if he thought she would attain the age of one hundred. "Well, madam," he replied, "you may depend upon my doing my best." "Oh, do," replied the old lady; "I should like to reach par."

The soothsayer is not always soothsayer.



A THERAPEUTIC ADJUNCT

SLEEPERS OPERATED UPON WHILE HYPNOTIZED.

Woman Has Abscess Taken From Her Breast During Hypnotic Sleep.

Remarkable instances of the use of hypnotism in ordinary medical practice by Mr. Douglas Bryan, M.R.C.S., of Leicester, England, are described by him in the "Medical Times and Hospital Gazette."

The success attained leads him to believe that hypnotism and hypnotic suggestion, so little recognized by the greater number of medical men, are a thoroughly legitimate and valuable therapeutic adjunct.

In each case, of course, the patient consented to be hypnotized. One instance was that of an operation performed on a lady, aged thirty, for an abscess of the breast while she was in the hypnotic sleep. On being awakened she asserted she had felt no pain and remembered nothing of the operation. Healing was effected quite normally in about a week.

REMARKABLE CURE.

A case of extreme interest was that of a married woman, aged twenty-four, who proved an excellent subject for hypnotic suggestion, and was brought safely through the ordeal of confinement while in a deep hypnotic sleep. Once, after about a quarter of an hour, the patient roused, but Mr. Bryan again induced sleep easily, and now took the precaution, which he had before neglected, of suggesting at intervals that she should keep asleep and feel no pain.

She so remained for a considerable time, and was not awakened by the medical man until twenty minutes after the child's birth. She roused immediately, said she felt quite comfortable, and remembered nothing subsequent to the induction of sleep except the circumstances that happened during her momentary awakening. Her cataleptic condition was most useful, Mr. Bryan records, and facilitated his duties.

PULSE AT 120.

A man aged forty was brought to him for treatment by hypnotic suggestion for dipsomania. He was just getting over a three days drinking debauch and was in an extremely nervous and trembling condition. His pulse was beating at the rate of 120 per minute. He complained of excessive discomfort about the cardiac region and palpitation.

"I told him he would soon feel better, and succeeded in getting him into a light sleep. I made suggestions regarding the cardiac discomfort, etc., and that the pulse should become slower. He roused of his own accord in about one and a half minutes, waking with a start. I immediately took his pulse again, and found it beating 88 to the minute. All feelings of discomfort had disappeared and did not return, his astonishment at the result being most marked."

"I have good hopes," the writer adds, "of eventually curing him of dipsomania."

Insomnia was another malady which the writer treated in the case of a woman by hypnotic suggestion.

TWO PECULIAR ACCIDENTS.

MINING IN ROSSLAND.

The Rossland Miner says: "Le Roi 2 has just declared an interim dividend of two shillings a share on its issued capital stock, amounting to $60,000. The virgin ground," says The Miner, "owned by the company, and particularly the 'Annie,' is believed to carry at least one of the Le Roi ledges, and is valuable. There is," it adds, "a lot of unexplored ground which is thought to be rich, and when exploited should yield good results." Commenting on the above, a prominent local mining man points out that the Annie Mine and White Bear Mine adjoin, and are surrounded by the California Giant and Novelty on one side, with Le Roi 1 and Black Bear on the other, the latter now being the property of Le Roi. He expresses the opinion that this locality contains rich ore, and will yet produce some startling mining sensations, as the richest ore ever taken out has been from this section.

WHAT LIFE IS COMING TO.

"Darling, can I have a new dress?"

As she spoke, the head of the house, who was playing the part of her lord and master, looked at his wife reproachfully.

"Did you not," he observed severely, "take the fashion pill I left for you this morning?"

"N-no," she faltered, "I forgot it."

"Then take it at once, and be cured of the new dress habit. I'm going down to the club."

It was her turn now.

"To the club," she repeated triumphantly. "And so, dear, you, too, have been remiss. Did not the doctor when he called last week order you to take an anti-club capsule after each meal?"

Her husband avoided her gaze.

"Forgive me, darling, he murmured, as he went obediently to the medicine-chest, and did as she desired.

"By the way," he continued, presently, "is that young man calling upon our daughter Penelope yet?"

"Yes; she expects him to-night."

"Then tell her to take those anti-spooning tablets. And how is the baby?"

"Splendid. Since the doctor gave him the non-destructive drops I have kept him in the drawing-room. The cook was going to leave this morning, and I gave her a big dose of staying solution, and she swears now she'll never leave me."

There was a sudden ring at the door. The maid came up.

"A man to collect this bill, sir."

Husband and wife smiled serenely.

"Here, Jane," she said, "tell him to take one of these pills every hour until the impulse to collect that bill has left him entirely."

A man's dearest friend is seldom the most expensive.

LACK OF ENERGY.

A Common Trouble Among Growing Boys—A New Blood Supply Is Needed—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make New Blood.

There are thousands of young men just approaching manhood who have no energy, who tire out at the least exertion, and who feel by the time they have done their day's work as though the day was a week long. In some of these cases there is a further sign of warning in the pimples and disfiguring eruptions which break out on the face. These are certain signs that the blood is out of order, and unless it is promptly enriched, a complete breakdown, or perhaps consumption may be the result. All these young men should take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make rich, red blood, clear the skin of pimples and eruptions and bring health, strength and energy. Here is a bit of proof. Adolphe Rolland, St. Jerome, Que., is a young man of 19 years, who says: "For more than a year I suffered from general weakness, and I gradually grew so weak that I was forced to abandon my work as a clerk. My appetite failed me, I had occasional violent headaches, and I began to suffer from indigestion. I was falling so rapidly that I began to fear that consumption was fastening itself upon me. Our family doctor treated me, but I did not gain under his care. I was in a very discouraged state when a friend from Montreal came to see me. He strongly advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I did so and inside of three weeks I began to feel better, my appetite began to improve and I seemed to have a feeling of new courage. I continued the pills until I had taken ten boxes and I am now enjoying the best of health I ever had. My cure surprised many of my friends who began to regard me as incurable, and I strongly advise other young men who are weak to follow my example and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial."

There is no mystery about the cures Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make. These pills actually make rich, red blood, which braces and strengthens every organ and every nerve in the body. That is why these pills cure all common ailments like anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, headaches and backaches and the special ailments of women and growing girls. You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine or from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

BROWN GOT HIS RISE.

In a certain large business house the chief is a very busy man indeed, and at the same time a very peppery individual. So large is his concern that it is quite impossible for him to keep in touch with the many details of his business, and one of the departments he leaves to his manager is the payment of his clerks.

But about a month ago one of his young men bearded him in his den and broached the subject of an increase in salary. His wages had stood at $750 a year too long to please him.

"All my clerks are paid what they are worth to me," snapped the old man, "and I look upon your application as a piece of impertinence! What salary are you getting now?"

"Twelve hundred and fifty a year, sir," he said.

"Um!" replied the old man. "Well, that is all I have to say to you. Send in the manager!"

The manager entered shortly afterwards.

"Make Brown's salary $1,000 a year," said the "governor." The manager was about to offer an explanation. "Do as I tell you!" thundered the old man. "I'll teach the young upstart to dictate to me what salary to pay my people!"

BABY'S GOOD DAYS.

One of baby's good days means that your child is thriving and well. Baby's Own Tablets brings all good days into your child's life, for they make little ones well, and keep them well. Mrs. Jos. Ferland, St. Tite des Caps, Que., says:—"Since giving my little one Baby's Own Tablets she has been in splendid health, is growing plumper every day and has beautiful rosy cheeks." These Tablets cure indigestion, colic, constipation, simple fevers, teething troubles, and all the minor ailments of little ones. They do not contain one particle of the poisonous opiates found in all soothing medicines and most liquid preparations. The Tablets can be given with absolute safety to the babe just born, as well as the child of advanced years. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WEEPING WEDDINGS.

A Chinese marriage is all ceremony—no talk, no levity, and much crying. The solemnity of a funeral prevails. After the exchange of presents the bride is dressed with much care in a red gown, brocade or silk. If she can get it, her eyelashes are painted a deep black, and she wears a heavy red veil attached to a scarlet head-dress, from which imitation pearls are pendant over the forehead. A feast is spread upon a table, to which the blushing bride is led by five of her best lady friends. The utmost silence prevails, when finally the mother leads off in a cry, the maids follow, and the bride echoes in the chorus. Then all the bridesmaids leave the table, and the disconsolate mother takes a seat beside the chair of state where the bride sits. The bridegroom now enters, with four of his best men. The men pick up the throne on which the bride sits and, preceded by the bridegroom, form in procession and walk round the room or into an adjoining one, signifying that he is carrying her away to his own home. The guests then throw rice at the couple—a custom we have borrow and the ceremony is over.

TATTOOED LADY THIEF.

Lady Burglars Provide Gay Parce With New Sensation.

Paris has enjoyed a new sensation in the capture of two female burglars who have recently been making good hauls in the wealthy parts of the city. Plain clothes officers told off to watch had their suspicions aroused at the sight of two creatures in long workmen's blouses, with black caps pulled well down to hide the face as much as possible, slinking out of a house. They were carrying odd-looking bundles, and when questioned one threw aside a set of burglar's tools and made a dash for it. After a lively struggle they were secured, and the police were dumfounded to discover they had captured two women. One was a big strapping lass, and her body was tattooed all over with emblems of love, such as hearts pierced with arrows. She was armed with an ugly looking dagger and a revolver loaded with chewed bullets, a favorite device of the expert French criminal, as the bullet causes a nasty, jagged wound. She had buried her teeth in the neck of one of the detectives before she was finally overpowered. These two viragoes found shelter in a discarded travelling van on the outskirts of the fortifications, and on its being ransacked a great deal of stolen property was discovered and about $25 in money. Their object was to obtain money for two male friends undergoing ten years' penal servitude

A FIRE SPREADS in dry grass, so does an inflammation in the throat grow down into the lungs. Deal promptly with a cold as with a fire, and when you begin to cough use Allen's Lung Balsam.

A late judge, whose personal appearance was as unprepossessing as his legal knowledge was profound and his intellect keen, interrupted a female witness. "Humbugged you, my good woman! What do you mean by that?" said he, sternly. "Well, my lord," replied the woman, "I don't know how to explain it exactly, but if a girl called your worship a handsome man she would be humbugging you."

A WONDER WORKER.

Sir Edwin Arnold was once entertaining the Duke of Connaught in Tokio. Just before leaving the nobleman remarked to his host: "You have proved a most untiring host, but there is one thing you have not shown me which this country is noted for, and that is an earthquake."

Sir Edwin smiled grimly, and was about to reply when a violent earthquake shock actually took place, part of the building being damaged. The Duchess of Connaught came running in in a frantic state of alarm, and when the Duke had quieted her fears, he turned to Sir Edwin, and coolly remarked: "Oh, you wonderful magician. I thought I was not asking too much of you!"

Your Doctor

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but—why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up, and then of having his prescription filled, when you can step into any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of SHILOH'S CURE for a quarter.

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of SHILOH will cure you as quickly?

Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years: let SHILOH be your doctor whenever a Cough or Cold appears.

SHILOH will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee.

The next time you have a Cough or Cold cure it with

SHILOH

"I don't think I'll let my daughter marry you, young man." "Why not, sir?" "Well, you have somewhat expensive tastes." "How do you know that?" "Why, you want to marry my daughter."

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Husband—"A new set of china already! Why, how long did the old set last?" Wife—"Two girls and a half."

A LITTLE QUIET is the best of all diet, yet it will not make bone and muscle but "Ferrovira" will. Try it. All drug and general stores. $1 bottles.

THERE ARE SUCH CASES.

Alice: "May, do you ever think about marriage?"

May: "Think is no name for it; I worry."

FREE

Made in Canada and Sold by all Druggists

This coupon is good for one ten cent (10c.) Trial Bottle of the celebrated

Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill

a sure cure for Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all ailments arising therefrom. Mailed free, in a plain package, on receipt of name and address. Fill in your name and post office address on dotted lines and send to

THE WILSON-EYLE CO., Limited,
Niagara Falls, Ont.

A LEADER

This is what COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT is among cough remedies. "It leads, others follow."

A safe and permanent cure for Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Throat and Lung troubles.

This famous remedy has been produced by the highest medical knowledge and is the result of years of careful experimenting.

Your druggist not only keeps it, but recommends it.

Price, 25 cents.

COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT

"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof

Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

Montreal, Que.	Ottawa, Ont	Toronto, Ont.	London, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.	Vancouver, B.C.
321-3 W Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	89 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

INVESTORS

Read This!

More Good News from Rossland

In its issue of the 15th inst. The Rossland Miner says: "Two cars have been spotted at WHITE BEAR MINE, and these will be loaded to-day or to-morrow for shipment to the Granby. The ore is that taken out in the course of development. The work of developing and making available the ore shoots found on the 700, 850 and 1000 foot levels continues. THE SHOOT ON THE 1000 FOOT LEVEL IS THE LARGEST YET FOUND."

WHITE BEAR MINE shares are selling around 9¾ to 10 cents (non-assessable). The last shipment of ore brought $24 a ton for concentrates, while the rest realized $10 net after all expenses. This stock will stand the most careful and rigid investigation and offered at above price is an opportunity for the progressive investor. DONT WAIT. BUY NOW. Secure an interest in this promising enterprise at once. White Bear adjoins the famous Le Roi and is in close proximity to Centre Star, War Eagle and Annie Mines.

COBALT

We buy and sell any of the following: Foster, Silver Queen, Silver Bar, Silver Leaf, Kerr Lake, University, Red Rock, Temiskaming and Hudson Bay, Buffalo, Trethewey.

Also all other Mining and Industrial Stocks. For reliable information or price, buying or selling, communicate with us. Wire orders at our expense.

FOX & ROSS, Stock Brokers, TEL. MAIN 7390-7391, Connecting all Depts.

Established 1887. Members Standard Stock Exchange, Toronto.

PRAISING THE DEAD.

"Why is a great man more appreciated after he is dead?"

"He is not more appreciated," answered Senator Sorghum. "He is more freely complimented because he is less feared by envious rivals."

A Time for Everything.—The time for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is when croupy symptoms appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

"Your mother-in-law accuses you of stealing her trunk. What have you to say?" "Your honor, I simply hid her trunk; I was so afraid she'd leave us." He was given eighteen months'—six for stealing and twelve for lying.

NO SUBSTITUTE for "The D & L Menthol Plaster, although some unscrupulous dealers may say there is. Recommended by doctors, hospitals, clergy and everybody, for stiffness, pleurisy, etc.

If, as the newspaper reports would have us believe, all brides are beautiful, where do all the homely married women come from?

Do Not Delay.—When through debilitated digestive organs, poison finds its way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible. Delay may mean disaster. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a most valuable and effective medicine to assail the intruder with. They never fail. They go at once to the seat of the trouble and work a permanent cure.

JAPANESE "PENS."

The pens used by the children of Japan consist of bamboo and rabbits' hair. The pen itself is a tiny brush of hair tied to the end of a bamboo stick. It does not seem possible that writing under such circumstances could be good, but Japanese children really write very well indeed.

"That new farm-hand of yours used to be a clerk." "What makes you think so?" "Every time he stops work for a minute he tries to put the pitchfork behind his ear."

Teacher: "What is an octopus?" Small Boy: "Please, sir, I know, sir; it's an eight-sided cat!"

Is there anything more annoying than having your corn stepped upon? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it. Try it and be convinced.

It generally makes a man mad to have people compliment him upon his success and then add that they cannot understand it.

ONE OF THE BEST old time remedies for all skin affections, such as Eczema, Ringworm, Scald-head and similar affections is Weaver's Cerate. It is an ointment that has brought relief to thousands.

She: "Has your health improved since you've been abroad?" He: "Oh, yes, thanks. I'm quite a different man." She: "I'm sure your friends will be glad to hear it."

Do not let a cold settle on your lungs. Resort to Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup at the first intimation of irritation in the throat and prevent disease from lodging in the pulmonary organs. Neglected colds are the cause of untold suffering throughout the country all of which could have been prevented by the application of this simple but powerful medicine. The price, 25 cents, brings it within the reach of all.

The hungry individual entered the restaurant and ordered a lamb-chop. After a long delay the waiter returned, with a chop of microscopical proportions. "I say," called the customer, "I ordered a chop." "Yes, sir; there it is." "Ah, so it is," replied the diner, peering at it closely, "I thought it was a crack in the plate."

CAMERON'S Asthma Cure has never failed to cure those suffering from Chronic Bronchitis or Asthma.

If afflicted WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE, and let us convince you that we have a sure—one that cures to stay cured. FREE SAMPLE sent to any address.

D. A. CAMERON & CO., Owen Sound, Ont

It Was a Risk.

Two Scotchmen with a thirst counted up their joint possessions and found that they could just cover the price of a drink of whiskey. They went into the nearest saloon and ordered the one drink. Sandy putting down the money for the same. Then arose a discussion as to how it could be disposed of to the best advantage of both. Being Scotchmen, it was no Alphonse and Gaston discussion. Each was disposed to stand on his own rights, while at the same time admitting the claim of the other.

At the critical moment a stranger entered the saloon. With a wink of his eye at his companion, Sandy turned to the newcomer and said: "Will you have a drink with us?"

Supposing that the others had drunk before his entrance, the stranger said heartily, "I will," and emptied the glass.

There was an uncertain pause for a moment, and then the third man said: "Come on, boys, and have one on me."

They had it. As they went out Sandy wiped his mouth and said: See, mon, it worked."

"Yes," was, the reply, "but oh! what a risk!"

Get Right After It.

The trade territory of a town is not all dependent upon the distance to neighboring trading points. The trade territory depends upon the enterprise of the merchants and the residents of the town. If a town does not reach after the trade it will come only as fast as it has to, and it will grow as it is forced to. But if the merchants go after business in the surrounding country, advertising in every possible way, and making good every word of their advertising, trade will come from an ever-increasing radius, the town will gain a reputation for being awake and it will forge to the front. It is the men in the town and altogether the men living within a certain number of miles from it that make the town.

Croup.

A reliable medicine and one that should always be kept in the home for immediate use is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will prevent the attack if given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears. For sale by all druggists.

The Thin Man's Danger.

He can't resist disease germs, — that's why he's such a mark for consumption. In this land of plenty, thinness is wickedness, especially when it's so easily overcome with Ferrozone. This remarkable tissue-builder makes you fat quickly; it does so by forming blood that's rich, nourishing and health-giving. Ferrozone supplies the nutriment needed by worn-out nerves, rapidly constructs muscle and fatty tissue. The form fills out, the cheeks redden, proving that weight is being added. To be well and stay well, use Ferrozone. Fifty chocolate-coated tablets in a box for fifty cents or six for $2.50 at all dealers.

The well-known druggist, W. P. J. Alexander, has been appointed special Agent for the sale of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure, Catarrhal Powder, Ointment and Pills, as well as South American Rheumatic Cure, Nervine and Kidney Cure. 4-52

Bilious Attack Quickly Cured.

A few weeks ago I had a bilious attack that was so severe I was not able to go to the office for two days. Failing to get relief from my family physician's treatment, I took three of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the next day I felt like a new man. H. C. Bailey, Editor of the News, Chapin, S.C. These tablets are for sale by all druggists.

A Family Necessity.

It's a remedy capable of affording immediate relief to the hundred and one ailments that constantly arise. It may be a cold, perhaps toothache, neuralgia, pain in the back,—use Polson's Nerviline, it is penetrating, painsubduing and powerful. Nerviline is at least five times stronger than ordinary remedies and its worth in any household can't be over-estimated. For man or beast Nerviline is a panacea for all pain and costs only 25c. per bottle. Buy Nerviline to-day from your druggist.

Farm for Sale.

First-class Dairy Farm, partly situated in the Village of Stirling. Particulars from

DR. POTTS, Stirling.

37 tf

House to Let.

Lately occupied by T. MacNamara. Apply to

A. F. WOOD.

Madoc, September 15, 1906. 39

Wood for Sale.

Having a large quantity of Dry Wood for sale, the undersigned is prepared to deliver any quality at short notice, at reasonable prices.

A. PITTS.

Madoc, Sept. 4th, 1906.

Farm for Sale.

Containing 115 acres more or less in good state of cultivation, well watered with creek and two never-failing wells. All the wood and fruit a person wants for a life-time. Farm double width with a lane in centre, good soil, frame house, drive-house, pig pen, 2 frame barns and shed. Convenient to church, post-office, grocery, blacksmith shop and feed mill. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to

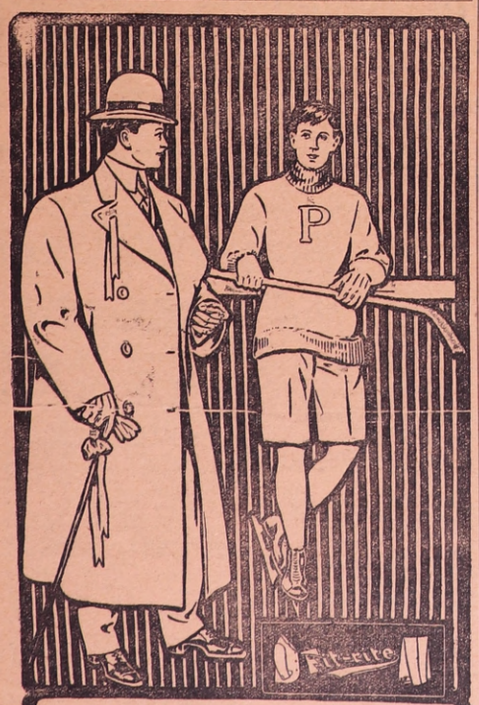
T. A. JACOBS, Rose Hall, Prince Edward Co.

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned, on account of ill-health, offers for sale his splendid farm, containing 150 acres in square block, parts of lots 4 and 5, con. 8, township of Murray, first class dairy and grain farm ¾ mile from first-class cheese factory. well watered, good soil, level, no stone or fine stumps, can plough with sulky plough, nice block of maple wood, 200 bearing apple trees, frame dwelling house 16x24, 16x18, 8x22, hip roof barn 40x60, cement basement, drive house 20x24, work shop 14x20, hog house 15x24, cement floor, ice house 10x16, all new, 1½ miles to Stockdale village, school, church, post-office, two stores, grist and saw mills, three miles to station. For further particulars apply to

CHAS. E. COX, Frankford.

27



"FIT-RITE" TAILORED CLOTHES are made of all-wool-cloth, and put together in such manner that each garment retains its shape and appearance until actualy worn out.
Look at "FIT-RITE" overcoats and suits before you buy your Autumn out-fit.

R. McGHEE, - Madoc's Tailor

BIG VALUES IN FURS!

Owing to a manufacturer's overproduction, we have secured a quantity of Furs at a LARGE DISCOUNT.

Ladies' Persian Lamb Coats -	**$65**
Ladies' Astrachan, Sable Collar - worth $50.	**39**
Ladies' Astrachan ranging from - every coat worth $10 more than selling price.	**25**
Men's Corsicon Coats from - -	**19**
Men's Bishop Coats from - -	**15**

See us for everything you want in Furs.

B. O'HARA.

REXALL HOUSE-HOLD DYES

These Dyes will dye Wool, Cotton, Silk, Jute or Mixed Goods in one bath—they are the atest and most improved Dye in the world. Try a package. All colors. For sale by Harry H. Jones.

Jacob Huff,
- Licensed Auctioneer -

for the County of Hastings,

MADOC, — — ONT

P. WALTER O'FLYNN

BARRISTER,

MADOC, — — ONT

Corporation and Private Funds for Investment. Collections promptly made.

OFFICE—North St. Lawrence street, next door west of T. L. Nickle's warerooms.

- Alex. Belair -

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O'FLYNN BLOCK, - - MADOC

My stock consists of Canadian, English and Scotch Tweeds and Suitings. Blue and Black Serges, Fine Black Venetians, Overcoatings and Pantings. All new Goods.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jas. Whytock

BUTCHER

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Groceries and . . . Provisions

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MARMORA FLOUR MILLS.

I desire to announce to the public that I have leased the Marmora Flour Mills for a long term of years, and now have it under full operation. On Monday, June 4th, we turned on the power after having made extensive repairs and improvements. The mill has been equipped with the latest improved machinery making it the best mill in the county and one of the best in Central Ontario, which enables us to produce a flour second to none. In patronising us you can feel assured of getting flour from the best Manitoba hard wheat that can be bought and manufactured by an old and experienced miller, Mr. John Holsey.

CHOPPING A SPECIALTY.—We never keep our customers waiting as we grind from 50 to 60 bushels per hour.

Your patronage respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Yours respectfully.

24 W. H. HUBBELL.

Preparing for Spring 1906.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Decorator and Designer, Belleville, Canada,

is prepared to do all class of Interior and Exterior Decorating, Paper Hanging, Painting, Graining, Hardwood Finishing. Will also furnish all class of materials including Paints, Oils, Lead, Wall apers, Moulding and Rails.

Will submit designs for your several rooms, for church or for lodge-rooms. Will furnish the very best and all at reasonable prices. Has none but expert workmen and the best decorating and painting need cost you no more than the poorest.

We buy and sell 200,000 rolls of paper each year, always have new stock. Import everything in paints, oils and paper, and furnish you with same at remarkably low figures.

Address

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Decorator, Belleville.

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Why not have a bath with every accommodation when it is within your reach?

Each 25c., or Six for $1.00.

Special attention paid to Shaving and Hair-Cutting

—AT—

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BARBER SHOP

Next Harry Jones' Drug Store,

DR. CHAS. JOSE,

MADOC, ONT.

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals on the latest and most scientific principles.

If your horse is out of condition USE DR. JOSE'S CONDITION POWDERS.

If he has spavin, splint, windgall, curb or enlargement of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S BLISTER.

If he has cuts, running sores, indolent ulcers, sore neck, shoulders, grease heel, scratches, calks, kicks, or sores of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S ROMAN BALSAM.

USE DR. JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined.

Examination and Consultation Free.

DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

All calls personally or by telephone promptly attended.

Office, St. Lawrence street, opposite the Post Office. Residence, 3rd door west of Dr. Harrison's. Telephone No. 46.

CHAS. JOSE, V.S.

...Special Prices...

Watches, clocks,

Chains and *Jewelry*

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

Goods purchased from me engraved Free of Charge.

J. H. IRVING,

4 Doors South of Moon's Hotel, Madoc

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First-Class Wood and Iron Pumps,

Wind Mills,
Grain Grinders,
Gasoline Engines,
Steam Engines and Boilers.

Sole Agents for the Anderson Force Pump of Aylmer.

HART BROS., Proprietors

Headquarters for

Shot-Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Revolvers, Gun Covers, Loaded Shell, Empty Shell, Cartridges of All Kinds,

In fact, everything that the sportsmen require.

We have just received our Fall Stock and can give you excellent value for your money.

We are selling National Cream Separators, 500 lbs, capacity, at $45.00.

We have also a full supply of Threshers' Supplies, Harvest Mitts, Belting, Oils, Steam Packing, Garlic and Rubber Candle-wick, etc.

Now is the time to look after your Stove Wants. Don't forget the Oxford Chancellor Steel Range is the best working Range made, sold by

THOMPSON & DAFOE.

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MORRICE & SON

—FOR—

Men's Fine Boots,
Ladies' Fine Boots,
Children's School Boots,
Men's Working Boots,
Trunks, Valises, Shoe Polish

MORRICE & SON.

Special Offer
Special Offer
Special Offer

We have just completed a deal with that cleverest of all Canadian weekly papers

Toronto Saturday Night

whereby all readers of the

North Hastings Review

can secure both papers for $2.60 a year or $1.30 for six months.

SATURDAY NIGHT is clean, sound, wholesome and clever. Its views on men and affairs of the day are an education to intelligent men and women. Always bright and crisp but never sensational—it is the ideal paper for the business man, his home and his family.

THE REVIEW is recognized as the best paper in Hastings County.

REMEMBER:—Both papers for $2.60 for a year or $1.30 for six months.
Cash must accompany the order.
This offer is good for renewal as well as new subscribers.
Write or call at our office TO-DAY.

North Hastings Review.

J. R. ORR, Publisher and Proprietor. "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW." TERMS, $1.50 ; $1.00 IF PAID IN ADVANC

29th Year.—No. 46. Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, November 15, 1906. Postage Prepaid.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital Paid Up, $3,000,000
...eserve Fund and ...divided Profits, $3,839,000
Total Assets, over $42,000,000

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C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary,
Madoc, Ontario.
...fice—Dominion Bank Building.
...licitor for the Dominion Bank.

...K. STEWART,
...Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Madoc, Ontario.
...oney to loan on first mortgages ...st rates.
...r for J.C. Dale & Co., Bankers ...itor for Murphy, Gordon & Co., ...rs, Tweed.

...LIAM CROSS, LL.B.,
Barrister and Solicitor, Not...ary Public, Conveyancer.
...praiser at Madoc for The Canada ...anent and Western Canada Mort... Corporation.
...ney to loan at 5 per cent. on good security. No commission. No ...tion fee.
...e—Wood Block, Madoc.

...IS GILLEN,
Notary Public,
...nissioner Conveyancer, Clerk ...ision Court, Madoc, Ont.

...HARPER,
...uate of Trinity University
...w of Trinity Medical College, ...iate of College of Physicians and ...ns, Ontario.
...e—Durham street, Dale's Block.

...HARRISON,
...Physician, Surgeon, etc.
...duate of Queen's University, Li...te of the College of Physicians ...urgeons of Ontario.
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...e—Opposite Methodist Church.

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...y to loan in large or small ...n security. Agent for Canada ...and N. Invest Co. The Insur... ...mpanies represented are, in ...ompanies,—Liverpool, London ...oe, Guardian, and Royal, of ... Non-Tariff Companies, — ...and Metropolitan, Canadian. ...e Companies are well-known ... reliability.

...Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F
... in Oddfellows' Hall, Wilson ...very Monday evening at the ...8 o'clock. Visiting brethren ...ays be cordially welcomed.
...ee. H. W. Wright, Noble Grand
...c.-Sec.
. F. Morrice, Fin.-Sec.

...Lodge, No. 195, A.O.U.W
The Ancient Order of United Workmen meets every first and third Friday of each month in Moon's new block. Visiting brethren are cordially welcomed.
...sir, ...r Workman. W. H. McBain, Recorder

T. W. HAMILTON,
CORDOVA MINES.
Licensed Auctioneer for County of Hastings.

Terms moderate.
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MISS BLANCHE V. O'HARA,
A.T.C.M., A.O.C.M.
[Gold Medalist of Ontario Ladies' College, Whitby]
TEACHER OF VOICE CULTURE,
will be prepared to receive pupils, beginning Sept. 1st.
Piano and Theory instruction also given.
Concert engagements accepted.

The Central Ontario Railway.
TIME TABLE.
Trains leaves Eldorado station as follows:—

Going North,	Going South—
8.35a.m. for Bancroft	8.35 a.m. Trenton
4 p.m. for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Train leave for the South, Coe Hill at 6.15 a.m., and Bancroft at 12.20 p.m.
GEO. COLLINS, Receiver and Manager.

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,
84 CARLETON ST., TORONTO,
will be at the
Hotel Quinte, Belleville,
EVERY SATURDAY,
for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases, commencing September 1.

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Short, thorough, practical and inexpensive courses in
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Albert College
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343 students enrolled during college year, 168 young ladies and 175 young men, attendance increased two and one half times in 15 years. Conservatory and University examinations in all departments of music, graduating courses under full staff of specialists in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Elocution, Physical Culture, Fine Arts and Domestic Science.
Special attention given to Matriculation and Teachers' Courses, New Pipe Organ and Art Gallery recently added; Gymnasium and large Athletic grounds. Buildings heated with steam and lighted by electricity.
Re-Opens Tuesday, Sep. 11, 1906
For calendar or room, address,
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J. C. DALE, Manager.

Great Copper Mine.

Hastings District will be a Large Producer.

It may now be regarded as certain that Hastings county will in the near future rank copper among the most important of its many mineral productions, which exceed in variety those of any other territory of equal area in the world. The copper mine at Eldorado, which has already been referred to in these columns, is making a very fine showing. The smelter, which was put in operation there some weeks ago, has, although operated during the day only, because of the scarcity of labor, already turned out matte from which 150,000 pounds of pure copper has been extracted. The value of this at the current rate of about 22½c. per pound, can be easily calculated. The matte, it may be added, which carries 50 per cent. of copper, is shipped to L. Vogelstein, New York, agent for the works at Chrome, New Jersey, where it is refined. Regular shipments of a car per week will soon be made, and January 1, 1907, this quantity will be largely increased, as the property will then be acquired by the Medina Copper Company, of which Mr. Cole Saunders, who is at present managing the mine, is the general manager, and the smelter will be operated night and day. The vein which is now being worked is twenty feet wide, and the ore carries from 5 per cent. to 20 per cent. of copper, and averages 12 per cent. It has been proved to a depth of 250 feet, which leaves no doubt as to its permanency. A new vein 3 feet wide and having no connection with the other ore body was struck lately. The operation of the mine, in which sinking is carried on night and day, is in able hands. Mr. James B. Cook, who was thirty-five years at Copperfield, Vermont, where the mine is 4,800 feet deep, is the superintendent. Mr. Geo. Newton, a man of large experience, superintends the copper smelter. Mr. G. H. Hambly, of Belleville, is the chemist, and his work has been done in a very satisfactory manner. The original reports on the property were prepared by Mr. Ernest Fraleck, M.E., of Madoc, whose representations have all been borne out by development work. Mr. Saunders has large plans for the future.

Young Boy Shot.

Murray Township Boy's Breast Torn Away.

Belleville, Nov. 9.—A boy fourteen years of age named Lake, son of Mr. John Lake, township of Murray, yesterday afternoon met with an accident that may possibly cause death. The boy was handling a gun, when it exploded, and he received the full force of the charge in his breast, which was literally torn away. At a late hour last night the boy was still alive, but his chances for recovery were slim.

Chapped Hands.

Wash your hands with warm water, dry with a towel and apply Chamberlain's Salve just before going to bed, and a speedy cure is certain. This salve is also unequalled for skin diseases. For sale by all druggists.

☞ Highest cash price paid Butter, Chickens and Eggs at Hudgins'.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a powerful, invigorating tonic, imparting health and strength in particular to the organs distinctly feminine. The local, womanly health is so intimately related to the general health that when diseases of the delicate womanly organs are cured the whole body gains in health and strength. For weak and sickly women who are "worn-out," "run-down" or debilitated, especially for women who work in store, office or schoolroom, who sit at the typewriter or sewing machine, or bear heavy household burdens, and for nursing mothers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has proven a priceless benefit because of its health-restoring and strength-giving powers.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea, or St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womanly organs. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Cures obstinate cases. "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of "female weakness," painful periods, irregularities, prolapsus or falling of the pelvic organs, weak back, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are made from harmless but efficient medical roots found growing in our American forests. The Indians knew of the marvelous curative value of some of these roots and imparted that knowledge to some of the friendlier whites, and gradually some of the more progressive physicians came to test and use them, and ever since they have grown in favor by reason of their superior curative virtues and their safe and harmless qualities.

Your druggists sell the "Favorite Prescription" and also that famous alterative, blood purifier and stomach tonic, the "Golden Medical Discovery." Write to Dr. Pierce about your case. He is an experienced physician and will treat your case as confidential and without charge for correspondence. Address him at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is chief consulting physician.

PEOPLE WILL TALK.

You may get through the world, but
'twill be very slow,
If you listen to all that is said as you
go;
You'll be worried and fretted, and
kept in a stew—
For meddlesome tongues must have
something to do—
And people will talk.

If quiet and modest, you'll have
presumed
That your humble position is only
assumed—
You're a wolf in sheep's clothing, or
else you're a fool,
But don't get excited—keep perfectly
cool—
For people will talk.

And then, if you show the least bold-
ness of heart,
Or a slight inclination to take your
own part,
They will call you an upstart, conceit-
ed and vain,
But keep straight ahead—don't stop
to explain—
For people will talk.

If threadbare your dress, or old-
fashioned your hat,
Someone will surely take notice of
that,
'And hint rather strong that you
can't pay your way
But don't get excited, whatever they
say—
For people will talk.

If you dress in the fashion don't think
to escape,
For they criticize then in a different
shape;
You're ahead of your means, or your
tailor's unpaid,
But mind your own business—there's
naught to be made—
For people will talk.

Now, the best way to do is to do as
you please,
For your mind, if you have one, will
then be at ease,
Of course, you will meet with all sorts
of abuse;
But don't think to stop them—it ain't
any use—
For people will talk.

Farmstead Skits.

If the farmers would all unite what about the rest of the people?

Parliament meets soon at Ottawa. The farmers are going to be heard.

King Edward's birthday Nov. 9th. A King who farms also!

The Spencer seedless apple looks like a success, as the fruit is of good quality.

River and creek bank pasture in Ontario is liked by the farm stock as none other, and stock in such places look well.

The vegetable growers want more money also. Money seems to be the necessary motor power for everything. Even the farmer likes a little.

For scaly legs, dip the feet and legs of the fowl up to the feathers in a can of kerosene oil. Keep them in it until the oil has had time to penetrate the scabs. When attack is slight, one treatment is usually sufficient. In bad cases it takes two or three applications.

A farmer says he has found a way to prevent horses crib-biting while they are in the barn. He takes a smooth wire and stretches it about four inches above the manger, and it does the work all right.

Have you named your farm yet? Adopt an appropriate name and stick to it. Mountain View Farm sounds much better than Old Sam Jones' place, and it's better business, too.

Wood ashes make a good fertilizer when put upon the land before they become bleached. One ton of ashes contains 100 pounds of potash, 40 pounds of phosphoric acid and 600 pounds of lime.

There is no reason why the farmer should not drive just as good a team as the man in the city. He must have horses, why not have good ones? It costs no more to keep a good team than a poor one.

You may run a ton of coal through the firebox of an engine and not raise a pound of steam; also you may run several tons of feed through your stock and not get any results. Another man may give half the amount of feed and realize twice as much.

GOOD PLOWING.

Plowing is an art which practice often fails to make perfect. We know men who have been brought up between plow handles who have never done a good day's work of plowing, says an exchange, and they are not horseback farmers, either. There is more in plowing a field than simply swearing at the team. To do the work properly, it is necessary first of all to know just how, when and where to do it. Many men plow when the ground is too wet or to dry, or they plow deep when they ought to plow shallow, or shallow when they should plow deep. They plow when they ought not, and go to town when they should be plowing. Therefore, it will be seen that mind, as well as muscle, is involved in the work when it is properly done.

☞ Remember Hudgins is doing business around the corner opposite the Post office, and the cheapest place in North Hastings to buy your groceries.

Local Option Law.

No Need to Repeal the By-law in Madoc Township.

A movement was lately started to take a vote at the coming municipal election on the question of repealing the present local option by-law in Madoc township. The matter was referred to the township solicitor, and the following letter settles the question for the present, showing that a license could not be granted, even if the by-law was repealed, in proximity to the mines:—

Madoc, Nov. 13th, 1906.

W. T. Allen, Esq.,
Township Clerk,
Cooper, Ont.

Dear Sir,—In answer to your telephone of this morning. By the Statutes of the present year, section 199 of the Act respecting mines, no license can be issued to any public house, beer shop or other place, not under license, for the sale of any spirits, wine, beer, or other spirituous or fermented liquors within six miles of any mine or mining camp, where six or more workmen are employed, except in incorporated villages or towns.

Yours truly,
D. E. K. Stewart,
Solicitor for T'p Madoc.

Hastings Marble.

Experts Report it as the Best Ever.

According to the reports of the experts who have visited the place, Hastings county has some of the finest marble quarries in the world. The Princess Quarry Company have 800 acres of the finest marble ever quarried just two miles from Bancroft on a spur line of the Central Ontario Railway Company. One quarry of pink marble that would have done the heart of an Athenian good, has a sheer dip of 95 feet, another of yellow and brown marble runs 128 feet. White marble they have also in inexhaustible deposits. Mr. Pearson, of Darling & Pearson, Toronto, says that the yellow samples are the finest he has ever seen, and really grows enthusiastic over the find. It is limy like the Italian marble, but has a hardness that makes it a rarity. Mr. Ritchie, of Akron, Ohio, has a white marble quarry near the former. He has put in a $50,000 plant and has run a spur of the Central Ontario Railway to his deposits.

Ordained at Stirling.

Rev. F. A. Robinson Ordained and Inducted.

The Presbyterian Church was filled to the doors on Wednesday evening, says the Stirling News-Argus, to witness the ordination of the Rev. F. A. Robinson to the ministry of the Canadian Presbyterian Church, and his induction to the pastorate of the Stirling and West Huntingdon congregations. In the unavoidable absence of the Moderator, the Rev. Jas. Binnie, B.D., of Tweed, the services were in charge of Rev. J. E. Smith, B. A., of Burnbrae, who preached from the text. "And the word of God increased; and the number of disciples multiplied greatly." After the ordination and induction service, Rev. E. W. Mackay, B.A., of Madoc, very impressively addressed Mr. Robinson as to his duties in connection with his work, imparting some very wholesome advice. Mr. Mackay's address was appreciated by all. Following this Rev. D. Smith, of Foxboro, addressed the congregation in regard to their duties to their new pastor, urging them to give him their encouragement, prayers, and sympathy, and to work with him. Rev. D. Balfour also made a brief address, welcoming Mr. Robinson to his new field of labor. Mr. Robinson has already made a very favorable impression on the people of Stirling, and we extend to him and Mrs. Robinson a cordial welcome to our midst. He is well qualified for his work, and his labors in the Y.M.C.A. and as a student missionary in the west have given him valuable experience. We wish him all success in his efforts as a Presbyterian minister in Stirling.

In Time of Peace.

In the first months of the Russia-Japan war we had a striking example of the necessity for preparation and the early advantage of those who, so to speak "have shingled their roofs in dry weather." The virtue of preparation has made history and given to us our greatest men. The individual as well as the nation should be prepared for any emergency. Are you prepared to successfully combat the first cold you take? A cold can be cured much more quickly when treated as soon as it has been contracted and before it has become settled in the system. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of colds and it should be kept at hand ready for instant use. For sale by all druggists.

☞ Three houses and lots for sale, in village of Madoc, at bargain prices. Call and get terms.
Also two farms for sale in Madoc township. Terms to suit purchaser.
T. L. Nickle.

North Hastings Farmers' Institute.

Program for the Regular and Supplementary Meetings in This Riding.

The program laid down by the Department of Agriculture for this season's meetings of the North Hastings Farmers' Institute is as follows :—

SUPPLEMENTARY MEETINGS.

St. Ola, Hall, November 26.
The Ridge, School-house, November 27.
Paudash Lake or Wood, School-house, November 28.
L'Amable, Town Hall, November 29.
Turriff, November 30.
Bronson, Mr. H. Weese's place, December 1.
McArthur's Mills, McArthur's Hall, December 3.
Fort Stewart, Forester's Hall, December 4.
New Carlow, School-house, December 5.
Hybla, School-house, December 6.
Maynooth, Town Hall, December 7.
Bancroft, Town Hall, December 8.

All meetings are to commence at 1.30 and 7.30 p.m. Afternoon and evening sessions will be held at all the meetings except Bronson, which will be held in the afternoon.

The speakers for above series of meetings are Mr. W. F. Kydd, of Simcoe, and Miss Isabel Rife, of Hespeler. The posters and programs with list of subjects are now being distributed. Mr. Kydd was over the same ground two years ago, and his addresses were of great benefit to those who attended.

REGULAR MEETINGS.

Springbrook........... Dec. 11th.
Queensboro .... " 12th.

Speakers and Subjects—
H. Glendenning, Manilla :—"Feeds and Feeding," "Growing Clover and How to Save it," "The Dairy Cow," "The Farm Water Supply." Evening subjects—"Beautifying the Farm Home," "Farm Conveniences."
J. G. Clark, Ottawa :—"The Breeding and Management of Heavy Horses," "The Judging of Dairy Cattle," "The Production and Handling of Milk." Evening subject—"Country vs. City Life."
Meetings afternoon at 1.30 and evening at 7.30.

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Mr. W. F. Kydd will address a series of January meetings as follows :

Madoc .... Jan. 12.
Eldorado .... " 14.
Marmora .... " 15.
Ivanhoe .... " 16.
Moira .... " 17.
Stirling .... " 18.

More particulars of these meetings will be given later. All meetings are free, and the public is cordially invited to attend, ladies especially at the evening meetings.

The officers of the Institute this year are :—
President............Alex. Glover.
Vice-Pres..........Richard Keene.
Sec.-Treas........F. A. Comerford.
Eldorado P.O.

The Development of Cuba.

W. J. Sargent, Late of Bancroft, has Management of Large Plantations.

Many Madocers are interested in Cuba, as purchasers of real estate in that Island within the past year or so. In the Berlin News-Record of the 8th inst. we find the report of a meeting of the shareholders of "The Cuba Plantations, Limited," among the officers and directors of which company we notice the name of Mr. W. J. Sargent, late private banker, of Bancroft. Mr. Sargent is the manager in Cuba, with headquarters at Cupey. At the banquet following the meeting, Mr. Sargent was one of the speakers, and gave the meeting a clear idea of the recent wonderful development in Cuba by American and by Canadian capital and of the success which had attended without exception each colonization scheme thus far launched, ending by stating that the price of undeveloped land invariably increases from $20.00, as an average initial price, to $50.00 and even $75.00 per acre in each colony that has been established a matter of two years or longer.

The company purposes putting the first 1,000 acres of land on the market for the public at the price of $20.00 per acre.

Mr. Sargent leaves for Cuba in less than two weeks and will immediately proceed to erect a hotel, clear off the timber, look after the crop of sugar cane, etc., etc. He is making the development of the Company's colony, Cupey, his own interest now, and, with his experience of things Cuban and his known business ability, there cannot be any doubt as to the issue.

The new Pure Food and Drug Law will mark it on the label of every Cough Cure containing Opium, Chloroform, or any other stupifying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get safe and reliable Cough Cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. All dealers cheerfully recommend and sell it.

THE BREAD OF LIFE

Many People With Shelves and Larders Filled Are Yet Pitiably Poor.

Man shall not live by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God.—Matt. iv., 4.

There are lives that have bread in abundance and yet are starved; with barns and warehouses filled, with shelves and larders laden they are empty and hungry. No man need envy them; their feverish, restless whirl is but the search for a satisfaction never to be found in things. Called rich in a world where no others are more truly, pitiably poor, having all, yet lacking because they have neglected the things within.

The abundance of bread is the cause of many a man's deeper hunger. Having known nothing of the discipline that develops life's hidden sources of satisfaction, nothing of the struggle in which deep calls unto deep and the true life finds itself, he spends his days seeking to satisfy his soul with furniture, with houses and lands, with yachts and merchandise, seeking to feed his heart on things, a process of less promise and reason than feeding a snapping turtle on thoughts.

If the heart be empty the life cannot be filled. The flow must cease at the faucet if the fountains go dry. The prime, the elemental necessities of our being are for the life rather than the body, its house. But, alas, how often out of the marble edifice issues the poor emaciated inmate, how out of the life having many things comes that which amounts to nothing.

THE ESSENTIAL THINGS.

are not often those which most readily strike our blunt senses. We see the shell first. To the undeveloped mind the material is all there is. But looking deeper into life there comes an awakening to the fact and the significance of the spiritual, the feeling that the reason, the emotions, the joys and pains that have nothing to do with things, the ties that knit one to the infinite, all constitute the permanent elements of life.

Because man is a spirit his life never can consist wholly in things; he must come into his heritage of the soul wealth of all the ages; he must reach out, though often as in the dark, until across the void there comes voices, the sages and the sneers, the prophets and the poets speaking the language of the soul. In these he finds his food nor can his deeper hunger be assuaged until it thus is fed.

Because man is a spirit and gradually is coming into the dominant spirit life in which things shall count for less and thought and character for more, he seeks after his own kind. The deeps of life have their relationships. The spirit of man cries out after the father of spirits. By whatever name men have called the most high they ever have sought after him the eternal who would be one with them in soul, in all that is essential and abiding in being.

Every religion, every philosophy, every endeavor after character and truth is but the cry of humanity for word with God. Hearing his word on any lip the heart of man

ANSWERS WITH JOY.

The words of eternal truth have been the food of the great in all ages. Fainting in the fight the message from the unseen, the echo of everlasting verities has revived their spirits; they have fought the fight that despises things and seeks truth.

Who would not exchange a mess of pottage for the benediction from a father's lips? Who is so dead he no longer finds more satisfaction in truth and love and beauty than in food or furniture? And why are we so foolish as still to seek to satisfy ourselves with things that perish, while down to the least blade of creation earth is laden with unfading riches, God is everywhere, and every open heart may hear his voice?

If we might but learn this lesson, we people of the laden hand and the empty heart, that since life is more than digestion and man more than beast or machine, since determining all is the spiritual world, they only are wise who set first things first, who use the garnered experience of the past and the opportunities of the present to the enriching of the soul, who listen among all the voices of time for the words that proceed from the lips of him who inhabiteth eternity.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON. NOV. 18.

Lesson VII. Jesus Before Caiaphas.

Golden Text: Isa. 53.3.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

Annas and Caiaphas.—Annas, the son of Seth, was high priest of the Jews from A. D. 6 or 7 to A. D. 15. Even after being deprived of his high-priestly office by the Roman authorities he still retained in a large measure both the power and the dignity of his former station among the Jews. Five sons and one son-in-law (Caiaphas) succeeded him in turn in the office of high priest. The family of Annas belonged to the old Sadducean aristocracy and derived its immense wealth, in part at least, from a monopoly which the family held on the sale of all kinds of articles necessary in connection with the sacrifices offered in the temple. It was the sons of Annas whom Jesus accused of making his Father's house a "den of thieves" and it was the vassal salesmen of this high-priestly family whom Jesus had driven from the courts of the temple. So strong was the influence of Annas in the Sanhedrin that even during the incumbency of his sons and son-in-law in office he remained the real power in Jewish religious affairs. It was for this reason that "the band and the chief captains, and the officers of the Jews," who had seized Jesus and bound him, "led him to Annas first" as John is careful to point out (John 18, 12, 13). In John, also as well as in Acts, Annas is given the title "high priest," though in the narrative of John at least it is evident that the narrator was fully aware of the relation between Annas and Caiaphas and also of the fact that the latter was the actual incumbent of the office.

Caiaphas, too, was a man of strong though wicked character. It was he who, professing to fear that the popular demonstration in favor of Jesus connected with the triumphal entry and other events would bring upon the city the displeasure of the Roman authorities, counseled the Jews that it were better "that one man should die for the people and that the whole nation perish not" (John 11, 50); thus, as the evangelist points out, becoming unconsciously a priestly prophet of the atonement. It was Caiaphas who took the leading part at the first informal meeting of the Sanhedrin mentioned in the text of our to-day's lesson.

Verse 57. In the verses immediately preceding this one, Matthew records the incident of Peter's drawing his sword and cutting off the ear of the high priest's servant, which incident is also recorded by the other evangelists. Seeing that their Master had been betrayed and was to be led away a prisoner "all the disciples left him and fled" (Matt. 26, 56). Mark records the incident of the young man who had followed Jesus and who, being seized by those who took Jesus prisoner, barely escaped, his clothing having been torn from him in an effort to hold him. Having bound their prisoner securely the soldiers took him first to the Jewish authorities under whose immediate direction they were acting. Matthew omits the examination before Annas.

To the house of Caiaphas—The words, the house of, do not occur in the Greek where the reading is simply to Caiaphas.

The scribes and the elders—Members of the Sanhedrin who had been hastily summoned to an informal meeting shortly after midnight. Matthew is careful to mention the more formal session of the Sanhedrin which occurred in the morning: "Now when morning was come, all the chief priests and the elders of the people took counsel against Jesus to put him to death."

58. Court of the high priest—A court in the high-priestly palace. From the Garden of Gethsemane Jesus had been taken first to Annas; thence after a brief examination, recorded in John 18, 19-23, to Caiaphas in another part of the same building. Here some members of the Sanhedrin had hastily gathered, and the first informal trial of Jesus took place at night (Comp. Mark 14. 52-65; Luke 22. 54, 63-65). Early in the morning a second and more formal trial was held by the Sanhedrin (Comp. Luke 22. 66-71; Matt. 27. 1; Mark 15. 1). Later, probably between five and seven o'clock in the morning occurred the trial before Pilate which consisted of two parts, in the intermission between which Jesus was sent by Pilate to Herod (Comp. Luke 23. 1-25; Matt. 27. 11-31; Mark 15. 1-20; John 18. 28-19. 16).

60. Afterward came two—The number required to convict a prisoner of a crime.

61. The temple—Or, Sanctuary.

Build it in three days—The actual words of Jesus referred to are found in John 2. 19, "Destroy this temple, and in three days I will raise it up." It is to be noted that while Jesus referred to his death and resurrection after three days, in the words quoted, yet from his use of the words in connection with his cleansing of the temple, and in answer to a challenge of the Jews to show them a sign establishing his authority, it was easy to place upon the words of Jesus the mistaken interpretation which the Jews gave to them, if indeed it was possible for those who heard him to understand his words in any other sense.

62. Answereth thou nothing?—A question of desperation. We note that the charge made by the two witnesses and referred to in the preceding verse was not pushed against Jesus by the Jews.

63. I adjure thee by the living God—Caiaphas, despairing of finding any charge of serious import against the prisoner, abruptly challenges him on the real point at issue between himself and the Jewish authorities, namely, his Messianic claims. His challenge is put into the form of this solemn demand, Tell us whether thou art the Christ, the Son of God. This challenge to definitely declare himself with regard to his Messianic claims Jesus answered unflinchingly and with full knowledge of what the consequences of a definite and public declaration of his divinity would be to himself.

64. Henceforth ye shall see the Son of Man sitting at the right hand of Power—As if Jesus had said, "I am indeed the Christ, the Son of the living God, and henceforth ye shall see him whom ye have known as a 'Son of Man' exalted to the dignity of the Son of God."

65. Rent his garments—As custom required of the high priest before whom a prisoner had been convicted of blasphemy. The act was intended as an outward sign of sorrow, in this case of pious horror.

He hath spoken blasphemy—For one who rejected the claims of Jesus no other verdict was possible in view of the declaration which the prisoner had just made.

66. He is worthy of death—Under the Roman rule the Jewish authorities were not permitted to pronounce or execute death sentence. Hence, while the Sanhedrin members assembled considered their prisoner "worthy of death," it was still necessary for them to bring some formal charge against him before the Roman authorities, and secure from them a conviction and death sentence.

67. Buffet—To strike with clenched fist.

With the palms of their hands—The meaning of the phrase in the original is not clear. The marginal reading of the Revised Version is with rods.

68. Prophesy unto us, thou Christ—The demand of these men reveals the coarse, popular idea of prophecy, according to which it is a meaningless exhibition of miraculous power.

PERILS OF THE FAR NORTH

EXTRACTS FROM THE DIARY OF CONSTABLE SELLER.

A Record of Hardship and Endurance by a Member of the Northwest Mounted Police.

The qualities of the men who compose the Royal Northwest Mounted Police have often been demonstrated, but rarely have fidelity, devotion to duty, fearlessness, unselfishness, and indomitable determination been manifested in greater degree than was displayed last winter in a journey made by Constable Seller, amounting in all to about 995 miles. The trip was made in company of Interpreter Ford and an Eskimo named Tupealock. It was undertaken for the purpose of locating the whereabouts of a Scottish ship, the Ernest William, and ascertaining her liability to the customs duty for supplies imported. Constable Sellers probably receives pay to the amount of about a dollar and a half a day, but, without a murmur, he entered upon and successfully accomplished a journey attended by

GREAT HARDSHIPS,

and which many an explorer would have been proud of relating. The recital of Seller's trip is contained in a diary, which has just been received at the Mounted Police Department. Nothing more modest or unaffected than his account of the long journey and the difficulties met with and surmounted could be imagined.

Constable Seller, with his two companions and a dog team of ten, left Fullerton, on the west coast of Hudson's Bay, on February 21st last. They returned on April 19th, having been exposed for two months to the rigors of an Arctic winter. The only casualty was a frost-bitten leg of one dog that was left behnid at Lyon's Inlet. On the way to their destination and back intensely cold weather was encountered, and many blizzards. At night snow houses would be built for shelter, called by the Eskimos "igloos." Herds of deer were seen, and several were shot for food. For a couple of days, however, both men and dogs were on short rations. Had it not been for falling in with a party of natives they would at one time have been in desperate straits. For a great part of the journey the food had to be eaten frozen, because the alcohol and wood gave out.

HERE ARE A FEW EXTRACTS,

which show the nature of the hardships encountered on the journey:—"We have only fifty pounds of deer meat, two pounds of pemmican, and six pounds of boiled meat for ourselves and the ten dogs, so we must find natives. Very cold day. I had both my feet badly frozen. My footgear is in a very bad state—wet and worn out. We were compelled to break up some barrels to cook food, as we had been subsisting on frozen meat for the last three days."

"Terrible snowstorm. Impossible to go out looking for natives. Our dogs are getting hungry, as they have had nothing for three days. We cannot possibly give them anything out of what small supply we have for ourselves. My feet are very sore, the result of frost burns."

"Bad storm, but not nearly so bad as yesterday. I sent Ford and Tupealock out to look for natives. They returned at 5 p.m., bringing us information that cheered us quite a little. The ship they learned was at 'Melachusecetuck,' the place where ghosts chase women. They brought some meat for the dogs, and said the natives, who belonged to the Nitulick tribe, would come in the morning with as much meat as they could spare."

"Still storming. Finished up all our meat for breakfast. About noon the natives came in, bringing about 400 pounds of meat, which I purchased from them. It was nearly all seal meat. We found it rather high all by itself, but hunger is a great sauce."

In due course the party reached the vessel for which they were searching, and received a

HEARTY SCOTTISH WELCOME

from her commander, Captain Murray, who fitted them out with stores for the return journey.

Here is the last item in Constable Seller's diary:—

"April 19th. Broke camp at sunrise (about 4 a.am.) and made the detachment about 2.30 p.m. Some few miles from barracks I noticed the flag at half-mast, which told me plainly that what I feared had come to pass. On arrival my thoughts were confirmed on hearing that Staff-Sergeant Hayne had passed away the night before. We were just in time to attend the funeral."

The report of Constable Seller contains much valuable information about the country traversed and the natives met with. He mentions a rumor current among the natives that in the winter of 1905 a white man belonging to a ship wintering in the Arctic was killed by the Nitulick tribe. The white men retaliated by killing three Eskimos and their dogs. Constable Seller believes some such thing may have happened in connection with the Norwegian sloop Gjoa.

A man can make mistakes far more easily than he can make good.

Occasionally a man rises from nothing to something worse.

The Home

SELECTED RECIPES.

Brown Gravy.—Two ounces of butter and one ounce of flour. Melt the butter in a frying pan. Add the flour, stirring it till of a brown color. Add as much boiling water as will make the thickness of cream, and season with pepper and salt.

Grated Apple Pies.—Grate enough sour cooking apples to fill a pie tin; about a pint of pulp for an ordinary size tin. Add three ounces of sugar, two eggs and a little cinnamon or nutmeg. If a meringue is wanted for the top save out the whites. It will be lighter and more like a souffle with the whites left in.

To Cure Beef for Drying.—To every 30 lbs. beef allow 1 teaspoon saltpetre, 1 pint fine salt mixed with molasses until the color of brown sugar; rub the pieces of meat with the mixture and let stick to it all that will pack in barrel or cask and let lie about 48 hours. Make pickle, pour on and let stand 48 hours. Take out and hang in suitable place to dry.

For kidney shape, take four or five sheep's kidneys, half pound lean meat, three ounces of suet, teacupful of oatmeal and salt to taste, one egg, half a pint of brown gravy, pepper, mustard and salt. Skin and chop the kidneys finely with the lean beef and three ounces of suet. Then mix in the oatmeal, a small minced onion, with pepper, mustard, and salt to taste. Beat the egg and stir into the mixture, then place all in a well buttered mould. Steam for two hours, turn out and serve with a good brown gravy poured round.

French Muffins.—Sift together a quart of flour and a teaspoonful of salt. Rub into the sifted flour two tablespoonfuls of butter, and add gradually to this two and a half cups of milk and three beaten eggs. Last of all whip in a half yeast-cake that has been dissolved in a gill of warm water. Beat hard, and set in a warm room for six or eight hours, or until light. Half fill greased muffin-tins with batter, set near the range to rise for half an hour, then bake in a quick oven. Serve at once.

Split Pea Soup.—Soak the dried split peas over night, then drain, pour over them two quarts of hot water, and bring slowly to a boil. Set at the side of the range where they will simmer gently until soft, then rub through a colander and return with the liquid to the saucepan. Bring to a boil, and stir in a tablespoonful of flour rubbed into a tablespoonful of butter. Season with a few drops of onion juice, and with salt and white pepper. Stir until smooth and thick, and serve with a handful of croutons, or fried bread dice, on the surface of the soup.

Sausage and Rice Rissoles.—Cook four ounces of rice in some well-flavored stock till very soft. Then drain it well, and leave till quite cold. (Note: weak stock—i.e., that from a second boiling—will do, but it must be well flavored.) Take half a pound of very fresh pork sausages. Free them from their skins. Add them to the rice. Mix well, adding a little more seasoning and a little finely-minced onion if thought required. Then spread on upon a dish to the depth of an inch. Leave in the larder till next morning, or the last thing at night, if more convenient. Shape into round balls about the size of small tangerines. When required dip in egg and breadcrumbs, and fry in boiling fat, from which the blue smoke is rising, to a light golden-brown hue. Take out, drain, serve. The yolk of an egg is an improvement to these, as it helps to bind them.

Roast Haunch of Venison.—Take a haunch of twelve pounds and trim off the chin bone and the end of the knuckle; wrap it in buttered paper close round the haunch to prevent the fat from burning; set it before a bright fire and roast it three hours, basting it frequently to prevent the paper from burning off, then remove the paper, baste the haunch with butter, put it nearer the fire until it is a light brown; continue to baste, dredge it lightly with flour, and when it is well frothed and browned all over it is done. Send the haunch to table with a gravy made from the trimmings of the venison and seasoned with salt and pepper. Serve with red currant jelly.

CARE OF BRUSHES.

Good brushes are expensive, but they pay to buy provided they are properly cared for.

After tooth and nail brushes have been used they should always be placed in such a position that all water will drain from them.

Household brushes also last much longer if properly cared for, and never allowed to rest on the bristles.

Long handled and short ones alike should be hung up or propped up on a shelf.

The best cleaning preparation for brushes is a solution made by dissolving one pound of washing soda in a quart of water. This should be stirred over the fire until dissolved, and used in the proportion of one tablespoonful to a quart of water. A little soap should be used for the soft hair brushes, and cold water used for rinsing. Dry in the open air.

To clean paint brushes soak in turpentine and use spirits of wine to remove all traces of varnish.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Casters on all pieces of furniture should be oiled both at the roller and on the tip which fits into the socket. It is surprising with what ease heavy pieces of furniture may be moved if one follows this simple plan.

If there is any fear that a bed not usually slept in is damp, put a bright looking-glass between the sheets and cover it up. In a few minutes examine it. If its surface is dimmed there is cause for uneasiness.

Oil for Scales—Should any of your plants be affected with scales, try painting the scales with castor oil. It will in a few weeks will permanently rid the kill them and if applied once a wek for plants of the pest. For the tiny white worms in the soil, dig a little powdered camphor gum into the soil where they abide and they will soon die.

Before a hot water bag is put away it ought to be slightly inflated, says a careful housekeeper. Otherwise the sides may adhere to each other and in pulling them apart the bag will almost certainly be ruined. In case the precaution has been neglected and the parts have adhered some hot water with a few drops of ammonia should be put into the bag and, after a few minutes, a thin, dull-edged piece of wood may be inserted carefully between the two pieces of rubber.

BATTLE IN SUNKEN CARS

WOMAN LOOKED THREE TIMES INTO AN INFERNO.

Saved Lives of Four Men — Dived to Coach Windows and Dragged Them Out.

Standing out conspicuously among the deeds of heroism which characterized the railroad wreck at Atlantic City, New Jersey, in which 62 lives were lost, is the figure of Mrs. Harriet Macdonald, of Philadelphia. She was in the third car, in front, with her husband. Here is her own story:—

"I spent most of the summer at Atlantic City, and, although I've always been a good swimmer, I made myself a better swimmer, there, thank the Lord, now.

"My husband and I were going down to spend a couple of days. When the first pitch of the track came I seemed to know the danger. I was looking out of the window. It was open. When we pitched down the waters began to rush in. We sank, and the car was in gray darkness.

"Behind and all around me I heard terrible sounds like animals fighting. It was terrible. I knew we were all doomed, but somehow I broke the window in the upper part. But first I had taken a long breath.

"I did not think of my husband then. I thought of nothing except escape and the awfulness of the noise like animals fighting behind me. Somehow I broke the window. I crept out. The suction was terrible.

FOUGHT HER WAY THROUGH.

"The water, rushing into the car past me, tried to force me back. I held tight to the window sashes. The broken glass cut me deep, but I did not mind. I pushed myself through. I floated up through the water and saw the sky.

"Then I thought of my husband and those terrible sounds. I dived, I felt the coach and opened my eyes and looked in. Oh, I cannot tell you what I saw. It was worse than any nightmare; it was a glimpse of hell.

"Listen—there were men and women fighting, clutching, tearing each other. The women's hair was streaming down over their faces, which were bleeding. The men's faces were also bleeding. Streams of water were pouring in everywhere. From cracks in windows, from broken panes, from cracks in doors. It was surging up to their breasts, but still all fought. Oh, it was like a look into an inferno, and over all was that ghastly grey-green light.

"I broke a window. God knows how, I saw fighting there my husband. I tried to draw his eyes to the window. I could not. My breath was failing, and I reached in and seized one by the hands. I hoped it was my husband. I dragged the hands through and up to the surface. It was not my husband. It was a man, his face bleeding and one eye torn from the socket. He could swim and he reached shore as I dived again.

SAME HELLISH SCENE.

"I looked through again and still there was that terrible, silent, hellish scene within.

"It was unchanged. The water had not gotten much higher—not enough to help. I thought my husband saw my face at the window and he began to fight his way up. I sunk to the broken window, reached in again, felt my hands seized and again arose with a body. It was not my husband.

"That was terrible. Think, every minute counted. There he was in that awful place and I could not save him. A man in a boat took the man I had pulled out. He tried to hold me, and I did so want to creep into that boat and rest. I was so tired, but how could I with my husband dying down there under the water.

"I dived again. My head felt as though it was bursting, and surely my heart was heavy enough to keep me below. I struck the coach and went down slowly. The water had risen very high. Only the strongest were left, and those were floating to their chins. I looked, and my husband was one of them. Oh, how my heart jumped. I tried so hard to make him see. He did see me, and he waved his hand in a despairing gesture. He was near the window and I thought I must be able to reach him. I pushed my arms through. The glass cut me terribly, but I did not feel it.

A WOMAN'S FACE.

"Suddenly my hands were held tightly. My heart leaped wildly. That's surely he, I thought, and pulled hard. I braced my feet against the woodwork and pulled. I opened my eyes in the salt water. Oh, I remember it so—a woman with her black hair floating behind her, looked at me. She said something; her eyes opened wildly, and she held out a hand.

"I could not see who had my hands. His head was under the rushing water from the window. I could not see my husband, and thought it was he. I pulled, and the body came through. Again I rose with it, and again, and then I thought my heart would stop beating. It was not my husband.

"All this takes long to tell, but in reality the time taken was very, very short. I don't think it could have been four minutes, for each time I brought a man up I only stayed long enough to get my breath. It could not have been long, because the water would have filled the car if it had been. But it seemed an eternity.

"I was absolutely hopeless. I was so tired I could hardly muster strength enough to sink, but I did. I could not see into the car this time. I had not strength nor courage, but I found my window, and I thanked God when I felt the water still rushing in, because I knew that there still must be air within.

"Blindly I thrust my hands in, and they were caught again. I had no hope in my heart, but there came to me the thought that at least I could save some one.

HUSBAND AT LAST.

"I pulled and rose, and when I opened my eyes at the top of the water I saw that it was my husband I had caught.

"Can't tell you how I felt. It was as though I had always been in darkness and had come to light.

"My husband was nearly dead, and had only strength enough to cling feebly to me, and I had been very tired, but I felt strong—as strong as could be.

"I swam to the shore with him, and the people rushed down and I nearly fainted, but I didn't, and then he grew stronger and we came away. I couldn't dive any more. But, oh, those poor souls struggling and fighting there for life, and, oh, that poor woman who looked at me! I can see her eyes now so plainly."

BUILDING PRINCE RUPERT.

The G. T. P. Terminal City is Beginning to Take Form.

Prince Rupert, the newest Transcontinental Railway terminus on the Pacific coast, already has a population of several hundred and expects within three months to be lighted by electric city. A big English company ultimately will light the town, but for the present the current for illuminating purposes will be furnished from the sawmill plant of the British Columbia Tie and Lumber Company, which has been erected at Prince Rupert to carry out several important contracts with the Grand Trunk Pacific. Mr. Russell, who for some time was confidential agent for the company on the coast, has been pointed postmaster and customs officer at the new terminal. The town which a few months ago was covered with timber, is being cleared, and together Prince Rupert, the new town bears an appearance just like Vancouver when the C.P.R. arrived there in 1 Thomas Dunn, formerly of Vancouver but who has now joined a big firm which is starting at Prince Rupert, said in an interview:—

"Engineer Pillsbury of the Grand Trunk Pacific has seventy men at work laying out the townsite, and already the first street, which is 100 feet wide and starts at the wharf, is being planked. The clearing of 300 acres of the town site will be commenced right away. Lumber for the construction of the houses which the railway company will build at Prince Rupert had commenced to arrive before I left for the south.

"J. Morse, locating engineer of the Grand Trunk Pacific, is engaged surveying the route the line will take to Kaien Island. There are five survey parties on the island also. Dominion Hydrographic Engineer Dodge is making surveys of the harbor and contiguous waters. He will remain there winter. The harbor at Prince Rupert is one of its greatest attractions. It is absolutely landlocked and there is ample expanse of water to accommodate the shipping of the Pacific. Prince Rupert itself has a water frontage about two miles long."

NEW NAVY FOR SPAIN.

Seventy Millions to be Spent in the Six Years.

Spain is making rapid progress with the rebuilding of her navy. The expenditure of about $70,000,000, authorized by the Cortes last year, is being laid out to cover a construction programme of six years. It comprises eight 14,000-ton battleships, nine cruisers and several smaller vessels. Half the ships must be built in Spanish yards, and besides construction now under way, a complete reorganization and equipment of the arsenals, docks and yards at Ferrol, Cadiz and Carthagena has been undertaken. King Alfonso is an active patron of the navy and gives every encouragement to that branch of the Government.

Among vessels now building are the Emperador Carlos V., a protected cruiser of 10,000 tons; three battle cruisers and the protected cruiser Reina Regenta. A contract which has just been signed in London for electric power doors for the Reina Regenta, is hearing completion at Ferrol, shows that Spain intends to make her warships as up to date as possible.

According to the latest information Spain has in commission three second class battleships, four armored cruisers, thirty-three second and third-class cruisers, nine seagoing gunboats, three river gunboats, five destroyers, thirty torpedo boats and twenty-nine miscellaneous vessels.

WOULD YOU DARE SAY SO?

"How are you, my dear?" asked the fashionable visitor, addressing her hostess' little daughter.

"Very well, thank you," was the reply.

"Now, my dear," continued the questioner, patronizingly, "you should ask me how I am."

"I don't want to know," the child answered simply and honestly.

DODGED AN AVALANCHE

United States Surveyors in Alaska Have a Close Call.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: Crouching close to one another, prone on the ground while an avalanche passed over them, three members of the United States party that is demarcating the Alaska boundry line, had the closest call of their lives. Members of the Canadian survey party who were in the field with the Americans tell the adventure. The men belonged to Prof. Blackwelder's party and were working along the Alaska River. They had reached the canyon when they saw rocks, stones and trees coming down the precipitous mountain which overfrowns the swift waters. Not having time to run to a place of safety they crouched down as close to one another as they could get, and fortunately the great mass of falling debris passed over them. To indicate how narrow their shelter was it may be stated that the whole shoulder and sleeve of a man's coat on the outside was swept away so speedily that he did not realize it till he stood up when the danger was over.

The survey parties have fixed for all time a portion of the dividing line between Canadian and American soil. A. J. Brabazon had charge of the Canadians whose field of operatior s was confined to the Alsek River. [illegible]. F. Ratz devoted attention to the Wh[illegible]ing River, and the Craig party was back of Juneau. The Alsek party's work changed the misconception that the line crossed the river at the forks and was there marked by a succession of lofty peaks. The line is found to be six miles below the forks and Canada is a distinct gainer by getting valleys of great fertility that lie between the mountain peaks. Messrs. Brabazon and Ratz have left for Ottawa to report to the Government.

IRON DEPOSITS FOUND.

Vein Discovered in Snowdon Township, Haliburton County.

A despatch from Toronto says: An important find of ore is reported to have been made in Snowdon Township, in the Haliburton District, within three-quarters of a mile from the Irondale and Bancroft Railway. The deposit is the largest found in the locality, where are situated a number of mines in operation. The body of the ore is 150 feet in width and it consists of a good quality of magnetite. A claim has already been staked by William Robinson, of Bobcaygeon. The scene of the discovery originally formed part of a grant for agricultural purposes.

GOLD IN SASKATCHEWAN.

Found in Large Quantities West of North Battleford.

A despatch from North Battleford, Sask., says: Gold in vast quantities has been found at Birling, a tank station, forty-two miles west of here. The discovery was made by an old prospector named Hughes. Returns from the assaying office at Ottawa, Monday, showed $40 to the ton, placer mined. The vein is ten miles long. A great rush to the tract is expected.

MERE BOYS EXECUTED.

Firing Party at Riga Unnerved and Shot Wildly.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The Riga correspondent of the Bourse Gazette has sent in harrowing details of the execution by shooting of three boys who had been condemned by a court-martial for robbery. Four other persons were executed at the same time. The firing party was completely unnerved at the sight of mere children before them for execution, and fired wildly, and it was only after several volleys that all the prisoners were killed.

BIG FIRE IN QUEBEC.

Several Stores Are Destroyed — Loss Totals About $40,000.

A despatch from Quebec says: A big fire raged in St. Roch from 4 till 7 o'clock on Thursday morning. Fire broke out about 4 o'clock in the woodsheds at the rear of Robitaille's music store, on Cartier Street, opposite Jacques Cartier Church. The blaze spread to the store of L. C. Giguere, hardware dealer, St. Joseph Street, and then to Valliere's furniture store, and both were reduced to ashes. The residence of Mr. Onesime Goulet and the drug store of Mr. J. B. Moran were also badly damaged. The damages are valued at $40,000.

IS WANTED IN CALGARY.

Alleged Defrauder of Bank Arresed in Chicago.

A despatch from Chicago says: Percy C. Roberts, said to be wanted by the authorities of Calgary, Canada, in connection with an illegal banking transaction, was arrested here on Thursday when he alighted from a train in the depot of the Chicago and North-Western. A description of the man had been received from the police at Calgary, and he was recognized by the local police. He denied that he was wanted in Calgary, but declined to talk when shown the telegram received from the police of that place.

CONSCIENCE GAVE HIM NO REST.

John Wachince, an Austrian, Confesses a Murder.

A despatch from New York says: Unable to eat or sleep under the prickings of his conscience, he declared, John Wachince, 23 years old, an Austrian baker, on Tuesday night confessed to Coroner Julius Harburger, according to a statement made by the Coroner, that he was the murderer of Mrs. Maggie Gordon, 22 years old, who was choked to death at home on Second street, Sunday last. The woman's common law husband, Alexander Gordon, had been arrested in connection with the crime and remanded to the Tombs Prison to await an inquest. Wachince, according to the Coroner, said that the Gordon woman called him into her home as he was passing. He said he had been robbed and otherwise had suffered at the hands of the woman and had long nursed a desire to be revenged upon some of them. An irresistible impulse came to him to kill the woman, he declared, and he choked her to death. The man was locked up on a charge of homicide.

ONE COUNTRY, ONE WIFE.

Louis Bloom's Plea in a Montreal Police Court.

A despatch from Montreal says: A Russian Jew, named Louis Bloom, alias Swartz, a rag sorter, when arraigned before Judge Lafontaine on Wednesday on a charge of bigamy, made the following statement: "When I see any woman I want to marry her. I don't know why, but I cannot help it. One country, one wife. I have only one wife in this country. The other one, she belongs to the United States." Bloom had pleaded guilty to a charge of vagrancy, and non-support of his Montreal wife, and she and the Rochester wife met one another in court. When Judge Lafontaine asked Bloom if he had another wife in Russia he replied: "No, your Honor. I have only these two, and now that is one too many." Bloom was then remanded for sentence on the charge of vagrancy and non-support.

CHINA MOVING FORWARD.

Important Rearrangements in High Offices.

The London Times prints the following cable despatch from its correspondent at Pekin:—An Imperial edict has been issued, making various important re-arrangements in high offices in the central administration. While the changes are not so thorough as those called for by the Progressive party, being essentially in the nature of a compromise. they are unquestionably a step in the right direction, and augur hopefully for more radical changes hereafter. The most important change is the creation of a new Board of Communications, called Yuchuanputo, to control telegraphs and steamship lines, both now under Viceroy Yuanshikai; railways, now under the Board of Commerce, and the post-office, now a branch of the maritime customs.

SIR H. M. DURAND TO RETIRE.

British Ambassador to the United States to Return to England.

A despatch from Washington says: Sir H. M. Durand, the British Ambassador to the United States, is to retire early in the New Year.

WOLVES IN ALGONQUIN PARK TREED LONELY LUMBERMAN

Are so Plentiful This Year That Firearms Will be Permitted in Its Precincts.

Algonquin Park is infested by wolves, according to the reports received by the Department of Lands, Forests, and Mines yesterday. Mr. C. E. Hubbs, bookkeeper for A. Barnett and Company, a lumbering firm operating in the park, writes that one of the company's employes was driven by a pack of the animals to seek safety in a tree on Thursday last. The incident occurred about a mile from Brule Lake Station on the Canada Atlantic branch of the Grand Trunk Railway. Mr. Hubbs asks permission to lay down poison to destroy the wolves and to carry a gun to protect himself from attack. G. W. Bartlett, the park superintendent, reports that "wolves are very numerous this year." It is very probable therefore that Mr. Hubbs' requests will be granted, although, as Algonquin Park is a game preserve, firearms are not allowed within its boundaries.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Nov. 13. — Flour — Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at $2.70 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, $4.50; second patents, $4, and strong bakers', $3.90, Toronto.

Bran—The market is steady at $16 to $16.50 in bulk, outside. Shorts are quoted at $18.50 to $19 outside.

Wheat—No. 2 white offered at 72¼c, outside, with 70c bid; white, 71c was bid east; No. 2 mixed, 70½c bid on C.P.R. north, without sellers; No. 1 Northern, offered at 80c, Owen Sound, with 79½c bid for 5,000 bushels; also wanted at 79½c, Point Edward, without sellers.

Barley—Five cars of No. 2 sold at 52c east on C.P.R. No. 3 extra, wanted at 49c at 78 per cent. points on C.P.R., without sellers.

Peas—No. 2 offered at 81c west, while 80½c was bid on C.P.R.

Oats—One car of No. 2 white sold at 36c on a 6c rate to Toronto. They offered at 26¼c outside, with 36c bid on a 5c rate. No. 2 mixed offered at 35½c on a 6c rate, with 34½c bid.

Corn—One car of No. 2 American yellow sold at 54c, Orangeville, prompt shipment, and 54c was bid, Shelburne.

Rye—No. 2 offered at 73½c on G.T.R., east, with 72½c bid.

Buckwheat—No. 2 wanted at 55c, but none offered.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at $1.75 to $1.80, and primes at $1.60 to $1.70.

Honey—Strained quoted at 10 to 12c per lb, and combs at $2 to $2.50 per dozen.

Hops—New quoted at 18 to 22c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy scarce, and quoted at $11 to $11.25 on track here; No. 2 quoted at $8 to $8.50.

Straw—At $6 to $6.50 per ton.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 55 to 60c per bag on track, and New Brunswick, 65 to 70c per bag.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 13 to 15c; chickens, dressed, 8 to 9c; alive, 6 to 7c per lb. Fowl, alive, 5 to 6c; ducks, dressed, 10c; do, alive, 7 to 8c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 22 to 23c; tubs, 20 to 22c; large rolls, 19 to 22c. Creamery prints sell at 26 to 27c, and solids at 24½ to 25c.

Eggs—Quotations rule from 22 to 23c per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese, 12¾ to 14c, and twins, 14¼ to 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are unchanged. Bacon, long clear, 12 to 12¾c per lb in case lots; mess pork, $21 to $21.50; short cut, $23.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 15½c; do, heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 12c; shoulders, 11½c; backs, 16½ to 17c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12¾c; pails, 13c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 13. — (Special).— Business on the local Grain Market continues quiet. Oats were quoted at 38½ to 39c for No. 4 store; 39½ to 40c for No. 3, and 40½ to 41c for No. 2. Buckwheat was still quoted at 56½ to 57c per bushel in store. American corn, No. 2 yellow, being 56½ to 57c, and No. 3 mixed, 55½ to 56c in store. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.60; strong bakers', $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.25; straight rollers, $3.75 to $3.80; do, in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, $1.50 to $1.60. Feed—Manitoba bran, in bags, $20; shorts, $22 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, $20 to $20,50; shorts, $22.50 to $23; milled mouillie, $21 to $25 per ton; straight grain, $28 to $29. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess $22 to $24; half-barrels, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat backs, $23.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50; half-barrels do, $10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 12¼ to 12¾c; barrels plate beef, $12 to $13; half-barrels do, $6.50 to $7; barrels heavy mess beef, $11; half-barrels do, $6; compound lard, 8 to 9½c; pure lard, 12½ to 13c; kettle rendered, 13½ to 14c; hams, 14 to 15½c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15 to 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $8.50 to $8.75; alive, $5.85 to $6. Eggs—Selects, 24c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 24c; medium, grades, 23 to 23½c. Cheese—Ontario, 12¾ to 12⅞c; Quebec, 12¼ to 12½c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

St. Louis, Nov. 13. — Wheat — Cash, 73½c; Dec., 72⅛c; May, 76⅝c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 13.— Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 78 to 81c; No. 2 Northern, 76 to 78c; Dec., 73⅛c bid. Rye—No. 1, 65½ to 66c. Barley—No. 2, 55½c; sample, 41 to 55c. Corn—No. 3, cash, 46 to 47c; Dec., 42½c bid.

Duluth, Nov. 13.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77½c; No. 2 Northern, 76c; Nov., 77c; Dec., 75c; May, 78c; July, 78½c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, Nov. 13.—The amount of poor stuff continues to give the market a somewhat draggy tone, but good cattle are in demand, and prices for anything that is considered worth killing are steady to firm.

Export Cattle—Choice, $4.50 to $4.75; medium, $4 to $4.25; bulls, $3.50 to $3.75; cows, $3.50 to $3.75.

Butcher Cattle—Choice, $4.25 to $4.50; medium, $3 to $3.75; common, $2.50 to $2.75; cows, $2.50 to $3; bulls, firm at $2.75 to $3.25.

Stockers and Feeders — Quotations: Choice, $3.25 to $3.50; common, $2.75 to $3, bulls, $2 to $2.25; heavy feeders, $3.60 to $3.75; short-keeps, $3.75 to $3.90.

Milch Cows—Choice, $40 to $50; common, $25 to $35; springers, $25 to $40.

Calves — Trade in calves continued slow at unchanged prices. Quotations are at 3c to 6c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs—Export ewes, $4.50 to $5; bucks and culls, $3 to $3.50; lambs, $5.25 to $6.

Hogs—Quotations are 10c lower at: Choice selects, $5.65 per cwt, and lights and fats, $5.40.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

Winnipeg is free of smallpox.

Arrangements are in progress for the opening of Parliament on November 22.

The Ontario Government has extended for five months the Soo loan guarantee of $1,000,000.

Arrangements have been completed for the erection of a seven-story hotel at London, Ont.

The Toronto Railway Company is building street cars for Monterey, Mexico.

An increase of pay from ten to thirty cents a day has been granted junior employees of the Intercolonial Railway.

Sir Henry Pellatt states that Niagara electric power would not be delivered at Toronto for a couple of weeks yet.

Several defects are reported in the first issue of the Ross rifle to the Northwest Mounted Police.

The work of the revision of the statutes will be completed in time for its sanction by the Legislature at its next session.

Three of the five Judges of the Court of Appeal decided that the betting booths at the Woodbine were gambling houses.

The Privy Council has decided that the members of the Christian Brothers who teach in the schools of Ontario must be properly qualified teachers.

Mr. S. Leonard Shannon, accountant in the Department of Railways and Canals, has been appointed Controller and Treasurer of the Government Railways, a new office.

The increase for the present fiscal year in I. C. R. earnings up to Oct. 22 overthe same period of last year is $410,316.

The Ottawa authorities have been advised that the New Zealand Government has voted £20,000 annually for direct steamship service with Canada.

The Dominion Government is suing the Ocean Steamship Co. at Vancouver for failure to return two Japanese, who are afflicted with trachoma.

Mr. James Cowan has been awarded a contract for 1,000,000 ties, 6,000,000 feet of logs and 300,000 feet of piling for the Canadian Northern Railway.

Capt. Newcombe, of the Government fishery cruiser Kestrel, now protecting British Columbia waters, is reported suspended as a result of an enquiry by the Minister of Marine. The captain is accused of buying supplies for the ship at excessive rates.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The British Admiralty is proposing to train colonials for naval service.

An attempt is being made to get the winner of the Oxford-Cambridge boat race to visit America next year.

Mr. Whitelaw Reid, United States Ambassador to Great Britain, has been given the freedom of the city of Dundee.

Mr. Redmond declared in Parliament on Wednesday that Irish landlords should be compelled to sell their untenanted lands.

It is announced that the battleship Dreadnought will be attached to the new home fleet as flagship for Rear Admiral Francis C. Bridgeman.

UNITED STATES.

A locomotive engineer was scalded to death on Sunday in a train wreck at Rome, N. Y.

The National W. C. T. U. convention at Hartford passed a resolution deprecating mob law and lynching.

Charles N. Whitney has been arrested in Chicago on a charge of swindling to the extent of $3,000,000.

The employees in the office of the late Russell Sage have received, in addition to their regular October salary from the estate, checks from Mrs. Russell Sage for an equal amount.

With her infant brother in her arms, Jennie Donato, aged 13 years, was struck by a trolley car on Friday in Philadelphia. She was dragged 60 feet and both were dead when the car was stopped.

Patrick Hurley, a Rochester policeman, shot himself in the head on Friday. He walked into the morgue, and after a brief conversation with the man in charge placed a revolver to his head and pulled the trigger. Death was instantaneous. Ill-health is given as the cause of his deed.

Officials of the United States railroads who have ben conferring with their employees regarding the demands made by the latter for increased pay and shorter hours have announced that the conference has been satisfactory. An attempt will be made to introduce a uniform system of pay by the mile.

A Grand Jury at Burlington, Vt., on Tuesday returned eight indictments against two companies in connection with the sale and exportation of diseased beef and cattle in the State. Two members of the Cattle Commission were also indicted for selling diseased cattle to the two companies.

GENERAL.

Civil war is said to be imminent in Venezuela.

French doctors have discovered a cure for the sleeping sickness.

Japanese are leaving Hawaii in large numbers for the United States.

Jews not belonging to the University of St. Petersburg have been forbidden to attend lectures.

Bandits have looted several villages in the neighborhood of Tangier, Morocco.

The Czar has granted full religious freedom to the sect of Old Believers.

Southern France has been swept by a terrible hurricane.

General Picquart has instituted a campaign against unpatriotic Socialists in France.

Fourteen persons were shot recently at Cronstadt because no hangman could be procured.

Baron Von Hagen, a German sportsman, stayed one month in the Cassiar country in British Columbia on a hunting trip, and came back with two moose, three caribou, three mountain sheep, a black bear and a si[illegible]

JAPAN AND UNITED STATES

Trouble Is Likely to Ensue From Delay in School Question.

A despatch from Tokio says: The Jiji Shimpo, commenting on the trouble with the United States, says that while the educated Japanese fully appreciate the attitude of the Washington Government,, and realize that its intentions are fair, they regret that the obduracy of the Californians in regard to the treatment of the Japanese in that State necessitates a settlement of the question by the courts.

The paper adds that it fears the effect of slow legal process upon a majority of the people, to whom San Francisco means the United States. Propinquity strengthened the appeal for contributions for the relief of the earthquake sufferers, and likewise accentuates popular resentment, which, despite the persuasions of the educated minority, seems likely to attain the dimension of national bitterness towards all the United States, which will seriously affect future social and trade relations. The Jiji Shimpo prays the Californians to consider the serious consequences of their exclusiveness.

HATES THE JAPS.

A despatch from San Francisco says: Secretary Metcalf will return to Washington on Monday, and there is no likelihood of the Board of Education reversing their decision to exclude Japanese children from the schools. It is claimed by eminent jurists that since the treaty with Japan does not contain a "favored nation" clause, California, as one of the federated States, is in no way bound to extend to Japanese citizens all the privileges that it extends to persons of other nationalities.

The whole Pacific slope is unanimous in its support of San Francisco's attitude. In fact a California representative to Congress will next session present a bill to exclude Japanese, the same as Chinese. There is a deep-rooted dislike of the Mikado's subjects.

ANOTHER COBALT FOUND.

Discoveries in Temagami Forest Reserve so Characterized.

A despatch from Toronto says: Further reports of the discoveries of silver in the Temagami Forest Reserve, announced a few days ago, confirm the statements regarding the richness of the district. In addition to the find made by White Brothers, of Muskoka, silver has been located on a claim staked and recorded by F. N. McConnell, of Haileybury. This gentleman is credited with the statement that the field is a new Cobalt. In an interview with the Temiskaming Herald, he is quoted as saying: "We have something as fine as Cobalt ever showed in the way of surface indications. Think of a vein of cobalt running up the face of a cliff for fifty feet into the air and showing the bloom so clear and bright that it could be seen for a quarter of a mile away. And then add to that the native silver, veins running back and forth on the property closer together and as distinct as in Coleman Township. Two claims are even now being held at $100,000 each."

PORT ARTHUR IS GROWING.

Ratepayers Carry Two By-laws to Assist Large Industries.

A despatch from Port Arthur says: The ratepayers, on Wednesday, voted upon and carried two by-laws—one to guarantee the bonds of the Meisel Manufacturing Company to the extent of $75,000 for the establishing here of works to manufacture agricultural and mill machinery, and the other to loan the Seamen, Kent Company $15,000 for a term of ten years to erect a factory to manufacture hardwood house building material. Work on both factories will be pushed during the winter, with a view to their being ready for operation in the spring. The Meisel Company will employ a force of 500 men from the start, and the Seamen, Kent Company 100, so that the locating of these new industries means a great deal to the town. Construction work on the Atikokan Iron Company's blast furnace plant is rapidly proceeding, and it is expected to go into operation making pig iron next March. Counting the men employed at the company's mines, about 600 will be engaged.

MONEY IN IRRIGATION.

Alberta Company Has Net Profit Double That of Last Year.

A despatch from London says: At the annual meeting of the Alberta Railway & Irrigation Company Colonel Wodehouse said the estimated net profit for the year was $343,960. After paying interest on the five per cent. debentures, there remained a balance of $47,225 against $21,000 last year. The minimum selling price of irrigated land is now twenty dollars per acre.

AUSTRALIANS FOR ARMY.

Premier Deakin Favors Enlistment in National Reserve.

A despatch from London says: Premier Deakin of Australia has given a sympathetic answer to a deputation which proposed a voluntary enlistment of 50,000 Australian citizens in the national military reserve. Personally he did not shrink from compulsory service, but some such scheme as suggested should first be tried.

CHOOSE YELLOW HEAD PASS.

Route of Grand Trunk Pacific Through the Rockies.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Grand Trunk Pacific has decided upon the Yellow Head Pass as the one which it is to use to reach the Pacific coast. This has been done after careful surveys. The Government will be asked to approve this pass, which will give a grade through the Rocky Mountains of about four-tenths of one per cent.

TWO ILLICIT STILLS.

Seized by Inland Revenue O[illegible] Middlesex.

A despatch from Ottaw[illegible] Department of Inland Re[illegible] advised of the seizure [illegible] the London division of [illegible] which were found in [illegible] two farmers in the Township of East Williams, Middlesex County. The far[illegible]ers were fined $100 each and the s[illegible] were confiscated.

BOYS TAUGHT TO SHOOT.

Compulsory Drill in Schools of the Australian Capital.

Australians, realizing that the only alternative to conscription in a democracy is a citizen army, with a great reserve of men able to shoot and knowing a little elementary drill, are steadily proceeding with plans which have as their aim compulsory drill in all schools for lads over a certain age. These plans are quite independent of the cadet corps attached to the schools, elementary and secondary, and of the various flourishing rifle clubs which now cover the civilized centres in the Commonwealth.

The first schools to adopt these plans are the great secondary grammar schools of Victoria, which can very easily rival many of the big grammar schools of Great Britain.

From Oct. 1 this year between 1,500 and 1,600 lads of the middle and professional classes and of "the wealthy lower orders," who are ov[illegible] the age of 12 will be obliged, unless medically unfit, to undergo courses of physical drill and military training until they leave for the university or business careers.

G. E. Blanch, the headmaster of the Church of England Grammar School, in Melbourne, is the moving spirit in the business. Under his leadership all the secondary schools are coming into line. The Secondary School Teachers' Association has taken the matter up, and it is hoped that before long it will carry the compulsory military training idea to success throughout the length and breadth of Australia and Tasmania.

NO FOREIGN LOANS.

Denial at St. Petersburg That Such are Contemplated.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: It is authoritatively denied that the Government is considering the question of an issue of a supplementary loan of 500,000,000 rubles ($250,000,000), at 4 p[illegible] cent., or that it has been decided to g[illegible] to foreign banks as security share[illegible] the Peasants' Land Bank.

There is also no truth in the [illegible]ment that it is planned to give a [illegible]cession to an American syndica[illegible] exploiting the economic riches of [illegible] country.

Thaese reports are spread by the Opposition press, with the view of discrediting the Ministry.

WAS 105 YEARS OLD.

Probably Oldest Woman in the Province is Dead.

A despatch from Brockville says: In the death of Mrs. Darby Morrison, of Montague, probably the oldest person in the province passed away. She was born in Sligo, Ireland, almost 105 years ago. She lived with her daughter, Mrs. Kate Guthrie, in Montague, and up to a few weeks ago was remarkably smart and active.

DERAILED TRAIN WITH BOMB.

Terrorists Then Seized the Mail and Escaped.

A despatch from Warsaw says: As a train was entering the Rogoff station on Thursday evening a party of terrorists threw a bomb at the mail car. The explosion caused the derailment of the train, and killed or wounded many persons. The men Terrorists seized the mails and escaped. It is reported that they obtained a million roubles.

CONNAUGHT TO VISIT US.

Official Tour of Canada to Follow His [illegible] [illegible]anied by the [illegible] Patricia. The [illegible] next month.

A despat[illegible] [illegible]ys: The Dublin E[illegible] [illegible]ined that the D[illegible] [illegible]en- [illegible]eral [illegible]cial [illegible] to [illegible] Far

[illegible] FOR WOMEN.

[illegible]sh House—No Consideration This Session.

[illegible]espatch from London says: In the [illegible]use of Commons on Wednesday Keir Hardie, Labor leader, introduced a bill to confer the suffrage on women. The Premier said there would be no opportunity of dealing this session with the measure, which was read a first time.

THE

North Hastings Review

IS PUBLISHED

THURSDAY MORNING

AT THE

REVIEW PRINTING OFFICE, MADOC, ONT

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—One dollar and a half per year; one dollar per year, if paid in advance, or within thirty days.

No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. A post office notice is not sufficient unless a settlement to date has been made. Subscribers changing their address should immediately notify the publisher, giving old and new address. Subscribers outside the limits of the County must pay in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Transient advertising such as Legal Notices, Public Notices, Public Meetings, Municipal Advertisements, etc., inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line Nonpareil space for the first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of this class measured from rule to rule and by the scale of solid Nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Condensed advertisements of Estray Stock, Articles Lost, Found, or For Sale, Teachers Wanted, Situations Wanted, Help Wanted, To Let, Business Chances, and others of a like nature, not exceeding 12 lines Nonpareil, inserted at the rate of 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each week afterwards. Ads. of this class must be paid in advance.

Any notice, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or corporation is considered an advertisement and must be charged as such.

Accounts will be rendered quarterly and are expected to be paid promptly.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Copy for changes of contract advertisements must be left with us before noon on Monday. If this rule is not observed the change will not be made till the following week.

All copy for advertising, under contract or otherwise, must be acceptable in every way to the editor.

Advertisements without specific instructions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

JOHN R. ORR,
Editor and Proprietor

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, NOVEMBER 15, 1906.

Legislature to Meet January 15th.

Tuesday, January 15th, is the day, The Toronto News understands, that the Government has now in mind for the opening of the next Legislative session, although it may be necessary to wait a week later.

With this end in view instructions have been issued to all the departments to proceed at the earliest possible date with the preparation of their estimates.

The aim for an early session falls severely on the Treasury Department, and other departments are asked to be prompt.

The impression grows that the coming session will be another conspicuous one for the promulgation of positive policies by the Government.

Output of Ontario Mines.

Returns of Mining Industry For Nine Months.

Returns made to the Bureau of Mines give the output of the metalliferous mines and works of Ontario for the nine months ending 30th September, 1906, as follows :—

	Quantity.	Value
Gold, ounces......	2,015	$34,377
Silver, ounces....	2,542,827	1,609,554
Cobalt, tons......	138	110,400
[illegible]ickel, tons......	8,037	2,856,233
[illegible]pper, tons......	3,900	600,000
[illegible] ore tons....	94,159	117,466
[illegible]ons	208,094	3,194,206
[illegible]........	123,257	3,059,070
[illegible]........	300	4,500
[illegible]ons	691	13,830

These figures show a considerable advance over those for the same period of 1905, and indicate that the production for 1906 will be much the largest of any year in the history of metalliferous mining in Ontario. The silver, cobalt and arsenic are all products of the mines in the cobalt district. The nickel and copper were for the most part mined in the Sudbury region, while the iron is found in the iron range in the neighborhood of Michipicoten.

—CONTRACTS have been awarded for the erection in New York city of what will be the tallest building in the world. This is the proposed new Singer building on Broadway, north of liberty street. It will require for the work 6,000 tons of structural steel. The building will have thirty-six regular floors, on top of which will be a dome including four floors, the fortieth floor being 550 feet above the curb. This is a part of the transformation of a city into an abode of cliff-dwellers

BELMONT.

From our own Correspondent.

Mr. F. J. Taylor, who has been laid up for the past six months is no better and has gone to the city to be treated with X-ray. We hope to hear good news of his return.

Mr. M. Batchler and Mr. A. Smith, both of Coe Hill, are spending a week with Mr. F. J. Taylor.

Mr. W. Rylott, who has been con[illegible] back the [illegible]d for the last two weeks, [illegible] and one that [illegible] he home for [illegible]n's Cough [illegible] attack if [illegible]comes [illegible]ugh

[illegible] rt nerves always. [illegible] remedy to stimu- [illegible] to reaction. The streng[illegible] ral and permanent. It is [illegible]ngth as Nature gives to those [illegible] Shoop's Restorative (Tablets [illegible]tes strength which extends over [illegible]e nerve system—it overcomes the [illegible]e trouble as well as the result. Sold [illegible] "ALL DRUGGISTS"

Obituary.

The Late Mrs. Jerbin S. Empey, who Died on November 3rd, 1906.

Mrs. Margaret E. Empey was the only daughter of the late William McGinnis, of Madoc, one of its early settlers. She was born on the 31st of July, 1850, in the township of Thurlow, where she resided until she was eleven years old, then moved with her parents to Madoc on the farm where she lived the remainder of her life. She was married to Mr. Jerbin S. Empey on January 22nd, 1866, to whom she proved a devoted and loving wife and a fond mother of eight children, four sons and four daughters, six of whom survive her, being: Charles, of Vancouver; William, of California; Hugh, of Rat Portage; Arthur and Ina, at home; and Mrs. John N. Rupert, of Madoc. Her daughters Louise, the late Mrs. F. A. Comerford, and Ethel, departed this life ten and fifteen years ago.

She was a life member of the Anglican church, by which she was buried. She was a good and obliging neighbor, respectful, and highly respected by all who knew her, and possessed the qualities and virtues that constitute true womanhood. After suffering intensely over two weeks she passed peacefully away fully trusting in Christ and resigned to his will.

Her husband, family and friends have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement, and in her sad and premature death.

Lumber and Law.

Interesting Judgment in a Lumber Case Tried Before His Honour Judge Fraleck on July 12th.

The following is the judgment just rendered by Judge Fraleck in an action brought by A. McNair against James McEwen, in the Division Court at Madoc, to recover his commission on the sale of some lumber for the defendant :—

It is admitted that there were some negotiations between the plaintiff and defendant in regard to the sale of lumber. It appears that prior to this transaction the plaintiff had bargained with one White for the sale of his lumber and cut the same according to White's specifications. It was understood that the lumber was to go to Speight & Co., manufacturers, at Markham.

It appears Speight & Co. repudiated White as their agent and neglected carrying out his bargain. The defendant, despairing of the sale to Speight & Co., began to look to Smith's Falls and other places for the disposal of his lumber and then it was and on the 22nd of January (not February) that this transaction took place between the plaintiff and defendant. The plaintiff alleges he sold the lumber to Speight & Co. for the defendant and sues for commission. The defendant alleges that the plaintiff was to sell the lumber on his own responsibility, receiving for his commission all he could get over a certain figure, which sale he did not effect: that he sold the lumber to Speight & Co., and not the plaintiff. The result of the plaintiff's negotiations with Speight & Co. was that he returned with $100 cheque from them to the defendant on account of the purchase of the lumber which the defendant refused to accept but retained the same in his possession. Then the defendant goes to Speight & Co. and obtains a waiver or variation of the objectional condition, and the sale was finally consumated, the defendant cashing the $100 cheque brought to him by the plaintiff. Now, two questions arise, viz: Did the plaintiff go to Markham and endeavor to sell the lumber at the defendants request? and was there a probability that Speight & Co. would have purchased the defendant's lumber without the efforts of the plaintiff? I am of the opinion that the plaintiff did go to Markham, certainly with the knowledge, but also at the request of the defendant and as to the other question I think it is problematical whether Speight & Co. would ever have carried out White's bargain without the intervention of the plaintiff.

I think the plaintiff is entitled to some pay for his expense and services and I fix the sum at $50.

Judgment therefore will be for $50 and costs.

November 8th, 1906.

(Signed) E. B. FRALECK,
Judge.

A. A. McDonald for plaintiff. E. G. Porter for defendant.

Biscuits 5c. a pound at Hudgins'.

Try G. A. Rollins for Stove Pipes and Elbows.

New Advertisements.

Estray Sheep.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 12, 9th concession of Madoc, about the 16th of September, one sheep. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

46-3 ELIAS HOLMES.

Estray Heifers.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 22, in the 8th concession of Madoc, on or about November 1st, three yearling Heifers. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

CHRISTOPHER FOX.
Madoc, Nov. 12th, 1906. 46-3t

Notice.

As my wife has left my bed and boarding-house without any just cause or provocation, I hereby forbid any person or persons giving her any goods or credit on my account, as I will not be responsible for the same.

WM. BROADWORTH.
Madoc, Nov. 8th, 1906. 46-3t

1906 FRUITS 1906

ALL NEW AND FRESH.

Oranges, Lemons, Dates
Figs, Prunes, Cranberries
Raisins, Currants

and many other nice things suitable for your Christmas preparations

At Wright's New Grocery,
Confectionery, Fruit and Crockery Store.

Our Spices have no equal.

Prompt delivery.

Strictly Cash Business.

GEORGE WRIGHT,
Wright Block

Highest cash price paid for Eggs, Butter and Produce of all kinds.

Was This Business-Like ?

We presume that some people think newspaper men are persistent dunners. Let a farmer place himself in a similar position and see if he would not do the same. Suppose that he raises a thousand bushels of corn, and his neighbor should come and buy, and the price was one dollar or less, and says, "I will pay the amount in a few days." As the farmer does not want to be small about the matter, he says, "All right." Another comes the same way, and another, until the whole thousand bushels of corn are trusted to a thousand different people and no one of the different persons concerns himself about it, for it is a small amount they owe the farmer and of course that will not help him any. He does not realize that the farmer has frittered away his entire crop of corn, and that its value is due in a thousand little driblets, and that he is seriously embarassed in his business, because his debtors treat it as a little matter. But if all would pay him promptly, which they could as well as not, it would be a large sum to the farmer and enable him to carry on his business without difficulty.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of Brook Valley Cheese Factory will be held in the factory on Tuesday, Nov. 27th, at 1 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of paying dividends, selling milk routes, receiving tenders for cheese making and business in general.

T. E. BURNSIDE,
President.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Eldorado cheese factory will be held in the factory on Saturday, November 24th, at 12 o'clock, noon. Tenders will be received for cheese-making until above date.

CHRIS. WRIGHT,
President

Madoc, Nov. 6th, 1906.

Voters' List Court.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held, pursuant to "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act," by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Hastings at the Township Hall, Eldorado, on Tuesday November 27th, 1906, at the hour of 9 o'clock a.m. in the forenoon, to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the municipality of Madoc township for 1906.

All persons having business at the Court are required to attend at the said time and place.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1906

W. T. ALLEN,
Clerk of said municipality

Desirable Farm For Sale.

Being part of lots 20 and 21, con. 1, township of Hillier, containing over 150 acres choice land, about 3 miles from Wellington on beautiful gravel road. Fine buildings, beautifully situated on lake shore. House large and comfortable, kitchen, pantry, dining-room, sitting-room, parlor, six bed-rooms, bath-room, wood-house, good cellar, with furnace, hot water in kitchen, large cistern. Barn 30x110 ft. with 25 ft. posts, shed 24x100, shed 23x70 ft. with plenty of stabling, large drive-house, tenant-house, hen-house, pig-pen and good implement house, 3 acre orchard, watered by never-failing creek, 3 wells and lake front, well fenced with cedar, 15 acres good timber, church, school, post-office, blacksmith shop and cheese factory convenient. Rare chance for raising produce for canning factory, being close to three large factories, which insures the highest prices for everything. Come and see this farm before snow comes.

The owner is reluctant to part with it, but on account of ill-health it must be sold. Price $7250,00. Possession 1st March, 1907. Fall plowing. Address

T. N. WAY,
Rosehall, P.O.

Nov. 5th, 1906. 45-4t

Found.

Between Madoc and Moira Lake, a Buffalo Robe. Owner can have same by calling at REVIEW office, and paying expenses.

Nothing Like Leather When it is Well Put Together.

So for first-class homemade Boots and Shoes, and repairing out of the best first-class French stock, from 5 per cent. to 10 per cent. lower than elsewhere.

Also a lot of first-class Celery for sale at the garden.

44-3 WM. MOORE,
on the corner opposite C. G. Wilson's.

Blacksmithing.

J. R. Brown wishes to advise his many patrons that he is back from his trip to the North West, and will be pleased to supply all requirements in his line, at right prices. A call solicited.

J. R. BROWN,
Madoc, Nov. 6th, 1906. 45-2

Farm for Sale or to Rent.

200 acres two miles east of Frankford, lot 13, in the 5th concession of Sidney. In a good state of cultivation, well watered, good buildings, and fences, close to school house and nicely situated. Two good orchards and lots of wood and timber. Apply to

RICHARD BAMBER,
36 Box 66, Frankford, P.O.

Farm For Sale.

Lot 18, con. 8 Madoc township, 185 acres—under cultivation 130 acres, good sugar-bush, abundance of wood, remainder pasture, good dairy, farm watered by two never-failing springs, very close to school, churches, cheese-factory, blacksmith shop, post-office and railroad station. Good brick house, drive-house, two barns, orchards and small fruit.

For particulars apply to

WILLIE J. IRWIN,
45 Rimington, Ont.

Notice !

In the Matter of the Estate of James Miller, Yeoman, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the above estate are to file with or send by mail in registered letter properly verified by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned, the Executors of the said estate at the Law Office of A. A. McDonald, Madoc, on or before the 19th November next. Otherwise the said Executors will proceed to distribute the said estate, taking notice of only such claims as are duly filed as aforesaid, pursuant to the Statutes of Ontario in that behalf.

Dated this 16th October, 1906. 42-4

A. NICHOLSON, A. A. McDONALD, } Executors

Tudhope Sleighs

You should buy a Tudhope Sleigh for the same reasons we sell them.

They are made by men who "know how." They are guaranteed free of all imperfections in materials and workmanship. They have behind them the reputation of a house that has been building sleighs in Canada for 55 years.

At least, SEE the new styles in

Tudhope Sleighs.

T. L. NICKLE, Madoc

STEVENS

'NOUGH SAID

FOR SALE BY

M. W. CONNOR & SON

HARDWARE MERCHANTS - - - - - MADOC

20 CENTURY BRAND REG'D

FINE TAILORED GARMENTS FOR MEN

SPEAKING ABOUT

=Overcoats=

Did you ever realize the fact that good clothes and stylish clothes are not so much a question of price as of

Choosing the Right Make.

Of course you can't get a real good overcoat for $5 or $6. We all know that. But it is a fact, nevertheless, that you can pay 20 or $25 and get a real bad overcoat, honestly made, perhaps, by a custom tailor whose cloths, style and tailoring are all out of date. The safest and most sensible thing for you to do is to choose the right make We strongly advise you to choose

-20th CENTURY BRAND-

The extraordinary success of this brand of Fine Tailored Garments for men has been due in a great measure to the fact they are unquestionably superior in style and fit to any other make. The tailoring, too, is just a little better than other creditable productions. We are in the clothes business, and we see the best and the worst. We chose 20th Century Brand Garments for the same reason that you should—because they are the best and because the price is always just for quality and no more.

A. WILLIAMSON,

BIG FOUR. RELIABLE CLOTHIER, MADOC.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

SOLE AGENTS IN THIS DISTRICT FOR

Massey Harris Farm Implements,
Superior Disc Drills and Harrows,
Goodison Thresher Company,
DeLaval Cream Separators,
Massey Harris Cream Separators,
Ontario Wind Engine and Pump Co.
Mount Forest Carriages

A full stock of plow repairs always on hand. Call in whether you want to buy or not.

Everybody welcome.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

...MILNE'S...

Specials for This Week.

300 yards

ALL WOOL . . . DRESS GOODS

Heavy winter weight, different Colors, 54 and 56 inches wide,

REGULAR PRICE $1.25

SALE PRICE 60c.

This is one of the best bargains we ever had in Dress Goods.

ALEX. MILNE

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

White's

Steel and Iron Ploughs.

Plough Points for Different Make of Ploughs.

Coolers of all sizes.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Will be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE

The Signs of Heart Trouble

Can Surely Secure Heart Health and Strength through Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

Heart weakness which can be dealt with as all is nerve weakness. Just as your hand trembles when its nerves are weak, when your heart is weak your heart flutters and palpitates. Other signs are shortness of breath after exertion; fainting spells; pain or tenderness about the heart caused by irregular heart action; choking sensation as if the heart was in the throat; uneasy sensation in the left side, showing that the heart isn't resting right; pain when you lie on the left side—usually the left side, but frequently the pain is felt; painful and difficult breathing; smothered feeling. There is absolutely only one way to get at the weak heart, and that is to bring back Natural and permanent strength to the nerves. Can you imagine how anything else can be expected to do? Dr. Shoop's Restorative will bring back the strength to the nerves always. There is nothing else like it. There is nothing else to remedy to stimulate; nothing that is a tonic reaction. The strength that it gives is natural and permanent. It is just the same strength as Nature gives to those who are well. Dr. Shoop's Restorative (Tablets or Liquid) gives strength which extends over the whole nerve system—it overcomes the cause of the trouble as well as the result. Sold by "ALL DRUGGISTS"

For Weak Hearts

HOME NEWS

GOSSIP CHAT

MADOC, NOVEMBER 15, 1906.

—Less than six weeks to Christmas.

—Snow flurries are now the order of the day.

—Matinee for children Tuesday afternoon, 20th November.

—Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn, of Belleville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. R. Orr, this week.

☞ Go to G. A. Ferguson for Pennoline Coal Oil.

—Miss Bessie Wannamaker, of Belleville, spent a few days in town visiting her mother.

☞ Six bars Sunlight Soap for 25c. at Hudgins'.

—Owing to the closing of the cheese factories butter came down considerably during the last week.

☞ We buy Butter. F. G. LYNDE.

—M. Coulter, Huntingdon, tax collector, was in Madoc last week calling on those citizens who own real estate in that municipality.

☞ The best Flour in North Hastings is sold at Hudgins' at the lowest price.

—Many of the Madoc hunters are home from the hunt. The luck was good this year, and apparently none have been shot in mistake for a deer.

—Mr. W. H. Cline, of Toronto, agent of the Canada Bible Society, who addressed the meeting at Madoc on Tuesday evening, gave THE REVIEW a friendly call.

☞ If you would look to your own interest you will buy your Groceries, Flour and Feed from W. W. Hudgins.

—Mr. Geo. Lee, miner, returned from Cobalt last week, and reports great riches in that part of Ontario. He has not been without luck himself, having secured a few good properties.

☞ Pure Pennoline Coal Oil for sale by G. A. Ferguson.

—Rev. Mr. Bowerman has now permanently located in Madoc as pastor of the Methodist Church for the balance of the church year, rendered vacant by the death of Rev. Dr. McDiarmid. Mr. Bowerman is a young man of good ability, just ordained, and has so far made a most favorable impression.

☞ Hudgins does the largest Grocery and Flour business in North Hastings and is in a position to sell you cheaper than any other man doing business. Around the corner opposite the Post office.

Preventics, as the name implies, prevent all Colds and Grippe when "taken at the sneeze stage." Preventics are toothsome candy tablets. Preventic dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventics are thoroughly safe for children, and as effectual for adults. Sold and recommend in 5 cents and 25 cents boxes by all dealers.

—What are our business men doing towards bringing trade to Madoc, or even holding the trade they formerly had? Count up the list of Madoc merchants who never ask a single customer to call at their respective stores and see their goods!

THE REVIEW has been trying for years to boom Madoc and keep its business advantages before the buying public of the surrounding county. NOT MUCH USE when over one-half of our business men do not see the necessity of trying to assist by advertising for the trade that IS INVITED TO GO ELSEWHERE.

Some of our merchants are doing splendid work in bringing buyers to Madoc, as evidenced by their live weekly advertisements, but why should not EVERY ONE do his share?

Wake up, Everybody!

—Don't forget Prof. Green's Biograph Moving Pictures in Masonic Hall, November 19th and 20th.

☞ Napoleon Tobacco 70c. a pound at Hudgins'.

—Prof. Green will be here Monday and Tuesday, November 19th and 20th. If you fail to see his pictures you miss the best show of the season.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for American Coal Oil.

—Friday last, 9th inst., was the birthday of His Majesty King Edward VII. How many Madocers remembered it to keep it a holiday?

☞ Hudgins defies competition in Sugar. Give him a call when you are ready to buy.

—Mr. Thos. E. Thompson, Canadian Customs Officer at Chicago, was visiting his friends at Queensboro last week, and gave THE REVIEW a call on Thursday on his way back to the Windy City.

☞ More Sugar for one dollar at Hudgins' than any other place in Madoc.

—Monday and Tuesday evenings Madoc people will receive a treat in way of Moving Pictures in the Masonic Hall. Prof. Green has visited Madoc before and every person who saw his show was perfectly satisfied. Don't forget the date, November 19th and 20th.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoep's Magic Ointment. It's made for Piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large Nickel Capped glass jars, 50 cents. Sold and recommend by all dealers.

—We are pleased to note the onward progress of one of our Madoc "boys." Jack McDonald, son of Lawyer McDonald, who has for the last three years been engaged in London as assistant Secretary of an English Financial Company, has been appointed a Lieutenant in the King's Imperial Volunteers of England.

Death of Rev. F. B. Stratton.

Rev. F. B. Stratton, superannuated Methodist minister, died at Kingston, on Thursday last, aged 68. He was born near Napanee. He spent forty-eight years in the ministry, and was prominent in the old M. E. Church as well as the Methodist Church, into which it was merged in 1884. He was ex-President of the Bay of Quinte Conference. A widow and six daughters survive. Rev. Mr. Stratton spent three years on the Madoc circuit, being the first minister sent to this village after the union, along with Rev. W. C. Beer.

School Report.

The following is the report for October for McCoy's School:—

Cl. IV.—Hester Irwin, James Irwin.

Sr. III.—Herbert McCoy, Mabel Holmes.

Jr. III.—George Moorcroft.

Sr. II.—Russell Fitzgerald.

Jr. II.—Robbie Moorcroft, Hettie Franklin, Muriel Irwin.

Sr. Pr. II.—Lily Franklin, Minnie Phillips, Clara Hamilton, Willie McCoy.

Jr. Pr. II.—Evelyn Phillips, Lily Gordon.

Sr. Pr. I.—Florence Fitzgerald, Albert Holmes, Harry Moorcroft, Percy Fitzgerald.

Jr. Pr. I.—Ella Moore, Nellie Hayton.

A Cl.—George Gordon, Bruce Phillips, Bernice McCoy, Laura Hayton, Bertha Moorcroft, Herkie Franklin.

M. CORBETT,
Teacher.

A Bad Practice.

We often wonder why it is so many young men can be seen loafing upon our streets until a late hour of night. The fathers of these young men, many of them at least, are numbered among our best citizens. If their cow or their horse or even their favorite dog was away from home after dark they would be out on a search, but their own children can roam the town all night with apparently no effort being made to find them. The boy seems to be turned loose at a tender age to wander at will into the paths of sin and vice, and then we wonder where all our tramps and worthless specimens of humanity come from. It is a regretable fact that too many of them come from seed germinated in good homes and then sown in a careless manner upon the streets and back alleys. Parents, is your boy wasting his time upon the streets? If so, bad you not, at least, look after him as carefully at nightfall as you would your horse and cow. We do not intimate that this evil exists to a greater extent in this community than in sister towns, but the evil seems universal and increases in magnitude as the years roll by.

Bible Society Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Madoc Branch of the Bible Society was held on Tuesday evening in the Methodist Church. The attendance was very much better than for some years, and the greatest interest was manifested.

After devotional exercises led by Rev. E. W. Mackay, of St. Peter's, and Rev. Mr. Bowerman, the Secretary read a letter from the President, Mr. A. F. Wood, regretting his unavoidable absence owing to a prior engagement, and stating that this was the second time only that he had been absent during the forty years he has held the position of President of the Society.

Rev. W. H. Cline, of Toronto, the General Agent of the Society, then delivered a very interesting and instructive address. He traced the history of the British and Foreign Bible Society from the formation in 1804 down to the present time, and showed the grand work it had accomplished. Last year alone the Society had printed and distributed 5,939,070 copies of the Word. Thanks to the interest being manifested by the Christian Church, the good work was going on and increasing year by year.

The election of officers then took place, the same staff being re-elected:

President—A. F. Wood.
Sec.-Treas.—J. C. Dale.
Depositary—H. H. Jones.
And a Committee of the resident ministers.

Green's High-class Moving Pictures

Again Coming to Madoc.

Prof. J. C. Green's high-class moving picture "show" is coming to Madoc again, and will be seen in the Masonic Hall on the evenings of Monday and Tuesday next, November 19th and 20th. Green has always "made good" in Madoc, and we bespeak for him a crowded house this time. Here are a couple of press notices regarding his show this year:—

Galt Daily Reporter,—Prof. Green's biograph pictures, presented in the Opera House last night, were attended by a large crowd from Galt, Preston and Hespeler. The views were fine and everyone was of the opinion that they were the finest ever seen in these parts. Prof. Green deserves a great deal of credit for his excellent show and his many Waterloo county friends are greatly pleased at his success.

Carleton Place, Central Canadian,—Prof. Green held the Hall Monday and Tuesday evenings of this week with his Biography, which puts upon the big canvas, scenes that convulse with laughter as well as those which instruct the mind and fascinate the imagination. Prof. Green is lavish with his program and gives satisfaction. The entertainment is well worth seeing.

Tea and Bazaar.

The ladies of St. John's church will hold a tea and also have a sale of work suitable for 'Xmas presents, in the St. Lawrence Hall sample rooms on Friday, December 7th. Particulars later.

Corner Congregations.

The REVIEW has often been asked where the Chief Constable is when the corner congregations are in solid phalanx formation, spitting, chewing and otherwise making an all-round nuisance of themselves, especially on Sundays.

The Deal is Off.

The expected transfer of the Moon's Hotel premises from Mr. Curry to W. J. Atkins, announced in our last issue, will not take place owing to som complication regarding the present lease. Mr. Samuel Curry remains as landlord of this popular hostlery, and invites all his friends and patrons to call and see him as usual.

Advertising Continuously.

It does not pay to advertise, say some merchants who have done but little of it and that without keeping it up. The incident of the boy and the pump illustrates the matter very well. The boy was sent after a pail of water. He poured in the priming and poured out as much as he poured in. Then he stopped to rest and the priming ran down. After some time of alternate pumping and resting he concluded it did not pay to pump and quit in disgust. The merchant who does not believe in advertising does it like the boy did the pumping. He advertised a few weeks, then stopped a while and allowed the people to forget him and his business before he advertised again and then concluded advertising didn't pay.

SALE REGISTER.

There will be offered for sale by public auction on west half lot 24, 6th concession of Madoc township, on Tuesday, November 20th, the farm stock, implements, etc., the property of Joseph Best. Sale at 1 o'clock sharp. Nine months' credit. Jacob Huff, auctioneer.

On Wednesday, December 5th.—Farm stock, implements, etc., belonging to Mrs. Mark Sandford, lot 25 in the 5th concession of Madoc. Sale at 1 o'clock sharp. Nine months' credit. Jacob Huff, auctioneer.

[NOTE.—Sale bill printed at REVIEW office, Madoc, will receive a notice similar to above, free of charge.]

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, the dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with a human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips mean feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free, trial box, at our store, and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25 cents at all dealers.

Have You a Friend?

Then tell him about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Tell him how it cured your hard cough. Tell him why you always keep it in the house. Tell him to ask his doctor about it. Doctors use a great deal of it for throat and lung troubles.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will hasten recovery. Gently laxative.

☞ Six pounds finest Rice for 25c. at Hudgins'.

TAKE YOUR OWN PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAKE YOUR OWN PICTURES.

It is easy to do this if you have a Kodak or a Brownie Camera.

We have them from $1.00 to $35.00.

The whole process is simple, interesting and profitable.

Come in and let us explain it to you. We will be pleased and you will be benefited.

The Corner Drug Store

W. P. J. Alexander.

Horehound and Cherry Cough Syrup

has cured over 400 coughs and colds, so you can depend on it curing yours. It is made out of roots and herbs and contains nothing injurious. Ask your neighbor about it as now is the time to cure that cold.

Costs only **25c. a bottle.**

COD LIVER OIL EMULSION costs 50c. a pint if you get it here.

We also keep a full stock of **PINE'S MEDICINES AND PILLS.**

HARRY H. JONES, PHM B.

Christmas Buying...

Will Soon Begin

EYES TESTED FREE

Get ahead of the crowd and see our fine stock before the choice pieces are picked up. We believe we have the finest stock ever shown in Madoc. We know it's the finest we have ever shown

We call your attention to our stock of Ebony and Silver Novelties. The assortment is large and attractive, any piece would make a pretty gift.

A Neck Chain with a pretty locket or cross attached is sure to please. Perhaps a Pearl Brooch or Pendant was thought of, or a Pearl Pin. Let us show you these goods. Don't wait, we will be pleased to lay away anything you wish on receiving small deposit on same

ENGRAVING done until the 20th Dec., after that date we cannot guarantee to do it.

Geo. F. Maybee, Jeweler and Optician *Madoc*

McGregor's Bargains for This Week in Bed Room Sets

Shaded pink and white, highly graded English Iron Stone China, 10 piece bedroom set. Regular $6.75, to clear this week, special $5.50.

Blue and white, highly gilded fancy flaring bowl, 10 piece set. Regular $5.00, this week sale $4.25 per set.

4 only 10 piece sets in colors green and white, blue and white, highly gilded fancy flaring bowl. Regular $4.50, this week special $3.95 to clear out.

DINNER SETS

100 piece Limoges design dinner set consists of 4 doz. plates, 3 platters, 13 piece berry set, etc. Regular price $17.00, this week to clear to make room $15.00.

97 piece Royal English Iron Stone China, blue and white, highly gilded. Regular $12.50, this week special $11.25.

1 only Elbogan Austrian dinner set, pink daisy, fine quality of china. Regular $18.00; to make room $14.50.

These goods must go this week. We want the room and we want you to help us to make it. Prices should not be the sticker as we are cutting the price in two.

Strictly Cash.

ALEX. McGREGOR.

Better Underwear

Keeps your body warm, yet lets your skin breathe—knit, not woven,—it fits, does PEN-ANGLE Underwear.

Guaranteed Against Shrinkage

Pen Angle — Warranted Rich Grade — Penman's — Unshrinkable — Trade Mark 203

Trade-marked in red. In a variety of styles, fabrics and prices, for women, men and children, and guaranteed.

ARTISTIC

Toilet Ware

TOILET WARE in artistic abundance is pictured in the pages of our Catalogue. Whether your taste turns to Silver, Ebony or Ivory, it will find ample variety from which to choose.

From our own factory comes the richly chased Pompadour Pattern in heavy Sterling Silver. A six-piece set—consisting of Cloth, Velvet and Hair Brushes, with Mirror and Comb—is unprecedented value at $30.

Pieces are sold singly if desired, so that a set may be added to, year by year.

Drop us a postal card and we will send you free of charge our large illustrated catalogue of Jewelry, Silverware, Leather Goods, etc.

Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

The Mic-Mac Hockey Stick

IS MADE FROM SELECTED SECOND GROWTH YELLOW BIRCH, GRAIN OF WOOD RUNNING WITH CURVE OF BLADE. SOME OF ITS EXCELLENT FEATURES ARE;

1st. Stiffness and Lightness.
2nd. Does not fray at bottom.
3rd. Keeps its correct shape.
4th. Weight and design correct.
5th. Every stick carefully inspected before leaving factory.

THE STARR M'F'G CO., LIMITED,
DARTMOUTH, - N. S.
Branch, 126 Wellington St. W., Toronto.

THE REX HOCKEY STICK, Our Latest Pattern

MIC-MAC

THE EXPERT'S FAVORITE.

NOTE—The longitudinal serrations on handle, ensuring firm grip and preventing stick slipping from player's hand.

ALSO

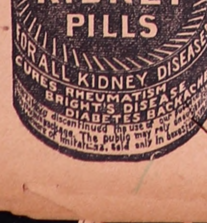
The double-grooved blade, the lower one also being serrated. This enables the puck to be accurately shot for goal and strengthens the stick.

The material used is straight grain selected second growth yellow birch.

RECORD IN BREAD-MAKING.

An Erdington (England) baker, Mr. Herbert Prosser, has distinguished himself by racing against time in the converting of a field of wheat into loaves. The entire field was purchased by Mr. Prosser, and cut, thrashed, winnowed, and baked by machinery. From the time that the last of the wheat was gathered to the moment of its withdrawal from the oven in the shape of loaves, only three and a half hours elapsed. This, Mr. Prosser claims, is a world's record. Five years ago a similar feat was performed, but subsequent seasons have not been dry enough to allow of its repetition.

You can doubtless name a number of people who talk too much—including yourself.



LAND IN WEST MUCH TOO DEAR.

Annie S. Swan Says It is no Place for Man of Small Means.

In the London Chronicle, Annie S. Swan, writing of the Canadian North-West, says:

"The land here, being one of the richest grain-producing sections of Manitoba, is no longer cheap, as understood in the old days, when land could be had for the asking. There is no more homesteading—viz., free grants of land—it has to be bought, at any price from fifteen to forty dollars per acre, in English money from three to eight pounds, which price includes house and farm-buildings, which really constitute an estate. For £2,000 or £3,000 one of the very best farms, with suitable dwelling and buildings, can be bought, which, with skilled management, will return 10 per cent. of the investment, with the added satisfaction that the place is increasing in value every day. This for the moderate capitalist.

"But for the man of small means, or no means, there is another opening. He may rent a farm by the year, from one who possesses several, paying him half the value of the crop. He has the use of the stock and implements by this arrangement, and is spared the killing work of the pioneer, struggling to haul in his farm acre by acre, often handicapped through lack of money to buy proper horses and implements to work the land. This system prevails very much here, and has excellent results, most men who rent the farm succeeding in buying it through course of time. Then life is pleasanter in a well-settled country. The pioneer struggles are only for the young and buoyant of heart. Labor is scarce and dear; but as the need is only pressing for a few months in the year there should be discrimination shown in urging laboring men to come here. Certainly for four or five months in the year a skilled farm laborer may earn ten or twelve shillings a day, with board.

"But in the winter he is not required. Then he drifts back to the cities, to help create the problems he had thought perhaps to have left behind forever. I do not see that anything can be done to better such conditions meanwhile. A thermometer registering from 20 to 40 degrees below zero forbids the idea of much outdoor labor. Thus the present system of bringing hundreds of men, at cheap rates, from the Eastern Provinces, to help through the press of the harvest would seem to be the best. It is a fine, free, open life this, full of neighborly kindness and simplicity. To the small agriculturist, who, by reason of many burdens, cannot wrest a living from his meager acres at home, it offers not only ample remuneration for his toil, but that fine feeling of independence which is the true zest of life. Here, beyond a doubt, it is possible for him to realize what he has hitherto beheld only in his dreams."

The Most Popular Pill.—The pill is the most popular of all forms of medicine, and of pills the most popular are Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, because they do what it is asserted they can do, and are not put forward on any fidtitious claims to excellence. They are compact and portable, they are easily taken, they do not nauseate nor gripe, and they give relief in the most stubborn cases.

It's a fortunate thing for some officeholders that killing time isn't punishable by hanging.

SCALD HEAD is a disgusting and obstinate disease, frequent in children. Treatment: Perfect cleanliness and a generous application of Weaver' Cerate. Mothers will be glad to learn this.

A judge and a barrister being upon indifferent terms, a client of the counsel's making his appearance at the bar with his jaw terribly swelled, the judge remarked:—"Mr. ——, this client of yours would make an excellent barrister; he's all jaw," which set the court in a roar of laughter against the barrister. On silence being restored, the counsel then remarked:—"My lord, I think he would make a better judge, for his jaw is all on one side." The retort turned the laugh against the judge, and from that day they were good friends.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails.

THE ZULU WAR CRY.

The Zulu war cry, used whenever they take the field by the South African footballers now in London, has puzzled our newspapers, not one of which seems able to spell it correctly. The Daily Express gives it as "Igamilzho," and the Daily Mail as "Gammilio." The cry really consists of two words, and should be written "Igama layo." "Igama" is Zulu for "name," and "layo" is a possessive pronoun, meaning either "his" or "their." Thus the Daily Mail, although quite wrong in its orthography of the cry, is right in saying that it merely means "That is his name." The explanation is that Zulu etiquette does not allow warriors, when they rush into battle, to mention the names of their enemies, but the leaders shout out, "That is his name," pointing to the victims with their spears.

THAT SETTLED IT.

Mr. Sproggins: "And if I decline to let you have my daughter, what do you propose to do?"

Mr. Wibblesen: "I warn you that in that case we are prepared to act. Even now, beloved Aurelia has her best clothes on, and awaits me near a railway station. If you decide against us, we will flee together and never come back."

Mr. Sproggins (without a moment's hesitation): "Then I refuse."

NO TROUBLE.

Flannery: "What rint do they charge for a house like yours?"

Finnegan: "Twelve dollars."

Flannery: "My, that's high. Don't ye have throuble gettin' it together?"

Finnegan: "Faith, Oi don't, but the agent does."

Flatter: "Your boy, I hear, is a deep student." Popley: "He's always at the bottom of his class, if that's what you mean."

IN A DEADLY DECLINE.

Saved Just in Time by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"Before my daughter Lena began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills she looked more like a corpse than a live girl," says Mrs. Geo. A. Myles, of South Woodslee, Ont. "Her blood seemed as though it had all turned to water. Then she began to have bad spells with her heart. At the least excitement her heart would beat so rapidly as to almost smother her. She grew very thin, had no appetite, and what little food she did eat did not seem to nourish her. She was treated by one of the best doctors in this part of the country, yet she was daily growing worse and her heart got so bad that we were afraid that she would die. She slept but very little, and would frequently awake with a start and sometimes would jump right up in bed. These starts would always bring on a bad spell and leave her weak and exhausted. We had almost given up all hope of her ever being well again, when we decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After taking a couple of boxes she began to sleep better at night and color began to return to her lips. From that on she kept right on gaining and after taking eight boxes of the pills she was again in good health. She is now fifteen years of age, the picture of health, and since beginning the pills has gained about forty pounds in weight. Only those who saw her when ill can appreciate the marvellous change Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have brought about in her condition. I believe that had it not been for the pills she would be in her grave to-day, and it is with feelings of great gratitude that I write you in the hope that it may benefit some other sufferer."

And Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can do just as much for every weak, ailing, pale-faced young woman who is slipping from anaemia into a deadly decline. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood. In that way they strike straight at the root of all common diseases like anaemia, headaches and backaches, heart palpitation, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism and the secret ailments and irregularities of girls and women. Sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

48 HOURS AT PIANO.

Napoleon Bird Establishes a New Record Thumping "Dominoes."

Napoleon Bird, of Stockport, England, has established a record for a non-stop run on the piano. For 48 hours he hammered away at the keys without a stop.

But this forty-eight hours' flow of melody was not achieved without physical discomfort. Mr. Napoleon Bird is fifty-one years old, and his muscles are not so limber as they used to be, but Mrs. Napoleon Bird sat by his side for all the forty-eight hours, and her presence revived him in moments when his task appeared monotonous.

In the latter stages of this struggle between melody and time Mr. Napoleon Bird showed signs of excusable exhaustion and pardonable drowsiness. He was rescued from both by gentle showers of eau de cologne, which were sprayed on him. In the course of the last day also a barber shaved him to slow music.

As the hands of the clock approached the hour of ten the enthusiasm of the audience knew no bounds, and when the clock struck and Mr. Napoleon Bird lifted his hands from the keyboard he was seized and carried in triumph through the streets to his home.

During the forty-eight hours he performed 1,500 separate compositions, accompanied thre concerts, and played twice for dancing. A slight swelling of the fingers and cramp in the legs were the only ill-effects of his strenuous exertions.

A change of piano became necessary owing to the stiffness of the keys, but a skillful manœuvre enabled Mr. Bird to change instruments without losing a note of the song he was playing.

BABY'S FRIEND.

Happiness is a sign of health in babies. Nearly all their troubles vanish when they digest food well and are free from teething pains. Baby's Own Tablets brings happiness to babies by curing stomach troubles, constipation, feverishness, diarrhoea and teething troubles. There's a smile in every dose and the mother has a solemn guarantee that this medicine contains no opiate or harmful drug. Mrs. James Jewers, Beaver Harbor, N.S., says: "I have given my baby Baby's Own Tablets as occasion required since she was a day old. They have always helped her, and now at a year and a half old she is a fine healthy child. I think every mother should always keep these Tablets on hand." You can get Baby's Own Tablets from any medicine dealer or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ASLEEP FOR 28 MONTHS.

German Hurt on the Head June 20, 1904, Has Been Slumbering Ever Since.

Prof. Eulenberg reports in the Medical Weekly the case of a patient who has been asleep steadily since June 20, 1904.

The man, who is 45 years old and was town clerk of a suburb of Berlin Germany, fell from a street car at the time mentioned and struck on the back of his head. When he was taken home it was found that he was suffering from concussion of the brain, but he was sensible of his surroundings. While the doctors were examining him he fell asleep and has been in that condition ever since.

He lies in bed, frowning heavily all the time. His limbs are flexible but his skin has lost its color. He shows sensibility when food is placed to his lips and chews it mechanically.

Caller: "Do you believe a child inher-Mr. Moddest: "Well, my little boy makes its the mental qualities of his parents?" some very brilliant remarks sometimes."

AN ENGLISH MISER.

John Camden Neild, whose magnificent bequest to Queen Victoria supplied the funds out of which the Prince Consort built the present Balmoral Castle, deserves a place among the great misers and was as remarkable a man as any of them. He was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge, and was a barrister at Lincoln's Inn. At the age of 34 his father's death placed him in possession of a fortune of £250,000, and from that moment he became a confirmed miser. Neild lived at 5 Cheyne walk, Chelsea. His big house was so meanly furnished that it did not even boast of a bed. Two old women, who did his stoves, and a black cat were his sole companions. When he visited his large estates in the Midlands, which he did frequently, he generally walked, unless he could get a lift for nothing, and he was not even above takeing a gratuitous seat on a dung cart. Sometimes he was compelled by the weather to take a seat on the stage coach. And there he would sit outside, shivering and dripping—for he never wore a greatcoat—an object of commiseration to his fellow passengers.

Signals of Danger.—Have you lost your appetite? Have you a coated tongue? Have you an unpleasant taste in the mouth? Does your head ache, and have you dizziness? If so, your stomach is out of order and you need medicine. But you do not like medicine. He that prefers sickness to medicine must suffer, but under the circumstances the wise man would procure a box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills and speedily get himself in health, and strive to keep so.

Often on the green leaves of trees there are little black spots which do not seem to arise from any disease, as the plant looks otherwise healthy enough. As a matter of fact, these are caused by burning, through the rays of the sun getting focussed by the drops of morning dew.

Two Years Abed.—"For eight years I suffered as no one ever did with rheumatism; for two years I lay in bed; could not so much as feed myself. A friend recommended South American Rheumatic Cure. After three doses I could sit up. To-day I am as strong as ever I was."—Mrs. John Cook, 287 Clinton street, Toronto.—2

Perambulating barbers, shaving customers in the street, are no unusual sight in the side streets of Manila.

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 314

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

Newlywed: "Why, I never thought of saving until I got married." Bachelor: "And do you now?" Newlywed: "Oh, yes, indeed! I am continually thinking how much I might save if I wasn't married."

Catarrh for twenty years and cured in a few days.—Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. 50 cents.—1

"Why on earth are they encoring this woman?" "Perhaps they see that she wants practice."

"Thought it meant death sure."—Mrs. James McKim, of Dunnville, Ont., says of her almost miraculous cure from heart disease by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart: "Until I began taking this remedy I despaired of my life. I had heart failure and extreme prostration. One dose gave me quick relief and one bottle cured me. The sufferings of years were dispelled like magic."—3

"Bridget, did you make that chicken broth?" "Oi did, mum." "I can't find it anywhere about; what did you do with it?" "Sure an phwat ilse would I do wid it but fade the chickens wid it, mum?"

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is agreeable to the taste, and is a certain relief for irritation of the throat that causes hacking coughs. If used according to directions it will break the most persistent cold, and restore the air passages to their normal condition. There is no need to recommend it to those familiar with it, but to those who seek a sure remedy and are in doubt what to use, the advice is—try Bickle's Syrup.

NEEDED NO HELP.

Waiter: "H'm! So you object to the butter? Why didn't you ask me to remove it?"

Diner: "I supposed it was strong enough to get away without assistance."

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This coupon is good for one ten cent (10c.) Trial Bottle of the celebrated

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a sure cure for Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all ailments arising therefrom. Mailed free, in a plain package, on receipt of name and address. Fill in your name and post office address on dotted lines and send to

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Produced by the highest medical knowledge and science.

A pure vegetable cough syrup.

Your druggist not only keeps it, but recommends it.

Price, 25 cents.

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"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof

Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.
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Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

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Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

THE PRICE OF SUCCESS.

Eternal vigilance is the price of success, and it is in this way that the succescs of the Starr Mfg. Co.'s hockey skates and sticks has been bought. The makers are ever on the alert to know what the hockeyists' requirements are and in this way incorporate these features which make their line the most popular in the market. They are also alert to see that their goods cannot be excelled in quality of materials and workmanship. This policy, which will always be maintained, has made the firm and its goods famous thousands of miles away from the little Nova Scotian town where the factory is situated.

The license of the Castle Hotel, Preston, which has been in existence since 1623, has now elapsed. The property has been purchased by a local newspaper firm for business purposes.

A modern weapon in the battle for health.—If disease has taken your citadel of health, the stomach, and is torturing you with indigestion, dyspepsia and nervous prostration, South American Nervine is the weapon to drive the enemy from his stronghold "at the point of the bayonet," trench by trench, but swift and sure, it always wins.—4

"Isabel says she will never marry a man who isn't a hero." "But she can easily convert any man into a hero." "How?" "By getting him to marry her."

Are your corns harder to remove than those that others have had? Have they not had the same kind? Have they not been cured by using Holloway's Corn Cure. Try a bottle.

Dawkins: "I got a good square meal last night, the first in several weeks, and I have you to thank for it." Friend: "Me to thank? Well, that's news to me." Dawkins: "Yes, I know. I wired to my wife yesterday morning that you were coming home to dinner with me."

WEAK WATERY BLOOD causes much trouble. *That tired feeling* and many more symptoms follow in its wake. Try "Ferrovim." It is the *best tonic* to make you strong and well. All druggists sell it.

Rich Heiress (scornfully): "So you're still on earth? I understood you to say, when I rejected you last season, that you could not possibly live without me." Jack Ardupp (cheerfully): "I'm not living. Merely managing to exist by means of the most rigid economy, that's all."

BY BRIBING THE NERVES with opium you may stop a cough but the inflammation goes from bad to worse. Allen's Lung Balsam, containing no opium, goes to the root of the trouble and cures deep-seated affections of throat and lungs.

Sue: "You said you were going to marry an artist, and now you're engaged to a dentist." Flo: "Well, isn't he an artist? He draws from real life."

The healthy glow disappearing from the cheek and moaning and restlessness at night are sure symptoms of worms in children. Do not fail to get a bottle of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; it is an effectual medicine.

WHY SEA-SHELLS MURMUR.

The reason why one can hear sounds like the roaring of the sea when certain shells picked up on the beach are placed to the ear is quite simple. The hollow form of the shell and its polished surface enable it to receive and return the beatings of all sounds that chance to be trembling in the air around the shell.

"Your money or your life?" said the robber. "Take me life," responded the victim. "I'm saving me money for me old age!"

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For the very best send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."

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Three hundred Stock, Grain, Fruit, Garden and Canning Factory Produ[ce] Farms in the Niagara District. W[rite] for free list. Ontario Real Estate C[om]pany, Smithville, Ont.

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Forty years ago you could have bought lots in Denver for $1 ... on which now stand stores which bring $15,000 a year rent.

Denver has a population of 200,000. In five years the population will reach the half-million mark.

Ordinary residence lots in districts already populated bring from $750 to $2,000 each.

WE ARE LAYING OUT A NEW ADDITION

Washington Heights

The highest and most sightly addition in Denver; furnishing a perfect view of Pike's Peak and the Rocky Mountains for a distance of 75 miles. Overlooking Washington Park. An ideal spot.

Lots 25 x 125 Feet for $100

$5 CASH $5 PER MONTH

THESE lots are bound to double in value within the next year or two, and before many years are apt to be as valuable as any in Denver.

FREE—upon application, map and full particulars. You pay no taxes or interest until all payments are made, and full title secured.

Choice lots to those who respond promptly. Better send $5 and secure select location. Lots going fast.

THE CENTURY LOAN AND TRUST CO.
The Century Building Denver, Colorado
If you have property to sell in Denver, write us.

She: "I wonder why a woman always marries the man who rescues her from drowning?" He: "That's what the man wonders later on."

A Time for Everything.—The time for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is when croupy symptoms appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of the[se] ailments it will give relief and wo[rk a] cure.

A small boy's idea of a good time includes all the things his parents forbid him to do.

WE CLAIM that "The D & L" Menthol [Plaster] will cure Lumbago, Backache, Sciatica or Neuralgia Pains quicker than any other plaster. Recommended by everybody.

"Do you think that music is of a practical benefit?" "Well," replied [the] cynic, "judging from the photograp[hs] of eminent violinists, it must keep [the] hair from falling out!"

CAMERON'S Asthma Cure has never failed to cure those suffering from Chronic Bronchitis or Asthma.

If afflicted

WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE,

and let us convince you that we have a cure—one that cures to stay cured.
FREE SAMPLE sent to any address.

D. A. CAMERON & CO., Owen Sound, Ont

ISSUE NO. 45—06.

Face to Face

OR, GERVASE RICKMAN'S AMBITION.

PART I.

CHAPTER I.

Silence and solitude reigned all around; a solitude invaded by the appearance of no living creature save distant flocks of sheep dotted at large over upland pestures or grouped in wattled folds; a silence rather deepened than broken by the peculiar and by no means unmusical sound of the wind sweeping through the short pale-yellow bents which rose sparsely above the fine rich turf of the down. The narrow, white high-road ran straight along the summit of the down; it was unfenced on one side, where the turf sloped so abruptly down to a rich cultivated level so as to make this almost invisible from the road, and on the other bounded by a bank, purple with wild thyme in summer, and crested by a high quickset hedge, which effectually concealed the northern slope of the down and the wooded country beneath it spreading away to the sea. This thorn hedge, which, in default of leaves and blossoms, bore masses of thick and hoary lichen, instead of growing erect from its bank, running nearly east and west, arched over to the north-east with a smooth exactitude of curve, due to the fierce briny sweep of the prevailnig winds, and was by the same agency smoothly shorn on the leeward side. These strong salt winds blowing off the sea, and frequently rising to gales, give all the trees and hedges within their influence a marked family likeness, stunting their growth, and forcing them to bow to the north-east as if suddenly made rigid in the height of a south-west gale.

But the salt south-west was silent on this cloudy March afternoon, and in its place a bleak east wind, whirling the white dust from the flinty chalk road, and quieting gradually down as the sun drew nearer the west, was sweeping over the short turf with its low, lonely sound, which is half whistle and half moan. The rich level to the south of the down, sprinkled though it was with occasional farms, each with its cluster of ricks and elm-trees, and varied here and there by a village spire rising from a little circle of thatched roofs, looked very solitary beneath the gray sky. It terminated on the east in some picturesquely broken hills, interrupted by a long, level gray band, which was the sea, and on the south in more hills of moderate height and irregular outline, which derived an unusual grandeur this afternoon from the deep purple shadows resting upon them, and emphasizing their contour against the silvery-gray sky, a sky full of latent light. On the west again there were hills of gentler outline, beyond these little glimpses of plain and woodland, and on the furthest limit a curving break filled with a polished surface of sea, reflecting the dim yellow lustre of the declining sun, which glowed faintly through the curdling clouds above.

The wind went on singing its strange ...w song to the bleak down-land; the ...r-off farms and villages gave no sign ... life; but one solitary sea-gull sailed ...wly on its wide, unearthly looking ...ngs far below the level of the high-...d, yet far above the plain beneath, ...ring its complaining cry and re-...loing the pale reflected sun-rays upon ...cream-white plumage, thus making ...entre of light upon the purply-gray ...kness of the plain and the hills. It ...sed gradually out of sight, and the ...nce seemed more death-like than be-

...t life and music were near, and ... awaiting the summons of soft airs ... warm sunbeams to spring forth ... make the earth glad with beauty ... melody. The gnarled, storm-bent ...ns were showing tiny leaf-buds on ...r brown branches where the tangled ...cily lichens did not usurp their place; ...slips were pushing little satiny ...als through the short turf on the ...e banks; down in the copses, and ...ath sheltered hedge-rows, prim-... were showing their sweet, pen-... faces, and white violets were bud-... Many a nest was already built; ...y a bird already felt the welcome ...sure of eggs beneath its warm ...st and tasted the fullness of the ...ng-time; the tall elms on the plain ...dy wore their warm purple robe of ...som; black buds on the gray ash-...s in the copses were swelling to ...ting point above the primroses. ...all seemed lifeless; the red-brown ...s on the oak boughs shivered in ... blast; it was scarcely possible to ...hesy of the green and golden glory ... would clothe them in one brief ...h. Could those dry bones live?

...esently something black rose silent-...d swiftly above the green turf bor-... of the chalk road. Beneath it ap-...ed a human face, next a pair of ...d shoulders, and finally the whole ...e of a man emerged as if from the ...t of the earth, and stood fully out-... against the chill sky.

... was young, and strongly rather ... gracefully built; the keen wind, which he did not flinch by so much ...an eye-blink, imparted a healthy ... to his clear complexion. His fair ...was crisped by the wind, and his ... eyes looked all round the wide ...e, on which his back had been ...d while stepping lightly up the ...n, in a singular manner. Instead ...gazing straightforward like other ...le's, they looked downward from ...ath his eyelids, as if he had diffi-... in raising the latter. Having ...y surveyed earth, sea and sky, he ...d and walked westward along the ... of turf by the road, so that his ... still made no sound, drew a watch from his pocket, then replaced it beneath his warm pea-jacket, muttering to himself, "Early yet."

Soon he heard a sound as of a multitudinous scraping and panting, above which tinkled a bell; a cloud of dust rose a foot high from the road, showing as it parted the yellow fleeces and black legs and muzzles of a flock of Southdown sheep. He stood aside motionless upon the turf, to let them pass without hinderance; but one of the timid creatures nevertheless took fright at him, and darted down the slope, followed by an unreasoning crowd of imitators. It did not need a low faint cry from the shepherd, who loomed far behind above the cloud of white dust, himself spectral-looking in his long, grayish-white smock-frock, to send a gallant sheep-dog over the turf, with his fringes floating in the wind, and his tongue hanging from his formidable jaws, while he uttered short angry barks of reproof, and drove the truants into the right path again. But again and yet again some indiscretion on the part of the timid little black faces demanded the energies of their lively and fussy guardian, who darted from one end of the flock to the other with joyous rapidity, hustling this sheep, grumbling at that, barking here, remonstrating there, and driving the bewildered creatures hither and thither with a zeal that was occasionally in excess, and drew forth a brief monosyllable from his master, which caused the dog to fly back and walk sedately behnid him with an instant obedience that was as delightful as his intelligent activity. The actual commander of this host of living things gave little sign of energy, but walked heavily behind his charges with a slow and slouching gait, partially supporting himself on his long crooked stick, and carrying under his left arm a lamb which bleated in the purposeless way characteristic of these creatures. Yet his gaze was everywhere, and he, like his zealous lieutenant, the dog, could distinguish each of these numerous and apparently featureless creatures from the other, and every now and then a slight motion of his crook, or some inarticulate sound, conveyed a whole code of instructions to the eager, watchful dog, who straightway acted upon them. All this the young man motionless on the turf watched with interest, as if a flock of sheep were something uncommon or worthy of contemplation; and when they had all gone by, and the shepherd himself passed in review, his yellow, sun-bleached beard shaken by the keen wind he was facing, he transferred his attention to him.

"Blusterous," said the shepherd, making his crook approach his battered felt hat, when he came up with him.

"Very blusterous," responded the gentleman, nodding in a friendly manner and resuming his road.

This was their whole conversation, and yet the shepherd pondered upon it for miles, and recounted it to his wife as one of the day's chief incidents.

"And I zes to 'n, 'Blusterous'—I zes; and he zes to me, 'Terble blusterous,' he zes. Ay, that's what 'ee zed, zure enough," he repeated with infinitesimal variations, while smoking his after-supper pipe in his chimney-corner.

Thus, you see, human intercourse may be carried on in these parts of the earth with a moderate expenditure of words.

Gervase Rickman went his way pondering upon the shepherd and his flock. How foolishly helpless and helplessly foolish the bleating innocent-faced sheep looked, as they blundered aimlessly out of the road, one blindly following the next in front with such lack of purpose that the wonder was that here and there a solitary sheep should have sufficient intellect to strike on a fresh path and mislead his fellows. And how abject they were to the superior intellect and volition of the dog; how tumultuously they fled before him, thus involving themselves in fresh disorder; how tamely they yielded to his behests, when so small an exercise of will on the part of each might have baffled him, in spite of his terrible fangs; above all, how like, how very like the mass of mankind, "the common herd," as they were so aptly called, they seemed to his musing fancy!

With what a sheep-like fidelity do men follow the few who from time to time blunder upon original paths, how blindly do they pursue them to unknown goals, and how abjectly do multitudes permit themselves to be swayed by the will of one with sufficient daring, energy, and intellect to dominate them! The mass needs a man, a strong personality, a powerful volition to lead it; it bows to the strongest, to a Moses, a Cæsar, a Gregory, a Charlemagne, a Cromwell or a Napoleon; democracy is but the shadow of a shade—the aimless revolt of the aimless many against shackles that have been silently forged in the process of the ages—a revolt ending in the incoherence of anarchy, weltering helplessly on till one is born strong enough to lead and create anew; then the centuries solder and cement his work; and give it a fleeting permanence, and thus a civilization is born. Or the centuries refuse their sanction, and the work slowly resolves itself again to chaos. So Gervase Rickman mused.

But he was not of the herd; he would follow none. He felt within himself an intensity of purpose and a passion of concentration, together with a strength of intellect that must lift him above his fellows. So he thought and mused, not knowing what was within him, and into what channels the current of his character would set; for he was young.

He went on his way, still keeping to the turf, and thus still silently, for it was his habit to move with as little sound as possible, until the ground rose into so steep a mound that he was compelled to take the road. He was now approaching the end of the down-road, at the extremity of which, where the thorn hedge ended, there stood a little lonely hostelry in an empty court-yard, fenced by a low stone wall. On one side of the small inn was a tree, bending as usual to the north-east, and imparting that air of perfect loneliness which the presence of a single tree invariably gives to an isolated building. The inn proclaimed itself the Traveller's Rest by a sign over its low porch and closed door. There were no flowers in the little court, though it faced the south; neither tree nor vegetable grew in the barren inclosure, which was tenanted solely by a large deer-hound stretched in a watchful attitude before the porch.

Mr. Rickman did not look at the inn, though a side glance of his eyes took in the dog with a sparkle of satisfaction; while the dog on hearing his footsteps, which were also faintly audible to two women in an upper room, slightly pricked his ears and looked at him with an indifferent air, dropping his muzzle comfortably on to his forepaws again when he had passed.

Another road crossed the level down-road at right angles just beyond the solitary inn. Opposite the inn-front on the turf was a stagnant pond, the milky water of which was crisped to ripples by the keen wind, and in the angle formed by two roads stood a wooden sign-post.

When he reached the sign-post, Gervase Rickman leaned against it with his back toward the inn, which was now some distance from him, and gazed over the broad expanse of level champaign to the dark hills, on the broken slopes of which the shadows were shifting. He did not appear to mind the wind, which caught him full in the side of the face, ruffled his hair, and obliged him to press his low felt hat more firmly over his brows; the sound it made among the whithered stalks above the sward pleased him, and he mused and mused in the stillness, an image of peaceful contemplation, with his refined features and look of quiet concentrated power.

While he was thus musing, his quick ear caught the sound of footsteps in the distance behnid him; but he did not turn his head, for the footsteps were those of a stranger and could not interest him, so he thought. They were the firm, elastic steps of a man in the flower of life, they smote the hard road with an even joyous rhythm, and were accompanied by the clear, cheery tones of a singing voice:

"As we lay, all the day,
In the Bay of Biscay, O!"

Booth song and footsteps penetrated to a quiet upper chamber in the inn, where two women sat together, one wasted with mortal sickness and wearing the unnatural rose of fever in her face, the other radiant with youth and health. The latter paused in her reading and looked up as the strain of manly song broke upon the quiet of the sick-room, the invalid's face brightened, and she said it was a pleasant song.

"It is a good voice," said the reader, "and the voice of a gentleman."

The singer went joyously on his way, and paused in his song when he saw the motionless figure at the foot of the sign-post. Gervase Rickman still gazed dreamily away over the valley to the dark hills. A man has but to purpose a thing strongly to gain his purpose, he was thinking; fate is but the shadow of an old savage dream; a man's life is in his own hands. In fancy he saw the flock of sheep driven on and on along the dusty highway by the shepherd, whose figure suggested all sorts of images to his mind, save the august image of the Shepherd of mankind.

"To Medington four and a half miles," was written on one of the arms of the sign-post above his head, and the pedestrian reading this, paused a moment and looked at the silent figure beneath, which with averted gaze appeared unconscious of his approach. He was not skilled in reading character, or he would have observed the look of strength and steadfast purpose on the quiet face before him.

"Is this the only road to Medington," he asked.

"No; there are four," replied Rickman, facing about, but not meeting the level gaze of the stranger, as he replied to his salutation.

"Which takes me past Arden Manor?" asked the stranger, who looked as if he would enjoy a friendly chat.

"Neither."

"Surely that is Arden Manor I saw lying beneath the down by the church as I came along?"

"Yes."

"An old gentleman named Rickman lives there, I think; a queer old dry-as-dust of a fellow, who collects antiquities."

"A Mr. Rickman, F.R.S., lives there," replied Gervase, with a dry smile; "he also collects beetles. You are perhaps a brother naturalist or antiquary?"

"I know a beetle from a butterfly and that's about all," he said. "No; I was to go over the downs from Oakwell and meet a friend by Arden Manor on the road to Medington. I have evidently gone wrong."

"No; you are quite right. If you keep straight on you will come to Arden Cross at the foot of the hill. For Arden Manor you turn to the left, but that takes you away from Medington. Turn up the lane to the right, and you go direct over the downs to Medington, or straight on by the high-road you get to Medington."

"Paul meant Arden Cross," reflected the stranger aloud. "Thank you. I remember the down path now, that is the short cut. Can you help me to a light? This wind is too much for matches."

Gervase opened his jacket, and in the shelter thus made the stranger, stooping, for he was tall, struck a match and lighted a short pipe, thus giving the other the opportunity of a close and unobserved scrutiny of his face in the glow of the match. It was a dark, healthy, well-favored face, on the whole the kind of face that goes to the heart of every woman, old or young.

"A good-looking fool," thought Gervase, consigning him mentally to the herd of mankind. "Edward Annesley, no doubt; an officer, by his mustache and swagger."

He was wrong about the swagger: though the stranger walked like a soldier. Having lighted his pipe, the officer, thanking him for his courtesy, went on his way down the hill, and was lost to sight before the sound of his footsteps ceased to ring upon the hard road, Rickman looking after him with a superior sort of smile, until the sound of other steps approaching from behind stirred every fibre within him and lighted a flame in his veiled grey eyes. On came the steps, swift, light, and even, very different from the soldier's firm strides, though telling like them of youth, health, and a light heart; yet Gervase, for all the stir of feeling they evoked within him, appeared to take no notice of them, but continued his rapt contemplation of the shadowed hill-slopes, brightened now by long moted shafts of light from the sinking sun, around which the clouds were breaking away in beautiful glory as the keen wind stilled itself more and more in shifting to a warmer quarter.

A voice soon accompanied the light footsteps, echoing in a woman's round, clear notes, the soldier's song:

"There we lay, all the day,
In the Bay of Biscay, O!"

At this point Mr. Rickman left the post against which he had so long been leaning, and strolled quietly on without turning his head, while the singer, who made rapid progress, repeated her snatch of song, and the hound, which had been lying before the inn door, flew before and around her in widening sweeps, all the grace and strength of its lithe, slender body showing to the utmost advantage, until it included Gervase in its gyrations, whereupon he turned and waited, while a tall young woman came up with him.

"I thought you would never see me, Gervase," she said. "What deadly schemes were you meditating under the sign-post?"

"I was watching the weather," he replied; "the wind is chopping round; we shall have a change. Where have you been?"

"With Ellen Gale; I am glad for her sake the wind is changing, the east wind is so bad for her."

She came between Gervase and the setting sun, which grew more radiant each moment, and now sent forth a dazzling mesh of golden rays to tangle themselves in the short growth of curling hairs roughed by the wind from her rich plaits beneath, thus forming a saint-like halo around the face of Alice Lingard, a face distinguished by that indefinable charm, which is the very essence of beauty, and yet is often wanting in the most perfect features. It was a charm which went to the very heart of the young man walking by her side, and yet which he could not describe; he knew only that it was lacking to every other face he had ever seen; he knew also that it was not given to every one to discover that hidden grace. For each face has its own charm, the magic of which has different power over different people, and enchants many or few, according to its own intrinsic potency.

The two walked on together at Alice's brisker pace, talking with the unconstraint of familiar friends; Alice involved in the glory of the warm sun-rays, while a deeper rose bloomed in her face as the fresh air touched it, and her blood warmed with the exercise; Gervase, for the most part, listening and monosyllabic.

They passed a large deserted chalk quarry, its steep cliff-sides looking ghost-like, save where a stray sunbeam shot its long gold lustre upon them, and then they came round the shoulder of the down and saw, nestling beneath it, a church with a low, square, grey tower and a gabled stone house sheltered from the south-west by a row of weather-beaten Scotch firs; lower down along the valley ran a straggling village, all thatch and greenery. Then they left the chalk, and dipped into a deep sandy lane with steep banks and overhanging hedges, and here in sheltered nooks primroses were looking shyly forth, and violets were pushing tiny buds to the light.

"Not a violet is out yet," said Alice.

This was the moment of Gervase's triumph. He took from a deep pocket a something carefully folded in a leaf, and, uncovering it, presented to his companion, with a quiet smile, a little posy of white violets, pink tipped, and set in a gleaming circle of leaves.

She took it with an exclamation of pleasure, and lifted it to her fresh face to inhale its delicate fragrance. "To think that you should find the first!" she said, half jealously.

He was in the seventh heaven, but said nothing. He had secretly watched the budding of those violets for a week, and walked far and quickly to gather them for her that afternoon, and now he had his reward in seeing her caress the flowers and talk of them for a good five minutes, till the sound of hoofs along the lane behind them made her look up.

CHAPTER II.

Fire-Light.

The rapid beat of hoofs and the roll of wheels drew nearer and nearer, and a dog-cart drawn by a serviceable cob flashed down the hill toward the pedestrians with many a scattered pebble and spark of fire, for the dusk was now falling.

On reaching them, the driver pulled the cob sharply up on his haunches, gave the reins to the groom, sprung to the ground, all in a flash of time, and was shaking hands with Gervase and Alice, and walking by their side almost before they had time to recognize him. Alice gave him a frank smile of welcome, and Gervase smiled too, but he murmured something inaudible to himself that was not flattering to the newcomer.

The latter was a young man, with a dark, strong, intelligent face which had just missed being handsome. He walked well, dressed well, and had about him a certain air which would have challenged attention anywhere. He did not look like a parish doctor.

"And how are they all at Arden?" he asked, in a full, cordial voice. "Where did you get those violets? It is enough to make a man sad. See here, I thought these were the first." And he drew a second little bunch of white violets from his breast-pocket and gave them to Alice, who received them with another frank smile.

"How kind of you to think of me!" she said. "Gervase found these, but he was only five minutes ahead of you."

Gervase smiled inwardly; the newcomer's face darkened, and he silently returned the rude observation the former had made upon him a moment before, and then comforted himself by the reflection: "Gervase is nobody."

"So you have been visiting my patients again, Miss Lingard," he said aloud; "you must not go about making people well in this reckless way. How are we poor doctors to live?"

"Did you find Ellen any better?" she asked.

"She was wonderfully perked up, as the cottagers say; I knew you had been there, without any telling. We must try to get her through the spring winds. I say, Rickman, you haven't seen such a thing as a stray cousin anywhere about, have you?"

"I did catch sight of such an article half an hour since," he replied. "He asked me the way to Medington by Arden Manor, where one Paul, it appeared, had agreed to meet him."

"A tall, good-looking fellow with a pleasant face——"

"And a beautiful voice," interrupted Alice. "It must be the gentleman I heard singing past the Traveller's Rest, Gervase. I was just going to ask if you had seen him."

"He sings like a nightingale. Yes; that was no doubt Ted. Oh! you will all like him. I shall bring him over to the Manor, if I can. I don't say if I may," he added, with a smile.

"Because you know we are always pleased to see your friends," returned Gervase. "But your cousin is an old friend of ours, Annesley, and evidently remembered us. He asked if a queer old fellow named Rickman lived in Arden Manor down there."

"The rascal! Did you tell him he was speaking to the queer old fellow's son?"

"Not I. I wanted to hear what he should say about us."

"What a shame!" said Alice; "those are the bad, underhand ways Sybil and I are always trying to overcome in you. Well, Doctor Annesley, here is Arden Cross, but no cousin apparently."

"He would be well over St. Michael's Down by this time," added Gervase. "But who is this, coming down the lane?"

Two figures emerged from the deeply shadowed lane which led from the down to the paler dusk of the cross-roads, and discovered themselves to be an elderly laboring-man and a youth, both clad in fustian, who touched their hats and then stopped.

"Evening, miss; evening, sir. Ben up hoam, dacter? Poor Eln was terble bad 's marning," said the elder, who was no other than the host of the Traveller's Rest, Jacob Gale.

"Ellen was better," replied the doctor, cheerfully.

"Oh! yes; she was really quite bright when I saw her, Gale," added Alice, in a still more encouraging voice.

The man shook his head. "She won't never be better," he growled, "though she med perk up a bit along of seeing you, miss. I've a zin too many goo that way to be took in, bless your heart. How long do ye give her, dacter? I baint in no hurry vur she too goo, as I knows on," he added, with a view to contradict erroneous impressions.

The doctor replied that it was impossible to say; she might linger for months, or she might go that night.

"They all goos the zame way," continued the man, 'no after t'other, nothun caint stop 'em. There was no pearter mayde about than our Eln a year ago come Middlemass, a vine-growed mayde she was as ever I zeen," he repeated in a rough voice, through which the very breath of tragedy sighed; "zing she 'ood like a thrush, and her chakes like a hrose. A peart mayde was our Eln, I warnt she was."

"She is very happy; she is willing to go," said Alice, trying to comfort him.

"Ah! they all goos off asy. My missus she went fust; a vine vigure of a ooman, too. Vive on 'em lies down Churchlytten there, Miss Lingard, and all in brick graves, buried comfortable. They've got to goo and they goos. Hreuben here, he'll hae to go next. There's the hred in 's chakes, and he coughs terble already."

Reuben smiled pensively; he was a handsome lad, with dark eyes and a delicate yet brilliant pink-and-white complexion.

"Nonsense," interposed Paul. "Reuben's well enough. You shouldn't frighten the boy, Gale. Give him good food, and his cough will soon go. Don't you believe him, Reuben. You are only growing fast."

"He'll hae to goo long with t'others," continued the father; "dacters ain't no good agen a decline. A power of dacter's stuff ben inside of they that's gone. They've all got to goo, all got to goo."

"Reckon I'll hae to goo," added Reuben, in a more cheerful refrain to his father's melancholy chant.

Alice tried in vain to reason the pair into a more hopeful frame of mind, and then scolded them, and finally bid them good-night, and they parted, the heavy boots of the two Gales striking the road in slow funereal beats as they trudged wearily uphill, the lighter steps of the gentlefolk making swift and merry music downward.

(To be continued).

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"Gracious, man!" exclaims the doctor when Mr. Glubbins calls him in a hurry. "Your temperature is rioting along near the danger point, and you——"

"And I'm worse off than I ever was before, all through the diet you prescribed."

"Impossible, Mr. Glubbins. I told you distinctly to confine yourself to such foods as would be taken by a 3-year-old child."

"And didn't I follow orders? I ate apple cores and dog biscuits and ends of burnt matches and scraps of potato peeling and everything else I could pick up while no one was looking—and here I am pretty near dead."

Hastily reflecting upon the gastronomical tendencies of the average 3-year-old child, the doctor tells Mr. Glubbins that he has been overdoing the diet, and will have to subsist on soft toast and hot water for a week.

GERMAN DEATH TEST.

Although it is asserted by nearly every practicing physician that the possibility of being buried alive can only occur where a medical examination has not been made an eminent German physician and surgeon states that a stronger, absolutely reliable guarantee for discerning actual death is still demanded, and the demand has been met by the discovery of a new medium for ascertaining death with a perfect certainty. This new death test consists in injecting a solution of fluorescine deep into the tissues. If circulation exists the skin and mucous membranes become very yellow and the eyes assume the color of emeralds; if the circulation has ceased none of these results occur. The discoverer proposes that at least two hours before the body is placed in a coffin such an injection with fluorescine be made. If life is not yet extinct the injection does no harm and the coloring within a short time entirely disappears without the slightest injury to the patient.

LUXURIOUS TRAVELLING.

One of the most luxurious railway coaches ever built has just been completed in France for King George of Greece. It is 45 feet long, and consists of two bedrooms, with dressing and bath rooms, a study lined with book-shelves, a magnificent drawing-room, and a dining-room in which ten people can sit down to dinner. The rooms are hung with silk tapestry, and the furniture is of mahogany and oak.

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And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

Alien Labor Law.

Corby Distillery of Belleville before the Court.

Belleville, Ont., Nov. 12.—The H. Corby Distillery Company have been summoned to court on the charge of importing several expert coppersmiths from the United States to work in their premises at Corbyville. The charge is laid under the alien labor law, and is said to be brought by the Ontario Government through information laid by the Coppersmiths' Union of Canada. A number of men were in court to-day, but as Mr. Davis, the local manager, was out of town the case was adjourned until Thursday.

The action has caused quite a sensation here. Magistrate Flint announced that the fine ranges from $50 to $1,000 on a conviction.

It appears the Coppersmiths' Union has had a detective working among the men since July last, and reports say they have a strong case.

A Newspaper Bargain.

The biggest dollar's worth in the newspaper line to-day is the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. Other large city weeklies make feeble attempts to follow the big Montreal weekly, but they fall far short of it. The Family Herald and Weekly Star spares no expense to give its readers the best to be had and the result is their subscription lists are growing larger every year. The beautiful premium picture given this year with the Family Herald and Weekly Star is entitled "A Tug of War" and is certainly a gem. It is one of those pictures you see in an art store with a price generally two or three dollars on it.

The Family Herald and Weekly Star deserves the first place in every home in Canada and combined with your own local paper it is about all you require. If you are not a reader of the big Montreal Weekly try it for 1907 and you will never regret it.

Bilious Attack Quickly Cured.

A few weeks ago I had a bilious attack that was so severe I was not able to go to the office for two days. Failing to get relief from my family physician's treatment, I took three of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the next day I felt like a new man. H. C. Bailey, Editor of the News, Chapin, S.C. These tablets are for sale by all druggists.

MARRIED

Smith—Holmes.—At the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Thomas Holmes, Winchester, Ont., on Nov. 7, 1906, by the Rev. Henry Jarvis of Watertown, N.Y., Minnie Pearl Holmes, of Winchester, Ont., to Mr. William Smith, of Chesterville, Ont.

Sells More of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Than all others Put Together.

Mr. Thos. George, a merchant at Mt. Elgin, Ont., says: "I have had the local agency for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since it was introduced into Canada, and I sell as much of it as I do of all other lines I have on my shelves put together. Of the many dozens sold under guarantee, I have not had one bottle returned. I can personally recommend this medicine as I have used it myself and given it to my children and always with the best results." For sale by all druggists.

Big Body of Iron Ore.

Important Discovery in the Haliburton District.

A new discovery of iron ore has been made in Snowdon township, in the Haliburton district. The ore is magnitite, and the body is 150 feet wide. It is only about three-quarters of a mile from the Irondale & Bancroft Railway, so that there will be very little difficulty in shipping the ore once mining operations are commenced. There are a number of working iron mines in the Haliburton district, but the new find is the largest body of ore yet discovered there.

Mr. Wm. Robinson, of Bobcaygeon, who was at the Parliament buildings yesterday, has staked the claim and put in a formal application for a mining lease of the property, which was originally taken up as agricultural land.

Hudgins sells Beaver, Banner and Saxon Oats for 20c. a package.

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First-class Dairy Farm, partly situated in the Village of Stirling. Particulars from

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Lately occupied by T. MacNamara. Apply to

A. F. WOOD.
Madoc, September 15, 1906. 39

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Madoc, Sept. 4th, 1906.

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Containing 115 acres more or less in good state of cultivation, well watered with creek and two never-failing wells. All the wood and fruit a person wants for a life-time. Farm double width with a lane in centre, good soil, frame house, drive-house, pig pen, 2 frame barns and shed. Convenient to church, post-office, grocery, blacksmith shop and feed mill. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to

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The undersigned, on account of ill-health, offers for sale his splendid farm, containing 150 acres in square block, parts of lots 4 and 5, con. 8, township of Murray, first class dairy and grain farm ¾ mile from first-class cheese factory, well watered, good soil, level, no stone or fine stumps, can plough with sulky plough, nice block of maple wood, 200 bearing apple trees, frame dwelling house 16x24, 16x18, 8x22, hip roof barn 40x60, cement basement, drive house 20x24, work shop 14x20, hog house 16x24, cement floor, ice house 10x16, all new, 1½ miles to Stockdale village, school, church, post-office, two stores, grist and saw mills, three miles to station. For further particulars apply to

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L. F. Morrice, Fin.-Sec.

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A General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received, and interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent, per annum. Interest added to principal half-yearly, on the 11th of May and the 11th of November of each year.

Reference :—Canadian Bank of Commerce.

J. C. DALE, Manager.

BUSINESS IS BUSINESS.

"How's business?" I said to a butcher I met
While out for a stroll on the street.
"Well, sometimes it's tough, but by chopping," he said
"I manage to make both ends meet."

I spoke to an author, a cheerful young chap,
Whose life seemed exceedingly bright.
"How goes it?" I asked, and he promptly replied,
"Oh, everything seems to be write."

"You're looking quite well," to a broker I said,
Whom I sat beside in a car.
"Don't take any stock in my health," he replied;
"I'm feeling away below par."

My tailor I met on a prominent street
"Good morning!" I said, "you look cute."
"Why shouldn't I, pray," he replied with a smile,
"When everyone's easy to suit?"

"Ah, doctor, good morning! How goes it with you?"
I asked with a smile on the side.
"Oh, I'm going along in the same old way,
Enjoying bad health," he replied.

I said to the man who makes automobiles
"It isn't quite proper to frown."
"I know it's dead wrong," he replied with a pout.
"The fact is, I'm all broken down."
—"Judge."

Sewer Gas Nearly Wipes Out a Family.

Miss Wright, of Deseronto, is Dead, and Her Father and Mother are in a Critical Condition.

Deseronto, Nov. 16.—Gas escaping during the night was the cause of the death by suffocation of the only daughter of Mr. John Wright, of this town. The family, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Wright, two sons and one daughter, aged about 21, retired as usual last night, the two sons sleeping in the upper flat. This morning they were around the house, but appeared to be dazed through inhaling the gas, and it was 3 o'clock this afternoon before they recovered sufficiently to realize the condition of the rest of the family. A doctor was immediately summoned, and when he arrived he found the daughter had been dead for some time. The father and mother are now in a very serious condition, with but slight hopes of their recovery. An inquest will be held. The gas escaped through a sewer pipe in the cellar.

The new Pure Food and Drug Law will mark it on the label of every Cough Cure containing Opium, Chloroform, or any other stupifying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get safe and reliable Cough Cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. All dealers cheerfully recommend and sell it.

The Best Guaranty of Merit Is Open Publicity.

Every bottle of Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines leaving the great laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., has printed upon its wrapper all the ingredients entering into its composition. This fact alone places Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines *in a class all by themselves*. They cannot be classed with patent or secret medicines because they are neither. This is why so many unprejudiced physicians prescribe them and recommend them to their patients. They know what they are composed of, and that the ingredients are those endorsed by the most eminent medical authorities.

The further fact that neither Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart regulator and blood purifier, nor his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, over-worked, broken-down, nervous women, contains any alcohol, also entitles them to a place all by themselves.

Many years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that chemically pure glycerine, of proper strength, is a better solvent and preservative of the medicinal principles residing in our indigenous, or native, medicinal plants than is alcohol; and, furthermore, that it possesses valuable medicinal properties of its own, being demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic, and a most efficient antiferment.

Neither of the above medicines contains alcohol, or any harmful, habit-forming drug, as will be seen from a glance at the formula printed on each bottle wrapper. They are safe to use and potent to cure.

Not only do physicians prescribe the above, non-secret medicines largely, but the most intelligent people employ them —people who would not think of using the ordinary patent, or secret medicines. Every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines has the strongest kind of an endorsement from leading medical writers of the several schools of practice. No other medicines put up for like purposes has any such *professional* endorsement.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them, and nothing is "just as good." Easy to take as candy.

Important to Mining Men.

The Ontario Government is going to appeal against the recent decision of Justice Anglin in reference to the registering of mining claims. The effect of that Judgement was far reaching.

It was that the mining recorder must receive a second claim if asked to do so before the first was disposed of.

The Government holds that this is contrary to the Mining Act.

At present a prospector stakes a claim and makes application. He is allowed a certain period in which to make actual discovery before being granted a lease. In the meantime no one else can prospect on this claim until it is settled.

According to the decision about to be appealed others would have the right to search before the validity of the first claim had been settled.

May Resume Work at Cordova Mine.

It is expected that work will shortly be resumed in the Cordova gold mine in Belmont township, which has been idle for some years. This is one of the most extensive and richest mines in this district. It was for several years a profitable producer, but differences among those interested caused it to be closed.

The above statement agrees with local rumors, which state that the manager, Mr. Lamb, expects to get orders any day, to start pumping the water out of the shafts. The announcement of the re-opening of the Cordova mine would be hailed with joy by the residents of Cordova and vicinity, many of whom own houses there and have to look for work elsewhere.—Havelock Standard.

C.N.R. to Gridiron Ontario.

Further evidence of the Canadian Northern Company's intention to enter Ontario territory as a competitor of the Grand Trunk and the C.P.R. as well as to open up new districts is afforded by a notice in The Canada Gazette. According to this, the company proposes to gridiron the Province with its system. Here is a list of the lines which the Canadian Northern will ask Parliament for permission to construct:

From Washago westerly to Lake Huron, near Kincardine.

From Arnprior southerly to the St. Lawrence River between Kingston and Brockville.

From Pembroke southwesterly to Lake Ontario between Toronto and Belleville.

From the Toronto-Ottawa line north-westerly to Georgian Bay, near Collingwood or Owen Sound.

From the Toronto-Ottawa line westerly passing through or near Toronto, Hamilton and London to Windsor, with branches to St. Thomas and Sarnia and a branch or loop north of Toronto.

From the Niagara river northwesterly, passing through or near Hamilton to Lake Huron, near Goderich.

From Lake Erie, west of Port Colborne northerly, passing through or near Brantford or Berlin to the Georgian Bay.

From a point near Washago to the Georgian Bay east of Collingwood.

From the Montreal-Ottawa line north of Montreal westerly to connect with the authorized line in the county of Leeds or Lanark.

The company will also ask for legislation fixing and extending the time for the commencement and completion of authorized lines, fixing the limit of securities which may be issued in respect of above lines at $30,000 per mile, and authorising amalgamation or leasing agreements with the Canadian Northern Quebec Railway Company.

Wollaston Council.

Town Hall, Oct. 13, 1906.

Council met pursuant to adjournment. All members present.

Minutes of former meeting read and approved.

On motion of Henderson and Watt, the following orders were granted and ordered to be paid:—

Norman Gilroy, repairing culvert, 50c., J. Gilroy, $2.50, H. Easton, repairing bridge, $2.50, J. Gilroy, Cr. order commutation, labor done by J. O'Brien, $5.00, R. S. Tivy, for drawing deeds and registering same, re-Ridge road, $5.65, C. McGregor, special grant No. 4 road division, $7, J. Smith, special grant No. 5, road division, $7.00, C. S. Rollins, expenses, $10.00, W. H. Nugent, expenses, $10.

On motion W. H. Nugent was instructed to expend $50.00 grant on new Ridge road around "Eagle" Lake.

On motion of Messrs. Martin and Smith, the clerk was authorized to procure information regarding the abolition of Statute Labor in the township of Wollaston and the computing of the same at 75c. per day, and if advisable a By-law to this effect be submitted to the ratepayers for their approbation at next municipal election.

On motion the collectors' time was extended until next meeting of the council.

Council adjourned to meet at the call of the Reeve.

W. H. Nugent, T'p. Clerk.

Madoc Township Council.

Town Hall, Eldorado, Oct. 29.

Madoc Township Council met on the above date.

Members present — Reeve, Chris. Wright. Councillors, R. R. Hannah, John D. Nickle, Thos. Keene and Jas. McCoy.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Moved by Keene, seconded by McCoy, that Jas. Donohue receive an order of $8.00 grant on road. Carried.

Moved by Hannah, seconded by McCoy, that Edward McQuillen receive an additional grant of $3.00 to complete job on his road. Carried.

The by-law to close a road across the south west part of lot 21, in the 1st con., and to open a road between the west half of lots 20 and 21 in the same concession to the boundry between Madoc and Marmora was read a third time signed, sealed and numbered.

The necessary by-law for holding municipal election and appointing Deputy Returning Officers was passed through its several readings,

Polling Sub-Division, No. 1, Deputy Returning Officer, John A. Ketcheson.

Polling Sub-Division No. 2, Deputy Returning Officer, George Smith.

Polling Sub-Division No. 3, Deputy Returning Officer, John Ruport.

Polling Sub-Division No. 4, Deputy Returning Officer, Jas. Bird.

Messrs. Jas. Harris and Jas. Hogan presented a petition with one hundred and twenty names to have a by-law submitted to the electors at municipal elections in January to repeal Local Option now in force in Madoc township. Being informed by our Commissioners and our Solicitor, that the License Law of 1906, prohibited the granting of license for sale of spirits, wine, beer, or other spirituous or fermented liquors (to any public house not now under license) within six miles of any mine or mining camp where six or more workmen are employed, except in towns or incorporated villages, it was decided that no action should be taken.

Council adjourned to Dec. 15th.

Wm. T. Allen, T'p. Clerk.

Huntingdon Council.

Special meeting at Beulah, October 24th, 1906. Members all present.

The Reeve reported that the job on the 12th concession road was given out contrary to the agreement made between the Council and W. J. Gay, and that he had forbidden the work to go on until the Council had enquired into the matter.

Moved by W. E. Tummon, seconded by J. Gay, that the former motion of the Council about the road job on the 12th concession line be rescinded. Carried.

Moved by J. Gay, seconded by W. E. Tummon, that W. J. Gay deposit what money he has collected for the repairing of road on 12th concession line in the Dominion Bank, Madoc, to the credit of the Township of Huntingdon, and for every dollar so deposited by W. J. Gay and others for that purpose the township will furnish a like sum, said money to be expended under the supervision of the township Surveyor. Carried.

Moved by S. Ray, seconded by J. G. Elliott, that W. J. Gay deposit the money in the Dominion Bank not later than the 1st day of November, and that W. J. Gay be notified to that effect. Carried.

Town Hall, Moira, Nov. 13, 1906.

Council met pursuant to adjournment, all the members present.

Minutes of last meetings read and approved.

A communication was received from S. A. Armstrong, Inspector of prisons and public charities, informing the council that there are five persons from the township of Huntingdon at present in the different asylums of the Province, and that the township will have to contribute ten cents per day for each patient as directed by-law.

The communication was laid over until next meeting of council. The clerk to write the Inspector for future information.

Thos. Howard asked council to open concession road across e ½ of lot 13 between 9 and 10 concession. After hearing the case the Council agreed to meet on the road in question as a body, on the 14th to make some settlement with parties.

A Petition was presented with 257 names of ratepayers attached, asking the repeal of Local Option By-law. A By-law was introduced to that effect. Vote to be taken at municipal election on 6th January, 1907.

A By-law was passed appointing Deputy Returning Officers and polling places for municipal election as follows:—

No. 1, Moira, Town Hall, Blake Ketcheson, D.R.O.

No. 2, Orange Hall, West Huntingdon, Frank Ashley, D.R.O.

No. 3, Orange Hall, White Lake, Edward Twiddy, D.R.O.

No. 4, Myro Perry's House, Moira Lake, Chesley Pitts, D.R.O.

The following orders were given:—

To aid of Crouse and family, $10.

Joseph Wiggins refunded road work $2.

Isaac Carscallen refunded taxes, 1905, $3.

J. Maynes for gravel, $2.70.

S. Carson for gravel, $1.10.

Council adjourned until 15th December.

Jas. Haggerty, T'p. Clerk.

...County News...

Mayor Sulman will run for a third term in Belleville.

The People's Telephone Co. have completed their line from Barry's Bay to Eganville.

There is likely to be a hot contest for the Reeveship of Rawdon, William Rogers and George Burkett being candidates.

Ald. D. V. Sinclair, chairman of the gas committee, Belleville, has announced himself as a candidate for the Mayoralty of the city.

Mrs. Walter Colwell, of Trenton, has received a cheque of $500 left to her by her uncle who died a few weeks ago in Thurlow.

The Grand Trunk line from Midland to Belleville, is to be double tracked and improved, instead of building the new spur line to Port Hope.

The Bancroft Times says:—"We got our first winter on Sunday night, and sleighs were out Monday morning. One gentleman who drove in from Greenview says that he encountered drifts on the road."

Mr. W. A. Hungerford, of Madoc, has a gang of men developing a pyrite mine within a mile of Hungerford station. The surface show is said by practical miners to be one of the best ever seen in North America.

Patrick Kelly, of Bancroft, who was accidentally shot recently, is still in a precarious condition, Dr. Embury removed a piece of the ball from his breast last week. The other part of the ball, it will be remembered, was found in his sock.

The copper mine which Mr. James Best is opening up in Bancroft gives every promise of being a "find." There is a three foot vein of very rich ore, which widens as it goes down, and the prospects at the present time are very favorable.

There is a strong probability that the gold mines on the Pearce and Deloro properties in Marmora township will soon be actively worked. A mining expert says he believes the Pearce property to contain one of the richest gold mines in the Province.

The last meeting of the Stirling Cheese Board for the season of 1906, was held on Tuesday. There were 1000 boxes of cheese offered, but no sales were made on the Board. We understand that all were sold afterwards to Messrs. Kerr and Warrington at 12c.

Truman H. Bradley, a resident of Stirling for nearly forty years, died at the home of his sister in Texas on Oct. 21st. Deceased settled in Stirling in 1866 at the time of the gold fever in North Hastings and resided there until about two years ago. He was 63 years of age.

Death came very suddenly on Wednesday of last week to Mr. William Elliott, better known as "Short Willie," one of the oldest residents of Hungerford township. Deceased who was over ninety-three years of age, was apparently in his usual health and ate a hearty breakfast in the morning.

The Campbellford Despatch says: We have just received information that a party of surveyors are at work near the Central Ontario Junction, on the line of the Campbellford, Lake Ontario and Western Railway. They will soon reach Campbellford, and present indications point to the adoption of the present survey. If they decide upon this route they are certainly moving in the right direction as this town requires above everything else a good competing line of railway, after that everything else will be easy and there will be no excuse for further delaying our much-need improvements.

GILMOUR.

There have been one hundred and twenty-one deer billed out from Gilmour station this season. This is considerably more than last year. A party of five Americans from Cleveland, Ohio, had exceptionally good luck, each member of the party getting his two deer. Their camp was about fourteen miles east of Gilmour.

It is rumored that a vein of copper has been discovered near Gilmour, which shows exceptionally good indications. The details of the find are not definitely known yet.

Mr. John Phillips has started a blacksmith shop here and is doing a rushing business. As there has been no blacksmith shop nearer than St. Ola for some time, Mr. Phillip's shop is an important addition to the town.

The boys of the neighborhood are making preparations to dam the creek for the purpose of forming a rink. The prospects are that a good fast hockey team will be formed, and some interesting games are looked forward to.

Our new school teacher, Mr. Scanlan, is a very enthusiastic hunter and has succeeded in getting quite a number of birds.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodard, of Elmira, N.Y., have been in town for the past two weeks on matters of business.

☞ Napoleon Tobacco 70c. a pound at Hudgins'.

☞ Six bars Sunlight Soap at Hudgins'.

Before you get Pen-Angle garments all the shrink is taken out.

Pen-Angle Underwear keeps you comfy as well as warm, because the short fibres that make some underwear itch are taken out of Pen-Angle wool.

In a variety of fabrics, styles and prices, in all sizes for women, men and children, and guaranteed by your own dealer.

Patents Secured Free

I prepare patent applications free of charge. If you have an invention send sketch to-day for free opinion. 24 years' experience.

F. H. Gibbs, 52 St. James St., Montreal.

THE

FEATHERWEIGHT

MIC-MAC

ONE OF THE MOST POPULAR HOCKEY SKATES IN USE

Light in Weight AND Exceedingly Stiff

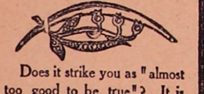
the latter feature secured by using a web bracing.

THE FINEST TEMPERED STEEL ONLY USED.

STARR QUALITY Throughout

THE STARR M'F'G. CO., LIMITED,
DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA.
BRANCH:
126 Wellington St. West, - Toronto.
Write for 1906 Catalogue.

$5.00 Brooch



Does it strike you as "almost too good to be true"? It is only one instance of the price-attractiveness of Diamond Hall's stock — backed by its half-century reputation for quality.

This Brooch (Catalogue No. 31683) consists of a 1¾ inch crescent of solid 14k. gold, supporting a lily-of-valley spray set with 16 pearls.

It is sent post free in dainty satin lined case.

We send upon request free of charge our large illustrated catalogue.

Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

WHEN THE VALUE GROWS.

"We never realize the full value of a thing until we lose it," remarked the man who was fond of moralizing.

"That's right," replied the practical man, "especially if the thing lost was insured."

SHE LIKED IT.

Tom—I kissed her when she wasn't looking.

Clara—What did she do

Tom—Kept her eyes closed the rest of the evening.

HEART ACTION ON SHIPBOARD.

Surgeons Find That Vibration Bothers Their Diagnoses.

"All hearts sound alike on these modern ships," said the surgeon of a transatlantic liner. "Although the hull of the average modern steamer is bigger and supposedly less subject to the violence of the sea, the machinery to drive the enlarged hulls has been increased in size. With the increase in the size of the engines there has followed greater vibration.

"It is this vibration which makes it impossible for us to read truly the action of the average human heart. I have tried repeatedly by all manner of means to overcome the influence of the vibration on the heart, but I find that by even swinging a patient in a hammock, where the shaking up is not greatly felt, the result of the heart reading is far from satisfactory.

"The first day at sea in the ship on her maiden voyage I had occasion to treat an Englishman who was en route to Canada on business. I was startled to hear his heart. Yet he had the finest kind of cardiac action, as I ascertained once the ship's machinery stopped. I have since found it to be an invariable rule that the engine's vibration makes it appear as though the heart of the average man was going to stop before I could get the stethoscope away from his breast.

"Vibration does not hurt the heart any. Do not make the mistake of supposing that it does. It just sounds as though the end was positive, and while the patient's heart is beating in regular form the shaking of the ship deceives even the practised ear."

EACH MEAL AN AGONY.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cure Obstinate Indigestion After Other Medicines Fail.

"When I was first troubled with indigestion I did not bother with it; I thought it would pass away naturally. But instead of doing so it developed into a painful chronic affection, which in spite of all I did grew worse and worse until I had abandoned all hopes of ever getting relief." These words of Mrs. Chas. McKay, of Norwood, N. S., should serve as a warning to all who suffer distress after meals, with palpitation, drowsiness and loss of appetite—early warning of a more serious trouble to follow.

"I used to rise in the morning," said Mrs. McKay, "feeling no better for a night's rest. I rapidly lost flesh and after even the most frugal meal I always suffered severe pains in my stomach. I cut my meals down to a few mouthfuls, but even then every morsel of food caused agony, my digestion was so weak. Some days I could scarcely drag myself about the house, and I was never free from sharp piercing pains in the back and chest. I grew so bad that I had to limit my diet to milk and soda water, and even this caused severe suffering. In vain I sought relief—all medicines I took seemed useless. But in the darkest hour of my suffering help came. While reading a newspaper I came across a cure that was quite similar to my own case, wrought by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I thought if another person had been cured by these pills of such suffering as I was experiencing, surely there was hope for me, and I at once sent to the druggist for a supply of these pills. The first indication that the pills were helping me was the disappearance of the feeling of oppression. Then I began to take solid food with but little feeling of distress. I still continued taking the pills with an improvement every day, until I could digest all kinds of food without the least trouble or distress. I am in splendid health to-day and all the credit is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills go right to the root of indigestion and other troubles by making rich, red blood which tones and strengthens every organ of the body. That is why they cure anaemia, with all the headaches and backaches and sideaches, rheumatism and neuralgia and the special ailments of growing girls and women of all ages. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HIS TURN FIRST.

"Maria," he said, as he entered the house, speaking before his wife had time to say a word, "this house is in an awful condition."

"Why, Henry——" she began.

"Don't try to excuse yourself," he interrupted. "Look at this room! I was going to bring a friend home with me, but I refrained for fear the house would be just in the condition that I find it in."

"If you had sent word, Henry——"

"Send word, Maria! Why should anyone who claims to be a housekeeper have to be notified, so that she can scurry about and make thinks look respectable? And that dress, Maria! It's outrageous to be dressed in that fashion at this time of day."

"I could have changed it——"

"Oh, of course. You could have done lots of things, but you didn't. You should be ready to entertain your husband's friends at any time. I suppose the dinner is cold, too."

"It's not so good as it was. You're late, you know."

"Of course, and if I had brought my friend with me he'd have had to sit down to a cold dinner or one that was burnt to a cinder, and we should have both felt humiliated, and should have had to apologize. It isn't right, Maria! It isn't right at all."

And when he had settled down in his arm-chair after dinner, he chuckled to himself and muttered:

"But I should have got a roasting for being late if I hadn't started first."

Miss Sharpe—"I've paid this bill once." Baker—"Indeed, ma'am, I'm very sorry that I didn't recollect it." Miss Sharpe—"I dare say that you are sorry that you didn't re-collect it, but I'll take care of that."

WHAT SHE WANTED.

She was newly married, and did not know a little bit about either housekeeping or shopping, and she was giving her first order. It was a crusher; but the grocer was a clever man, and was used to all kinds of orders, and could interpret them easily.

"I want 10lb. of paralyzed sugar," she began, with a businesslike air.

"Yes'm. Anything else?"

"Two tins of condemned milk."

"Yes'm."

He set down pulverized sugar and condensed milk.

"Anything more, ma'am?"

"A bag of fresh salt. Be sure it is fresh."

"Yes'm. What next?"

"A pound of desecrated codfish."

He wrote, glibly, "desiccated cod."

"Nothing more, ma'am? We have some nice horseradish just in."

"No," she said, "it would be of no use to us; we don't keep a horse."

ENTHUSIASTIC MOTHERS.

When mothers become enthusiastic over a medicine for little ones, it is safe to say that it has high merit. Every mother who has used Baby's Own Tablets speaks strongly in praise of them, and tells every other mother how much good they have done her children. Mrs. Alfred Marcouse, St. Charles, Que., says: "I strongly advise every mother to keep Baby's Own Tablets in the house always. I have used them for teething troubles, colic and other ills of childhood and found them the most satisfactory medicine I ever tried." These Tablets are guaranteed to contain no poisonous opiate and no harmful drug. They are equally good for the new born baby or the well grown child, and are a sure cure for all their minor ailments. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TREASURES FOUND.

Dilapidated Residence Furnished in Gorgeous Style.

The death from heart failure of an old woman in Belfast, Ireland, has led to an extraordinary series of discoveries.

The woman, Mrs. Agnes Hearst, was formerly a domestic servant in Rothesay, Scotland. Some years ago she went to Belfast with her husband and purchased a large, dilapidated house in one of the most squalid streets in the centre of the city. Her husband died some months ago. She was found in the house dead in bed.

On entering the place the police were struck with the remarkably luxurious appointments in every room. Every article of furniture was of a gorgeous character. In a systematic search the police found many silks and satin dresses, enormous quantities of costly handkerchiefs, a butter-dish was filled with gold watches and jewellery, one of the rings being valued at four or five hundred pounds, there were cameo brooches of the rarest description and a fine display of antique china. A safe which was opened contained £1,280 in gold, notes, and foreign bills, many of them mildewed and frayed at the edges; a draft on the Bank of Ireland for £600, and a post-office bank book, showing a sum of £60 8s. 6d. due to the owner.

In a lumber-room were found several oil paintings, all thought to be valuable, and one which experts declare is almost priceless. The latter picture is one depicting two nude figures.

The most curious find, however, was a hat-box filled with I O U's signed by men in many ranks of life. It is believed that the valuables had been the property of Mr. Hearst's mother, who was at one time housekeeper to a Scottish gentleman who left her all his property.

It Keeps the Muscles Pliant.— Men given to muscular sports and exercises and those who suffer muscular pains from bicycle riding will find Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil something worth trying. As a lubricant it will keep the muscles pliable and free from pains which often follow constant use of them, without softening them or impairing their strength. For bruises, sprains and contusions it is without a peer.

"And is this man come unto this court with unblushing footsteps, with the cloak of hypocrisy in his mouth, and to draw fifteen bullocks out of my client's pocket with impunity?" asked a barrister. There was no reply.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

"I hear you and Jones have been out shooting." "Yes; just got back." "Did you have any luck?" "I should say I did. Jones only hit me once."

SAW HER FIRST.

Visitor—"Willie, tell your mamma that I have come to call on her."

Willie—"Mamma's not at home."

Visitor (shocked)—"Why, Willie, I'm sure I saw her looking from the parlor window as I came up the street."

Willie (stoutly)—"No, you didn't, neither. That was Sis peeping through the parlor blinds. Mum saw you coming from upstairs."

NOT DOING A THING.

"Yes, lady," said Hungry Higgins, "prelice persecution ruined my life. Why when I wuz first arrested, years ago, I hadn't been doin' a blessed thing."

"Poor man," said the kind old lady; "here's a dime for you. And what charge did they trump up against you?"

"Vagrancy, ma'am."

CRAZE DEFINED.

"What do you mean by saying something is the latest craze?" asked the man from abroad who carries a notebook.

"A craze," answered Miss Cayenne, "is something that amuses other people, but in which you yourself do not happen to be interested."

WHOOPING COUGH CROUP

Don't let the child suffer. Instant relief and a permanent cure is obtained with

DR. SLOCUM'S **COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT**

It heals and soothes throats that are worn and inflamed with coughing, arrests the progress of disease, and effects a complete cure speedily.

Sold by all druggists. Price 10c. and 25c per bottle. Dr. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

"I used ter think," remarked Meandering Mike, "that I wasn't popular with dumb animals." "Are ye?" inquired Plodding Pete. "Tremendously. I met three dogs to-day, and every one of them thought I was nice enough to eat."

MAKE A NOTE OF IT, "The D & L" Menthol Plaster is guaranteed to cure the worst case of backache, headache, stitches. Avoid substitutes. Get the genuine made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

Little Sister: "Any new studies this term?" Little Brother: "One—elocution." "What's that?" "It's learning how to read a thing so it will sound as if you was at the other end of a drain-pipe."

The efficiency of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in curing coughs and colds and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try it.

A Pleasant Duty.—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. Jas. Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes." 50 cents.—9

"Hair is getting pretty thin, sir." "Think so?" "Yes." "But it was much thinner about thirty years ago." "But you do not look much older than that." "I was thirty yesterday."

THEY MEAN IT.

No one should suffer a moment longer with Piles, for Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid will cure any case.

No matter what kind you have, Blind, Bleeding, Internal, External, Itching or Suppurating, Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid will cure you.

This statement is supported by a thousand testimonials from those who have been permanently cured.

If you are not cured you get your money back. $1.00. All dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

"How in the world, Mrs. Wisely, do you manage to have all of your three daughters in so early when they spend the evening out?" "The last one home has to get breakfast next morning."

Eat what you like.—Give the digestive organs some work to do. These functions need exercise as much as any part of the human anatomy, but if they're delicate, give them the aid that Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets afford and you can eat anything that's wholesome and palatable —60 in a box, 35 cents.—8

Visiting Uncle—"There is no beast that has a roar so terrifying as a lion." Small Niece—"Did you ever hear papa when dinner wasn't ready in time?"

WELCOME AS SUNSHINE after storm is the relief when an obstinate, pitiless cough has been driven away by Allen's Lung Balsam. No opium in it. The good effect lasts.

A young stick of bamboo stretching its head above the ground looks much like a stalk of asparagus. In Japan these young shoots are as much sought for food as asparagus is here.

A Small Pill, but Powerful.— They that judge of the powers of a pill by its size, would consider Parmelee's Vegetable Pills to be lacking. It is a little wonder among pills. What it lacks in size it makes up in potency. The remedies which it carries are put up in these small doses, because they are so powerful that only small doses are required. The full strength of the extracts is secured in this form and do their work thoroughly.

Your Doctor

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but—why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up, and then of having his prescription filled, when you can step into any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of SHILOH'S CURE for a quarter.

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of SHILOH will cure you as quickly?

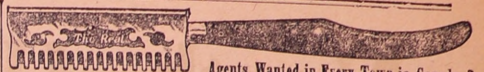
Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years: let SHILOH be your doctor whenever a Cough or Cold appears.

SHILOH will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee.

The next time you have a Cough or Cold cure it with

SHILOH

605



Agents Wanted in Every Town in Canada

'THE REAL' SAFETY RAZOR

The man with a *tender skin* and a *tough beard* may now *shave himself* with comfort and safety. Nervous men need not be afraid, they cannot cut themselves. This Safety gives the perfect draw-cut and does not scrape. It has a ridged handle in proper position which gives better control. The safety device is adjustable and can be turned from right to left hand without removing the blade.

Retail price $2.00 each. Every razor is absolutely guaranteed, and is full concaved as good as the finest barber razor. Send for circulars and information to

GEO. W. KORN RAZOR MFG. CO., - LITTLE VALLEY, N. Y.

"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof

Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

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321-3 W Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	69 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

YOU CAN SAVE $13.15 TO-DAY

Agents Wanted.

$11.85 A SUIT

We will present every Reader of this paper who places an order for our celebrated $11.85 Suit with the two most serviceable Premiums ever offered to the public of Canada.

Our Great Free Premium Offers

One Pair of $6.00 Trousers (made to measure) and a really elegant patent Suit-Case given entirely FREE with every order.

YOU ARE UNDER NO OBLIGATION TO BUY, and we will REFUND your money if you find either the Special Suits or the FREE GIFTS are NOT EXACTLY as advertised in this paper.

We will send you, FREE OF ANY CHARGE whatever, a handsome range of patterns, including our wonderful value Blue and Black Serges and Cheviot Tweeds, together with our latest New York Fashion Plates. THEN JUDGE FOR YOURSELF. Our home measurement system is so SIMPLE that we require only 5 measurements (which anyone can take) to enable us to give a PERFECT FITTING tailor-made garment.
All goods are shipped 5 days from receipt of order.

THE MAIL-FIT CLOTHING CO. Pattern Dept. 274 Mount Royal Ave, Montreal, Can.

Don't fail to mention name of this newspaper.

Judge—"And your wife aimed at and struck your head with a cup" Witness—"Yes, sir." Judge—"Well, all I have to say is that you ought to be very proud of her."

They are Carefully Prepared.— Pills which dissipate themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines, and to overcome costiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these canals. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substance in them intended to operate on the intestines is retarded in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

The young physician looked pleased and confident. "Well," he began, "I must say that with my first patient I have succeeded remarkably well." "Of what did you relieve him?" his friend asked. "Five dollars," said the younger man.

Itching, Burning, Creeping, Crawling Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blotches, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rashes during teething time. 35 cents a box.—7

The Cathedral of Alexander Nevski, St. Petersburg, is said to have the finest choir in the world.

AN UGLY FAMILY of skin diseases is the one generally described by the word Eczema. In all its forms it resists ordinary treatment, but is completely cured by Weaver's Cerate used in connection with Weaver's Syrup.

Master—"When was Rome built?" Kid—"In the night, sir." Master—"How do you make that out?" Kid—"Well, everybody says Rome wasn't built in a day."

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails.

The most curious thing about the butterfly is the size of the case from which the insect proceeds compared with the size of the insect's body. The case is rarely more than one inch long, and a quarter of an inch in thickness; the butterfly covers a surface of nearly four inches square.

TREATMENT.

"So you don't believe in the faith cure?"

"Not entirely. It aways looked to me a little like trying to regulate the temperature by putting the thermometer in the refrigerator."

CLEANING LADIES' ... WALKING OR OUTING SUITS

Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.
MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC

WANTED—RELIABLE PARTIES to do machine knitting for us at home; $7 to $10 per week easily earned; wool, etc., furnished free; distance no hindrance. For full particulars address the Dominion Knitting Co., Dept. W, Orillia, Ont.

MUCH BETTER.

Husband—"I saw the doctor to-day. He says I must go away and rest."

Wife — "Did you show him your tongue?"

Husband—"No, but I told him about yours."

FERROVIM, WHAT IS IT? It is the name of the *best tonic.* It builds up the system, gives new life, makes people well and strong. Be sure you get the genuine "Ferrovim."

Faulty Kidneys.—Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your limbs feel heavy? Have you frequent headaches? Have you failing vision? Have you dizzy feeling? Are you depressed? Is your skin dry? Have you a tired feeling? Any of these signs prove kidney disease. Experience has proved that South American Kidney Cure never fails.—6

"I hear your firm discharged you." "Yes; but I wouldn't mind that so much if they hadn't added insult to injury." "How?" "They advertised for a boy to fill my place."

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Mrs. Henpeck—"If you marry Dick, you need never expect me to come to see you." Daughter—"Just say that into the gramophone, won't you, please?" Mrs. Henpeck—"What for?" Daughter—"I want to give it to Dick as a wedding present."

CAMERON'S Asthma Cure has never failed to cure those suffering from Chronic Bronchitis or Asthma.

If afflicted

WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE,

and let us convince you that we have a cure—one that cures to stay cured. FREE SAMPLE sent to any address.

D. A. CAMERON & CO., Owen Sound, Ont

I come withi...

Face to Face

OR, GERVASE RICKMAN'S AMBITION.

CHAPTER II.—(Continued).

"Oh, Paul!" said Alice, turning to him after a backward glance at the father and son, "we must save Reuben; we can not let him die!"

"My dear Alice, you must not take all the illness in the parish to heart," interrupted Gervase; "the boy will be all right, as Annesley told him. Why try to deprive him of his chief earthly solace? The old fellow revels in his own miseries. It is a kind of distinction to that class of people to have a fatal disease in their family."

"Hereditary, too," added Paul; "as respectable as a family ghost in higher circles."

"Or the curse of Gledesworth. I am glad the curse does not blight the tenants as well as the landlord," continued Gervase. For Arden Manor belonged to the Gledesworth estate.

"Or the Mowbray temper," laughed Paul. "Nay, dear Miss Lingard, do not look so reproachful. I am doing my best for Reuben. But he is consumptive, and I doubt if he will stand another winter, though his lungs are still whole. We must try to accept facts. Why, we poor doctors would be fretted to fiddle-strings in a month if we did not harden our hearts to the inevitable."

"But is this inevitable?" asked Alice, with an earnest gaze into his dark-blue eyes that set his heart throbbing. "Need this bright young life be thrown away? I know how good your heart is, and how you often feel most when you speak most roughly. But if Reuben were Gervase, you know that he would not have to die."

"You mean that I should order Gervase to the south."

"Doubtless."

"Very well. And if we set our wits to work we may expatriate Reuben. We must, Gervase, you are great at schemes. Scheme Reuben into a warm climate before next winter."

"We have received our orders, Annesley," replied Gervase, laughing, as they turned up a broad lane, at the end of which the gray manor house, with its gables and mullioned windows, loomed massive in the dusk—a dusk deepened on one side by the row of wind-bowed firs.

Paul accompanied them, as a matter of course, though he had turned quite out of his homeward way; while his servant, without asking or receiving orders, drove the dog-cart round to the stable-yard, whither the cob would have found his way alone, so accustomed was he to its welcome hospitality.

Through the gate-way, with its stone piers topped by stone globes, and up the drive bounded by the velvet turf of a century's growth, the three walked in the deepening dusk, and saw a ruddy glow in the uncurtained windows of the hall, round the porch of which myrtle grew mingled with ivy and roses. Gervase opened the door, and they entered a spacious hall wainscoted in oak, carved about the door-ways and the broad chimney-piece, beneath which, on the open hearth, burned a fire of wood. The leaping flames danced merrily on the polished walls; on a broad staircase shining and slippery with bees-wax and the labor of generations; on a few old pictures, some trophies of armor and some oaken settles and chairs of an old quaint fashion; and upon a table near the hearth, on which a tea-service was set out.

An elderly lady sat by the fire, knitting, and occasionally talking, for want of a better listener, to a cat sitting bolt upright in front of the fire, into which it stared, as if inquiring of some potent oracle, and sometimes turning its head with a blissful wink in response to its mistress's voice. This lady was small and slight, with a rosy, unwrinkled face and gray hair, and an expression so innocent and sweet as to be almost childlike, yet she resembled Gervase sufficiently to prove herself his mother. Mrs. Rickman's grammar was hazy and her spelling uncertain; she was not sure if metaphysics were a science or an instrument; she habitually courtesied to the new moon, and did nothing important on a Friday (which sometimes caused serious domestic inconvenience); but her manners were such as immediately put all who addressed her at their ease, and her pleasant uncritical smile encouraged, even invited, people to tell her their troubles and confess their misdoings.

"Come, children," she said, cheerily, rising when the door opened, to busy herself at the table, "here is tea just made. What, Paul! I did not see you in the dusk. We have not seen you for an age, three days at least. Gervase, throw me on a fresh log, my dear."

"We certainly deserve no tea at this time of night," said Alice, who was busy laying aside her hat and furs. "Come, Hubert, leave the doctor alone and lie down by Puss."

The deer-hound, who had been fawning on Paul, stretched himself on the rug on one side of the fire, not daring to take the middle, since Puss disdained to move so much as a paw to make way for the new-comer.

Alice took the chair Gervase placed for her, and began showing Mrs. Rickman her two bunches of violets, one of which she put in water, and the other (Paul observed with a thrill that it was his) in her dress, where the soft rise and fall of her breath rocked it in an unconscious Elysium.

"And where are Mr. Rickman and Sybil?" he asked, flushing with a secret joy, while Gervase was deeply pondering the disposition of the violets, and persuading himself that his bunch was the more cherished, since it was secured from fading, and yet not quite sure on the point.

"Sybil is at the parsonage practicing with the choir," said Mrs. Rickman. "Mr. Rickman is on the downs examining some barrows which have just been opened, and no one knows when he will be back. Alice, my dear child, what a fearful state your hair is in!"

Alice put up her hands with a futile attempt to smooth the rich braids, which were roughened into little rings on the surface by the wind.

"Never mind, auntie," she replied. "Doctor Annesley will forgive me this once, and you and Gervase are used to it. And it doesn't matter in the firelight."

"That is how Alice abuses our long-suffering," growled Gervase, thinking how pretty the tumbled hair was, in which Paul agreed silently with him.

"Miss Lingard is quite right about the fire-light," said Paul, in his stately manner. "An elegant negligence suits best with this informal meal in the dusk. Yes, if you forgive me saying so, Alice, you make a delightful picture on that quaint settle, with the hound at your knee, and the armor above your head, and the hearth blazing beneath that splendid old chimney-mouth."

He did not add what he thought, that the grace with which she sat half reclined in the cross-legged oaken seat, and the sweet expression of her face lighted by the varying flames, made the chief charm of the picture.

"Doctor Annesley," replied Alice, meeting his gaze of earnest and respectful admiration, "you are becoming a courtier. To do not recognize my honest old friend, Paul, with his blunt but wholesome rebuffs."

"It is I who am rebuffed now," he replied, singularly discomposed by the gravity of her manner.

"Nonsense, Paul," interrupted Mrs. Rickman; "Alice can only be honored by such a pretty compliment. You ought to be of Gervase's profession."

"Yes; I always maintained that Annesley would make a first-rate lawyer," added Gervase.

"Heaven forbid!" exclaimed Annesley, with a fervor that was almost religious.

Gervase laughed and rose to settle a half-burned log which threatened to fall when burned asunder, thus ruining a fire-landscape that Alice had been dreamily gazing upon.

"How cruel you are—you have shattered the most romantic vision of crags and castles!" she said. "And you have destroyed the poetry of the hour, for I must light these candles."

"Were you seeing your future in the fire?" Paul asked, as he lighted the candles she brought forward, thrilling with delicate emotion when he touched her hand accidentally, and caught the play of the newly-kindled flame on her features.

Gervase watched them narrowly, though furtively, with a secret pity for Paul, for a vision less keen than his might detect a total absence of response on her part to the young doctor's unspoken feeling; and then he thought of his own future, which he read in the dull red glow of the fire, while the others kept up a desultory conversation in which their thoughts did not enter.

He had drifted, he scarcely knew how, into the office of Whewell & Son, solicitors. His mind in those early days had taken no bent sufficiently strong to make him resist his father's desire that he should follow law, since he declined the paternal profession of physic, a profession which Mr. Rickman, a London physician with a fair practice, had early left because he said he could not endure the whims of sick people, but really because, having a competency, he wished to pursue his favorite studies in the quiet of Arden, where Sybil was born when Gervase was about nine years old.

But once in the office, he found much to interest him, and after making professions of a desire to do his duty and please his parents, whose hopes all rested on their only son, ambition awakened in him, and he decided to make himself the head of the firm, and the firm the head of the profession in the county. This, at eight-and-twenty, he had accomplished. Whewell & Son was now Whewell & Rickman. The younger Whewell had renounced a profession that wearied him, and the elder was at an age when love of ease is stronger than love of power, and it was well known that the junior partner was the soul of the business, which daily increased.

As far as a country solicitor could rise, Gervase Rickman intended to rise, and then he intended to enter Parliament, where he felt his powers would have an opportunity of developing. This purpose he had as yet confided to no one, though he was daily feeling his way and laying the foundations of local popularity. A man who makes himself once heard in the House of Commons has, he knew, providing he possesses the genius of a ruler of men, a destiny more brilliant than that of any sovereign in the civilized world, and Gervase, looking at the consuming brands and listening to the harmonious blending of Paul's deep voice with Alice's pure treble, saw such magnificent prospects as the others did not dream him capable of entertaining. And through all those hall, the dark paneling of which was but faintly lighted by a swinging lamp in its centre, and by the fitful fire-glow, Alice was scarcely seen; but not a gesture or look of Gervase could escape her, and she was surprised when, taking a roll of notes from his pocket and striking an attitude, his form dilated, his eyes kindled as they took a commanding glance of the wide space before him, and he sent his voice, which was in conversation harsh, echoing through the hall with a power which one had never suspected, and invested the political commonplaces which he uttered with a certain dignity. The cat sprung up in alarm; Hubert rose and sat listening at his mistress's feet with a critical air; Alice clapped her hands and cried: "Hear, hear!" and "No, no!" at intervals, for a good half hour. Then the door opened, and Sibyl returned from her choir practice and made an addition to the audience.

"And did you ever hear such rubbish in your life, Sibyl?" Alice asked, laughing.

"No," she replied, "I was never at a political meeting before."

(To be continued).

THE MORNING AFTER THE DANCE.

The dance broke up at two a. m., we
reached our beds at four,
At five o'clock the farmer's fist was rapping at our door;

"Wake up," says he, "your breakfast waits—we're most uncommon late;
The hogs are squealing 'Give us corn,'
the cows are at the gate."

We heard his heavy tread retreat along
the naked floor,
Six steps it may have been, or seven—
and then we heard no more.

Sleep's touch that sealed our eyelids
down was feather-soft and sweet;
Our dreams were all of sparkling eyes
and little twinkling feet.

Again we waltzed Matilda Jane and
Annabel and Sue,
And chassed down the middle of the
parlor, two by two;

But just as we were bowing our partners
to their chairs,
The farmer's cowhide boots again were
heard upon the stairs.

With sighs and groans, we fumbled and
grumbled in the gloom,
For shoes and such etceteras that carpeted the room:

The frost was on the drowsy corn what
time we drove that way;
The moon still lit the silent vault, as
when we came from play;

The reedy ponds were garmented with
gossamery lines;
The stars were blinking sleepily above
the sombre pines;

The sun was gilding Boston's domes a
thousand miles down East,
And evening seemed a thousand years
away from us, at least.

A thousand years from two of us—Bill's
thoughts were lighter-toned;
He grinned and gaped and chuckled
while we yawned and husked and
groaned.

"Which one" says Jim, "Matilda?" and
Bill replied, "It's Sue;
And every ear I'm husking now, I'm
husking it for two."

Quoth Jim: "Congratulations—but before this day is done,
I reckon I'll be mighty glad I'm husking
'em for one."

—Frank Putnam in National Magazine for November.

PIPE-SMOKING RACE.

Brewers' Exhibition in London Holds a Novel Event.

Pipe-smoking as an art was exemplified by a most novel competition held at the Brewers & Allied Trades' Exhibition at Islington, London, England, recently.

Although such competitions have been held in Germany, this is the first in England. The brewers believe the art has been long enough obscured by music, painting and literature and so will give it in future a place on the ladder to fame. It is contended that a man who can keep his pipe going for half an hour with one lighting is an artist. He is usually an Irish laborer, a stolid German or an English navvy.

The prizes were nine in number. The conditions were as follows:

"Bring your own pipes. Lady smokers will not be barred. Tobacco—one-eighth of an ounce of Virginia—will be provided.

Pipes will be inspected by the judges before filling.

Pipes must be filled once only.

Forty seconds will be allowed for lighting.

No relighting permitted.

The smoker who makes his tobacco last the longest will be the champion pipe smoker of England.

Weingott, a well-known pipe-maker of England, interviewed, offered this advice to the competitors:

"The man who wants to win must have a large briar pipe of respectable age. The inside dimensions of the bowl should be 1¾ inches in depth by seven-eighths of an inch in diameter. This will hold comfortably the amount of tobacco allowed and any expert pipe-smoker would be able to keep it alight for at least half an hour."

The world's record is held by a sausage manufacturer in Berlin who last summer kept his pipe going in the national pipe race for a few minutes over an hour.

Commercial travellers will appreciate this story, which is told of one of their number. He had been summoned as a witness in a case at court, his employers having sued a delinquent customer, and the lawyer for the defence was cross-examining him. "You travel for Jobson and Company, do you?" asked the attorney. "Yes, sir." "How long have you been doing it?" "About ten years." "Been travelling all that time, have you?" "Well, no, sir," said the witness, making a hasty mental calculation, "not actually travelling. I have put in about four years of that time waiting at railway stations and junctions for trains."

PURE FOOD

Is an Absolute Necessity for the Preservation of Our Well-being.

"SALADA"

CEYLON GREEN TEA.

Is Positively "All Pure Tea" Without Any Adulteration Whatsoever

Lead packets only. 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. At all grocers.

About the Farm

SILO ECONOMY.

Up to 1895 I had been feeding my dairy herd clover and timothy hay, slover, straw, etc., and pasturing during summer with corn meal, wheat bran and middlings, oil meal, etc., and had found that the greater the variety of feeds employed the better, writes Mr. J. P. Gearhart. But about that time my attention was attracted to silage and after studying the question well, I built a round silo 14x22 feet, located beside the barn floor and 8 feet below the level of this floor. It cost $42 and $40 for work and lumber which I furnished.

I have never had any trouble keeping the silage, except the spoiling amount that spoils around the sides of the stone wall at the top and bottom. From this experience, I suggest that the stone work be as little exposed internally as possible; it is not as good as wood. I usually feed 20 pounds to each cow, morning and night, with hay at noon and about 8 pounds bran and middlings mixed half and half for cows in full milk.

In contrasting silage with other feeds I believe the former produces about one-fifth more milk than dry feed, but will not make any more butter, the milk being thinner. The same result is noticeable when pasture is compared with dry feed. The cattle are, however, kept in nicer condition, their coats being softer and smoother and their digestions better. I can save at least three cents a day on each cow fed silage.

The only difference in managing corn for silage and for grain is that the seeding is more liberal. The same kind of land is selected; its preparation and management the same. Barnyard manure is preferred as a fertilizer, six tons to the acre; a surface dressing of 25 bushels lump is also given. The variety of corn chosen is a large fodder variety, such as leaming, which matures before frost. It is planted with a corn planter, ten quarts to the acre about May 10. When the kernels reach the glazed state the cutting begins.

Each of two men cuts two rows at a time and throws the stalks in small armfuls. Two low down wagons with one team and two men do the drawing, economy since it can be pushed when necessary; a smaller size cannot. One team and eight men can harvest and store 20 tons a day if the haul is not very long.

Experience teaches me that deep, small silos are much better than large, shallow ones. Round silos are cheaper and more satisfactory than square ones, because there is less wall space and upper surface to the size.

BRISTLES.

The sows should be bred early so that the pigs will come in time to make good growth.

Which of your brood sows farrowed a large litter last spring. She always has a big litter.

She is an old standby; she is the kind that makes the pig business certain; she is the kind that pays her board.

When you select young sows for breeding purposes, pick out her pigs; there is lots of "good luck" in doing that sort of thing.

Exercise is necessary for breeding stock, and they should be allowed to run in the open fields and lots until the cold weather, when they can be brought to the pens and allowed to run in roomy yards on fine days.

They should be largely fed on nitrogenous foods, such as promote growth and stamina.

Wheat bran and middlings, fed in moderate quantities, together with skim and buttermilk, should be fed, and growth and frame rather than fat produced.

Some corn-stalks, roots, pumpkins, etc., fed in limited quantities, will also be relished and tend to balance the ration. A little corn and oats fed at times also make a good feed, but the less expensive foods should be used, if possible.

The fattening hogs should be fed liberally on corn, roots, pumpkins, etc.

When fed on corn alone the ration is too carbonaceous. There is more danger of cholera on this diet.

Correctives in the way of charcoal, ashes, salt and sulphur should be kept in the feeding pens and yards.

When engaged before killing, hogs usually bring better prices than when taken to market at the mercy of the buyers.

The pens for the "store" hogs should be put in order, cleaned, whitewashed if necessary, where like may be.

Spraying with kerosene emulsion will be found a sure way of ridding the pens of all pests.

The windows should be put in and places where drafts and cold wind can get in should be repaired.

Sheeting with tarred paper and rough boards will be an inexpensive way of making the pens habitable.

FARM NOTES.

There are farmers' sons in towns and cities squeezing out a scanty, unbalanced ration as second-rate professionals, who could have made the farm pay large dividends.

No matter how many winters have passed over one's head, nor how many of one's oldtime friends have passed away, nor how many changes that touch a tender spot has been made, it is best to keep one's eyes to the front and keep up with the progress of the world.

My experience in increasing my yield of wheat from six bushels per acre in 1899 to 30¼ in 1901 has convinced me that for large crops of wheat the ground must be worked up thoroughly on top like a garden seed bed and have a solid bottom, writes a correspondent. This, with a good fertilizer, gives good results. Almost without exception late plowing brings poor crops of wheat.

A study of the needs of soils in respect to fertility shows that heavy sods rotting in the ground are the factor most to be desired. In various ways, they secure to the land the power to produce well when cropped. No one matter is of greater importance than improvement in the growth of grass and clover seeds, and if the needed gain in this direction were secured, our agricultural prosperity would be far greater. Much land is drawing chiefly upon its stock of available fertility that has been accumulated for centuries, and much other land has already passed the point of profitable cropping.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

It takes longer and costs more to make up a pound of loss than it does to add five pounds of gain under favorable conditions.

There is such a thing as having the horse stalls too wide. This is a temptation to the horses to try to roll that means trouble. Not more than four feet to the stall is a good rule.

It is acknowledged among dairymen that a heifer's first milking period largely determines her future capacity as a milker. If the first period be short she will have established a tendency to dry earlier than if that period had been prolonged. For this reason, a young cow should be kept in milk as long as possible. Especial care should be used also in milking, as clean milking stimulates to greater production.

Clear cold sharpens the appetite of the horse as well as that of man, and so after a long journey or a stiff spell of team work, the zest for food becomes extremely keen. This very keenness is sometimes productive of disastrous results. Coming in thus after a long fast, many horses eat somewhat ravenously, bolting their grain without proper mastication, so bringing on gripes or stoppage of the bowels. A good plan is to put a bite of long hay in the rack and let them begin on that, finishing up with grain, when the keen endge of hunger has been removed. This is a wise policy in every case, but very especially so with greedy feeders.

Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

***Scott's Emulsion* strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.**

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, NOVEMBER 22, 1906.

To Review Readers and the Public Generally.

PERSONAL.

It is with considerable reluctance that the writer makes the announcement to the readers and friends of the NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW that he is obliged through ill-health to retire for a time from the active management of this journal. Of necessity, he will probably be absent from Madoc for some months, but complete arrangements have been made for the continuation of the printing business and publishing of THE REVIEW upon the same lines that have made this paper a welcome visitor in over a thousand homes weekly up to this time. Mr. B. J. McKerracher, an experienced and capable newspaper man of Perth, has been secured to take full charge of this office as editor, publisher and manager. He comes well recommended both as a citizen and a printer, having had charge of The Perth Courier for some years, and also experience in larger offices in Ontario. The REVIEW will lose nothing under his management, but rather add to its popularity as the leading paper in this section. We bespeak for Mr. McKerracher, as our new publisher, a kindly reception from the business men of Madoc, assuring them that with their support he will continue the policy of THE REVIEW to always keep the business interests of this town prominently before the reading public.

J. R. ORR.

—TO-DAY, the 22nd of November, the Dominion Parliament will meet for the despatch of business. This will be the first time that the Canadian House has sat during the month of November since the session following the general election of 1896, when it did in October, and sat for about six weeks.

—THOMAS A. EDISON has accomplished a surprise for the world. He has worked out successfully the problem of a cheap power. He promises to put on the market within six months a new storage battery which will enable every man to travel in his own private carriage at about the cost of car fare, without danger, without breakdowns, without costs almost, a carriage, once supplied with the new power for $200.

—A PETITION signed by ten thousand farmers cannot fail to carry great weight. Such a number has signed a protest against the suggested protection duty on tin plates and the protest will be laid before Mr. Fielding and his colleagues on the Tariff Commission at Ottawa this week by Mr. John Tolmie, who represents the Farmer's Association, and Mr. Hyatt, vice-president of the association. The fact that ten thousand farmers can be got to interest themselves in one movement in favor of free trade for tin plate, is at least a sign of the times, and a most encouraging one. The farmers only need to act together to be able to neutralize all possible forces antagonistic to them. A Canadian Farmers' Association is suggested. It might be made a most powerful organization, if not the most powerful in the country. It would be able, for instance, to stop the outrageous penalizing, as in the above proposal, of thousands and millions for the benefit of a comparatively few monopolists.

—THE Canadian Mining Review says:—The discovery of a large field of bituminous coal under the English Downs shows that after more than eighteen centuries of prospecting, the end has not been reached in the British Isles. How long will it take to thoroughly prospect and develop the mineral wealth of the Dominion of Canada? The answer should surely run into astronomical figures. The truth is that we have as yet barely scratched the surfaces of a few of the more accessible districts. Mining schools and prospecting classes could be multiplied in Canada to our very great advantage. Meanwhile, the Ontario Government is doing something through its Summer Mining Classes, and we should like to see the other provinces follow the lead set by Ontario. The Geological Survey is doing grand work, but the tasks of the geologist and of the prospector are not identical; the former should point out to the latter where his work might begin, but you cannot expect a man who has to cover a district as large as an ordinary kingdom, in a summer, to do painstaking, detailed work, such as a prospector must do to be successful.

No Satisfaction in Eating.

Food does you no good. You can't digest—consequently you're afraid to eat; tongue is coated, mouth tastes bad, stomach is bloated. Pretty soon you'll be overcome by weakness and nervous prostration.

Best prescription for your condition is Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. For dyspepsia and indigestion it is doubtful if a better remedy will EVER be devised. These pills bring new strength and vitality to the stomach and digestive organs; they build up the general health and instill such vim and resisting power into the system that sickness is impossible; try Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

Anarchists have threatened to assassinate the Pope.

The new railway route over the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway between Toronto and Parry Sound was opened.

To Stop a Crying Baby.

Babies cry because they are sick. It may be a pain in the stomach, colic, or cramp,—but in any case a few drops of Nerviline soothes away the distress and allows the baby to sleep peacefully. Where there are young children there should also be Nerviline. It cures all the minor ailments just as promptly as the doctor—and not so expensive. For nearly fifty years Polson's Nerviline has been the great household remedy of Canada. Sold everywhere in large 25c. bottles.

Mining deals involving $665,000 are in process of consummation.

The Windsor Hotel at Regina was burned and at least three lives were lost in the fire.

Is Your Catarrh Any Better?

Probably getting worse all the time. Why not give up that snuff and stop dosing your stomach? The one sure treatment is Catarrhozone, sure to cure because it goes where the disease really is. Certain to cure in your case because it has restored tens of thousands worse than you are. Catarrhozone is a thorough cure because it destroys the causes as well as the effects of the disease. Relief is prompt, cure is quick with this powerful remedy which is guaranteed to cure catarrh in any part of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes or lungs.

New Advertisements.

Lost.

Between Mrs. Wm. Comerford's and White Lake, about four weeks ago, one Grey Caperine. The person who found same will send or leave at REVIEW office, or will be exposed.

Rawdon, Nov. 13, 1906.

Notice.

Notwithstanding the recent death of Mr. McKelvie, my late partner, I will continue the business of manufacturing monuments and tombstones at the old stand in Tweed, and still solicit the patronage of the public. All work fully guaranteed.

GEO. McCALLUM.

Tweed, April 17th, 1906.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Spring Creek Cheese Factory will be held in the factory on Friday, November 30th, at the hour of 1 o'clock, for the purpose of selling milk routes and transaction of general business.

RICHARD KEENE, President

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Madoc Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held in the factory on Tuesday, November 27th, at 1 o'clock, for the transaction of general business.

C. W. REID, President

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Cold Spring Cheese Company will be held in the factory on Saturday, December 1st at 1 o'clock p.m., for transaction of general business.

JACKSON BURRIS, President.

47-1

Madoc, Nov. 19, 2906.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Queensboro Cheese Company will be held in the factory on Saturday, December 1, at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp. Tenders will be received for cheesemaking for next season, selling milk routes and general business.

THOS H. MOORE. President

Queensboro, Nov. 20, 1906.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of Alexandria Cheese Factory will be held in the factory, on Tuesday, November 27th, at 1 o'clock sharp. Tenders will be received for putting in either a wood or cement floor as the directors may determine that day.

THOS. H. TUMELTY, President.

47-1

1906 FRUITS 1906

ALL NEW AND FRESH.

Oranges, Lemons, Dates
Figs, Prunes, Cranberries
Raisins, Currants

and many other nice things suitable for your Christmas preparations

At Wright's New Grocery,
Confectionery, Fruit and Crockery Store.

Our Spices have no equal.

Prompt delivery.

Strictly Cash Business.

GEORGE WRIGHT, Wright Block

Highest cash price paid for Eggs, Butter and Produce of all kinds.

Found.

Put in my buggy in mistake, on or about Sept. 15th, in Henderson's yard, Madoc, a parcel of goods. The owner can have same by paying expenses and calling at REVIEW Office, Madoc.

47 3 SAMUEL RAY.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Spring Hill Cheese Company will be held in the factory on November 28th, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the transaction of general business.

DUNCAN McBEATH, President

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Champion Cheese Factory will be held in the factory on December 1st, at 1 o'clock p.m., for transaction of general business.

J. D. NICKLE, President.

47-2

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Oak Leaf Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held in the factory on Saturday, December 1st, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the transaction of business.

H. M. BLAIR, President

Notice to Creditors!

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R.S.O. Chapter 129, sec. 38, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Joseph Farrell, late of the Village of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, laborer, deceased, who died on or about the 11th day of October, 1906, are required to send particulars of their said claims duly verified by affidavit to the undersigned solicitor for John McIlroy, executor of the last will and testament of the said Joseph Farrell, on or before the 20th day of December A.D. 1906.

And take notice that after the said 20th day of December, 1906, the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice.

Dated this 19th day of November, A.D. 1906.

WILLIAM CROSS, Solicitor for said Executor

47-4

Notice to Creditors!

Estate of Robert L. Sager, late of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Statute in that behalf that creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the said Robert L. Sager, who died at the township of Madoc on or about the ninth day of September, 1906, are required to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for Charles A. Sager and Irwin Delves, Executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, on or before the 20th day of December, 1906, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims duly verified and a statement of the securities, if any, held by them. And after the said 20th day of December, 1906, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the said estate or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Madoc this 19th day of Nov., 1906.

D. E. K. STEWART, Solicitor for said Executors

47-4

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Eldorado cheese factory will be held in the factory on Saturday, November 24th, at 12 o'clock, noon. Tenders will be received for cheese-making until above date.

CHRIS. WRIGHT, President

Madoc, Nov. 6th, 1906.

Voters' List Court.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held, pursuant to "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act," by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Hastings at the Township Hall, Eldorado, on Tuesday, November 27th, 1906, at the hour of 9 o'clock a.m. in the forenoon, to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the municipality of Madoc township for 1906.

All persons having business at the Court are required to attend at the said time and place.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1906

W. T. ALLEN, Clerk of said municipality

Found.

Between Madoc and Moira Lake, a Buffalo Robe. Owner can have same by calling at REVIEW office, and paying expenses.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of Brook Valley Cheese Factory will be held in the factory on Tuesday, Nov. 27th, at 1 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of paying dividends, selling milk routes, receiving tenders for cheese making and business in general.

T. E. BURNSIDE, President.

Notice.

As my wife has left my bed and boarding-house without any just cause or provocation, I hereby forbid any person or persons giving her any goods or credit on my account, as I will not be responsible for the same.

WM. BROADWORTH.

Madoc, Nov. 8th, 1906. 46-3t

Estray Heifers.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 22, in the 8th concession of Madoc, on or about November 1st, three yearling Heifers. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

CHRISTOPHER FOX.

Madoc, Nov. 12th, 1906. 46-3t

Nothing Like Leather When it is Well Put Together.

So for first-class homemade Boots and Shoes, and repairing out of the best first-class French stock, from 5 per cent. to 10 per cent. lower than elsewhere.

Also a lot of first-class Celery for sale at the garden.

44-5 WM. MOORE,

on the corner opposite C. G. Wilson's.

Farm for Sale or to Rent.

200 acres two miles east of Frankford, lot 13, in the 5th concession of Sidney. In a good state of cultivation, well watered, good buildings, and fences, close to school house and nicely situated. Two good orchards and lots of wood and timber. Apply to

RICHARD BAMBER, Box 66, Frankford, P.O.

36

Farm For Sale.

Lot 18, con. 8 Madoc township, 185 acres—under cultivation 130 acres, good sugar-bush, abundance of wood, remainder pasture, good dairy, farm watered by two never-failing springs, very close to school, churches, cheese-factory, blacksmith shop, post-office and railroad station. Good brick house, drive-house, two barns, orchards and small fruit.

For particulars apply to

WILLIE J. IRWIN, Rimington, Ont.

45

Tudhope Sleighs

When you buy a sleigh, buy one that has got to be good.

TUDHOPE SLEIGHS are guaranteed by a house that has been building sleighs for 55 years. Tudhope Sleighs are guaranteed to us, and we guarantee them to you. They MUST be satisfactory—and they always are. Get a

TUDHOPE SLEIGH

T. L. NICKLE, Madoc

120 Cold Blast

LANTERNS

Regular Price 75c.

Going at 50c. each.

Every Lantern Guaranteed Satisfactory.

M. W. CONNOR & SON.

20 CENTURY BRAND REGD

FINE TAILORED GARMENTS FOR MEN

SPEAKING ABOUT

=Overcoats=

Did you ever realize the fact that good clothes and stylish clothes are not so much a question of price as of

Choosing the Right Make.

Of course you can't get a real good overcoat for $5 or $6. We all know that. But it is a fact, nevertheless, that you can pay 20 or $25 and get a real bad overcoat, honestly made, perhaps, by a custom tailor whose cloths, style and tailoring are all out of date. The safest and most sensible thing for you to do is to choose the right make We strongly advise you to choose

-20th CENTURY BRAND-

The extraordinary success of this brand of Fine Tailored Garments for men has been due in a great measure to the fact they are unquestionably superior in style and fit to any other make. The tailoring, too, is just a little better than other creditable productions. We are in the clothes business, and we see the best and the worst. We chose 20th Century Brand Garments for the same reason that you should—because they are the best and because the price is always just for quality and no more.

A. WILLIAMSON,

BIG FOUR. RELIABLE CLOTHIER, MADOC

ASHLEY & EMPEY

SOLE AGENTS IN THIS DISTRICT FOR

Massey Harris Farm Implements,
Superior Disc Drills and Harrows,
Goodison Thresher Company,
DeLaval Cream Separators,
Massey Harris Cream Separators,
Ontario Wind Engine and Pump Co.
Mount Forest Carriages

A full stock of plow repairs always on hand. Call in whether you want to buy or not.

Everybody welcome.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

...MILNE'S...

Specials for This Week.

300 yards

ALL WOOL . . . DRESS GOODS

Heavy winter weight, different Colors, 54 and 56 inches wide,

REGULAR PRICE $1.25

SALE PRICE 60c.

This is one of the best bargains we ever had in Dress Goods.

ALEX. MILNE

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

White's

Steel and Iron Ploughs.

Plough Points for Different Make of Ploughs.

Coolers of all sizes.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Will be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE

In Womanly Ailments and Weaknesses

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure Soothes, Heals and Cures while the Patient Sleeps.

The best remedy which physicians know for Female Weaknesses is composed of parts of a certain white lily. To this are added other remedies which draw out the poisons and heal the inflamed membranes. This soothing antiseptic local application is known by druggists and physicians everywhere as DR. SHOOP'S NIGHT CURE—because it cures while the patient sleeps and the morning finds the pain, the inflammation, the discharges, abated. The lives of many women are records of martyrdom. They suffer, they are sick, they never know a well day—yet all this suffering and sickness is unnecessary. Every ailing woman may be made strong—may be made to experience the vigor and vitality of robust and perfect health. By healthy womanhood. It is to this ever-increasing number of suffering women that Dr. Shoop sends his message of hope and life and good cheer. It is to these sick and ailing women that DR. SHOOP'S NIGHT CURE will come as a Balm of Gilead. You may not know your trouble by the name physicians give it, but remember DR. SHOOP'S NIGHT CURE may be relied upon in all cases of womb ulceration, falling of the womb, pains in the womb or ovaries, leucorrhœa, (whites), inflammation, congestion, irregular or painful menstruation. Ask for Dr. SHOOP'S NIGHT CURE. Recommended and sold by

"ALL DRUGGISTS"

Woman's Night Cure

HOME NEWS GOSSIP & CHAT

MADOC, NOVEMBER 22. 1906.

—Ontario :—Mrs. Peter Sinclair, of Madoc, is visiting her son, Ald. D. V. Sinclair, Belleville.

☞ Pure Pennoline Coal Oil for sale by G. A. Ferguson.

—A cent, the first struck in the United States Mint in 1793, was sold in New York for for $82.

☞ We buy Butter. F. G. LYNDE.

—Mr. Ernest Fralsck, M. E., of Madoc, has been engaged by the Mines Department to report on the Iron Pyrites of Ontario.

☞ The best Flour in North Hastings is sold at Hudgins' at the lowest price.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Spurr leave for Marmora this week to spend the winter months. THE REVIEW wishes them a pleasant visit.

—Col. Halliwell is still confined to his home in Stirling with rheumatic gout. His right arm is not only helpless, but gives him great pain.

—Mr. M. McKinnon, of Renfrew, has been visiting his old Queensboro home and friends during the past week. He gave THE REVIEW a call on Monday.

☞ If you would look to your own interest you will buy your Groceries, Flour and Feed from W. W. Hudgins.

—At a reception to their new pastor in the Presbyterian Church, Stirling, on Friday evening last, Master Lynn Rollins sang a solo, the News-Argus says, very acceptably. Mr. Fred. Rollins, our old townsman, was also one of the speakers who welcomed the new pastor.

—An "open meeting" and reception will be held in the Y.M.C.A. parlors on Friday evening of this week, to which all members and subscribers of this institution are cordially invited. Refreshments served, and a musical program will be rendered.

Preventics, as the name implies, prevent all Colds and Grippe when "taken at the sneeze stage." Preventics are toothsome candy tablets. Preventic dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventics are thoroughly safe for children, and as effectual for adults. Sold and recommend in 5 cents and 25 cents boxes by all dealers.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, the dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with a human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips mean feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free, trial box, at our store, and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25 cents at all dealers.

—Miss Bertha Guffin, of Tweed, spent Sunday in Madoc, visiting relatives and friends.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for Stove Pipes and Elbows.

—Mrs. Grange and daughter Leila, of Odessa, were visiting the former's sisters, Mrs. (Dr.) Wright and Mrs. J. McIlroy, last week.

☞ More Sugar for one dollar at Hudgins' than any other place in Madoc.

—Beginning with Sunday evening, in the Methodist Church, Rev. Ellwood Bowerman will preach three sermons on Lot. Subject for Sunday, 25th inst., "Lot on His Way to Sodom,"—a sermon for young men.

☞ WANTED—Dry Plucked Poultry, for which highest price will be paid. G. R. JONES, Eldorado.

—Bancroft Times :—Mr. W. Cross, barrister, Madoc, was in town this week on business in connection with the sale of the property of Thos. Parsons in Maynooth. The house and lot in the village were sold to Mr. P. Flynn for $650.

☞ POULTRY WANTED — Dressed Turkeys, Geese, Chickens and Ducks wanted. Highest cash price. We are shipping from Madoc on the 30th. G. A. FERGUSON.

—Mr. P. Walter O'Flynn, barrister, returned to Madoc last week, after an extensive trip through the Canadian West, lasting over four months. He was as far west as Edmonton, and thinks Canadians have a grand heritage in that great country.

☞ Three houses and lots for sale, in village of Madoc, at bargain prices. Call and get terms.

Also two farms for sale in Madoc township. Terms to suit purchaser.
T. L. NICKLE.

—The many friends of Mr. William Jenkins were pleased to welcome him back to Madoc again last week, and he has since been kept busy shaking hands and renewing old acquaintances. We understand his son, Mr. W. S. Jenkins, of the Education Department, Toronto, and family, will also reside in Madoc this winter, taking a rest for the benefit of his health.

☞ TELEGRAPHY.—Any one desiring to learn telegraphy can arrange to do so by applying to the undersigned. Class will open on or about November 15th.
41-tf R. R. CASEMENT.

—Mr. J. Howard Moore, in an address before a meeting of the American Humane Association in Chicago, vigorously denounced the wearing of beasts and birds. "Nobody but a barbarian," he said, "would adorn her head with the carcass of a bird or the grinning heads of weasels." Such things, he declared, appealed only to vulgarians, and a woman so decorated was about as attractive as if she were adorned with a string of dried skulls.

Surrogate Court.

Probate of will of Joseph Farrell, late of the village of Madoc, John McIlroy, Executor. Estate $1560. Wm. Cross, Solicitor for Executor.

Tea and Bazaar.

The ladies of St. John's church will hold a tea and also have a sale of work suitable for 'Xmas presents, in the St. Lawrence Hall sample rooms on Friday, December 7th, afternoon and evening, commencing at 4 o'clock.

Cheese Season Closed.

The last meeting of the Madoc Cheese Board for this season was held on Thursday last. The sales closed 11½ cents, thus bringing to an end one of the most successful seasons in the history of the Madoc Board.

Can It Be True ?

There is a movement throughout some of the provincial towns and cities to remove from lawns, trees, shrubs, etc., which prevents the circulation of pure air throughout the houses, and is thus regarded as conducive to ill health. Too much water is also used on many of the lawns during the summer season, which physicians say induce rheumatism.

Services Appreciated.

At the Campbellford Cheese Board meeting last week, the good services of Mr. R. T. Gray, Cheese Inspector for that district, was fittingly acknowledged, and a unanimous resolution passed that he be recommended for appointment next season as Instructor.

Cheese Factory Improvements.

After such a successful season as the one just closed, cheese companies are everywhere making needed improvements to their factory premises. Among those brought to our attention are :—

A new up-to-date factory to be built by the Madoc Cheese Manufacturing Co., near Queensboro.

A new cement or wood floor, the Alexandria Co.

The Brook Valley Co. are making extensive improvements to the whole factory and premises.

A Good Horse.

The representative of the "Canadian Sportsman," who was present at the meeting of Horsemen in Madoc some weeks ago, when the question of the government licensing stallions was discussed, had the following to say of a local man :—

Mr. Luther Cornell is probably the best posted man in the district, and made a rattling speech at the meeting of the commissioners, and showed very pointedly that he knew what he was talking about. He owns the hackney stallion Winchester, 8337, a dark chestnut, 15-2, hands, with blaze in face, weighs 1,250 lbs., beautiful conformation—in fact, he is faultless to the eye; he took first prize and sweepstakes at London, Ont., in 1905. Winchester was foaled in 1901, sired by Gartin Duke of Connaught, reg. 2809, dam Wood Violet, 2511, by Lord Derby II., 417, and has nearly won wherever exhibited, having won a number of prizes before coming to this country.

Christmas Number.

THE REVIEW will again this year issue a handsome 'Xmas Number to our subscribers. It will be a beautifully printed 4-page sheet, superbly illustrated with half-tone engravings, and with an abundance of reading matter suitable for the festive holiday season, in addition to the Christmas announcements of Madoc's leading merchants. It will be issued early in December.

A Good Show.

Prof. Green again "made good" in Madoc with his moving picture show, exhibited here on Monday and Tuesday evenings. The attendance both evenings were larger than other years, and the pictures were certainly "the best ever." Come often, Professor.

Methodist Church Anniversary.

The anniversary services of the Methodist Church will be held December 9th and 10th. Rev. J. J. Rae, President of Bay of Quinte Conference, will preach on Sabbath, morning and evening. He will also lecture on Monday evening at 8 o'clock on "From Infancy to Old Age." All are welcome to any or all of these services.

Farmers' Institute Meetings.

REVIEW readers north of Madoc are reminded of the series of Farmers' Institute meetings, commencing Monday next, 26th inst., at the principal places between St. Ola and Maynooth. The full list of places and dates were given last week. The staff will be W. F. Kydd, Simcoe; Miss Isabel Rife, of Hespeler, and the Secretary, F. A. Comerford, Eldorado.

Cobalt in Madoc.

Millions of dollars are being expended in Cobalt, New Ontario, and thousands of prospectors and speculators are rushing thither, but this alluring metal can be found much nearer home. Within half a mile of the village of Madoc, Cobalt was discovered years ago, on Mr. Thomas Cross' property,—but its value was not then so great as now. We hope to see this vein further developed in the near future.

Called from St. Peter's.

St. Peter's Presbyterian Church, Madoc, stands another chance to lose their popular pastor, Rev. E. W. Mackay, B.A. Last week he received a unanimous "call" from St. Paul's Church, Smith's Falls, which we understand would mean very decided promotion. While it is generally understood that Mr. Mackay will accept, the matter will be officially settled, according to the rules of the church, at a special meeting of the Kingston Presbytery to be held in Tweed on Monday afternoon next at 4 o'clock. St. Peter's congregation last night appointed their representatives to attend this meeting of the Presbytery.

SALE REGISTER.

On Wednesday, December 5th.—Farm stock, implements, etc., belonging to Mrs. Mark Sandford, lot 25 in the 5th concession of Madoc. Sale at 1 o'clock sharp. Nine months' credit. Jacob Huff, auctioneer.

On Wednesday, Nov. 28.—The Farm Stock and Implements belonging to James E. Trotter, north-west ¼ lot 23, 10th concession Madoc township. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock. Terms cash. Chas. St. Charles, Bailiff.

[NOTE.—Sale bill printed at REVIEW office, Madoc, will receive a notice similar to above, free of charge.]

The Root of a Corn

Is thoroughly removed by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No scar left, no pain, for Putnam's is purely vegetable and contains no caustics. Use only Putnam's Corn Extractor.

☞ Biscuits 5c. a pound at Hudgins'.

☞ We buy Deer Skins. F. G. LYNDE.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for American Coal Oil.

☞ Go to G. A. Ferguson for Pennoline Coal Oil.

☞ Highest cash price paid Butter, Chickens and Eggs at Hudgins'.

☞ Hudgins defies competition in Sugar. Give him a call when you are ready to buy.

DIED.

MCKINNON.—Fell asleep in Jesus Nov. 9th, Eliza, wife of John McKinnon, in the 78 years of her age. Her end was peace.

BORN.

MURRAY.—At Crookston, on Nov. 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, a son.

BURNETT.—In Huntingdon, on Nov. 4th, to Mr. and Mrs. Adam Burnett, a son.

SEXSMITH.—In Elzevir township, on 2nd inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sexsmith, twin boys.

THOMPSON.—At Queensboro, on Tuesday, 13th November, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Thompson, a daughter.

Charming Femininity.

Famous beauties pay particular attention to the purity of their blood, knowing that nutritious blood means soft, delicate skin, bright eyes, and enduring nerves. Those whose looks are so delightful use Ferrozone because it's the exact food needed to tone and stimulate the blood. Ferrozone invigorates, braces feeds, — it makes those dainty, vivacious women so pleasant to meet. You'll have the rosy bloom of health, dash and spirit, the satisfaction and joy of true health after using Ferrozone. You should get Ferrozone to-day. Sold everywhere in 50c. boxes.

My Hair is Extra Long

Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only genuine hair-food you can buy. It gives new life to the hair-bulbs. You save what hair you have, and get more, too. And it keeps the scalp clean and healthy.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

Ayer's

☞ Six pounds finest Rice for 25c. at Hudgins'.

A BIG DOLL FREE

See Our Doll Display

We are going to give away a big Dressed Doll. Do you want it? It won't cost you a cent. Call and see our display of Dolls and we will explain. We know we have better value in dolls than was ever offered in town. Dolls from 5c. to $5.00. You can't afford to miss seeing them, anyway.

Big Value in Toys

DID you see our Toys? We have all kinds. Our mechanical toys are the kind that GO. We have toys at all prices. If you want any toys for Christmas call and select them soon as we are running short on some lines now.

The Corner Drug Store,
W. P. J. Alexander.

Horehound and Cherry Cough Syrup

has cured over 400 coughs and colds, so you can depend on it curing yours. It is made out of roots and herbs and contains nothing injurious. Ask your neighbor about it as now is the time to cure that cold. Costs only **25c. a bottle.**

COD LIVER OIL EMULSION costs 50c. a pint if you get it here.

We also keep a full stock of **PINE'S MEDICINES AND PILLS.**

HARRY H. JONES, PHM B.

DON'T DELAY Your Christmas Buying

UNTIL THE LAST DAY. BEGIN NOW!

We have a beautiful stock at present to choose from—later the very article you wished to purchase may be sold out and you will be unable to obtain it.

Our present stock of watches is very large and the prices are right down, can't be beat. Make your boy happy by giving him a Watch for Christmas, prices from $1.50 up.

Cuff Links make a pretty gift, especially if engraved with initials.

A dozen Sterling Tea or Coffee Spoons with the initials engraved on handle are very acceptable.

When possible we will engrave one initial on all Silverware free of charge.

EYES TESTED FREE. **GEO. F. MAYBEE,** Jeweler and Optician

CHRISTMAS GOODS

in Greater Variety than ever, and the Best Time for Choosing is Now.

Everybody who has Christmas things to buy should act upon the above advice. The days are slipping by, first thing you know the Christmas crowds will have taken possession of the store, and then you will have to put up with some inconveniences, whether you like it or not, besides our stock is at its best now, complete in every detail.

Fancy China in all Kinds
AND IN ALL LINES.

Dinner Sets and Bedroom Sets
AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

All Kinds of Toys
TIN AND IRON.

1800 Dolls in all Lines
FROM 1 CT. EACH UP TO $5.00.

Ladies' Fancy Collars and Handkerchiefs
A SPECIALTY.

Everything is on the hum.

Strictly Cash.

ALEX. McGREGOR.

AN ACCEPTABLE SACRIFICE

It Is the Service of Love Because We Are the Children of God.

If I were hungry I would not tell thee; for the world is mine and the fullness thereof. . . . Offer unto God thanksgiving, and pay thy vows to the Most High.—Psalms i., 12-14.

Men are not drawn together by a collection box. To make this the standard emblem of the church is but to emphasize the difference between the institution and the one who said, "Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will give you rest." It little helps the need of a hungry world to stand ever before it begging it to give, to bring in its offerings.

To the plain man there will always seem some absurdity in the request that he, human and finite, should sacrifice his own lamb or his few hard earned pennies to a being who is almighty, to whom the whole creation belongs. He cannot understand a Father who does nothing but sit by his altar and

WATCH THE TITHES BROUGHT IN.

Is this the only concrete expression we can make of the spirit of worship, to give up material things to a spiritual being? Whence this change of conception, from the servants of the Man of Nazareth, who were sent out to heal and help and do good to an institution going out to collect everything that is good for itself?

Surely nothing could be farther from the old seer's and singer's thought of the wondrous one, from whom all things came, the source of all being, all beauty, all worth and wealth. He, as they clothed his glory in terms of mankind, was the great giver instead of a getter. To him the hungry looked and were fed, the naked were clothed, the sad cheered; to all he gave their meat in due season.

The emphasis was not on God's need of man and his possessions, but on man's need of the Most High. The life and spirit, the eternal power that moves through all our lives, needs not our bare pittance wrung with anguish from field or loom, but the opening of our hearts, the lifting up of ourselves into touch with things sublime and spiritual. Heaven needs our hearts.

Who is to be pitied more than he to whom religion is the dropping of pennies through the slot of a collection box and seeing the world through its narrow crack. Rather is it the refining to see the eternal goodness, the unremitting giver in all this world, in every event, until the whole being goes out in grateful praise, offering the

SACRIFICE OF THANKSGIVING.

True, there is no religion without sacrifice. But there is none in the sacrifice of gifts to the Almighty as though He were hard up, nor in gifts regarded as payments on paradise mortgages or as means of mollifying an offended judge. The sacrifice whose aroma rises sweet to heaven is the service of love, the self-denial born of gratitude or affection, the gifts to men because they are the children of the good Father.

The broken heart, the contrite sighs, the sympathy that serves—these are the sacrifices on which the welfare of the whole universe waits. We honor the divine less by lofty steeple or pealing organ than by entering into the beauty and enjoying the riches of the great temple of nature and making its wealth known, available and appreciable by all men everywhere.

The winning of the world waits for the revelation of the wealth of the Lord of all being. Men need not tarry till they have taxes for Him; with empty hand, with hungry hearts, with needy spirits, they are invited to come to the Father of spirits and the feast of His love as men came, the sick, the weary, the sad, long ago to one in whom they found the wealth of infinite love.

HENRY F. COPE.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,

NOV. 25.

Lesson VIII. The World's Temperance Sunday. Golden Text: I Cor. 9.27.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

Historical Background. — Isaiah, the greatest of Hebrew prophets, lived and labored at Jerusalem during the last forty years of the eighth century, B. C. His public career was nearly coextensive with the successive reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, Kings of Judah. He was much influenced in the early part of his prophetic activity by the spirit and earnestness of Amos and Hosea, earlier prophets of the Northern Kingdom. To rightly understand the mission and prophecies of Isaiah a knowledge of the political situation of the time is necessary. The greatest political fact of that period was the steady westward extension of the Assyrian empire which endangered the independent existence of all the smaller nations of western Asia. Among these the two Israelitish kingdoms, because of their favored geographical position, ought to have been the last to come into conflict with the Assyrian power; but the shortsightedness of the kings of Judah and Israel dictated a political policy which involved them in premature and compromising relations with both Assyria and Egypt, the two great world powers on either side of them, and this in both cases with disastrous results. It is also important to remember that the historical period just preceding the time of Isaiah, had been one of unusual prosperity for the northern kingdom under Jeroboam II. as well as for Judah under the long reign of Uzziah (or Azariah). The boundaries of both kingdoms had, during this period of prosperity been once more extended unto their utmost limits and great wealth flowed into the national treasuries of both kingdoms. "And their land is full of silver and gold, neither is there any end of their treasures; their land also is full of horses, neither is there any end of their chariots" (Isa. 2. 7.) But material prosperity was attended by an aggravation of social evils already grievous. Debauchery and a general corruption of morals among the wealthy upper classes (Isa. 3. 16-23; 5. 11, 12; 28. 1-8; 32. 9), the rise of great landed estates (Isa. 5. 8; Mic. 2. 2, 9), and the consequent oppression of the poor (Isa. 1. 23; 3. 14, 15; 5. 23; 10. 1, 2; 29. 21) called forth the sternest rebukes of Isaiah and his contemporary Micah. Of their denunciations of the oppression, avarice and drunkenness prevailing in the higher ranks of society in their time our lesson passage is an excellent example. The scathing rebuke of Israel which it contains really embraces the longer passage, verses 8-30, which in turn is inseparable from the introductory parable of the refractory vineyard contained in verses 1-7. The entire chapter should be studied.

Verse 11. In the form of a simple parable or story the prophet has addressed an assemblage of his countrymen, appealing to them to judge between him and his unfruitful vineyard. Unaware of the rhetorical purpose of the narrative, they readily assent to the condemnation of the vineyard, not perceiving that in so doing they are pronouncing their own condemnation. Thereupon the prophet suddenly drops the figurative language of the parable (v. 7) and with tremendous force drives home the charge of disobedience and rebellion against Jehovah upon his hearers. "For the vineyard of Jehovah of hosts is the house of Israel, and the men of Judah his pleasant plant: and he looked for justice, but, behold, oppression; for righteousness, but, behold, a cry."

Woe—A simple interjection of threatening. There are several different Hebrew words thus translated in the Old Testament. In Prov. 23. 29, "Who hath woe," for example, the Hebrew word translated "woe" is not the same as the word so translated in this chapter, being rather an interjection of lament. The threat against drunkards contained in this verse is preceded in verses 8-10 by a similar threat against the avaricious aristocracy, who "join house to house, and lay field to field."

Rise up early in the morning — The craving for drink in the morning is proof of an abnormal appetite, drinking and carousing being generally associated in thought with the late hours of the day and night. This verse reminds us of the words spoken by Peter in defense of the disciples on the day of Pentecost: "These are not drunken, as ye suppose; seeing that it is but the third hour of the day" (Acts 2. 15).

Strong drink — Fermented liquor of every kind.

12. Lute—An instrument belonging to the guitar family, no longer in common use.

Tabret—Archaic form of tabor or tabour, a small drum or tambourine without jingles. Used especially to accompany some form of pipe or flute; a timbrel.

Regard not the work of Jehovah, neither. . . . the operation of his hands—They read not the signs of the times, nor do they understand the ominous import of the events which are transpiring about them and which are indicative of the impending judgment of Jehovah.

13. Are gone—Or, goeth. The form used in the text has been called the prophetic perfect.

Into captivity—The only specific mention of the exile in Isaiah.

Their honorable men are famished, and their multitude are parched with thirst—Rich and poor shall suffer alike in the time of famine to come.

14. Sheol—The Hebrew word "Sheol" corresponds to the Greek "Hades," and was the name given to the underworld or realm of of the dead.

Hath enlarged its desire, and opened its mouth without measure—This under world is here represented as elsewhere (comp. Prov. 1. 12; 30. 16) as a devouring, insatiable monster.

Descend into it—Into Sheol. The thought of the verse is that the pomp and the glory of the multitude will not shield them from death. The latter part of this fourteenth verse has been rendered in another translation as follows: "And down goes her (Jerusalem's) pomp, and her tumult and her uproar, and (all) that is (so) jubilant in her." This makes the prophecy of destruction refer more particularly to the city, including, of course, her inhabitants. The whole city shall be destroyed.

15, 16. This severe judgment which is to come upon the capital city will but reflect the justice and holiness of Jehovah, who thereby compels the recognition of his righteousness and reveals his true nature as the Holy One in Israel.

17. The waste places of the fat ones shall wanderers eat—The city with its glory having vanished into the underworld, its former site now affords scant pasturage for herds which graze amid the ruins. The picture intended seems to be that of awful desolation rather than that of "idyllic peace." The word "wanderers" may be translated also "sojourners," and refers, possibly, to nomad shepherds.

18. The third woe is uttered against those who, skeptical of the fulfillment of the dire prophecy against the city, harden themselves in sin and increase the measure of their iniquity, thereby really hastening the day of judgment.

19. Let him make speed—A mocking challenge to Jehovah to fulfill the prophecy against the city.

20. The woe of this verse is pronounced against those who confuse moral distinctions; that is, against the class of moralists and philosophers "who employed their subtlety in making out a case for abuses condemned by the unsophisticated moral sense."

21. The fifth woe is against the self-satisfied astuteness of politicians and statesmen of that period.

22, 23. The sixth and last woe is uttered against them that are mighty to drink wine, the carousing and debauched aristocracy, and against the corrupt judges who justify the wicked for a bribe.

Take away the righteousness of the righteous from him—Tempt the righteous to forsake the right and employ similar unrighteous means to obtain desired ends. In the succeeding verses of the chapter the prophecy of ruin which is to come is repeated.

SEARCH FOR RICH TREASURE.

Gold Valued at $7,500,000 in Hull of Sunken Vessel.

Another search for lost treasure is about to begin under the auspices of a British company. This time it is gold brought from Australia in 1859 that is the object of the search. It is believed to be in or near a wreck at Moelfre, on the coast of Anglesey.

The wreck in question was one of the most terrible in seafearing annals. The Royal Charter, a full rigged ship, sailed from an Australian port with nearly 500 persons, crew and passengers, on board.

A large proportion of the passengers were gold-diggers who had "made their pile," and were returning home as rich men. The gold they brought with them was contained partly in belts worn by the owners, but mainly in two great boxes. The value of all the gold on the ship is estimated at more than $7,500,000.

The Royal Charter struck on a reef at Moelfre, and became a total wreck. Four hundred and fifty-nine of her crew and passengers were drowned.

There have been many efforts to recover the gold from the wreck, and it is understood that the smaller of the chests that contained the bulk of the treasure was found at an early period. Dwellers along the coast profited by digging in the sands, and even in recent years prospecting of this sort has been rewarded occasionally by the discovery of a few coins.

The wreck is still in existence, and partly visible. The bow of the vessel is hard on a rock, but the stern is embedded in sand. It is the plan now to destroy the wreck with dynamite and search by diving and dredging in the debris for the larger of the treasure chests.

Preparations for the work are in active progress at Holyhead. Councillor Edward Owen, who is an expert in such matters, will superintend the operations.

SIR FREDERICK LUGARD RETIRES.

Was High Commissioner for Northern Nigeria.

Sir Frederick Lugard, the first High Commissioner for Northern Nigeria, has resigned his post, having reached the limit of his appointment, which was for six years.

Sir Frederick's career has been one of distinction. Previous to his appointment as High Commissioner of the territories, up till then occupied by the Royal Niger Company, he had served in the Afghan War of 1879-80, in the Soudan campaign of 1885, and with the Burma Field Force in 1886-7. He was engaged for monthly fighting the Arab slavers in Nyassaland, when he was severely wounded.

The Protectorate originally cost £1,000,000, the amount paid to the Niger Company, and since then about £2,000,000 has been paid out of the Imperial Treasury, besides grants from neighboring dependencies.

It, however, the cost has been considerable, a good work has been accomplished in Northern Nigeria. Raiding for slaves as a recognized form of raising revenue has been suppressed. The position in Nigeria when Sir F. Lugard took over the High Commissionership bristled with difficulties and dangers, those with France regarding the frontier being the most serious. These have all ben swept away, and the strained relations with native Emirs and their vassals have been improved.

Sir Frederick Lugard's wife is better known as Miss Flora Shaw, who represented The Times in South Africa, and appeared as a witness at the Jameson Raid inquiry. She also visited the Klondyke for The Times, and was one of the first women to make the trip to the Yukon.

A MEAN ADVANTAGE.

She held the china steadily
In her bewitching way.
I came upon her suddenly
When Dolly held the tray.

I saw her blue eyes warning flash,
Heard her defiant "Nay."
But thought that I would risk a crash
When Dolly held the tray.

I'd often asked her for a kiss,
She'd always slipped away,
Until that time I lasted bliss
When Polly held the tray.

Sweet kisses oft did I cajole
On many a later day,
But never forgot the first I stole
When Dolly held the tray.

The Home

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

Hot Ginger Cake to be served with Whipped Cream—Put into a pan one cup of molasses and one cup of cream; or in its place one-half cup butter or lard, filling up the cup with boiling water. Add two even teaspoonfuls of soda dissolved in a little water and stir until it stops "purring." Add a small teaspoonful of ginger, a pinch of salt, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, a beaten egg, and two heaping cups of sifted flour. Bake in a moderate oven.

Buttermilk Bread. — Use buttermilk which is not too sour. Heat a quart of it to the boiling point, stirring frequently to prevent curdling. Add one teaspoonful of sugar, set aside for five minutes and mix gradually with one quart of sifted flour, beating and stirring until a smooth batter is made. Cover closely and let stand over night. Then add to the batter one teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in one quarter of a cupful of hot water, one scant tablespoonful of salt and two tablespoonfuls of melted butter or shortening. Beat well, then gradually sift and mix in sufficient flour to make a soft dough. Turn out on a well-floured board and knead until very soft and velvety to the touch. Divide into thirds, mould into loaves, place in greased pans, and bake at once in a moderate oven.

Celery Fritters—The blanched stalks of celery are selected for salad; the green pieces must not be thrown away, as they can be utilized by stewing, while the leaves will give flavor to soups, gravies, and many sauces. Another way is to add the chopped green stalks to a plain fritter batter, making a delightful entree, or vegetable dish. One cupful of chopped celery to one pint of batter (any good recipe) and rather more pepper than usual.

Moulded Macaroni Cheese.—Break 3 oz. of macaroni or spaghetti into small pieces, boil in rapidly boiling salted water; when tender drain off the water and add half a pint of milk; cook slowly till the macaroni has absorbed most of the milk. To half a pint of thick white sauce add 2 oz. of grated cheese and mix with the macaroni; last of all add two well-beaten eggs. Butter a plain border mould, sprinkle it with browned breadcrumbs, and pour in the macaroni mixture; steam gently for about half an hour, turn out, and fill the centre with stewed tomatoes and mushrooms.

Cranberry Charlotte Russe.—Line small moulds with sponge cake and fill with cranberry jelly or jam. When well set, remove from the moulds and heap with whipped and sweetened cream or a meringue made by whipping the whites of eggs stiff, allowing a tablespoonful of sugar to each white of egg.

Virginia Stewed Chicken—From one or two roast chickens left from a previous meal cut and dice the best portions so as to have fully a pint of meat. Take bones, etc., put in a kettle, cover with cold water, heat and simmer slowly for two hours, then strain. To this stock add the diced meat, three large firm potatoes, peeled and cut fine, one green sweet pepper, seeded and chopped, and the corn cut from a dozen ears. Reheat, thicken with two scant tablespoonfuls of flour dissolved in cold water, season to taste and simmer for fifteen minutes. Serve garnished with squares of fried hominy.

Little Ginger Snaps—Boil one pint of New Orleans molasses, one cupful of sugar, and one cupful of butter ten minutes. When cool add one teaspoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful of soda, dissolved in a few drops of warm water, and flour enough to roll thin in. Bake slowly.

Veal Cutlets Saute.—Take a slice from the middle of the leg and one inch thick. Divide it into pieces about the size of the palm of the hand, removing the tough fat edge. Sprinkle with a little lemon juice or vinegar, and let stand for an hour. Dip each piece into slightly beaten egg, then in fine crumbs. Have some dripping hot in the pan, lay in the pieces, and brown first on one side then on the other. Serve with a tomato sauce.

AN OLD FRIEND IN MANY PLACES.

Salt has proved so true a friend to me that I offer these suggestions for those who do not know how versatile a servant salt is, writes Mrs. M. E. Underwood.

When washing table tumblers with cold water add a little salt; the results will prove astonishing.

To beat the whites of eggs quickly add a pinch of salt; it cools, and cold eggs froth rapidly.

A little salt in the starch will prevent the starch from blowing out of the clothes on windy days and will prevent the starch from freezing on cold days.

If the carpet is sprinkled with salt before sweeping, it not only prevents moths from getting into it, but also brightens it.

Moths will be kept out of clothes if the inside of the clothespress is washed with salt water.

Salt and lemon juice will remove iron rust from clothes.

When rinsing the mouth after cleaning the teeth, put a little salt in the water. It will harden the gums and so prevent them from bleeding.

If a dash of salt is put into everything where condensed milk is used, it will make it taste more like fresh milk. Salt will curdle new milk. In preparing porridge, gravies, etc., the salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

Salt and beeswax will make rusty flat irons as smooth and clean as glass. Tie a rump of wax in a rag and keep it for that purpose. When the irons are hot rub them first with the waxed rag, then scour with a paper or cloth sprinkled with salt.

A little salt put on a child's tongue when in a spasm will relieve instantly.

Salt and vinegar will clean copper better than anything else. It will also take spots off china ware.

HOME-MADE MUSTARD PLASTERS.

Those unaccustomed to the manufacturing of home-made mustard plasters may find the following directions useful. Although ready-made plasters are very handy when travelling and those of home manufacture cannot be procured, they are often found to be too harsh for a sensitive skin, and if not watched with the utmost care they are very apt to blister. To 1 teaspoon dry mustard add 8 teaspoons flour and mix to a paste with water. Apply between 2 pieces thin muslin and let remain on the affected part ½ hour, by which time the inflammation will have been drawn to the surface without the often resultant blister. If the spot to which the plaster is to be applied is not extremely sensitive, the proportions of mustard may be increased a little. A plaster requiring these proportions will cover quite a surface of the body. After it has remained on the prescribed time, remove it, and with the tips of the fingers work in some soothing ointment, which will then be more readily absorbed, and will also prevent the irritated surface from blistering.

USEFUL HINTS.

When parsley is plentiful it is a good plan to dry some and put it up for winter use in a tin can. It will keep indefinitely, and can be used dried for flavoring omelettes and other savories, pretty much as one would use fresh chopped parsley, though it is not, of course, quite so pretty as the latter.

When, as not infrequently happens, one uses the whites of several eggs in cooking something, having no immediate use for the yolks, they can easily be kept fresh—for a few days in summer, longer if necessary in winter—by immersing them in cold water.

Canned fruit should be kept in a dark place, to preserve both its color and flavor. It should always be opened an hour or two before it is used, if possible, because it tastes and is far better when the oxygen is restored to it. Fruit jellies may be kept from moulding by having a quarter of an inch of powdered sugar all over the top of the glass. Sometimes the top of a jar of fruit has very slightly fermented; removing just a little from the top will often show that the remainder is quite good. Some people do not dislike a slight flavor of alcohol or fermentation, while others would consider fruit so affected as spoiled.

OFFICERS MUST STUDY.

General French Tells Them How to Spend Winter Months.

Lieutenant-General Sir John French has given his views on the work performed by the troops of the Aldershot army corps during the training season of 1906, in a memorandum just issued.

In it he gives all the credit for the great improvement shown by all arms in the science and practice of war, but urges for a yet higher standard, which can only be attained by officers studying seriously military problems during the winter months.

With regard to the infantry, the General says that the night operations were marked by too much noise and talking and too frequent use of lights for signaling and other purposes.

A fleet of battleships could be taken in and out of a dangerous harbor or roadstead in total darkness — an example of what the army ought to try to achieve on land.

ENGLAND'S GREATEST BANKER.

Postmaster-General of Great Britain Owes $750,000,000.

Mr. Sydney Buxton, the Postmaster-General, opened a new post office at Hanley, and at a luncheon which followed said that the post-office was the greatest instance in this country of collectivism in the public service.

The Postmaster-General was far and away the greatest banker in the country, and at present he owed no less than £150,000,000. He hoped there would not be a run on his bank during the next few months. He was also the greatest employer of labor, giving work to about 200,000 persons.

The post-office would soon embrace all the telephone system, and would no doubt in future also embrace wireless telegraphy.

They had cheapened the service on certain branches, but business demanded that the Post Office should always produce a balance of revenue.

CONCLUSIVE PROOF.

Johnny was home from school for the holidays, and, of course, it was only natural that he should try to impress his little sister Mabel with the boundless depth of his knowledge and learning. Impressively he pointed to a star in the heavens.

"Mabel," he said, "you see that star up there? Do you know, my child, that it is three times as large as this world of ours?"

"Tain't," said Mabel, stoutly, "and I ain't your child. Think you're everybody 'cos you go to school, and get caned, don't you?"

"Oh, yes it is, Mabel," insisted Johnny, "and don't you be cheeky, or you'll get what I gave Snippy Higgins."

"Tain't bigger," said Mabel, convincingly, "if it was it would keep off the rain."

VENDETTA UP

THE REMARKABLE CAREER OF GIUSEPPE PAOLI.

A Corsican Murderer Clears Innocent Relatives by a Snapshot Photograph.

A murder trial which is soon to take place in Ajaccio, Corsica, will be the climax of one of the oldest cases of vendetta, with the strangest up to date features, on record. The central figure is Giuseppe Paoli, who killed a man in a quarrel some years ago, was arrested, tried and sent to New Caledonia to serve out a long sentence of deportation.

In some unexplained way Paoli escaped from the French convict settlement some eighteen months ago and forthwith made his way home to Corsica. No information of his escape was communicated to the authorities of the island and they had no suspicion of his presence as they lay hid in the maquis, or dense secondgrowth thickets which skirt the forests in the mountainous regions of Corsica. His presence was known only to two of three friends.

Paoli had returned to Corsica to perform what was in his eyes almost a religious duty. This was to take vengeance upon a former comrade, whose testimony only had caused his conviction. One day he surprised the traitor, as he considered him, on a lonely road and

SHOT HIM DEAD.

When the body was discovered, suspicion fell at once upon Paoli's two brothers. It was plain from the outset that the murder was not committed for robbery, and they were the only people known to be in the island who had any grounds for a vendetta against the dead man.

They were arrested. Some circumstantial evidence was unfavorable to them and they were held for trial, with their prospects of clearing themselves rather black.

Then a countrymen stepped one day into the offices of the Prefecture at Ajaccio.

"Sir," said he to the official who received him, "I come from Paoli, who humbly asks for an interview with the Prefect."

"What Paoli?" he asked.

"The deported Paoli."

"But he's in New Caledonia. We can't go there."

"No, he's in Corsica and he must talk with the Prefect alone and soon. Tell him so."

The countrymen bowed politely and went out.

Some days later the Prefect started on a tour of inspection. He drove in an open carriage and was accompanied by one of his councillors and a military surgeon.

They had not the faintest idea that anything unusual was to happen, and were enjoying the drive as the road led them into a dense patch of woods. A sudden shout caused the coachman to rein up, and the party found themselves covered by four carbines.

The man who had called at the Prefecture a few days before approached and ordered the Councillor to step out of the carriage. Covering the official with his gun, the man explained

WITH COOL POLITENESS:

"Paoli is there, just behind the bushes. He wishes to speak to the Prefect alone. Advise his Excellency to go to him, for if he refuses I shall be obliged to kill you. His Excellency's safety is guaranteed."

The prefect didn't like it much, but he went; what else could he do? He found Paoli a little way from the road.

"Signor Prefect," said the outlaw, "I have taken this step in order to prevent a judicial murder. You propose to condemn my brothers. They are innocent. I, Paoli, escaped from prison, and the avenger who sent my betrayer to his last accounting. In order that there may be no doubt as to my identity you will photograph me at once. When the picture is developed every one will recognize me."

"But how am I to take the picture?"

"The signor doctor who accompanies you in all your journeys never moves without his camera. Just call him here."

The picture was taken. On the strength of it Paoli's brothers were liberated.

Despite vigorous pursuit, Paoli succeeded in keeping out of the hands of the gendarmie for a year longer. Then he became himself a victim of the vendetta.

A sweetheart whom he threw overboard for another recently betrayed his hiding place and he was taken unawares and captured. He is in jail in Ajaccio and his trial is to begin next month.

LONDON'S WATER SUPPLY.

World's Metropolis Uses 79,572,500,000 Gallons Per Year.

London's water supply for the year ending March 31, 1905, was 79,572,500,000 gallons. The average daily supply was 218,000,000 gallons.

According to the third annual report of the Metropolitan Water Board the supply from the Thames increased by 6.756 per cent., that from the Lea decreased by 16.412 per cent., and that from the springs and wells increased by 13.392 per cent.

The most striking feature in the Thames supply was the increase in the New River supply from this source, which advanced from a little over 65,000,000 gallons in 1904-5 to 614,000,000 gallons, or an increase of 9.946 per cent.

The tests showed that London water taken as a whole, contained less than ten microbes per cubic centimetre. Judged separately, the Kent well water stands in a class by itself in respect of purity. The East London (Thames) and Southwark and Vauxhall supplies contained the greatest number, and the New River and Chelsea waters the fewest number of bacteria. The New River and Lea waters were purer than the Thames.

Joy unsought always is first to arrive.

GRANDMA PREFERS STEAK.

Little Mary—Two pennorth of bird-seed, if yer please.
Shopman—Is it for your grandma love?
Little Mary—No, it's for the canary.

IMMENSE DAMAGE BY FLOODS

The State of Washington Is a Severe Sufferer

A despatch from Tacoma, Wash., says: A flood area of 300 miles in North-western Washington was the result on Thursday of heavy rains and melting snow, which for 48 hours had rushed from the slopes of the Cascade Mountains, causing nearly all the streams in the north-west to spread over low lands. Seattle and scores of towns have been for 36 hours cut off from outside communication. Bridges have been swept away, railroad tracks washed out, telegraph and telephone wires torn down. As far as can be learned half a dozen lives have been lost.

When darkness fell on Wednesday night watchers from the highlands saw nothing except an expanse of water, with here and there the tops of submerged houses, on some of which water-bound persons could be seen signalling for help. Some attempted rescues were made, but the mad rush of swollen waters, carrying trees, snags, lumber, and even houses, forced the rescuers back.

The Northern Pacific Bridge across Stuck River went out on Wednesday, and soon after came a suspension of railroad traffic between Tacoma and Seattle, the tracks being under water in many places. The Northern Pacific is able to maintain its service to Portland.

Advices received at the office of the Northern Pacific say the water in Green River canon is two feet higher than during the floods of 1903, when the railroad was tied up for two weeks.

What has occurred east of Auburn and west of the slopes of the Cascades can only be conjectured. That great damage has been done to property and live stock is evident, but all wires between Hot Springs and Auburn are down.

Every railroad in the north-west is tied up, and though a few trains are being run, no attempt is made at a schedule. The tracks have been washed away in many places on the different roads.

NEGRO KILLS FIVE MEN.

The Colored Man Was a Dead Shot With Revolver.

A despatch from Asheville, North Carolina, says: Fighting bravely in defence of their lives, Police Captain Page, Patrolman Chas. Blackstock and Wm. Ba[illegible] of this city, were shot to death on Tuesday by a negro, who also killed one negro and fatally wounded another. The murderer gave his name as Will Harris of Charlotte, N.C., a desperado for whom a large reward has been standing for some time. Prior to the death of the two officers, a negro restaurant keeper named Ben. Allison, was shot and killed by Harris, without provocation. Another negro named Tom Neil lies mortally wounded, he, too, being shot before the officers took a hand in the melee. Harris, starting out on his tour, fired into two houses. Later he wounded Allison. On Main Street he encountered Tom Neil and fired at him. Police Captain Page and Officers Bailey and Blackstock rushed from police headquarters in pursuit. Captain Page, who met the negro in Main Street received a bullet in the arm. Page called upon Blackstock to fire, but before the officer could do so Blackstock fell dead with a bullet in the chest. Bailey fired twice without hitting and the negro then shot and killed Bailey. The negro escaped.

ERNEST K. CATE'S SUICIDE.

A Hamilton Boy Shoots Himself at North Sydney.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: A shocking tragedy occurred in the Avalon Hotel, North Sydney, on Tuesday night about 9 o'clock, when Ernest K. Cate, a native of Hamilton, Ontario, placed the muzzle of a 48-calibre revolver to his forehead and blew his brains out. The unfortunate man came to North Sydney about a month ago, and worked for a short period as chemist at the Nova Scotia steel plant at Sydney Mines. He held that position for only a few days, quitting work of his own accord. The general opinion is that he left his job in a fit of mental aberration. As evidence of this a letter was found in a pocket of the deceased addressed to Lord Strathcona, in which Cate asserts his inability to attend to official work. Cate left his father but a short time before the dreadful act was committed. They had been playing a game of cribbage at a nearby hotel, when suddenly the boy got up, went about a hundred yards to his own sleeping place, locked himself in his room, stood before the mirror, and fired the fatal shot.

U. S. SOLDIERS FIGHT.

Artillerymen and Infantrymen Attack One Another with Knives.

A despatch from Cheyenne, Wyoming, says: A desperate fight occurred on the streets of Cheyenne on Tuesday night when a detachment of artillerymen from Fort Russell attacked a number of infantrymen all on leave. Each side fought desperately with knives. Five men were cut and slashed, one of whom is expected to die. The wounded were taken to the hospital. The cause of the fight is an old feud existing between the two arms of the service.

RICH GOLD MINES.

There Is Great Excitement at Maidstone, Saskatchewan.

A despatch from Maidstone, Sask., says: A man named Joyce, an experienced miner, who has been prospecting between Maidstone and Birling, arrived here on Tuesday and reported having discovered rich placer diggings just east of this town. The samples brought in are similar to that found at Birling, and it is possible the gold will cover a much larger area than was at first reported. Great excitement prevails, and people are rushing here in great numbers, many claims having already been staked, and it is thought that before winter sets in many large companies will be formed to extensively operate their properties. Experienced miners who have already visited the place state that the findings and formation are as rich as those recently discovered in northern Ontario, and will undoubtedly attract a large influx of miners to this district. Maidstone is the most accessible railway point to the diggings.

JAPAN'S NEW BATTLESHIP.

Exceeds the British Dreadnought in Tonnage.

A despatch from Tokio says: The utmost interest was felt in the launching of the new battleship Satsuma, which took place on Tuesday at Yokosuka in the presence of the Emperor. The keel of the Satsuma was laid on May 15 of last year. She has a length of 482 feet and beam of 83½ feet. Her draught is 27½ feet. Her tonnage, which is 19,200, exceeds that of England's biggest battleship, the Dreadnought, by 1,200 tons. Her horse-power, it is said, will be 18,000. Her speed will be 20¼ knots. While this is slower than the Dreadnought, it is expected that the Satuma's Myabara boilers will give her greater steaming stability. The armament will consist of four 12-inch guns, ten 10-inch and 12 120 MM. guns. The Japanese naval architects have utilized in the construction of the Satsuma the valuable lessons learned in the late war.

MORE CRIMES NEAR PITTSBURG.

Seven Cases of Robbery and Assault Added to List.

A despatch from Pittsburg, Penn., says: Despite the efforts of city officials and the police department to put an end to the burglaries and hold-ups in this city, and notwithstanding the veritable drag-net that has been thrown out by the public protectors, reports of hold-ups and burglaries continue to reach the public. In the fashionable east end section of the city, where most of the recent crimes have been committed, the house of W. A. Forman, a prominent mechanical engineer, was entered by burglars between midnight and daylight on Wednesday morning. Among the articles taken by the thieves was an automatic revolver recently purchased by Mr. Forman to protect himself against any occasion of this kind.

Despatches to the Associated Press from points in Alleghany County outside of this city, and also towns in neighboring counties recount seven stories of crime and violence.

Russia has disfranchised all city and railway employees.

MAY INVADE WEST ONTARIO

Canadian Northern Is Considering the Question

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Railway construction during the past month has been greater, and more has been accomplished than in any other month in years past. Realizing that winter is at hand, when work would be forcibly suspended, the contractors have pushed their work with all possible speed, the lack of men, however, being a great handicap. At the close of the threshing season the ranks of the railroad builders were considerably augmented by the engagement of a large number of Eastern harvest hands, the high pay offered being an inducement to them to terminate their stay in the west a month or two later than usual. A noticeable fact has been the large number of applications and notices of [illegible] for the construction of new [illegible] which the Provincial Governments have been deluged during the month past.

With their new line between Parry Sound and Toronto completed, the Canadian Northern are now ready to consider not only a connection between Parry Sound and Port Arthur, but the tapping of western Ontario. Which of the two projects will receive first attention has not been announced, but the likelihood is that both schemes will be worked simultaneously.

The executive agent, Hugh Sutherland, of the C. N. R., at present in Port Arthur, is considering the early projection of the railway east to meet the line just opened at Parry Sound. When that connection is made the C. N. R. will have a through line from Toronto to Edmonton. Announcement is expected in a few days.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Nov. 20. — Flour — Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at $2.70 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, $4.50; second patents, $4; and strong bakers', $3.90, Toronto.

Corn—No. 2 old American yellow nominal at 53½c, Toronto, and at 54½c outside.

Bran—The market is steady at $16 to $16.50 in bulk, outside. Shorts are quoted at $18.50 to $19 outside.

Wheat—No. 2 white offered at 72c outside, and No. 2 red winter at 71¾c outside, without bids. No. 2 mixed wanted at 70c on C.P.R. north, without sellers. No. 1 Manitoba hard offered at 81c track, Point Edward; No. 1 Northern at 79½c track, Point Edward, with 79c bid, and No. 2 Northern offered at 77c track, Point Edward, without bids.

Barley—No. 3 extra offered at 51c east, with 49c bid.

Peas—No. 2 offered at 84c east, with 80c bid, and 81c was bid either on C.P.R. or G.T.R.

Oats—Five cars of No. 2 white sold at 36c on a 6c rate to Toronto, and more offered at 36⅛c on a 6c rate December delivery, with 36c bid; 35½c bid for 10 cars outside. No. 2 mixed offered at 35½c on a 6c rate to Toronto, with 35c bid.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow offered at 54c Toronto, prompt shipment, and No. 2 Canadian yellow offered at 52c track, Toronto, but there were no bids.

Rye—No. 2 offered at 73½c east, without bids.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans — Hand-picked are selling at $1.75 and primes at $1.60 to $1.65.

Honey—Strained, quoted at 10 to 12c per lb, and combs at $2 to $2.50 per dozen.

Hops—New, quoted at 18 to 22c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy scarce, and quoted at $11 to $11.25 on track here; No. 2 quoted at $8 to $8.50.

Straw—$6 to $6.50 per ton.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 55 to 60c per bag on track, and New Brunswick, 65 to 70c per bag.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 13 to 15c; chickens, dressed, 8 to 9c; alive, 6 to 7c per lb. Fowl, alive, 5 to 6c; ducks, dressed, 10c; do, alive, 7 to 8c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 22 to 23c; tubs, 20 to 22c; large rolls, 19 to 22c. Creamery prints sell at 26 to 27c, and solids at 24½ to 25c.

Eggs—Quotations rule from 22 to 23c per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese, 12¾ to 14c, and twins, 14¼ to 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are unchanged. Bacon, long clear, 11¾ to 12c per lb in case lots; mess pork, $21 to $21.50; short cut, $23.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 15½c; do, heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 12c; shoulders, 11 to 11½c; backs, 16½ to 17c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 12¼c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12¾c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 20.—Business in Manitoba wheat was dull, cables being out of line. There is no change in local market for oats. Prices are 39 to 39½c for No. 4 in store; 40 to 40½c for No. 3, and 41 to 41½c for No. 2. Buckwheat—56½ to 57c per bushel in store. American corn, No. 2 yellow, 56½ to 57c, and No. 3 mixed, 55½ to 56c in store. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.60; strong bakers', $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.25; straight rollers, $3.75 to $3.80; do, in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, $1.50 to $1.60. Feed—Manitoba bran, in bags, $20; shorts, $22 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, $20 to $20.50; shorts, $22.50 to $23; milled mouillie, $21 to $25 per ton, and straight grain, $28 to $30. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $22 to $24; half-barrels, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat backs, $23.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50; half-barrels do, $10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 12¼ to 12¾c; barrels plate beef, $12 to $13; half-barrels do, $6.50 to $7; barrels heavy mess beef, $11; half-barrels do, $6; compound lard, 8 to 9½c; pure lard, 12¾ to 13c; kettle rendered, 13½ to 14c; hams, 14 to 15½c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15 to 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $8.50 to $8.75; alive, $5.85 to $6. Eggs—Selects, 24c; No. 1 candled, 20½ to 21c. Cheese—Ontario, 12¾ to 13c; Quebec, 12⅜ to 12½c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 24¼ to 24½c; medium grades, 23¼ to 23¾c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

St. Louis, Nov. 20. — Wheat — Cash, 74½c; December, 73½c; May, 77⅞c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 20. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 78 to 80c; No. 2 Northern, 75 to 77½c; May, 79c bid. Rye—No. 1, 67½c. Barley—No. 2, 55½c; sample, 42 to 50c. Corn— No. 3 cash, 46¾ to 47c; May, 43⅝c asked.

Duluth, Nov. 20.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 79⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅜c; November, 79⅛c; December, 76⅝c; May, 79¾c; July, 80⅛c.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Nov. 20.—Trade at the City Cattle Market this morning was little changed from last week, business in all lines being considered fairly good.

Export Cattle—Choice, $4.50 to $4.75; medium, $4 to $4.40; cows, $3.50 to $4; bulls, firm, at $3.75 to $4.

Butcher Cattle—Choice, $4.25 to $4.50; medium $3.75 to $4; common, $2.75 to $3.25; bulls, $2.75 to $3.

Stockers and Feeders—Choice, $3.25 to $3.60; common, $2.75 to $3; bulls, $2 to $2.25; heavy feeders, $3.70 to $3.80; short-keeps, $3.80 to $4.

Milch Cows—Choice, $40 to $50; common, $25 to $35; springers, $25 to $40.

Calves—Quotations are 3c to 6c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs—Export ewes, $4.50 to $5; bucks and culls, $3 to $3.50; lambs, $5.55 to $5.90.

Hogs—Choice selects, $5.65 per cwt. and lights and fats, $5.40.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

The Great Northern track-layers have reached Brandon.

The Legislature will be called probably the second week in February.

Berlin's population, according to the assessor, is 12,141.

A Chatham firm will erect a large stave mill at Rainy River.

The Fort Francis peat fuel works have closed for the winter.

Toronto's percentage of street railway earnings for October was $21,688.38.

Thirty thousand immigrants have passed through Toronto this season.

The estate of Hon. James Sutherland has paid succession duties of $32,500.

The Mitchell Council expects to have a $3,000 surplus at the end of this year.

Toronto will receive $70,000 as its share of the last half of the license fees for this year.

A test of street-car fenders and safety appliances will be made in Toronto on the 27th inst.

The employees of the London G.T.R. shops have begun work on the winter schedule.

The Bank of Montreal has purchased a site for a handsome building at Portage la Prairie.

The church of the Russian Orthodox congregation at Winnipeg will be sold under mortgage.

Two Indians were fined $100 and $40 respectively, for shooting beaver and otter at South River.

It is said the Government will introduce legislation whereby the Province will obtain a direct revenue from the mines.

A by-law will be submitted to the ratepayers of Toronto to authorize the expenditure of $3,000,000 on a trunk sewer.

The London, Ont., Water Commissioners have a scheme for taking water from Komoka, a distance of ten miles.

Judge Elliott at London decided that the butchers doing business on the market were liable for business tax.

Dredging work has been started on the Canadian side for the new M.C.R. tunnel between Windsor and Detroit.

Kingston doctors have agreed to quit all contract and lodge practice. They are putting the agreement in writing.

The Grand Trunk Railway is to remove its repair shops from Toronto to Mimico.

The Government has approved of Peel County Council's plan for the improvement of 100 miles of road in the county.

Mr. William Sparks, Governor of Sandwich jail, has received notice of dismissal in connection with the suicide of Chris. Spindleman in the jail.

Capt. Griffin of the steamer Princess Victoria, which ran down a ferry steamer near Vancouver, has been acquitted of the charge of manslaughter.

Inhabitants from the French islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon in the St. Lawrence are locating in the Temiskaming district.

Joseph H. Grenier, charged with robbing his employers at Montreal, is alleged to have lost large sums of money in Toronto bucket shops.

John Burton, a prosperous resident of Kirkland, N.B., while hunting, lost his way and died from exposure in the woods.

Hon. Dr. Reaume underwent a minor operation on Saturday and will be laid up for about ten days.

On account of the Quebec City Council refusing to endorse the request of the Ross Rifle Company for an additional piece of land the company will move their plant for the manufacture of sporting rifles, shotguns and automatic pistols to some other place.

In a hotel brawl at Regina, J. A. Darwin and H. Schwitzer were stabbed by a farm laborer, the former being fatally injured.

Brandon's postoffice accommodation will be enlarged by the addition of 400 boxes and the installation of a stamp-erasing machine.

The Hamilton Board of Trade has endorsed a scheme by which the city will be advertised in the important newspapers of the country.

The Cataract Power Company offers the City Council of Hamilton a substantial reduction in street lighting, providing the contract is made for five years.

So that they may not be interfered with by the Lord's Day Alliance, the Pratt & Letchworth Malleable Iron Company will move from Brantford to Montreal.

Saskatoon has been inquiring into the cost of damming the South Saskatchewan at Saskatoon. Engineer Proudfoot has estimated the cost at a quarter of a million.

At Reston, Man., 10,880 acres of school lands were sold for $122,040. The price ranged from $7 to $17 an acre. The attendance at the sale was good and bidding was brisk.

This has been the greatest building year that Brantford has known. Three hundred and ten building permits have been issued, representing structures worth nearly $400,000.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London Times warns United States that Hearst, though beaten, is not crushed.

Liverpool Mercury advises Canadian banks to warn British investors against wild-cat schemes.

UNITED STATES.

A San Francisco criminal has confessed to a large number of murders and robberies.

A woman and her four children were suffocated in a fire in a New York tenement on Wednesday.

Several large corporations in the United States have given all-round increases of salary to their employees.

The Congressional elections leave both parties much as they [illegible] marked gain [illegible]

In Detroit the proposition to give a long-term franchise to the street railway company was defeated by a majority of two to one.

President Roosevelt has dismissed in disgrace a battalion of colored troops because they refused to disclose the identity of a murderer among them.

Fire on Wednesday night destroyed an automobile garage at Twelfth and Oak Streets, at Oakland, California, and two adjoining houses, incurring a loss of $150,000. Twenty-five automobiles were burned. The fire was started, it is reported, by the dropping of a match into a pool of water heavily coated with oil.

E. H. Harriman has secured control of the Illinois Central Railway.

A thirty-foot flywheel, weighing eighty tons, burst on Thursday at the Whitaker iron works, Wheeling, West Virginia. A large section of the roof of the mill was blown off and heavy pieces flew 500 feet against neighboring plants. The floor of the engine-room was driven through the ground. The workmen made their escape.

James J. Hill has declared himself strongly in favor of reciprocity between Canada and the United States.

GENERAL.

Russia is complaining that Japan is advancing too far into Manchuria.

The French Treasury report shows a deficit of $35,000,000 for the year.

Morocco has apologized to France for assaults on French sailors at Tangier.

The falling of a part of the cone of Mount Vesuvius has occasioned great alarm at Naples.

Relations between Germany and the Vatican are strained over the Polish school question.

RUSSIAN PEOPLE CALLOUS

The Multiplicity of Executions Makes Them Indifferent

HORRORS OF REPRESSION.

The London Times' correspondent at St. Petersburg cables as follows:—People here have become quite callous to the horrors of repression, and scarcely any attention is now paid to the daily batch of executions. Professor Kusmin Karavoieff expresses deep indignation in The Russ of Wednesday because a woman was executed for complicity in an attempted bomb outrage, although she was about to become a mother.

RIGHTS FOR HEBREWS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: It is authoritatively stated that measures for relieving the Hebrews of many of their disabilities will be published as temporary legislation before the convocation of Parliament, as foreshadowed in M. Stolypin's communication of September 6. The full extent of the reforms is still a matter for discussion by the Cabinet, but they comprise permission for Hebrews to live in the country as well as in the cities within the pale, and the removal of certain restrictions placed on Hebrew merchants and artisans in cities outside the pale. The full settlement of the Hebrew problem is left to Parliament; the Government not being willing to venture deeply into the matter for fear of stirring up a storm of anti-Semitic opposition.

CONSCRIPTS REFUSED OATH.

A despatch from Moscow says: During the swearing in of conscripts here on Tuesday disorders broke out, over half of them refusing to take the usual oath of loyalty to the Emperor on account of the phrase pledging them to defend his Majesty against all interior enemies. Troops were summoned, but bloodshed was finally averted.

DEATH FOR BOMB-THROWING.

A despatch from Odessa says: Five terrorists, including a girl, were tried by court-martial on Wednesday for having thrown a bomb in a cafe and thereby injured two persons. Two of the men and the girl were sentenced to death. The other two men were given seventeen years' penal servitude.

CONVICTS ESCAPE.

A despatch from Cronstadt, Russia, says: Twenty-five sailors who were sentenced to hard labor in the mines for life after having been convicted of participation in the August mutiny escaped on Tuesday night while awaiting deportation. They were allowed to visit the baths, under an escort of sixteen soldiers, and overpowered and disarmed the guard, killing one man. The convicts then donned civilian clothes and disappeared. Only one of the fugitives has been recaptured.

TERRORISTS GET MORE LOOT.

A despatch from Warsaw says: Thirty Terrorists attacked the railway station at Suchednek, on the Vistula Railway, on Thursday, killing a gendarme, overpowered the officers, cut telegraph wires, and destroyed and rifled the safe. They carried off some secret mobilization plans.

EAT DOGFISH EGGS.

They are as Good as Hen's Eggs and Taste Very Similar.

A despatch from London says: Government Analyst Thorpe offers hope to egg-eaters when hen's strike. Reporting to the Fisheries Committee of the Cornwall County Council, he says that the eggs of dogfish when boiled, are very similar to hard-boiled hen's eggs, and that they are wholesome and highly nutritious.

BOER RAIDERS REINFORCED.

Transport Drivers With German Forces Join Them.

A despatch from Berlin says: A telegram, dated Windoekt, German Southwest Africa, Wednesday, says that four Boer transport drivers attached to the German expeditionary force that is operating against the rebellious Hererros, have joined the band Ferreira is leading in Cape Colony. The German frontier stations have been ordered to disarm all armed Boers who may attempt to cross over into British territory. A despatch from Cape Colony reports that twelve Cape Colony farmers have joined the raiders. Three of the followers of Ferreira, the Boer raider, have been captured. One of the prisoners is a brother of Ferreira.

LARGE IMMIGRATION.

During the Season 110,000 Strangers Landed at Quebec.

A despatch from Quebec says: The season of navigation of the St. Lawrence is drawing to a close, and only two more passenger steamers are due this fall, which will close the immigration, according to information derived from the agents here. One hundred and ten thousand immigrants were landed at the port of Quebec this season of navigation, twenty-eight thousand more than last year. The immigration was composed not only of a superior class of new settlers from the British Islands, but of people of fair means. The last two ships brought out quite a number of foreigners, including Norwegians, which is unusual at this season of the year.

IMMURED N ASYLUM.

Deputy Falls From Horse and Finds Himself Among Lunatics.

Count Eugen Zichy, a prominent deputy, great traveler and millionaire, of Budapest, Hungary, declares that he has been wrongfully confined for six weeks in a lunatic asylum.

He says that last June, while shooting, he had sunstroke, and fell from his horse. For four days he remained unconscious, and when he recovered was tricked into entering a private asylum.

When he realized his position he was prevented from leaving the place, and letters written to friends were not delivered. Permission to see his son was refused, and the Count says that during the whole time it required all his strength of mind to prevent him really becoming mad.

Finally the president of the Lower Hungarian Chamber paid him a visit and secured his liberation, when the doctors declared him sane.

The matter was raised by Deputy Ugron at a sitting of Parliament the other day and the standing committee who watch over the immunity of members was directed to make enquiries.

EARTHQUAKE AT JAMAICA.

Two Severe Shocks, One the Heaviest for Many Years.

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says: An exceedingly sharp earthquake was felt south and north of this island at 11 o'clock on Tuesday night. It was followed immediately by a second shock which was the heaviest experienced here in many years.

SAN FRANCISCO'S SCANDAL

Relief Money Which Never Reached the Committee

A despatch from San Francisco says: A new investigation is progressing in the course of developments in the local graft scandal. It now appears that many sums of money, large and small, sent from different States to San Francisco for the relief of the earthquake and fire sufferers, never reached the relief committee. Some of these amounts, which aggregated a large sum, were mailed to the care of Mayor Schmitz. F. J. Heney, Detective Wm. Burns, and about 100 Government agents have been making investigation. President Roosevelt is the moving spirit behind the enquiry and he declares that no man guilty of diverting the relief funds shall escape justice. The cases come within the jurisdiction of the Federal authorities because of the inter-State character of the postal service, which it is alleged was criminally tampered with.

A considerable sum of money was also sent through the express companies and Wells Fargo, which companies are now investigating the disappearance of $10,580 sent in one package from the citizens of Searchlight, Nevada, which the relief committee say they never received, and which the company says was delivered to the representatives of the committee to whom it was addressed.

The crime of forgery is said to be included in the offences of the raiders of the relief contributions. It is said that in the aggregate the stealings will amount to a million dollars.

In Time of Peace.

In the first months of the Russia-Japan war we had a striking example of the necessity for preparation and the early advantage of those who, so to speak "have shingled their roofs in dry weather." The virtue of preparation has made history and given to us our greatest men. The individual as well as the nation should be prepared for any emergency. Are you prepared to successfully combat the first cold you take? A cold can be cured much more quickly when treated as soon as it has been contracted and before it has become settled in the system. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of colds and it should be kept at hand ready for instant use. For sale by all druggists.

Sells More of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Than all others Put Together.

Mr. Thos. George, a merchant at Mt. Elgin, Ont., says: "I have had the local agency for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since it was introduced into Canada, and I sell as much of it as I do of all other lines I have on my shelves put together. Of the many dozens sold under guarantee, I have not had one bottle returned. I can personally recommend this medicine as I have used it myself and given it to my children and always with the best results." For sale by all druggists.

Bilious Attack Quickly Cured.

A few weeks ago I had a bilious attack that was so severe I was not able to go to the office for two days. Failing to get relief from my family physician's treatment, I took three of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the next day I felt like a new man. H. C. Bailey, Editor of the News, Chapin, S.C. These tablets are for sale by all druggists.

Croup.

A reliable medicine and one that should always be kept in the home for immediate use is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will prevent the attack if given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears. For sale by all druggists.

Chapped Hands.

Wash your hands with warm water, dry with a towel and apply Chamberlain's Salve just before going to bed, and a speedy cure is certain. This salve is also unequalled for skin diseases. For sale by all druggists.

Hudgins sells Beaver, Banner and Saxon Oats for 20c. a package.

Remember Hudgins is doing business around the corner opposite the Post office, and the cheapest place in North Hastings to buy your groceries.

Hudgins does the largest Grocery and Flour business in North Hastings and is in a position to sell you cheaper than any other man doing business. Around the corner opposite the Post office.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Sheep's Magic Ointment. It's made for Piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large Nickel Capped glass jars, 50 cents. Sold and recommend by all dealers.

The well-known druggist, W. P. J. Alexander, has been appointed special Agent for the sale of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure, Catarrhal Powder, Ointment and Pills, as well as South American Rheumatic Cure, Nervine and Kidney Cure. 4-52

Farm for Sale.

First-class Dairy Farm, partly situated in the Village of Stirling. Particulars from

DR. POTTS,
Stirling.
37-tf

House to Let.

Lately occupied by T. MacNamara. Apply to

A. F. WOOD.
Madoc, September 15, 1906. 39

Wood for Sale.

Having a large quantity of Dry Wood for sale, the undersigned is prepared to deliver any quality at short notice, at reasonable prices.

A. PITTS,
Madoc, Sept. 4th, 1906.

Estray Sheep.

Came in to the premises of the undersigned, lot 19, 9th concession of Madoc, about the 15th of September, one sheep. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

ELIAS HOLMES.
46-8

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned, on account of ill-health, offers for sale his splendid farm, containing 150 acres in square block, parts of lots 4 and 5 con. 8, township of Murray, first class dairy and grain farm ¾ mile from first-class cheese factory, well watered, good soil, level, no stone or fine stumps, can plough with sulky plough, nice block of maple wood, 200 bearing apple trees, frame dwelling house 16x24, 16x18, 8x22, hip roof barn 40x60, cement basement, drive house 20x24, work shop 14x20, hog house 16x24, cement floor, ice house 10x16, all new, 1¼ miles to Stockdale village, school, church, post-office, two stores, grist and saw mills, three miles to station. For further particulars apply to

CHAS. E. COX,
Frankford.
27

Desirable Farm For Sale.

Being part of lots 20 and 21, con 1, township of Hillier, containing over 150 acres choice land, about 3 miles from Wellington on beautiful gravel road. Fine buildings, beautifully situated on lake shore. House large and comfortable, kitchen, pantry, dining-room, sitting-room, parlor, six bed-rooms, bath-room, wood-house, good cellar, with furnace, hot water in kitchen, large cistern. Barn 30x110 ft. with 25 ft. posts, shed 24x100, shed 23x71 ft. with plenty of stabling, large drive-house, tenant-house, hen-house, pig-pen and good implement house. 3 acre orchard, watered by never-failing creek, 3 wells and lake front, well fenced with cedar, 15 acres good timber, church, school, post-office, blacksmith shop and cheese factory convenient. Rare chance for raising produce for canning factory, being close to three large factories, which insures the highest prices for everything. Come and see this farm before snow comes.

The owner is reluctant to part with it, but on account of ill health it must be sold. Price $7250.00. Possession 1st March, 1907. Fall plowing. Address

T. N. WAY,
Rosehall, P.O.
Nov. 5th, 1906. 45-4t

"FIT-RITE" TAILORED CLOTHES are made of all-wool-cloth, and put together in such manner that each garment retains its shape and appearance until actualy worn out.
Look at "FIT-RITE" overcoats and suits before you buy your Autumn out-fit.

R. McG[illegible] - Mad[illegible] Tailor

BIG VALUES IN FURS!

Owing to a manufacturer's overproduction, we have secured a quantity of Furs at a LARGE DISCOUNT.

Ladies' Persian Lamb Coats	-	**$65**
Ladies' Astrachan, Sable Collar worth $50.	-	**39**
Ladies' Astrachan ranging from every coat worth $10 more than selling price.	-	**25**
Men's Corsicon Coats from	- -	**19**
Men's Bishop Coats from	- -	**15**

See us for everything you want in Furs.

B. O'HARA.

REXALL HOUSE-HOLD DYES

These Dyes will dye Wool, Cotton, Silk, Jute or Mixed Goods in one bath—they are the atest and most improved Dye in the world. Try a package. All colors. For sale by Harry H. Jones.

Jacob Huff, -Licensed Auctioneer-

for the County of Hastings.
MADOC, — — ONT

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BARRISTER,
MADOC, — — ONT

Corporation and Private Funds for Investment. Collections promptly made.

OFFICE—North St. Lawrence street, next door west of T. L. Nickle's warerooms.

- Alex. Belair -

MERCHANT TAILOR,
O'FLYNN BLOCK, - - MADOC

My stock consists of Canadian, English and Scotch Tweeds and Suitings, Blue and Black Serges, Fine Black Venetians, Overcoatings and Pantings. All new Goods.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jas. Whytock

BUTCHER

DEALER IN

Groceries and . . . Provisions

MADOC, — — ONTARIO

MARMORA FLOUR MILLS.

I desire to announce to the public that I have leased the Marmora Flour Mills for a long term of years, and now have it under full operation. On Monday, June 4th, we turned on the power after having made extensive repairs and improvements. The mill has been equipped with the latest improved machinery making it the best mill in the county and one of the best in Central Ontario, which enables us to produce a flour second to none. In patronising us you can feel assured of getting flour from the best Manitoba hard wheat that can be bought and manufactured by an old and experienced miller, Mr. John Holsey.

CHOPPING A SPECIALTY.—We never keep our customers waiting as we grind from 50 to 60 bushels per hour.

Your patronage respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Yours respectfully,
W. H. HUBBELL.
24

Preparing for Spring 1906.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Decorator and Designer,
Belleville, Canada,

is prepared to do all class of Interior and Exterior Decorating, Paper Hanging, Painting, Graining, Hardwood Finishing. Will also furnish all class of materials including Paints, Oils, Lead, Wallpapers, Moulding and Rails.

Will submit designs for your several rooms, for church or for lodge-rooms. Will furnish the very best and all at reasonable prices. Has none but expert workmen and the best decorating and painting need cost you no more than the poorest.

We buy and sell 200,000 rolls of paper each year, always have new stock. Import everything in paints, oils and paper, and furnish you with same at remarkably low figures.

Address

[illegible] Scantlebury,
[illegible]lle.

- BATHS -

Why not have a bath with every accommodation when it is within your reach?

Each 25c., or Six for $1.00.

Special attention paid to Shaving and Hair-Cutting

—AT—

Vandervoort's
BARBER SHOP

Next Harry Jones' Drug Store.

DR. CHAS. JOSE,

MADOC, ONT.

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals on the latest and most scientific principles.

If your horse is out of condition USE DR. JOSE'S CONDITION POWDERS.

If he has spavin, splint, windgall, curb or enlargement of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S BLISTER.

If he has cuts, running sores, indolent ulcers, sore neck, shoulders, grease heel, scratches, calks, kicks, or sores of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S ROMAN BALSAM.

USE DR. JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined.

Examination and Consultation Free.

DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

All calls personally or by telephone promptly attended.

Office, St. Lawrence street, opposite the Post Office. Residence, 3rd door west of Dr. Harrison's. Telephone No. 46.

CHAS. JOSE, V.S.

...Special Prices...

Watches, clocks, Chains and *Jewelry*

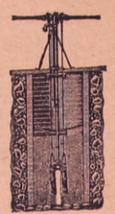
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

Goods purchased from me engraved Free of Charge.

J. H. IRVING,
4 Doors South of Moon's Hotel, Madoc

MADOC PUMP WORKS.



First-Class Wood and Iron Pumps,
Wind Mills,
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Sole Agents for the Anderson Force Pump of Aylmer.

HART BROS.,
Proprietors

Headquarters for

Shot-Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Revolvers, Gun Covers, Loaded Shell, Empty Shell, Cartridges of All Kinds,

In fact, everything that the sportsmen require.

We have just received our Fall Stock and can give you excellent value for your money.

We are selling National Cream Separators, 500 lbs. capacity, at $45.00.

We have also a full supply of Threshers' Supplies, Harvest Mitts, Belting, Oils, Steam Packing, Garlic and Rubber Candle-wick, etc.

Now is the time to look after your Stove Wants. Don't forget the Oxford Chancellor Steel Range is the best working Range made, sold by

THOMPSON & DAFOE.

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—FOR—

Men's Fine Boots,
Ladies' Fine Boots,
Children's School Boots,
Men's Working Boots,
Trunks, Valises, Shoe Polish.

MORRICE & SON.

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We have just completed a deal with that cleverest of all Canadian weekly papers

Toronto Saturday Night

whereby all readers of the

North Hastings Review

can secure both papers for $2.60 a year or $1.30 for six months.

SATURDAY NIGHT is clean, sound, wholesome and clever. Its views on men and affairs of the day are an education to intelligent men and women. Always bright and crisp but never sensational—it is the ideal paper for the business man, his home and his family.

THE REVIEW is recognized as the best paper in Hastings County.

REMEMBER:—Both papers for $2.60 for a year or $1.30 for six months. Cash must accompany the order.
This offer is good for renewal as well as new subscribers.
Subscribe or call at our office TO-DAY.

North Hastings Review.

"PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW."

J. R. ORR, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR. TERMS, $1.50 ; $1.00 IF PAID IN ADVANC

29TH YEAR.—No. 48. Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, November 29, 1906. POSTAGE PREPAID.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital Paid Up, $3,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits, $3,839,000
Total Assets, over $42,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, — TORONTO

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

MADOC BRANCH.

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and Interest allowed at highest current rates, compounded half yearly.

F. COTTLE, Manager

F. E. O'FLYNN,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR.
BELLEVILLE - - ONT.

W. J. MOORE, B.C.L.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, MADOC, ONTARIO.
OFFICE—Dominion Bank Building.
Solicitor for the Dominion Bank.

D. E. K. STEWART,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY MADOC, ONTARIO.
Money to loan on first mortgages lowest rates.
Solicitor for J.C. Dale & Co., Bankers
Solicitor for Murphy, Gordon & Co., Bankers, Tweed.

WILLIAM CROSS, LL.B.,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR. NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER.
Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.
Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee.
Office—Wood Block, Madoc.

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NOTARY PUBLIC,
Commissioner Conveyancer, Clerk 6th Division Court, Madoc. Ont.

DR. HARPER,
GRADUATE OF TRINITY UNIVERSITY
Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Late of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office—Durham street, Dale's Block.

DR. HARRISON,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.
Graduate of Queen's University, Life of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.
Special attention given to diseases of the eye and children.
Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

A. F. WOOD,
MINING, LAND AGENT AND INSURANCE AGENT.
Money to loan in large or small sums on security. Agent for Canada Permanent and N. Invest Co. The Insurance Companies represented are, in Fire Companies,—Liverpool, London and Globe, Guardian, and Royal, of England. Non-Tariff Companies,—Security, and Metropolitan, Canadian. The above Companies are well-known for their reliability.

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F

Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

M. MAYBEE, Rec.-Sec. H. W. WRIGHT, Noble Grand
L. F. MORRICE, Fin.-Sec.

Madoc Lodge, No. 195, A.O.U.W

THE Ancient Order of United Workmen meets every first and third Friday of each month in Moon's new block. Visiting brethren are cordially welcomed.

A. WEIR, Master Workman. W. H. MCBAIN, Recorder

T. W. HAMILTON,
CORDOVA MINES.
LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR COUNTY OF HASTINGS.
Terms moderate.
Telephone messages to Cordova Mines promptly attended to. 44-1yr

MISS BLANCHE V. O'HARA,
A.T.C.M., A.O.C.M.
[Gold Medalist of Ontario Ladies' College, Whitby]
TEACHER OF VOICE CULTURE,
will be prepared to receive pupils, beginning Sept. 1st.
Piano and Theory instruction also given.
Concert engagements accepted.

The Central Ontario Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Trains leaves Eldorado station as follows:—

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH—
8.35 a.m. for Bancroft	8.45 a.m. Trenton
4 p.m. for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Train leave for the South, Coe Hill at 6.15 a.m., and Bancroft at 12.20 p.m.

{GEO. COLLINS, Receiver and Manager.

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,
81 CARLETON ST., TORONTO.
will be at the
Hotel Quinte, Belleville,
EVERY SATURDAY,
for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases, commencing September 1.

The Belleville Business College
Founded 1889.
Short, thorough, practical and inexpensive courses in
Book-keeping, Shorthand and Type-writing, Telegraphy.
For Catalogue apply to
Belleville Business College, Ltd.
Belleville, Ont., Canada.
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Albert College
Belleville, Ont.
343 students enrolled during college year, 168 young ladies and 175 young men, attendance increased two and one half times in 13 years. Conservatory and University examinations in all departments of music, graduating courses under full staff of specialists in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Elocution, Physical Culture, Fine Arts and Domestic Science.
Special attention given to Matriculation and Teacher Courses. New Pipe Organ and Art Gallery recently added; Gymnasium and large Athletic grounds. Buildings heated with steam and lighted by electricity.
Re-Opens Tuesday, Sep. 11, 1906
For calendar or room, address.
PRINCIPAL DYER, D.D.

THE ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE
BELLEVILLE, - ONT.
39th Year
is the most prosperous and successful business College in Canada, and the most widely attended in America.
Send for Catalogue. Address
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J. C. DALE & Co.,
BANKERS,
DALE'S BLOCK, MADOC, ONT.
A General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received, and interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Interest added to principal half-yearly, on the 11th of May and the 11th of November of each year.
REFERENCE:—Canadian Bank of Commerce.
J. C. DALE, Manager.

Great Mineral Wealth.

T. H. Growley Thinks There Are Valuable Minerals in Hastings.

Toronto, Nov. 24.—"I have prospected carefully through Haliburton, North Peterboro and North Hastings, and believe that those districts are rich in mineral deposits," said Mr. T. H. Crowley, who is at the Rossin House.

"Between Bancroft and Kinmount," he added, "there is a range nearly sixty miles in length, containing rich and varied deposits, including graphite, iron, asbestos, magnesia, corundum and mica, in three colors. These ores can all be successfully treated by the electrical process. Copper has been found in North Hastings, and native copper has been discovered also in North Peterboro in substantial quantities. Cacachapyrite, which is a copper formation, is scattered all through the three counties.

A Few Stubborn Facts.

A thief is a bad man.

The receiver of the stolen goods is a worse one.

The man who sells his vote is an enemy to his country.

The man who profited by the bribing is the slippery elm bark stamp of politican who has his price.

The public conscience is hard to diagnose.

One day it chokes over a gnat, the next it swallows a camel with all its appointments.

A man bets five dollars on a horse race and is called a gambler; the same fellow wagers a century on managing stock and he is called a speculator.

An employee occupying a position of trust, systematically neglects his duties, he is discharged without a character.

A bank president and his directors persistently neglect their duties. Why shouldn't they be branded unworthy of confidence also?

Scene: Hallway of the King Edward Hotel, "Why, Officer, what has your prisoner been doing?"

"He stole a loaf of bread, sir, and pretends his family is starving."

"Run him in, officer, he's a lazy tramp, he deserves to be punished."

Second scene: Same hallway. "Hello, officer, what's the trouble?"

"A case of embezzlement, sir. Been after this chap for a year. He got away from London with over half a million, and we can't trace any of the money."

"D——n smart chap, officer. Allow him to take a cigar," and hands over an imported Havana.

T'was ever thus. Steal a few dollars and you're a scoundrel who must be punished. Force combines to oppress the people by demanding exhorbitant prices; bribe law makers; promote companies; water the stock; steel millions, you then become a valued member of society, a pillar of the church you associate yourself with, eligible for Parliament, and a shining light in the community.

Bilious Attack Quickly Cured.

A few weeks ago I had a bilious attack that was so severe I was not able to go to the office for two days. Failing to get relief from my family physician's treatment, I took three of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the next day I felt like a new man. H. C. Bailey, Editor of the News, Chapin, S.C. These tablets are for sale by all druggists.

They Stand Alone.

Standing out in bold relief, *all alone,* and as a conspicuous example of open, frank and honest dealing with the sick and afflicted, are Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, over-worked, debilitated, nervous, "run-down," pain-racked women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous remedy for weak stomach, indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, or biliousness, all catarrhal affections, whether of the stomach, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nasal passages, throat, bronchia, or other mucous passages, also as an effective remedy for all diseases arising from thin, watery or impure blood, as scrofulous and skin affections.

Each bottle of the above medicines bears upon its wrapper a badge of honesty in the full list of ingredients composing it—*printed in plain English.* This frank and open publicity places these medicines *in a class all by themselves,* and is the best guaranty of their merits. They cannot be classed as patent nor secret medicines for they are neither—*being of known composition.*

Dr. Pierce feels that he can afford to take the afflicted into his full confidence and lay all the ingredients of his medicines freely before them because these ingredients are such as are endorsed and most strongly praised by scores of the most eminent medical writers as cures for the diseases for which these medicines are recommended. Therefore, the afflicted do not have to rely alone upon Dr. Pierce's recommendation as to the curative value of his medicines for certain easily recognized diseases.

A glance at the printed formula on each bottle will show that no alcohol and no harmful or habit-forming drugs enter into Dr. Pierce's medicines, they being wholly compounded of glyceric extracts of the roots of native, American forest plants. These are best and safest for the cure of most lingering, chronic diseases. Dr. R. V. Pierce can be consulted FREE, by addressing him at Buffalo, N. Y., and all communications are regarded as sacredly confidential.

It is as easy to be well as ill—and much more comfortable. Constipation is the cause of many forms of illness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic. All dealers in medicines sell them.

The Canadian West.

A Madocer Writes of that Great Country—Wonderful Development—Madoc Boys to the Fore.

Mr. P. Walter O'Flynn, barrister, of Madoc, who spent some four or five months in the West last summer, contributes the following letter to THE REVIEW:—

DEAR SIR,—On your suggestion and with the thought that some of the subscribers of your paper may take some interest in the opening up and development of the new western part of our fine young country, I will gladly contribute a few lines on what I saw and learned during a four months' trip and visit, which I was privileged in making during the past season.

Though I had several times traversed Western Canada in passing to and from the Pacific coast, I had never, with the exception of a ten days' sojourn in Winnipeg in September, 1900, felt sufficient interest in the prairie country to leave the main line of our present transcontinental railroad and see really what there was and what was doing.

After leaving Madoc on July 17th and proceeding via the lake route from Sarnia, which route I would suggest to anyone who enjoys a boat trip, I reached Port Arthur and Fort William, the twin cities of Western Ontario, after two days' water trip. These young towns are very active and thriving, the most noticeable thing being the harbour improvements and the great grain elevator of the Canadian Northern Railroad with a capacity of over seven million bushels of grain and said to be the largest in the world. These cities jointly being the freight terminals of the three transcontinental railroads, namely, Canadian Pacific, Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk Pacific, seem to promise a bright future.

A thirteen hours' journey through a rocky country interspersed with lakes brings one to the Province of Manitoba, a prairie country, and to Winnipeg, the urban gateway to the west, and in my opinion the coming greatest wholesale and distributing centre of Western Canada. I was very much impressed with the growth of the city of Winnipeg, which I had not seen for some six years. It had grown from 40,000 to 105,000, miles of asphalt pavements have been laid, great wholesale buildings of solid masonry have been erected, and rich, tall bank buildings adorn the broad streets. Up to a few months ago Winnipeg possessed the tallest and finest office building in Canada—the Union Bank, of eleven stories, now surpassed by the Trader's Bank of Canada, in Toronto, of fifteen floors. The city has grown west, north and south and many fine residences have been and are being erected for the uses of the owners, costing from ten thousand to sixty thousand dollars. As instancing the business done in Winnipeg, the bank clearings are about twice as great as those of Buffalo, a very busy city about four times the size, building permits in the two past years for new buildings have amounted to some twenty-five millions, much greater, I believe, than any city in Canada, irrespective of size or situation. She possesses the finest hotel and railway station in Canada and one of the finest clubs.

Winnipeg is the present western centre of our three great railroads just mentioned and the great Hill system at present has an entrance over the Canadian Northern tracks. I had the privilege of meeting many former Madocers in Winnipeg who have all succeeded and have been a great credit to their native town and who all enquired with great interest about old Madoc. Among them were Edwin E. James, now manager of the Canadian Northern Railroad, B. Stockton Jenkins, Superintendent of the C. P. R. Telegraph Company, James T. Gordon, M.P.P., of the great packing firm of Gordon, Ironsides & Fares. Mr. Gordon's father's farm formerly abutted on Moira Lake, near Stoney Island, and he called up most pleasant and interesting memories of his boyhood days, also Hon. C. W. Cross, Attorney-General of Alberta, passed through Winnipeg, and I had the pleasure of calling on him there as well as in Edmonton.

After seeing all I could of the Winnipeg Fair, I proceeded via C.P.R. to Regina, Moosejaw, Calgary and Edmonton. I feel that your space is limited and will therefore at present say nothing of this part of the journey excepting that Edmonton is the brightest and most promising of all the young cities of Canada which I have seen. It is at present the terminus of the new Canadian Northern Railroad, which has only had its Winnipeg-Edmonton line built some ten months, the first train being run in December last. They possess very fine depot and terminal tracks in Edmonton and are building on west to the coast.

I think the new country which the Canadian Northern has opened up from Winnipeg to Edmonton is the most interesting to see or hear about. I had supposed that it was a great barren frozen up territory, which would probably never be populated for many years, but I was surprised to pass through some thirty new little towns, many of them having two hotels, two banks, drug store, several grain elevators, seven or eight stores and nice residences, and these places only from six months to eighteen months old. The hotels are all filled with land-seekers and commercial men. The fields along the railroad are ploughed up and cultivated and the soil of the richest black loam, capable of yielding many heavy crops and mostly easy of cultivation. Each town possesses a fine new depot, a great credit to this road, which makes them all uniform and in three classes. Some of these towns worthy of note are Vegreville, Vermilion, Lloydminister, Battleford, Fielding, Radisson, Warman, Humbolt, Muenster, Kansack, Grandview, Dauphin, Gladston, and finally Portage la Prairie where the C.P.R. is crossed just 60 miles west of Winnipeg. This comprises a distance of 827 miles of the finest farming country I have every been privileged to see and only opened up a few months ago by railroad facilities for the travelling public and transportation of the grain crop. At Warman, one passes another line of the C.N.R. running through Saskatoon, the much boomed, which is only fourteen miles distant.

These towns were all a marvel to me with their rapid growth and it would seem to me that this new country has a wonderful future with its capability of supporting millions of farmers who are the backbone and muscle of our fine young country.

I took an especial interest in this new part of Canada, through its only present means of transportation being managed by our old Madoc boy Mr. Edwin A. James, who has attained his present position by hard work and worth, and who rose from being telegraph operator gradually through the ranks and superintendencies of the C.P.R. to the management of the Canadian Northern, and is recognized as one of the brightest and strongest of young Canadian Railway men.

The passenger trains are a great credit, being composed of fine first and second class coaches, dining car and sleeper, and traversing the distance to Edmonton in some 35 hours, and all the officials from the manager down, whom I had the privilege of meeting were most kind and courteous.

To sum up with, I feel very optimistic about our great Western country and have had my eyes opened by my experience there. If I can give any of your readers any further information about what I have seen either in conversation or through the medium of your journal I will be very glad to do so, and meanwhile I thank you for your space and your courtesy in giving me the opportunity to express myself.

P. WALTER O'FLYNN.

November 27, 1906.

Official Taken For Criminal.

Civil Servant Has Awkward Time a Belleville.

Belleville, Ont., Nov. 25.—Great excitement prevails here since an assault by an unknown man on 8-year-old, Myrtle McCune while on her way home shortly before 6 o'clock on Thursday night. There has been a series of such attempts recently, the result being that women and girls are afraid to go out after dark.

Last night a well-known Government official from Ottawa was walking down street with a policeman. Word spread that he was under arrest, charged with being the man wanted for assault. In a short time a mob of several hundred surrounded the constable and the stranger, and it was with difficulty they reached a hotel.

There were all kinds of threats made, and the mob did not disperse until Chief Newton addressed them from an upstairs window, informing them they were accusing an innocent man.

The innocent Government official will not likely forget his Belleville experiences for some time.

No Trick at All.

'How very nice this cake is,' said a boarder to the old lady who was his hostess. 'Would you mind giving me the recipe for it?' 'Why no, I'd just as soon as not tell how it was made. I just take something like a quart or so of flour—well, say, two or three scoopin's-up with my two hands. Then I sift it with as much cream o' tartar as I think I'll need and a pinch o' salt. If eggs is plenty I use several and if they're skurse I don't use so many, and I stir in a little dab o' milk and a mix a scoopin' of sugar, with butter enough to make a kind of soft mess, and then I stir in a little mite of any kind of flavorin' I happen to have, and then I stir it until it is good and battery to keep it from being sad when it's baked, and that's all there is of it. It ain't no trick at all to make it.'—J. L. Barbour, in 'Good Housekeeping.'

Eastern Ontario Mining Belt.

Success of the Eldorado Mine has set the Residents at the Work of Prospecting — A Big Vein in the Village of Bancroft.

Belleville, Nov. 23.—It having been conclusively demonstrated by the exploration made and the work done at the Eldorado copper mine in Madoc township that the veins of that mineral in this region are permanent in character, very rich in their metallic contents, and highly profitable to operate even under the handicap of having to export the partially treated vein matter to New Jersey for final treatment, prospectors have been busy in their search for copper veins in this district.

The result has been very favorable so far, some seemingly valuable discoveries having been made—sufficient, indeed, to warrant the statement that veins of copper of various kinds will be found in the counties of Hastings, Peterboro and Haliburton.

Two "finds" have been reported in Hastings county lately. One is near Queensboro, and is said to be very rich and of such a nature as to fuse readily with the ore of the Eldorado mine, thereby lessening the cost of reduction into matte at the smelter.

The other discovery was made in the village of Bancroft by Mr. James Best, County Councillor, who has commenced development work. The vein is reported to be three feet wide at the surface and to increase in width as it goes down, while the ore is said to be very rich.

The Belleville Portland Cement Company, whose product was used by the city of Toronto for walks this year, are turning out about one thousand barrels per day, and find it difficult to keep up with orders. In consequence they are preparing to install additional electrical power.

The branch line is being built by the Grand Trunk Railway Company from the main line, two miles east of Belleville station, to the site for the works of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company, which is half a mile east of the Belleville Portland Cement Company's property, on Ox Point. The ground has been cleared, and next spring work will be commenced on the buildings. During the winter crews for a prier 300 feet long will be built, loaded and sunk. The company have secured 800 acres of land on which there is an inexhaustible supply of rock and clay. The plant, which will have a capacity of 6,000 barrels per day, will be the most extensive in Canada.

It has been repeatedly stated in this correspondence that in the Hastings mining district there is a greater variety of minerals being profitably worked than in any other district of equal area in the world. Here is a list of them: Gold, copper, lead, iron, pyrites, iron ore, building stone, marl, plaster rock, actinolite, mundic, mica, talc, marble, granite, sodalite, and corundum.

The reader need not be surprised if silver and cobalt are soon added to the number as highly promising indications of those minerals were reported some weeks ago, and experts are now examining the localities.

Death of George Mitts.

One of Port Huron's Respected Pioneer Citizens.

We copy the following from the issue of the Daily Herald of Port Huron, Michigan, of November 19th. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. Thos. Comerford, Eldorado; also brother of the late Louis Mitts, of Iyanhoe, and Charles Mitts, of Detroit:—

After an illness of a few weeks, George Mitts, Port Huron's pioneer blacksmith and waggon maker, died at midnight Saturday at his home, 722 Howard St., at the age of 78 years.

Mr. Mitts was a native of Canada and was born on Sept. 11, 1828. He came to Port Huron in 1850, and in 1860 established the business with which he was always identified for nearly half a century. Mr. Mitts was a highly esteemed citizen and his memory will be cherished among the older residents.

He leaves a widow and four children. The latter are Mrs. Elliott G. Stevenson, Detroit, Albert H. Irying, and Miss Georgia, of this city.

The funeral will be held from the residence on Tuesday afternoon at 1.30 o'clock, and will be conducted by the Pine Grove Lodge, F. & A. M. of which Mr. Mitts was a member.

Bancroft Times:—A most distressing accident occurred to Mr. John Shields, of Monteagle, last week whereby he came near losing his life. It seems that in hauling logs to a skidway the team became frightened and got beyond his control. In some unaccountable way Mr. Shields became entangled in the brushwood and was violently thrown to the ground, the logs rolling over him. Most of the ribs on one side were broken off, as well as his breast bone. But slight hopes are entertained for his recovery.

Chapped Hands.

Wash your hands with warm water, dry with a towel and apply Chamberlain's Salve just before going to bed. And a speedy cure is certain. This salve is also unequalled for skin diseases. For sale by all druggists.

Face to Face

OR, GERVASE RICKMAN'S AMBITION.

CHAPTER III.

Edward Annesley, finding no trace of his cousin at Arden Cross, took the path indicated to him over the next link in the chain of downs, dismissing Gervase Rickman from his mind with a dim momentary remembrance of having seen and disliked him before.

Thus every day we pass men and women whose hearts leap and ache like our own, taking no more count of them than of the stones along our path, though any one of these may turn the current of our destiny and alter our very nature.

Perhaps this sturdy pedestrian did not think of anything; most likely he rejoiced unconsciously in the keen live air of the downs, the sense of the infinite which moving on a height affords, the splendor of the shifting clouds, through which the setting sun was now breaking—touching Alice Lingard's face with a fresh glamour, as she walked unknown to Annesley by the side of the man whose pulses her presence so deeply stirred—and in the once-familiar but half-forgotten landscape, with its limits of hill and sea, its lake-like sheet of slate roofs down in the hollow where the conuence of two slow streams formed the River Mede. The lake of blue roofs, brooded over by a dim cloud of misty smoke, out of which, slim and spirit-like, rose the tall white church tower, its western face touched by the sun's fleeting glow, was Medington, the old familiar town in which he had passed many a school-boy's holiday.

All was now familiar: the furze in which he and Paul once killed snakes and looked for rabbit-holes; the copses where they gathered nuts and blackberries; the healthy waste renowned for whortleberries, and the hamlet with the stone bridge over its mirror-like stream, widening into a pond at the foot of the down, which fell there in an abrupt steep, down which the cousins had made many a rapid descent, tobogganing in primitive fashion. There stood the mill with its undershot wheel; the plaintive cry of the moor-hen issued from the dry sedge rustling in the March wind; all sorts of long-forgotten objects appeared and claimed old acquaintance with him. The chimes of the church clock came floating through the dim gray air, like a friendly voice from far-off boyhood, and, after a little musical melancholy prelude, struck six deep notes.

Without thinking, he took the old accustomed footpath through the fields by the stream, and began singing some snatch of old song, forgotten for years. "Dear old Paul!" he mused. "Is he as unchanged as these fields?" He knew that was impossible; for the lads had spent a couple of years together at a French school, and had met several times in their manhood.

It was pleasant to find himself in the clean, wind-swept streets of the little town, where the lamps were every moment showing tiny points of yellow fire in the dusk, and the shop-windows were casting pale and scant radiance upon the almost deserted pavement; for even in the High Street the quiet town showed few passengers at this hour, and little was heard save the cries of children at play, and the occasional rumble of a cart and still more occasional roll of a carriage. No one knows what becomes of the inhabitants of small country towns when they are not going to church or to market; the houses stand along the streets, but rarely give any sign of life; the shops offer their merchandise apparently in vain.

He stopped before a large red-brick house, draped with graceful hangings of Virginia creeper, now a mass of bare brown, branches rattling dryly in the wind; a house which withdrew itself, as if in aristocratic exclusiveness, some yards back from the line of houses rising flush on the street, and was fenced from intruders in a high iron railing, behind which a few evergreens grew half stifled by the thick coating of dust upon their shining leaves. There were three doors, one on each side, and one approached by a flight of steps in the middle; on one of the side doors the word "Surgery," was painted, and upon the railings was a brass plate, with "Paul Annesley, Surgeon, etc.," engraved upon it.

He was admitted by the central door into a large hall occupying the whole depth of the house, and having a glass garden-door on its opposite side. He had scarcely set foot within it when a door on his right opened, and from its comparative darkness there issued into the radiance of the lamp-lighted hall a tall and stately woman, with snow-white hair and large bright blue eyes. Save her snowy hair, she showed no sign of age; her step was elastic, her figure erect as a dart.

"How do you do, Aunt Eleanor?" said Edward, going up to her and kissing the still blooming cheeks offered for his salute. "I missed Paul, as you see. How well you are looking!"

Mrs. Annesley held his hands and looked into his face with a seraphic smile, while she replied to his salutations, and said, with formal cordiality:

"Welcome, dear nephew, welcome to our dwelling. Paul should have been here to receive you, but his medical duties have doubtless detained him. You know what martyrs to duty medical men are. You may remember your dear uncle's life with its constant interruptions."

"Yes, I remember," returned Edward, not dreaming that his cousin's medical duties at that moment consisted in drinking tea in the firelight and talking to a most attractive young woman. "I suppose you never know when to expect Paul."

"Never," she said, taking Edward's arm, and walking with a slow step and rustling dress into the drawing-room, which was darkened by heavy curtains in the windows, and was only lighted by the fitful gleam of the fire. "Indeed, my life would be very sad and solitary but for the happiness it gives me to think that my dearest child is of so much use to his fellow-creatures. That, dear Edward, is my greatest consolation," and Mrs. Annesley sunk with the air of a saintly empress or imperial saint upon her throne-like arm-chair by the fire, and sighed softly and smiled sweetly as she arranged the white satin strings of her delicate cap, which bore but a traditional resemblance to the widow's cap which she had long since discarded as unbecoming.

Having dutifully placed a footstool for her, he took his seat on the opposite side of the fire, and began losing himself in admiration and wonder of his seraphic and dignified aunt just as he had done in his boyhood; indeed, something of his boyhood's awe returned to him in the fascination of the presence.

She still sat as upright as in those days; neither arm-chair nor footstool were needed, save as adjuncts to her dignity. Every little detail of her dress showed the exactitude and finish that only women conscious of a power to charm bestow on such trifles: there was old rich lace in her cap and about her neck; a few costly jewels, old friends of Edward's, were in her dress; there was a ring on her hand, the diamonds in which caught the fire-light and broke it into a thousand tiny fierce flames; when she smiled, her well-formed lips showed a row of perfect pearls. She was an imposing, as well as a handsome figure.

Her nephew gazed earnestly at her for some time, while she went on in her smooth and gentle tones, asking after his mother and sisters, and telling him various little items of family news; while the fire-light played upon the soft richness of her dress, and drew sparkles from her eyes and her jewels, and threw her shadow, as if in impish mockery, distorted into the changing shapes of old witch-like women, on to the wall behind her.

"Well, aunt," he said, at last, "I need not ask if you are well. You don't look a day older than you used to. I have done nothing but admire you for the last ten minutes."

"So, sir," she returned, smiling, "you have already learned the arts of your profession, and know how to flatter. Fye on you, to practice on your old aunt! And pray, how many young ladies have you bereaved of their hearts in this manner?"

"None," he replied, laughing. "I am not a lady-killer. I am put down as a slow fellow."

"Nay, my dear kinsman; I cannot believe that the ladies of these days have such bad taste. You have grown into such a tall fellow, you remind me of my absented husband."

"My mother thinks me much like uncle Walter," he replied, wondering by what process his lamented uncle had been canonized after death, since during his life his injured wife accounted him the greatest of sinners; "an ugly likeness, she tells me with cruel candor. Here comes a carriage. Is it Paul's?" he added, going to the window and looking into the dimly lighted street. "What a capital cob!"

The Admiral, as the cob was called, brought his rapid trot to a sudden end by sitting down on his haunches before the door, and in the same instant Paul leaped to the pavement and sprung up the steps with a rapidity which in some men would have been undignified, but in him only gave assurance of boundless vitality.

Edward went to meet him, and led him into the room and with him a breath of the fresh night air and a suggestion of healthy manhood and out-of-door life.

They met with less of the savage indifference which Englishmen usually think fit to assume to welcome their best friends; they shook hands more than once, and smiled. Paul even said that he was delighted to see his dear Ted, that it felt like old times to see his honest face, and that he hoped he would be able to extend the brief visit he purposed making; while Edward avowed that it did him good to see his dear old Paul, and that he was glad to find the old fellow looking so jolly. Then they shook hands again, and the firelight danced upon Paul's irregular features and dark, fiery-blue eyes, and brought into unusual prominence a white scar beneath his left eye.

Edward remembered how Paul got that scar, and felt cold chills running over him.

After one more mighty grasp of his cousin's hand, Paul turned to his mother, who presented each cheek to him as she had done to Edward, and solemnly blessed him, as if he had been absent for months, or was at least a Spartan son returning with his shield rather than upon it. Then Paul inquired with an air of deep solicitude about various evil symptoms with which she appeared to have been afflicted in the morning, and was informed that all had happily yielded to treatment, save one.

"I still have that dreadful feeling of constriction across my eyes," she said, in a tone of mournful resignation.

"Have you, indeed?" returned Paul, earnestly. "Perhaps a little wine and your dinner may remove it. If not, I will give you a draught. I will take Ned at once to his room, and then we can dine without delay."

Edward's surprise at finding his blooming aunt the victim of so many dreadful pains was forgotten in the lively chat of the dinner-table, as well as in the great satisfaction that meal afforded him after his long walk.

"Your renown has already preceded you, Edward," Paul observed. "Arden is already full of your arrival."

"Arden? Why I saw no soul there!"

"No? Have you forgotten the signpost?"

"What! was that squint-eyed fellow an acquaintance of yours?" he asked.

"What do you think of that, mother, as a description of honest Gervase Rickman?" said Paul.

"You don't mean to say that was Gervase Rickman!" exclaimed Edward. "I thought I had some faint remembrance of him. Heaven only knows what I said about his father! If he recognized me, why on earth couldn't he say so?"

"He was not sure till he described you to me. By the way, mother, I forgot to say why I was late. I met Rickman, and had to turn in at Arden."

It is thus that Love demoralizes: nothing else would have made Paul Annesley invent lies, especially useless ones. His mother looked amused at his demure face, then she glanced at Edward and laughed.

"And how was dear Sibyl?" she asked, with satirical gravity.

"Sibyl? oh! I believe she was very well. She was out. You remember little Sibbie, Ned?" Paul said tranquilly.

"A little mischievous imp who was always teasing us? Oh! yes, I dare say I should scarcely recognize her now. Is she grown into a beauty?"

"Are not all ladies beautiful?" returned Paul. "You shall go over and judge for yourself before long. I heard a sad piece of news at Arden," he continued; "Captain Annesley is dead."

"Who was he?" asked Edward, indifferently. "There was an Annesley in the 100th Hussars; I never met him."

Mrs. Annesley flushed deeply and said nothing for a few minutes. Paul looked at her, and the unspoken thought flashed from one to the other, "This brings us very near the Gledesworth inheritance."

"How very sad!" she said at last, in rather a hard voice, while Paul bit his lips and then drank some wine, half ashamed at the interpretation of the swift glance.

"It is important that you should know who Captain Annesley was, Edward," he said, after a minute, "because, after me, you are the next heir to the infant son he leaves."

"This is ghastly; the idea of my being your heir!" replied Edward, who was speedily enlightened as to the exact relationship, and properly refreshed on the subject of the half-forgotten legend, in which he apparently took but a languid interest, and the conversation presently drifted to other topics.

After dinner Mrs. Annesley played some sonatas, and Edward sung some songs to her accompaniment till Paul, who had been up the night before, and in the open air all day, sunk into a sweet slumber. The other two sat chatting in low tones, Edward describing his life as an artillery officer in a seaport town not far off, discussing his chances of promotion and his next brother's progress at Woolwich, and hearing of Paul's position, which was not a happy one. Dr. Walter Annesley's partner, who had carried on the business since his death, unluckily died soon after Paul began to practice with him, thus leaving Paul to make his way single-handed. Patients distrusted his youth and went to older men, so that things were not going as smoothly as could be wished, and the business scarcely paid Paul's personal expenses. So they chatted till the servants appeared, and Mrs. Annesley read prayers, first asking Paul if he felt equal to performing the task himself after his labors, which he did not.

"Come along and have a smoke," said Paul, with alacrity, when his mother had bidden them good-night. "I smoke in the consulting-room."

"Why there?" asked Edward, doubtfully.

"Well! you see it is the only place. I dare not smoke anywhere else. I tell the patients it insures them against infection, and receive the old ladies in the dining-room. I was nervous about her reception of you. But I see you are in high favor."

"She seems perfectly angelic," replied Edward, selecting a cigar from the box offered him. "By the way, I had no idea she was in delicate health."

Paul laughed. "I doubt if any woman in the three kingdoms enjoys such brilliant health as my dear mother," he replied, "but she is never happy without some fancied ailment. I give her a little colored water and a few bread-pills from time to time."

He did not add that Mrs. Annesley's ailments were in an inverse ratio to her amiability, and formed a good domestic barometer.

Just then there was a tap on the door, and a soft voice said, "May I come in?"

"Certainly," replied Paul, in some trepidation, and his mother entered.

"I will not intrude, dear children," she said; "I merely come to tell Edward on no account to rise for our early breakfast unless he feels quite rested, and to bring him this little gift of my working." She vanished with a "God bless you, dear boys," before her nephew had time to thank her, after which both young men breathed more freely, and Edward took an embroidered velvet cap from his parcel.

"Poke the fire, Ned," Paul said, cheerfully, when the door closed after her. Then he opened a closet where stood a skeleton partially draped in a dressing-gown, which the fleshless arm, extended as if in declamation, threw back from the ghastly figure, and crowned by a smoking-cap rakishly tipped on one side of its skull. "Let's be jolly for once. 'Have a rouse before the morn.'" He transferred the dressing-gown from the bare bones to his own strong young shoulders, and the cap from the grinning skull to his dark-curled brow, beneath which the cruel scar showed. Perhaps it was Edward's fancy, excited by the suggestive revelation of the skeleton, which made the scar appear unusually distinct and livid; perhaps it was only the light.

"My aunt has made me a howling swell," he said, looking at the embroidered cap before he put it on. "Awfully kind of her."

"She is kind," commented Paul, his temporary gayety vanishing as quickly as it came; "no woman has a more heavenly disposition than my dear mother when free from those attacks, which are probably the result of some cerebral lesion."

"Perhaps," Edward suggested, hopefully, "she may grow out of them with advancing years."

"Perhaps!" sighed Paul. "But all the Mowbrays are the same, you know. It is in the blood. My uncle Ralph Mowbray was offended with my father once, and he laid awake at night for six weeks concocting the most stinging phrases he could think of for a letter he wrote him. I'll show you that letter some day."

"Well! I hope it will never break out in you, Paul," said Edward incautiously.

"I, my dear fellow?" replied Paul, with his good-tempered smile; "there is no fear for me. I am a pure-bred Annesley."

"Ah!" said Edward, and looking reflectively at the fire.

"There has not been a serious explosion since New-year's-eve," continued Paul, clasping his hands above his head, and looking at the chimney-piece, which was adorned with a centre-piece of a skull and cross-bones, flanked by several stethoscopes and other mysterious and wicked-looking instruments, and above which was the smiling portrait of a lovely little girl, with a strong likeness to Mrs. Annesley. "You know how I valued the Parian Psyche of Thorwaldsen's you gave me? She knew it, for she took it in both hands and dashed it on the hearth."

Edward again felt cold chills creeping over him and his gaze followed Paul's to the dimpled child-face he had loved, Paul's only sister Nelly, whose end had been so tragic.

"And what did you do?" he asked.

"Oh! I just sent the Crown Derby tea-service after it," replied Paul, "so pray don't notice the absence of either."

"She valued the tea-service," said Edward, inwardly thankful that the fiery Mowbray blood did not flow in his veins...

"Imagine the smash," said Paul, pensively. "And the deed was scarcely done when, with a tap at the door, in walks the vicar and stares aghast at the Lares and Penates shattered on the drawing-room hearth. My mother turns to him with the most heavenly smile and wishes him a Happy New-year. 'And just see what that clumsy boy of mine has done,' she adds, quietly, pointing to the fragments. 'Quite a genius for upsetting things, dear child.'

"'I thought I heard something fall,' replies the innocent vicar, quoting the lines about 'mistress of herself though China fall,' and congratulating me on having a mother with such a sweet temper."

Edward mused for some time on the misery of his cousin's life, a misery rarely alluded to by Paul himself, and any allusion to which on Edward's part he could have deeply resented. He knew that the chain must be pressing heavily for him thus to disburden himself, and he suggested that he should marry and have a quiet home of his own; to which Paul replied, mournfully, that he was not yet in a position to set up housekeeping.

"Though, indeed,—" he added, and suddenly stopped.

"Well?"

"It seems so brutal to build on a baby's death," he replied; "and yet—"

"It alters your position, Paul," said Edward, "and being sentimental about it won't keep the baby alive."

"True."

"I think I may assume that the 'unexpressive She' has already been found," Edward said, remembering the dark hints during dinner, and Paul smiled mysteriously. "Perhaps I may meet her at Arden?'

"Who knows? But I have never yet spoken. I am not entitled by my prospects to do so. I don't know if I have the smallest chance. And when you see her, Ned," he added, with some hesitation, "perhaps you will remember—"

Edward burst out laughing and grasped his cousin's hand.

"Don't be afraid," he replied, "I am not a lady's man; and if I were, Aphrodite herself would not tempt me to spoil other people's little games."

"Remember your promise," said Paul, solemnly, and they separated for the night, Edward wishing his cousin success, and thinking as he took his way upstairs that whatever Miss Sibyl Rickman's character might be, the Rickman blood was reputed to be an eminently mild and tranquil fluid, well calculated to temper the fire of such of the terrible Mowbray strain as might have been transmitted to Paul.

(To be continued).

$975,000 FOR A PATENT.

Enormous Sums Have Been Paid Inventors For Their Work.

It was recently reported that James Develin, a locomotive fireman, has been paid $975,000 for his method of making rotary engines reversible. This is quite believable, if Develin's invention really accomplishes that which it is credited with doing, for the improvement—long sought after by inventors—enhances enormously the value of the steam turbine.

But all the same, the amount paid, assuming the figures are as stated, probably constitutes a record, although, of course, more money has been made in the long run out of inventions by inventors who have been smart enough to retain for themselves the whole fruits of their labors.

Charles Depoele, for instance, who elaborated the idea of the trolley car, is a millionaire to-day, although not long since he was a mechanic, working for a weekly wage. Mergenthaler, the inventor of the linotype machine, and also at one time a weekly wage earner, affords another instance in point; as does also Westinghouse, who sold a part interest only in his brake for $600,000, retaining for himself the principal share.

Then, again, there is a case of the Bradford bootmaker—Blakey was his name—who made $500,000 out of an iron boot-protector; H. Cook, who invented the cash-register till, and who is now able to take life easy, confident that on each one sold he will receive a royalty of two dollars; and L. C. Crowell, once a printer's laborer, but now a wealthy man, owing to his having invented a new folder for magazines and newspapers which for quickness and efficiency beat easily all contrivances of the kind then in the market.

"SALADA"

CEYLON GREEN TEA.

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LEAD PACKETS ONLY. AT ALL GROCERS

4oc, 5oc and 6oc Per Pound.

About the Farm

DENMARK'S MODEL MILK SUPPLY.

That Copenhagen has, to-day, purer and cleaner milk than any other city is due in great measure to the wisdom, energy and good judgment of Gunni Busck, the founder of and managing director of the Copenhagen milk supply company. And what makes its success seem even more remarkable is that it was started for philanthropic reasons. At the time of its beginning, even a doctor could not get pure milk for a sick baby. Mr. Busck started to remedy this, and from so small a beginning has grown the immense concern that supplies the entire city and earns for the company 50 per cent on its money, and besides this it is enabled to sell large quantities of wholesome half-skimmed milk for a small sum to poor people, and to even give it to the very poor.

The concern is managed under two heads. First, regulations for the farmer; and second, regulations for the company. The farmer who joins the company has to guarantee:

(a) The strict observance of the society's rules concerning the cleanliness of animals and milking methods.

(b) The observance of definite rules for feeding, including grazing in summer.

(c) Observance of rules concerning cooling, use of ice, and transport.

(d) The removal of all diseased and tuberculous cows.

(e) The reporting of cases of infectious disease among his laborers. The cows are examined twice a month by a veterinary surgeon, who applies the tuberculin test, and surprise visits are paid frequently by an inspector or an experienced dairy maid.

The company on its part agree to pay the highest market price for the milk, and if an infectious disease is reported, or the milk of a cow is under suspicion, and the company notified, the same price is paid as if the milk was delivered and sold. In this way deception is rarely practised, for there is a heavy penalty when found out, and there is no gain by withholding the information. In this way all share one man's misfortune.

The company sells three kinds of milk, children's milk, from cows fed on special food; ordinary whole milk and half-skimmed milk, which contains 1 per cent of fat. At the company's plant one is struck by the skill of all the work people and every one, both men and women wear clean white clothes from head to foot. Great care is taken in cleansing all bottles. Both hot and cold water is used, also soda and lime water so a bottle must be free from all germs. It is quite time our people knew that milk is one of the best carriers of disease in the world, and no amount of trouble is too great if it gives the people safe milk.

CARE OF BREEDING EWES.

Every farm should have a flock of sheep. The number kept should depend somewhat upon the size and make-up of the farm. There is always enough forage on a farm that can be utilized to good advantage, if it is taken care of in time, to keep a small flock, at least through the winter. Take a flock of breeding ewes and there is no stock on the farm that will pay any better, writes Levi A. Page. They should be kept through the winter in a good, thrifty condition, not too fat. They can be kept in this condition by judicious feeding of corn fodder or bean pods or clover hay. A change of feed is desirable. A little wheat bran and oats makes a fine, healthy grain ration. A yard or field to run in during suitable weather will keep them in the best of condition. They are sure to bring a fine, thrifty lamb.

They should have a good shelter at night and away from storms. Sheep should be kept dry, especially in winter. As the season draws near to the lambing time, they need watching carefully to see that their udders are not caked or sore. If the ewe is in good condition, there is usually very little trouble about the lamb starting all right. As soon as possible, when the weather will admit, I like to shear the ewes. They will do better, and their udders are not so liable to get sore. The lambs will also do better. Of course, the barn where they are kept should be closed, so the flock is kept fairly warm. The ewes need stronger feed as the lambs begin to grow.

It will not be long before the lambs will begin to want to eat, and a place should be provided for them to run into where a little wheat bran can be had, also a little clover hay. These should be put in fresh every day. It is astonishing how soon they will begin to eat it, and soon begin to show the good effects. Everything about the feed troughs and racks should be kept clean. There is no animal so particular as a sheep about its feed and drink. They should have clean water where they can get it any time.

As nearly all the sheep kept now are of the mutton breeds, I do not believe in crossing the breeds, I use only thoroughbred rams upon my ewes. To keep up the flock, retain the best ewe lambs for breeding purposes. In this way, in a short time, a person may have a fine flock of grade ewes. Always have the type of the sheep in mind that you wish, and breed for it.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Dry cows should be fed so as not to take on much flesh. Keep them in model condition and they will yield better.

Keep your hogs clean, feed them on pure and wholesome food, and you will not be very likely to have any disease among them.

Use a loose check when plowing. It is very disagreeable to have a horse all the time pulling its head down to the ground when at work. A slack check will make it more comfortable for the horse—and the man, too.

There are two common mistakes made in feeding cows; first, not feeding liberally enough; second, feeding a ration not properly balanced. It has been found by experiments that about 60 per cent. of what a cow can eat is necessary merely to maintain her without producing any milk or gaining in weight. This being true, it is evident that it is not economy to feed only a little more than this 60 per cent. needed to keep up the cow's body.

As grass forms the best ration, so one must get as near to that as possible in food elements. See to it that the mangers, feed boxes, etc., are free from all refuse remaining from the previous feed before giving fresh rations. You will feel more self-respecting yourself, beside making the animals more comfortable. Put yourself in their place; would it be comfortable or pleasant to eat from the same plate, unwashed for three or four days or a week? Thoughtlessness is the cause of much downright cruelty to animals many times. Keep the cows contented; the contented cow is the profitable one, as a rule.

FARM NOTES.

Replace broken windows and putty up the loose ones before your fingers and the putty freeze.

Scrub brushes are the best articles for use in cleaning dairy utensils. Coarse linen cloths may also be used, but they require more care in keeping them clean. The same methods for cleaning utensils should be followed for cleaning cloths.

In making cider vinegar, the per cent. by weight of the acetic acid in it will be a little less than the per cent. by weight of the alcohol in the cider. A little of the alcohol remains unfermented, and serves to give the desired flavor or boquet to the vinegar. There is a rapid method of making cider vinegar. In this method the fermented cider, or "hard cider," is run through a box of beechwood shavings, wetted with old vinegar. By this method good vinegar may be made in 24 hours.

Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

PEN-ANGLE

Pen-Angle Underwear is form-knit so it can't help fitting your figure,—it's made of long-fibred wool so it won't shrink—and it's guaranteed besides. The whole idea is to make it so good you can't afford not to buy by the trademark (in red).

In a variety of styles, fabrics and prices, for women, men and children. Form-fitted. Dealers are authorized to replace instantly and at our cost any Pen-Angle garment faulty in material or making. 205

UNDERWEAR

Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."

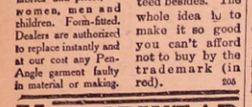
Look for agent in your town, or send direct.

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

Patents Secured Free

I prepare patent applications free of charge. If you have an invention send sketch to-day for free opinion. 24 years' experience.

F. H. Gibbs, 52 St. James St., Montreal.



GOES LIKE SIXTY SELLS LIKE SIXTY SELLS FOR SIXTY $60 GILSON GASOLENE ENGINE For Pumping, Cream Separators, Churns, Wash Machines, etc. FREE TRIAL Ask for catalog—all sizes GILSON MFG. CO. 310 Pine St. Port Washington, Wis.

FOR SALE—IF SOLD AT ONCE, butcher shop, stable and slaughter house, free from mortgage, in the thriving Town of Milton; population about 1,800; within two miles of two large brick works, the largest in Canada; one capitalized at $250,000.00, the other at large amount; within 3 miles of 4 lime kilns employing in all about 200 hands or over; wages from $1.50 to $3.50 per day; average daily sales between 40 and 60 dollars; a money-maker; a chance in a lifetime; don't write, come and see for yourself. GEORGE PATTERSON, Box 3, Milton, Ont.

$5. BUYS A HOME

Forty years ago you could have bought lots in Denver for $100 on which now stand stores which bring $15,000 a year rent.

Denver has a population of 200,000. In five years the population will reach the half-million mark.

Ordinary residence lots in districts already populated bring from $750 to $2,000 each.

WE ARE LAYING OUT A NEW ADDITION

Washington Heights

The highest and most sightly addition in Denver; furnishing a perfect view of Pike's Peak and the Rocky Mountains for a distance of 75 miles. Overlooking Washington Park. An ideal spot.

Lots 25x125 Feet for $100

$5 CASH $5 PER MONTH

THESE lots are bound to double in value within the next year or two, and before many years are up to be as valuable as any in Denver.

FREE—upon application, map and full particulars. You may be twice or thrice until all payments are made and full title secured.

Claim lots to those who respond promptly. Enclose stamp for return mail. Lots go fast.

THE CENTURY LOAN AND TRUST CO.
The Century Building " " " Denver, Colorado
If you have property to sell in Denver, write us.

Watches for a Half Century

FOR over half a century—ever since 1854—the reputation of this store has guaranteed the reliability of any Watch purchased from it.

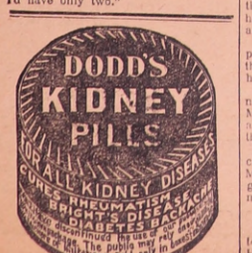
Increased manufacturing and buying facilities now enable us to give you the best Watch values in Canada.

An instance is our $15.00 special. It consists of a guaranteed 15-Jewel Ryrie Bros. Movement, in 14k gold-filled case warranted to wear twenty-five years.

Drop us a postal card and we will send you free of charge our large illustrated catalogue.

Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

"If there were twenty chickens in a coop," said the teacher, "and two were missing one morning, how many would you have?" "Well," said the leading ruffian of the class, "if they were my chickens to begin with I'd have eighteen, but if they were somebody else's I'd have only two."



HEROISM OF A CONVICT.

Scales the Wall of a House and Disarms a Lunatic.

An extraordinary act of bravery performed by an escaped French convict has resulted in his obtaining what is practically a free pardon.

The man is Francois Pivet, who, seven years ago, was sentenced to death for murder. The sentence was afterward commuted to penal servitude for life. Pivet, however, succeeded in escaping, and nothing more was heard of him until a day of two ago, when he reappeared at Nantes under extraordinary circumstances.

A lunatic barricaded himself in his house, and from an upstairs window fired shots from a gun at the people in the street. Several persons were injured, and great excitement prevailed.

Suddenly a man sprang forward, and, scaling the wall of the house, wrenched the gun out of the madman's hand.

The Mayor of Nantes specially congratulated the stranger on his remarkable coolness and bravery, when suddenly a policeman present recognized him as the missing convict. He was arrested, and was taken before the tribunal.

The trial was short, but sensational. The crowd cheered and applauded Pivet, and clamored for him to be set free.

Instead of being sent back to penal servitude for life he was sentenced to one month's imprisonment, after which he will be free, "in consideration of his heroic deed."

STARVED BY ANAEMIA.

Health Restored by the Rich Blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make.

Thousands and thousands of young girls throughout Canada are literally passing into hopeless decline for the want of the new rich red blood so abundantly supplied by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are distressingly weak, pale or sallow, appetite fickle, subject to headaches, dizziness, are breathless and the heart palpitates violently at the least exertion. The doctors call this anaemia—which is the medical name for bloodlessness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood—they cure anaemia just as surely as food cures hunger. Here is a bit of the strongest kind of evidence: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and nothing else saved my two daughters when doctors had failed to help them." This statement is made by Mrs. Joseph Martel, St. Oliver street, Quebec. She adds: "My daughters are aged respectively twenty-two and twenty-three years. For two years they suffered from the weakness and distress of anaemia, and had I learned of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills earlier, it would not only have saved me money, but much worry and anxiety as well. Both girls were as pale as a sheet. They suffered from headaches, poor appetite, and grew so feeble that they could hardly go about. They were under a doctor's care, but did not improve a bit. I despaired of ever seeing them in good health again, when a friend called my attention to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Soon after they began the pills there was an improvement in their condition and in less than a couple of months they were again enjoying good health, active, robust girls. I am so grateful for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for my children that I strongly recommend them to every mother who has a weak, pale-faced boy or girl."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do only one thing, but they do it well—they actually make new, rich blood. They don't tinker with symptoms. They act on the bowels. They simply change bad blood into good blood and thus strike straight at the root of such common ailments as headaches, sideaches and backaches, indigestion, anaemia, nervous exhaustion, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, partial paralysis, and the special painful secret ailments of growing girls and women. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ETHICS OF DEBT.

Extraordinary Defence of a Unitarian Minister.

An extraordinary defence, which did not appeal to Justice Willis, was put forward in the King's Lynn County Court recently by the Rev. J. M. Barnes, a B.A. of Cambridge, England, who was formerly Unitarian minister in the town, and who now lives at Stratham.

He was sued by a King's Lynn firm for £2 18s 1d. for groceries supplied to him, and, while admitting that he owed the amount legally, Mr. Barnes said his defence to the action was entirely an eternal one.

He claimed that now, having no settled income, the debt should be cancelled.

Ethically speaking, he could not regard himself as a debtor until the State guaranteed him employment of a kind in keeping with his education, and with sufficient remuneration on which to support himself, his wife and family.

Until this was done for the thousands like himself, who through no fault of their own were before the abyss, he could only regard the plaintiff as his debtor, in that, having more of the world's goods than he needed, he owed it to society to give of his surplus to those who in the struggle for existence had not been so fortunate as to obtain an economic advantage over others.

He asked the judge to enquire of the plaintiff what was his ethical title to the wealth he possessed, and not what his legal claim was upon the debtor.

Judge Willis said that he should do no such thing. He was surprised that Mr. Barnes should have advanced such a defence, and he would get no sympathy from him.

He gave judgment for the amount claimed, and said that he would order Mr. Barnes ethically, and with due regard to all interests, to pay 10s per month.

She—"How did you know I was going to wear my hair curled this evening?" He—"I saw it in the papers this morn-

CARE OF THE BABY.

A mother's work and worry in caring for her little ones is greatly lightened if she has on hand a safe remedy for the cure of indigestion, colic, sour stomach, constipation, diarrhoea, simple fevers and the other little ailments that are apt to come to children suddenly. For these troubles Baby's Own Tablets are better than any other medicine. They are mildly laxative, prompt in their action, and a few doses usually leaves the child in perfect health. They do not contain an atom of opiate or poisonous soothing stuff. They always do good—they cannot possibly do harm and may be given with equal safety to the new born infant or well grown child. Mrs. Reginald James, Fenaghvale, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and find them unexcelled as a medicine for children. They promote sleep and general good health." You can get the Tablets from your druggist or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TALLEST OF WOMEN.

The tallest women in the world is said to be a native of the Tyrol, who has just arrived in Vienna. Twenty-seven years old, she is 7 feet 5 inches high, and weighs 374 lbs. She is spare rather than stout, hard of features and voice, and somewhat of the masculine type. Her father and mother are not above ordinary stature.

The efficacy of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in curing coughs and colds and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try it.

Parson Timmins—"Well, John, how did you like my sermon?" John—"Very well indeed, sir. I always did like that sermon."

WHAT DO PEOPLE NEED who are run down, anæmic, pale, listless? "Ferrovim," the *best tonic*. It builds, makes strong, it gives new life. There are many tonics but only one "Ferrovim."

"Intelligence has just reached me—" began Mr. Blodger, as he sat down at the dinner-table. "Thank goodness if it has at last," exclaimed Mrs. Blodger, and the food was partaken of in silence.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart acts directly and quickly, stimulates the heart's action, stops most acute pain, dispels all signs of weakness, fluttering, sinking, smothering, or palpitation. This wonderful cure is the sturdy ship which carries the heart-sick patient into the haven of radiant and perfect health. Gives relief in most acute forms of heart disease in 30 minutes.—11

"That man may seem to be somewhat uneducated, and yet he makes a fine living by his pen." "Why, I would never take him for a writer." "He isn't; he breeds pigs."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Mistress—"Why, Bridget, what on earth are you doing with all the broken dishes on the shelf?" Bridget—"Cure, mum, you towld me Oi wur to replace every one Oi broke."

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by **Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails.**

Binks—"You're putting your boy early to work." Jinks—"Yes, he's a clever lad, for he's learnt everything the master knows." "He has?" "He has that. That master said: 'I can't hammer anything more into that head of his.'"

Those Worrying Piles!—One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of Blind, Bleeding, or Itching Piles. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Eczema and all itching and burning skin diseases. It acts like magic. 35 cents.—15

"So she was led to the altar at last!" remarked the girl in blue. "Led!" repeated the bride's dearest friend; "led! I fancy you didn't see her. She didn't have to be led. When she started down the aisle you couldn't have driven her off with a regiment of cavalry!"

IT'S EASY TO LET a cold hang on. Each night and day we are sure it will be gone, but it stays with us. Allen's Lung Balsam will check its advance and restore health.

MODERN BULLET WOUNDS.

A most interesting and far-reaching experiment on a large scale was performed at the battlefield of Mukden. Several sanitary officers with good surgical training being present, out of 100 soldiers wounded in the abdomen 50 were operated upon by laparotomy, the 50 others left alone, the only treatment consisting of absolute rest and in keeping the external wound opening clean. Of the 50 soldiers operated upon 40 died, of the non-operated 40 survived. This striking result indicated the manner of treatment of abdominal wounds throughout the whole war. Laparotomy on or in the rear of the battlefield was afterward hardly ever performed, but strict care was taken that all soldiers wounded in the abdomen had absolute rest for the first three days.

Sandy and his master were waiting at a wayside station. As a train approached Sandy said: "Here's yer train, sir." Master—"That's not my train, but rather the train I'm going by." But it happened to be a special train, and didn't stop at the station, whereupon Sandy exclaimed: "We're baith wrang, for it's neither your train nor the one we're gaun by; but it's the one that's gaun by you!"

reply. Wooden—"Mildred, I offer you my heart, my hand, my love, my devotion, my whole life." No reply. Wooden—"I lay my proudest ambitions, my brightest hopes at your feet. Will you not speak, Mildred?" Mildred—"Who owns the grocery store at the corner—you or your brother?" Wooden—"I do."

CLERKS AS HUSBANDS.

Pen Users Said to be Immune From Struggles of the World.

"By virtue of his calling a clerk must perceive the value of money; that it is easier to get into debt than out of it; that by taking care of the pence the pounds take care of themselves; and that economy is a great revenue," says a writer in Pearson's Weekly in the course of an article on "Do Clerks Make Good Husbands?"

"Furthermore, a clerk has a regular income," he continues. "His wife knows to a penny what she will receive for housekeeping, for dress, for this, that, and the other, and can make arrangements accordingly.

"Possessed of an assured, unvarying income, a clerk is free from the care which besets the man whose pocket, full of money one month is empty the next. The struggles with the world, the everlasting race with the busy competition of trade, which turn grey the hair of the employer do not affect the clerk."

Not a Nauseating Pill.—The excipient of a pill is the substance which enfolds the ingredients and makes up the pill mass. That of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills is so compounded as to preserve their moisture, and they can be carried into any latitude without impairing their strength. Many pills, in order to keep them from adhering, are rolled in powders, which prove nauseating to the taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared that they are agreeable to the most delicate.

The Doctor—"You have a bad cold, Mr. Jiggs. I'll give you some pills for it." Jiggs—"Oh, never mind, doctor. You can have it for nothing."

MARK THIS DISTINCTION: A purely local disease of the skin, like barber's itch, is cured by Weaver's Cerate alone. But where the blood is loaded with impurity, such as Salt Rheum, Weaver's Syrup also should be used.

"Jessie, I've told you again and again not to speak when older persons are talking; but wait until they stop." "I've tried that already, mamma. They never do stop."

Kidney Duty.—It is the particular function of the kidneys to filter out poisons which pass through them into the blood. When the kidneys are diseased they cannot do their whole duty, and should have the help and strength that South American Kidney Cure will afford in any and all forms of kidney disorder. It relieves in 6 hours.—14

"I'll give you a position as clerk to start with," said the merchant, "and pay you what you are worth. Is that satisfactory?" "Oh, perfectly," replied the college graduate; "but—er—do you think the firm can afford it?"

How to Cleanse the System.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of scientific study of the effects of extracts of certain roots and herbs upon the digestive organs. Their use has demonstrated in many instances that they regulate the action of the liver and the kidneys, purify the blood, and carry off all morbid accumulations from the system. They are easy to take, and their action is mild and beneficial.

As a steamer was leaving the harbor of Athens a well-dressed young passenger approached the captain and, pointing to the distant hills, inquired: "What is that white stuff on the hills, captain?" "That is snow, madam," answered the captain. "Is it really?" remarked the lady. "I thought so myself, but a gentleman has just told me it was Greece."

PLACED AT THE BACK OF THE SPINE, The D. & L. Menthol Plaster allays nervous excite ment. They are equally as efficacious in non rigida, backache and muscular pains.

"Ah, me!" exclaimed Mrs. Naggett. "My shopping was most unsatisfactory to-day!" "Indeed!" grunted Naggett. "Trying to get something for nothing, I suppose?" "Yes, dear; I was after a birthday gift for you."

Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and kindred ailments, take wings before the healing qualities of South American Nervine. Thomas Hoskins, of Durham, Ont., took his preacher's advice, followed directions, and was cured permanently of the worst form of Nervous Prostration and Dyspepsia. He has recommended it to others with gratifying results. It's a great nerve builder.—12

"Well, doctor, do you think it is anything serious?" "No, no—just a sore place of your neck. But you must keep an eye on it."

Cheapest of all Medicines.—Considering the curative qualities of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil it is the cheapest medicine now offered to the public. The dose required is so small, any ailment is small and a bottle contains many doses. If it were valued at the benefit it confers it could not be purchased for many times the price asked for it, but increased consumption has simplified and cheapened its manufacture.

Husband—"You'll have to discharge Jane and do the cooking yourself." Wife—"Good gracious! Why? Are you losing your money?" Husband—"No; but I'm losing my health." Wife—"Oh, I see." Husband—"Yes. The doctor says I eat too much."

MRS. HUNTER'S STORY.

Says Results are "Truly Wonderful."

Mrs. I Hunter.

Mrs. I. Hunter, of 111 Raglan Road, Kingston, Ont, says:—

"I have suffered with kidney and liver trouble and chronic constipation for some time. I was subject to dizziness, bilious headache, nervousness, drowsiness, pains in the back and side, and tired, weary feeling nearly all the time.

"I tried almost every medicine, was treated by doctors and druggists with little or no benefit.

"I tried Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill, and the results have been truly wonderful. I am so much better. Anti-Pill is a most wonderful remedy."

All dealers, or the Wilson-Fyfe Co.

SOUND AS A

That sounds good, doesn't it?

Never a cold or a cough but **always perfectly well** and hearty.

You could be like that with a little care and

COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT

Keep it in the house and use it at the **slightest sign** of an approaching cold or cough.

It positively cures **Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma** and all **Throat** and **Lung troubles.**

A pure vegetable syrup. Your druggist keeps it and **recommends it.**

Price, 25 cents.

COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT

RAILROADING WANTED FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN for all Railroads. Experience unnecessary. Firemen $100, become engineers and earn $200 monthly. Brakemen $75, become Conductors and earn $150. Positions awaiting strong, competent young men. State age, height and weight—(important.) Name position preferred. RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Room 112, 227 Monroe St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

LADIES' BEAVER SKATE

Skaters who make a point of good appearance like the Ladies' Beaver, which is also to be recommended for the comfort it affords the wearer. It's the skate for rink use.

FOR SALE BY ALL UP-TO-DATE DEALERS. MADE BY

The STARR MANUFACTURING CO., Limited,

DARTMOUTH, N. S., CANADA.

BRANCH, 126 Wellington Street West, **TORONTO**

Manufacturers also of the famous "Micmac" and "Rex" Hockey Sticks (Copyrighted.)

"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof

Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

Montreal, Que.	Ottawa, Ont.	Toronto, Ont.	London, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.	Vancouver, B.C.
321-3 W Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	89 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

The "Blue Grass" Event

will be the

7th Annual Kentucky Thoroughbred Sale

—of—

Fasig-Tipton Co.

COMPRISING 627 HEAD OF THOROUGHBRED STALLIONS, MARES, WEANLINGS, YEARLINGS and HORSES IN TRAINING.

Sale will be held at

WILSON'S HORSEMEN'S HEADQUARTERS

LEXINGTON, KY., THANKSGIVING WEEK, BEGINNING

Monday, November 26, 1906

AND WILL CONTAIN A QUANTITY OF QUALITY

In the 17 Stallions, 370 Choice Mares (Dams of Winners), 50 Weanlings (from Winning Families), and 190 Yearlings and Racehorses in training.

Dispersal of Capt. S. S. Brown's Senorita Stud, Chas. F. McMeekin's Oaklands Stud, R. H. Anderson's Tea's Over Stud, Dave Gideon's Holmdel Stud, G. W. Headly's Rosemaile Stud, Est. J. E. McDonald. Consignments from John E. Madden's Hamburg Place Stud, Milton Young's McGrathiana Stud and other prominent breeders.

CATALOGUE NOW READY. Write for copy to

FASIG-TIPTON CO., MADISON SQUARE GARDEN NEW YORK.

"You talked all through my solo," said the musician a little resentfully. "Oh, that's all right," said the chattering person; "I wasn't saying anything you would care about hearing."

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

ACCORDING TO CONTRACT.

A man who was very miserly hoarded up his stacks of hay year after year in the hope of making double the price he was offered for them.

A well-known hay and straw buyer in the district one day asked the price of a stack. An enormous price was asked, which the buyer accepted.

"How about the terms of settlement?" asked the old miser.

"Well, you see," said the buyer, "my terms are to settle when I fetch the last load away."

"That's a bargain," said the miser, slapping the other's hand. The old chap watched every load go away except the

POMPEII'S PATHETIC END.

Lady (at book store)—"I want to get a good novel to read on the train—something rather pathetic."

Salesman—"Let me see . . . . How would 'The Last Days of Pompeii do?"

Lady—"Pompeii? I never heard of him. What did he die of?"

Salesman—"I'm not quite sure, ma'am—some kind of an eruption, I've heard."

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 304

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household!

PUBLICITY

Is as necessary to the growth of business as are gentle rains, balmy air and generous sunshine in the propagation of flowers and fruits. An increase in business is bound to follow an advertisement in

THE REVIEW.

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, NOVEMBER 29, 1906.

PERSONAL.

To the Readers And Patrons of the North Hastings Review.

As was made mention of in these columns of last week's issue, the Proprietor of THE REVIEW, Mr. J. R. Orr, notified the readers and patrons of this paper that owing to ill-health he has been compelled to retire for a time from the active duties of newspaper work, and has placed the management of his business in my hands, which will be carried on as heretofore. For myself, as manager, and also Mr. Orr, I bespeak the patronage that has been extended to THE REVIEW in years past, and will endeavor to satisfy all.

Although it may not be generally understood, it is a conceded fact that it is the people of the community who make the paper. By this I mean that each individual should do what he or she can to give vim to the home publication, by assisting the editor in any and every way to gather and furnish items of interest from week to week. This can be done quite readily as follows:—Have you a friend visiting? Have you a new arrival in your home? Have you a son or daughter who has been made happy in holy wedlock? Or have you a friend or relation who has been called to join the great majority? If so, tell your editor. He will make it known through the columns of your paper, and although any one of the articles given may seem a small thing to the individual, will, when compiled in news form, make a series of interesting items for a reading public.

Personally I come to you as a total stranger, but I heartily welcome you one and all to call at any time upon me at THE REVIEW office, so that we may become acquainted and be a benefit to each other, to our town, and the public generally. Thanking you in advance for your patronage, which I know will be freely extended as in the past, I remain

Yours sincerely,
B. J. MCKERRACHER.

Postal Express Next.

Department Has Staff and Machinery.

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—The Postoffice Department is about to engage in the express business. The staff and machinery for this purpose already exist, and it is felt that without much expense the public interests can be greatly facilitated by the innovation.

Good Word for Canada.

The editor of the London Financier and Bullionist recently paid a visit to Canada, and here are some of his impressions of this thriving land:—

That Canada is on the eve of a period of a commercial development only equalled in the history of the United States of America.

That there are numberless openings for the profitable investment of British capital.

That the Americans are keenly alive to the great commercial and agricultural possibilities of the country, and are flocking over the border in their thousands.

That England's indifference is greatly regretted by many loyal Canadians.

That the bank act of Canada is the finest banking act in the world.

That there are splendid openings for men with a small capital—anything from £250 to £1,000—in the towns springing up in all directions in the Northwest.

That the country is just crying out for skilled mechanics and labor for the railroads.

That Cobalt is the richest silver camp in the world, and is alone worth a journey to Canada to see.

Croup.

A reliable medicine and one that should always be kept in the home for immediate use is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will prevent the attack if given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears. For sale by all druggists.

Give Us the Farm.

Why is it that no one wants to live in the country any more? Cities are full of people who live from "hand to mouth," and whose total wealth is represented by the clothing they have on. Years go by and these persons never have a home. They lose that independence that the proud owner of a farm has. If there is one needed reform it is to keep people on farms away from cities.

The new Pure Food and Drug Law will mark it on the label of every Cough Cure containing Opium, Chloroform, or any other stupifying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get safe and reliable Cough Cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. All dealers cheerfully recommend and sell it.

The Christmas Delineator.

The December Delineator is a typical Christmas number. It is sufficiently premature to assist Christmas-makers with its hints for Christmas gifts and holiday entertainments, besides containing an abundance of seasonable literature calculated to fit in from now until New Year's Day. Maud Ballington Booth contributes a most touching description of the work of the Volunteers. "Christmas Sunshine in the Shadows." Christmas stories for adults are "The Evergreen Tree," by Marion Ames Taggart and "The Shoplifter at Satterthwaite's" by William Hamilton Osborne, and those for children "The Blue Kimono," by Virginia Woodward Cloud, and "Betty Evolves a Christmas Idea," by Elizabeth Preston Badger. Agnes and Egerton Castle's romance, "A Young Conspiracy," and Anthony's Hope's short story, "The Duke's Allotment" seem especially suitable for reading on winter evenings. But the crown of the Christmas literature is Edwin Markham's splendid poem, entitled "The Great Guess Comes." It is illustrated in colors by J. C. Leyendecker. The serial stories, "Fraulein Schmidt and Mr. Anstruther" by the Countest von Arnhim, and "The Chauffeur and the Chaperon" by the Williamsons, are continued, while Barry Pain's "The Diary of a Baby" is concluded. Essays for every-day are, "The Slavery of Superstition," by Lilian Bell, "Eliminating Non-essentials," by Lida Churchill, and "Pulling Together Through a Crisis," by William George Gordon. David Belasco contributes a most interesting description of "Making the Play Seem Real."

The usual amount of space is devoted to up-to-date fashions in garments and millinery, and practical papers and departments for housekeepers.

Sells More of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Than all others Put Together.

Mr. Thos. George, a merchant at Mt. Elgin, Ont., says: "I have had the local agency for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since it was introduced into Canada, and I sell as much of it as I do of all other lines I have on my shelves put together. Of the many dozens sold under guarantee, I have not had one bottle returned. I can pesonally recommend this medicine as I have used it myself and given it to my children and always with the best results." For sale by all druggists.

New Advertisements.

Help Wanted.

A reliable person, to assist in taking care of baby, and also help with light housework. Washing and ironing done out. Wages $12 per month. Apply to

MRS. F. G. COTTLE,
48 Madoc

Estray.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 11, in the 5th concession of Madoc, on or about October 20th, a Spring Calf. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

W. H. TENNYSON.
Madoc, Nov. 24th, 1906.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Rose Cheese Company will be held in the factory on Friday, Nov. 30th, at 1 o'clock p.m., for hireing a cheesemaker and transaction of general business.

A. NICOLSON,
President.

Teacher Wanted.

Teacher wanted for S. S. No. 1, township of Wollaston, 2nd or 3rd Class Certificate, and some experience. Salary $325.00 per annum. Duties to commence Jan. 3rd, 1907. Apply to

GEO. PATTISON,
48-3 Sec.-Treas., Coe Hill.

Notice.

I wish to inform the public that I am running a stage in connection with mail service and am prepared to give passenger and commercial accommodation. Stage leaving Coe Hill at 11 o'clock a.m., meeting down train from Bancroft, arriving in Coe Hill about 4 o'clock p.m., stopping and changing mails at Ormsby both ways.

JOHN WATT,
48 3 Proprietor.

Farm for Sale.

First-class Dairy Farm, partly situated in the Village of Stirling. Particulars from

DR. POTTS,
37-tf Stirling.

....Wright's Grocery....

IS WHERE

Christmas Fruits,
Fresh Confectionery and Cake,
Exquisite Teas and Coffee,
Numerous Breakfast Cereals,
and Many Pure Foods

ARE SOLD DAILY,

Fine Array of Dinner and Toilets Sets

to select from at remarkably low value.

Old Dutch Cleanser chases dirt. We have it in large tins at 10c.

Try one of our 25c. Brooms.

Prompt delivery.

Strictly Cash Business.

GEORGE WRIGHT,
Wright Block

Found.

Put in my buggy in mistake, on or about Sept. 15th, in Henderson's yard, Madoc, a parcel of goods. The owner can have same by paying expenses and calling at REVIEW Office, Madoc.

47-3 SAMUEL RAY.

Lost.

Between Mrs. Wm. Comerford's and White Lake, about four weeks ago, one Grey Caperine. The person who found same will send or leave at REVIEW office, or will be exposed.

Rawdon, Nov. 13, 1906.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Champion Cheese Factory will be held in the factory on December 1st, at 1 o'clock p.m., for transaction of general business.

J. D. NICKLE,
47-2 President.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Oak Leaf Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held in the factory on Saturday, December 1st, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the transaction of business.

H. M. BLAIR,
President

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Queensboro Cheese Company will be held in the factory on Saturday, December 1, at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp. Tenders will be received for cheesemaking for next season, selling milk routes and general business.

THOS H. MOORE,
President

Queensboro, Nov. 20, 1906.

Notice.

Notwithstanding the recent death of Mr. McKelvie, my late partner, I will continue the business of manufacturing monuments and tombstones at the old stand in Tweed, and still solicit the patronage of the public. All work fully guaranteed.

GEO. McCALLUM.
Tweed, April 17th, 1906.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Spring Creek Cheese Factory will be held in the factory on Friday, November 30th, at the hour of 1 o'clock, for the purpose of selling milk routes and transaction of general business.

RICHARD KEENE,
President

Notice to Creditors!

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. Chapter 129, sec. 38, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Joseph Farrell, late of the Village of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, laborer, deceased, who died on or about the 11th day of October, 1906, are required to send particulars of their said claims duly verified by affidavit to the undersigned solicitor for John McIlroy, executor of the last will and testament of the said Joseph Farrell, on or before the 20th day of December A.D. 1906.

And take notice that after the said 20th day of December, 1906, the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice.

Dated this 19th day of November, A.D. 1906.

WILLIAM CROSS,
47-4 Solicitor for said Executor

Notice to Creditors!

Estate of Robert L. Sager, late of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Statute in that behalf that creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the said Robert L. Sager, who died at the township of Madoc on or about the ninth day of September, 1906, are required to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for Charles A. Sager and Irwin Delyea, Executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, on or before the 20th day of December, 1906, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims duly verified and a statement of the securities, if any, held by them. And after the said 20th day of December, 1906, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the said estate or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Madoc this 19th day of Nov., 1906.

D. E. K. STEWART,
47-4 Solicitor for said Executors

Notice.

As my wife has left my bed and boarding-house without any just cause or provocation, I hereby forbid any person or persons giving her any goods or credit on my account, as I will not be responsible for the same.

WM. BROADWORTH.
Madoc, Nov. 8th, 1906. 46-3t

Estray Heifers.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 22, in the 8th concession of Madoc, on or about November 1st, three yearling Heifers. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

CHRISTOPHER FOX.
Madoc, Nov. 12th, 1906. 46-3t

Nothing Like Leather When it is Well Put Together.

So for first-class homemade Boots and Shoes, and repairing out of the best first-class French stock, from 5 per cent. to 10 per cent. lower than elsewhere.

Also a lot of first-class Celery for sale at the garden.

44-5 WM. MOORE,
on the corner opposite C. G. Wilson's.

Farm For Sale.

Lot 18, con. 8 Madoc township, 185 acres—under cultivation 130 acres, good sugar-bush, abundance of wood, remainder pasture, good dairy, farm watered by two never-failing springs, very close to school, churches, cheese-factory, blacksmith shop, post-office and railroad station. Good brick house, drive-house, two barns, orchards and small fruit.

For particulars apply to

WILLIE J. IRWIN,
45 Rimington, Ont.

Desirable Farm For Sale.

Being part of lots 20 and 21, con. 1, township of Hillier, containing over 150 acres choice land, about 3 miles from Wellington on beautiful gravel road. Fine buildings, beautifully situated on lake shore. House large and comfortable, kitchen, pantry, dining-room, sitting-room, parlor, six bed-rooms, bath-room, wood-house, good cellar, with furnace, hot water in kitchen, large cistern. Barn 30x110 ft. with 25 ft. posts, shed 24x100, shed 28x70 ft. with plenty of stabling, large drive-house, tenant-house, hen-house, pig-pen and good implement house. 1 acre orchard, watered by never-failing creek, 3 wells and lake front, well fenced with cedar, 15 acres good timber, church, school, post-office, blacksmith shop and cheese factory convenient. Rare chance for raising produce for canning factory, being close to three large factories, which insures the highest prices for everything. Come and see this farm before snow comes.

The owner is reluctant to part with it, but on account of ill-health it must be sold. Price $7250.00. Possession 1st March, 1907. Fall plowing. Address

T. N. WAY,
Roseball, P.O.
Nov. 5th, 1906. 45-6t

Tudhope Sleighs

It is only natural that the Tudhope Sleighs should be best

55 years' experience in buying materials—designing—constructing—testing. That is the Tudhope's record.

No wonder Tudhope Sleighs look handsomer—run smoother—wear longer. Let us show you the new 27

TUDHOPE SLEIGHS.
T. L. NICKLE, Madoc

Why is Money sometimes called Dough?

Because everybody kneads it.

BUY A NO. 8 UNIVERSAL BREAD MAKER

and then you will never knead any more dough.

Universal Bread Makers are sold on approval.

A trial will demonstrate that they are money-savers.

M. W. CONNOR & SON.

NO . . . DAMAGED GARMENTS

The knitting machines used in the Truro Knitting Mills stop the instant a thread breaks. This prevents the possibility of any imperfection in the knitting, and together with the facts that only pure wool is used, and that every fibre is shrunk before being carded, makes

Stanfield's "Unshrinkable" Underwear

the best kind to buy. Every garment bears our money-back guarantee. Perfect in fit and comfort. We buy the above brand direct from the manufacturers, thus saving the middleman's profit.

Other lines in stock.

Men's heavy winter Underwear, 40c. a garment.

Men's fleece-lined Underwear, 45c. a garment.

Men's heavy fleece-lined Underwear, 50c. a garment.

Men's wool Underwear, 65c. a garment.

Men's extra heavy wool Underwear, 75c. a garment.

Working men's Shirts, fine Shirts, Sweaters, Cardigan Jackets.

Working men's Pants in heavy Frieze or Tweed from $1.25 up.

Men's heavy Overcoats, Tweed lining, storm collars, from $4.90 up.

Men's fine dress Overcoats from $5.75 up.

Men's muleskin Mitts 25c., men's comfort Mitts, coranaw or pigskin fronts 50c.

Men's heavy and fine Rubbers and Overshoes.

Agents for The 20th Century Brand Clothing.

A. WILLIAMSON,
BIG FOUR. RELIABLE CLOTHIER, MADOC.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

SOLE AGENTS IN THIS DISTRICT FOR

Massey Harris Farm Implements,
Superior Disc Drills and Harrows,
Goodison Thresher Company,
DeLaval Cream Separators,
Massey Harris Cream Separators,
Ontario Wind Engine and Pump Co.
Mount Forest Carriages

A full stock of plow repairs always on hand. Call in whether you want to buy or not. Everybody welcome.

ASHLEY & EMPEY

...MILNE'S...

Specials for This Week.

300 yards

ALL WOOL . . . DRESS GOODS

Heavy winter weight, different Colors, 54 and 56 inches wide,

REGULAR PRICE $1.25

SALE PRICE 60c.

This is one of the best bargains we ever had in Dress Goods.

ALEX. MILNE

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

House to Let.

Lately occupied by T. MacNamara. Apply to

A. F. WOOD.

Madoc, September 15. 1906. 39

Wood for Sale.

Having a large quantity of Dry Wood for sale, the undersigned is prepared to deliver any quality at short notice, at reasonable prices.

A. PITTS,

Madoc, Sept. 4th, 1906.

Estray Sheep.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 19, 9th concession of Madoc, about the 15th of September, one sheep. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

46-3 ELIAS HOLMES.

Indigestion

Stomach trouble is but a symptom of, and not in itself a true disease. We think of Dyspepsia, Heartburn, and Indigestion as real diseases, yet they are symptoms only of a certain specific Nerve sickness—nothing else.

It was this fact that first correctly led Dr. Shoop in the creation of that now very popular Stomach Remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Going direct to the stomach nerves, alone brought that success and favor to Dr. Shoop and his Restorative. Without that original and highly vital principle, no such lasting accomplishments were ever to be had.

For stomach distress, bloating, biliousness, bad breath and sallow complexion, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—and see for yourself what it can and will do. We sell and cheerfully recommend

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

"ALL DRUGGISTS"

HOME NEWS
GOSSIP CHAT

MADOC, NOVEMBER 29. 1906.

—Read Maybee's Jewelery add.

☞ We buy Butter. F. G. LYNDE.

—Mr. R. H. Wickham and family have taken up their residence in town again.

☞ Pure Pennoline Coal Oil for sale by G. A. Ferguson.

—Mrs. B. Kemp and children, of this village, are visiting her mother in Campbellford.

☞ We have tanned Deer Skins which we will swap for green Deer Skins. F. G. LYNDE.

—Mrs. W. Spurr returned from Manitoba last week after a pleasant three months visit with her daughters.

☞ WANTED—Dry Plucked Poultry, for which highest price will be paid. G. R. JONES, Eldorado.

—Mr. W. J. Sargent, late of Bancroft, left on Saturday for Cuba, where he takes charge of the Cuba Plantations, as resident manager.

☞ Three houses and lots for sale, in village of Madoc, at bargain prices. Call and get terms.

Also two farms for sale in Madoc township. Terms to suit purchaser.

T. L. NICKLE.

—An Oklahoma farmer by mistake fed his horse a quantity of poultry food, thinking the same to be condition powder for the animal. The mistake was not noticed until the horse had scratched up half the garden, and showed signs of wanting to set.

Preventics, as the name implies, prevent all Colds and Grippe when "taken at the sneeze stage." Preventics are toothsome candy tablets. Preventic dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventics are thoroughly safe for children, and as effectual for adults. Sold and recommend in 5 cents and 25 cents boxes by all dealers.

—The Rev. J. W. Foster, formerly of the parishes of Tweed and Roslin, has been appointed by the Bishop of the Diocese to the mission of Coe Hill, vacated by the resignation of Rev. J. H. Powell, who has removed to the States. Mr. Foster is not unknown in the County of Hastings, having done good work in his former parish of Roslin, and in the past having been prominent in Orange circles.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, the dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with a human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips mean feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free, trial box, at our store, and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25 cents at all dealers.

—Keep in mind the anniversary services in the Methodist Church on December 9th and 10th.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for American Coal Oil.

—Cheese factories are paying up this weeks. About $30 per standard will be the average returns.

—Some vandals have been breaking glass in Mr. P. W. O'Flynn's block, near the mill. They will be severely punished if discovered.

☞ Try G. A. Rollins for Stove Pipes and Elbows.

—Miss Nellie Connor returned home last week after a pleasant visit of six or seven months with her sister Mrs. Marshall, at Sault Ste. Marie.

☞ POULTRY WANTED — Dressed Turkeys, Geese, Chickens and Ducks wanted. Highest cash price. We are shipping from Madoc on the 30th. G. A. FERGUSON.

—THE REVIEW was in error last week in stating that Mr. Wm. Spurr was visiting in Marmora. It should be Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Spurr, who are spending the winter months with their daughter Mrs. Wm. Golding, at the Royal Hotel.

☞ TELEGRAPHY.—Any one desiring to learn telegraphy can arrange to do so by applying to the undersigned. Class will open on or about November 15th.

41-tf R R. CASEMENT.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. It's made for Piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large Nickel Capped glass jars, 50 cents. Sold and recommend by all dealers.

Tea and Bazaar.

The ladies of St. John's church will hold a tea and also have a sale of work suitable for 'Xmas presents, in the St. Lawrence Hall sample rooms on Friday, December 7th, afternoon and evening, commencing at 4 o'clock.

Good, Better, Best.

A store window is good advertising, so is a good sign over the door, but the best of all is the display that goes before the whole town—the weekly newspaper advertisement.

Surrogate Court.

Probate of will of Robert Tufts the elder, late of the township of Hungerford, in the county of Hastings, granted to Arthur Henry Tufts, Sarah Kelly and Mary C. Nixon, executor and executrices. Estate $14915. Wm. Cross, solicitor for executor and executrices.

Will Leave Madoc.

It has been definitely decided that Rev. E. W. Mackay will leave the pastorate of St. Peter's Presbyterian Church, Madoc, and accept the call from St. Paul's, Smith Falls. This decision was officially arrived at at the meeting of the Presbytery and Church representatives at Tweed on Monday. Mr. Mackay will be in Madoc for only two more Sundays, and will be inducted in his new charge on December 11th.

High Court of Justice.

Before Hon. Mr. Justice Britton. Prest. vs. Prest—This was an action brought by the plaintiff David Prest, against the estate of his brother, Wm. Prest, now confined in the Rockwood Asylum at Kingston, for the recovering of the care and maintainence of the said Mr. Prest, who owns a farm in Huntingdon. Judgment for plaintiff for $400 and costs of the action. A. A. McDonald for plaintiff. F. W. Harcourt, K.C., of Toronto, for defendant.

Case Settled.

Herrington vs. Gardner. — This action coming on for trial at Belleville before the Honourable Mr. Justice Anglin, was settled between the parties. The defendants agree to give up possession of the premises with the goods and chattels, the property of the late Clarissa Herrington, to the plaintiff, Allen Herrington, the administration of the estate of Clarissa Herrington, the plaintiff to pay the defendants $400, each party to pay their own costs. Wm. Cross, solicitor for plaintiff, A. A. McDonald, solicitor for the defendant.

Joint Meeting.

At the Farmers' Institute regular meeting to be held at Springbrook on 11th December, the Eastern Dairymen's Association have arranged a meeting in connection with the afternoon session of the Institute for the dairymen of North Hastings, where they will be requested to nominate a representative to act upon the Directorate of the Eastern Dairymen's Association, and the nominee will no doubt be elected at the annual meeting of that Association to be held in January.

G. G. Publow, Chief Dairy Instructor, or one of his representatives, will address the Springbrook meeting.

Y. M. C. A.

The social evening at the Y.M.C.A. on Friday, 23rd inst., was a decided success. The rooms were crowded with the members and their guests, the latter being mostly the students and staff of the Model School. After singing the Doxology and opening prayer by the Rev. Mr. Bowerman, an excellent programme was rendered as follows:—solo, Miss Kerr; monologue, Mr. Archie Kincaid; solo, Miss Helen Hudgins; mandolin selection, Mr. Cowan; address, Mr. Bowerman; duet, Misses Black and Ward.

After the programme, light refreshments were served and promptly at ten o'clock the meeting came to an end, after singing "God Save the King."

The Committee wish to publicly thank the ladies who provided the refreshments and those who assisted in the programme. It is proposed to make these "social evenings" a monthly event during the winter months.

Dwelling House Burned.

Serious Loss to Mr. James Kirk—No Insurance.

On Friday evening last, about 6 o'clock, the residence of Mr. James Kirk, just south of the village was set on fire by the overturning of a lamp in a kitchen, and by the time help arrived the building was badly burned. The kitchen was totally destroyed, but the main building may be able to be repaired. Most of the contents were saved. Unfortunately Mr. Kirk had no insurance, and his loss will be a serious one at this season of the year. Only a few months ago the whole building had been renovated and repainted. We understand a sum of money was also lost in the flames. The firemen with the steam engine were quickly on the scene, considering the distance and the fact that a team had to be secured to draw the engine, and they did good service in saving the building from total destruction.

FIREMEN HURT.

While the engine was rounding the mill corner on its way to the fire, two of the Madoc firemen met with accidents that might have been fatal. Mr. Byron Richmond tripped and fell in front of the engine, which passed over him along with the two hose carts before it could be stopped. Fortunately he fell between the wheels of the engine which missed him or he would undoubtedly have been killed. As it was the wheel of the hose cart struck him breaking the shoulder blade and causing other severe bruises. Mr. Jno. Brown also tripped and fell in front of one of the hose carts, and both hands and legs were badly injured. He was around in a few days, but Mr. Richmond will be laid up for some weeks to come.

Pay Up.

Prompt settlement on the part of customers has much to do with the ability of merchants to swing their business in so able a manner. On the other hand, too liberal a credit without regard to whom, has been known to put many an honest merchant out of business.

An Obituary.

It wasn't a Belleville editor but a printer's devil who was going through his first experience on "making up" forms. The newspaper was late and the boy got the galleys mixed. The first part of the obituary notice of a pecunious citizen had been dumped in the forms, and the next handful of type came off a galley describing a recent fire. It read like this: "The pallbearers lowered the body to the grave and as it was consigned to the flames there were few if any regrets, for the old wreck had been an eyesore to the town for years. Of course there was individual loss, but that was fully covered by insurance." The widow thinks the editor wrote the obituary that way because the lamented partner of her joys and sorrows owed him five years' subscription.

How About It?

An exchange says:—"The best man we have in our town for the general good of the town is the one you will always see on the front seat of the progressive "band waggon." He is the first one to extend an open and warm hand to greet the stranger and welcome him to the best town in the state. He will resent an insult to our town as quickly as he would a slur at a member of his family. He very politely invites the chronic croaker to "move on." He is ever ready to give his just proportion to every public enterprise. He talks up our town at home and abroad and believes it the best place on God's green earth in which to live and desires to be buried here when he dies."

Let us all try and be like this man for one year and our little town will take on new life and improve as never before in its history.

BORN

McKENZIE—In Bancroft, on the 19th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. I. McKenzie, a son.

McCAY.—In Bancroft, on the 19th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McCay, a daughter.

DIED

McKINNON.—In Madoc township, on Saturday, Nov. 3, 1906, Harry McKinnon, aged 10 years, 3 months, 9 days.

SALE REGISTER.

On Wednesday, December 5th.—Farm stock, implements, etc., belonging to Mrs. Mark Sandford, lot 25 in the 5th concession of Madoc. Sale at 1 o'clock sharp. Nine months' credit. Jacob Huff, auctioneer.

[NOTE.—Sale bill printed at REVIEW office, Madoc, will receive a notice similar to above, free of charge.]

In Time of Peace.

In the first months of the Russia-Japan war we had a striking example of the necessity for preparation and the early advantage of those who, so to speak "have shingled their roofs in dry weather." The virtue of preparation has made history and given to us our greatest men. The individual as well as the nation should be prepared for any emergency. Are you prepared to successfully combat the first cold you take? A cold can be cured much more quickly when treated as soon as it has been contracted and before it has become settled in the system. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of colds and it should be kept at hand ready for instant use. For sale by all druggists.

Two sons of Mr. Hiram Kelusky, of Monteagle, had a big streak of luck while out hunting deer one day last week. They came across two fine bucks with their horns locked and of course despatched both of them. They weighed over two hundred pounds apiece.

Weak Lungs Bronchitis

For over sixty years doctors have endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs, colds, weak lungs, bronchitis, consumption. You can trust a medicine the best doctors approve. Then trust this the next time you have a hard cough.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Ayer's Pills keep the bowels regular. All vegetable and gently laxative.

☞ Go to G. A. Ferguson for Pennoline Coal Oil.

A BIG DOLL FREE

See Our Doll Display

We are going to give away a big Dressed Doll. Do you want it? It won't cost you a cent. Call and see our display of Dolls and we will explain. We know we have better value in dolls than was ever offered in town. Dolls from 5c. to $5.00. You can't afford to miss seeing them, anyway.

Big Value in Toys

DID you see our Toys? We have all kinds. Our mechanical toys are the kind that GO. We have toys at all prices. If you want any toys for Christmas call and select them soon as we are running short on some lines now.

The Corner Drug Store,
W. P. J. Alexander.

4 Weeks More to Select your 'Xmas Gifts

From now on you are cordially invited to come in and see our stock of

Fancy Stationery, Toilet Cases, Bibles, Hymn Books, Books, Fancy Novelties.

DOLLS.—Our stock is not the largest in town but our prices are the best. Compare them and see.

Come in and look around, you don't have to buy.

HARRY H. JONES, PHM B.

...'XMAS SILVER...

WE HAVE A LARGE VARIETY OF BEAUTIFUL

....Manicure and Toilet Silver Articles....

in French Grey designs, also in Ebony, plain or Silver Mounted. One may easily choose a highly desirable gift.

A Signet Ring with initial engraved in old English makes a very pretty gift.

A PLEASING AND ACCEPTABLE GIFT IS

. . . A Pearl Brooch or a Pendant . . .

Our stock is especially fine, carefully chosen to suit the needs of our customers.

Solid gold and Gold-filled Lockets for neck and vest chains in beautiful designs and pearl set.

We ask your attention again to our Watches, the finest stock we have ever shown and our prices are the lowest.

Early attention is advised.

GEO. F. MAYBEE,
Jeweler and Optician

EYES TESTED FREE.

CHRISTMAS GOODS

in Greater Variety than ever, and the Best Time for Choosing is Now.

Everybody who has Christmas things to buy should act upon the above advice. The days are slipping by, first thing you know the Christmas crowds will have taken possession of the store, and then you will have to put up with some inconveniences, whether you like it or not, besides our stock is at its best now, complete in every detail.

Fancy China in all Kinds
AND IN ALL LINES.

Dinner Sets and Bedroom Sets
AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

All Kinds of Toys
TIN AND IRON.

1800 Dolls in all Lines
FROM 1 CT. EACH UP TO $5.00.

Ladies' Fancy Collars and Handkerchiefs
A SPECIALTY.

Everything is on the hum.

Strictly Cash.

ALEX McGREGOR.

THE ALL-SEEING EYE

It Is An Eye of Sympathy, of Tender Kindness, of Loving Wisdom.

"Thou God seest me."—Gen. xvi., 13.

There are few who cannot call to mind many times in childhood when this text was quoted to them in awe-inspiring tones. It may be you remember these words printed or worked in worsted hanging in your room at home. The interpretation supplied by parent or teacher served, for a time, as an effective, invisible, and omnipresent police force. The Almighty became an officer to be feared.

Once nervous natures could hardly find a moment of quiet comfort so filled were they with vague alarms at the thought of the eye unceasingly searching their secret being. To tell such a child that death would thrust him into the full presence of the one whose eye thus unremittingly watched him had at least the wholesome effect of making him determined to live as long as possible.

The mottoes have gone and the child hears less of the supreme spy, though there remain parents so morally twisted or so mentally indolent as to attempt to coerce their children into goodness by cowardice, by dread of their God. But the type of mind whose religion consists either in the fear of that all-seeing eye or in dodging its inspection, is by no means extinct.

Gone is the God who with jealous eye watched the jam in the pantry or the apples in the cellar, who seemed delighted to record against us the petty

MISDEEDS OF CHILDHOOD.

Yet there remains to perhaps nearly all an impression that the Almighty oversight is principally exercised in detecting our wrong doing and our shortcomings.

One of the most singular things in the history of religion is the assiduity with which men have twisted its simple truths into elaborate errors and the devotion with which they have been prepared to defend with the last drop of their blood the errors which worked damage to their whole lives and to denounce as traitors any who assumed to recall to men the simple beauty of the truth which they had buried with their traditions.

Here, says this old world story, was a woman, cast out, illy treated, alone in the desert. Man had betrayed her and God seemed to have forgotten her. Well might she despair. Then, when things seemed darkest about her, in the soul's night, came the vision from above, the messenger of the Eternal, with a picture of the goodly future awaiting her child. When all seemed wrong there came this reminder of the power working for the right.

With heart refreshed the woman turned back, naming the place by a word meaning "Thou God seest me." Think you that place to her was to be dreaded because of the all-seeing eye? What a triumph of joy and peace was in her tones, as she cried, "After all, I know that Jehovah does not forget us at any time; his eye is upon me for good."

Long ago, in simplicity of heart, men thought of one who was ever near, coming and dwelling among them as a friend,

ENTERING THE TENT DOOR,

sitting at the evening meal, knowing all the cares, fears, needs, joys, hopes, and desires that were theirs. Of the best of them it was said that they walked with God, so clear was their sense of the imminence of the Father of spirits.

As Hagar cried aloud with joy at the thought of one who could always see her, so did they; it was the strength and consolation of their lives that neither enemies nor adversities, nor even their own follies and wandering could hide them from him, that desert places and lands remote were not far from him.

It is the eye of a friend that looks down, an eye of sympathy, of tender kindness, of loving wisdom; behind it the all-pervading, controlling might that binds the universe into a unit and brings all its motions under the sway of law. Every source of infinitude is for our aid; the Omnipotent is man's ally.

This is the faith that makes men strong, that sends them forth to endure, to persist in the right, to fight the wrong; this makes heroes in the silence as well as in the blare of publicity, the knowledge that we are ever in the light of infinite love and might, that the eternal goodness knows, deeply feels with us.

HENRY. F. COPE.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DEC. 2.

Lesson IX. Jesus Before Pilate. Golden Text: Luke 23. 4.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

Pilate's Title and Office.—The fact that our gospel narratives uniformly speak of Pontius Pilate as governor makes it proper for us to inquire what was the real position which he occupied under the Roman government, and what his power and authority. In the times of the Roman Republic the highest two magistrates of the capital city itself were called consuls. These consuls were elected for one year only, but while in office they exercised a power and an authority almost equal to that of the kings whom they had supplanted. Under the later empire, however, the office of consul, while still maintained, became of much less importance, dwindling to the mere presidency of the senate, of public games, etc. At the time of Christ the larger provinces of the Roman Empire were governed by officers called proconsuls, who exercised the authority of consuls in their respective provinces. They were also called proprietors, or governors. Subordinate to these proconsuls, or provincial governors, again, were the procurators, who had charge of the imperial revenue, and administered justice in cases relating thereto. In the smaller provinces, which were, so to speak, appendages of the greater proconsular provinces, the procurators also sometimes discharged the functions of the governor or the proconsul of the province. Judea was one of the smaller provinces which together constituted the proconsular province of Syria. Pontius Pilate held the position of procurator of Judea and was subject to the governor or proconsul of the larger province of Syria. Perhaps the reason for the fact that he is uniformly called governor in our English Bible, is that the Greek word so translated, like its English equivalent, is used in a broader sense, to designate any person having executive authority in a state or province. The Jewish historian, Josephus, however, is careful to speak of Pilate only by his proper title, procurator, and in the German and other translations of the Bible the title applied to Pilate also is one which more carefully distinguishes his office from that of his superior, the governor of Syria. Two other Roman procurators spoken of in the New Testament under the title of governor are Felix (Acts 23. 24) and Festus (Acts 24. 27). Judean procurators as a matter of fact exercised a much higher authority than officers of the same rank in other Roman provinces; in judicial matters their word was supreme, except in cases involving persons who were Roman citizens, where appeal was possible to the emperor at Rome. Hence the remark of Aggrippa to Festus concerning Paul, "This man might have been set at liberty, if he had not appealed unto Cæsar" (Acts 26. 32). Subordinate to the Roman procurator Pilate, the Sanhedrin was permitted to exercise the functions of supreme court of the nation, especially in all civil and religious affairs. In criminal cases, however, fewer prerogatives were allowed in the Sanhedrin, and the right to pass the sentence of death or to execute the same was absolutely forbidden it. This fact made it necessary for the Jews to bring some formal charge against Jesus before the Roman procurator in order to obtain from him the sentence of death which they desired.

Verse 13. Pilate called together the chief priests and the rulers and the people — Pilate's official residence was the palace of Herod at Cæsarea and only at the time of the great Jewish feasts does he seem to have resided in Jerusalem, occupying during his stay in each case apartments in the palace of Herod in that city.

14. And said unto them—His address to the people and the members of the Sanhedrin was a formal one delivered from his customary seat of judgment. The public examination of the prisoner which Pilate had just held had convinced the procurator of the innocence of him whom the Jews had so vehemently accused. This fact he does not hesitate to state as he faces the company of Jesus's accusers with the words, "Behold I, having examined him before you, found no fault in this man touching the things whereof ye accuse him."

15. Nor yet Herod—Herod Antipas, called in the New Testament also Herod the tetrarch, the same who had put John the Baptist to death. He was the son of Herod the Great. The examination of Jesus by Herod referred to in this verse was presumably only an informal one and one which constituted no part of the regular trial. It is referred to again in Acts 4. 27. A careful reading of Luke's entire gospel indicates that he apparently possessed special information concerning the dynasty of Herod, and the facts which he records concerning that dynasty are apparently most accurate.

16. I will therefore chastise him—A most cruel and gratuitous punishment which he proposes to inflict by way of conciliating the men who were accusing the prisoner. This offer of Pilate throws much light upon the disgraceful illegality and horrible brutality which Roman officers were often guilty of.

We note that the American Standard Version of the Bible omits verse 17 of this chapter. The fact that it is printed in parentheses in the Authorized or King James Version indicates that it is a clause thrown in by way of explanation. The same explanatory fact which is stated in this verse is found, however, in two other passages: "Now at that feast the governor was wont to release unto the multitude one prisoner, whom they would" (Matt. 27. 15). Compare also Mark 15. 6).

18. Barabbas—All that we knew concerning this fellow-prisoner of Jesus is told in the next verse, from which it is plain that he was a political agitator, and one actually guilty of the crime charged unjustly against Jesus.

20. Desiring to release Jesus —The manifest hypocrisy and vindictiveness of the Jews strengthened Pilate's conviction of the prisoner's innocence.

21. Crucify, crucify him—Crucifixion was the customary Roman method of punishment inflicted on persons of dependent nations not possessing Roman citizenship.

22. Why, what evil hath this man done—The judge condescends to argue the case with the plaintiff, a grave reflection on the manliness and independence of the former. One thing to be noted in this connection, however, is the fact that Pilate did actually take successive steps which he hoped would secure the consent of the Jews to the prisoner [illegible] acquittal: (1) He publicly de-[illegible] innocence. (2) He supple-[illegible] own verdict by the public announcement of that of Herod which coincided with his own. (3) He sought to release Jesus in compliance with an established custom. (4) He proposed to the Jews to make scourging a substitute for the extreme penalty of death. (5) As a last resort he appealed to the compassion of the accusers.

23. But they were urgent with loud voices, asking that he might be crucified —It is at this point in the narrative that Matthew adds the words, "So when Pilate saw that he prevailed nothing, but rather that a tumult was arising, he took water, and washed his hands before the multitude, saying, I am innocent of the blood of this righteous man; see ye to it. And all the people answered and said, His blood be on us, and on our children" (Matt. 27. 24, 25).

24. Gave sentence that what they asked for should be done—It is clearly evident from the entire narrative that Pilate is determined not to sacrifice the favor of the people merely for the sake of rescuing from their hands a person in whom he had no special interest.

25. But Jesus he delivered up to their will—Matthew records the fact that the scourging which Pilate had at first suggested as a substitute for the death penalty was inflicted before Jesus was delivered to the Jews to be crucified.

GIRL DRUGGED, TEETH EXTRACTED.

Police of Berlin Mystified by a Remarkable Adventure.

A child of 12, named Frida Wagner, has had a singular adventure, about which all Berlin, Germany, is speculating. She was visited at school by a young woman, who said she was an opera singer named von Sassen, and Frida's aunt. She told the rector of the school that she had not seen her niece for nine years, and wished to have a talk with her. Frida was permitted to leave the school for three hours.

Together, Frida and Fraulein von Sassen drove for a while through the streets, then went to a dentist's, where she was drugged, and two of her front teeth extracted. Von Sassen and the dentist wished to extract three more, but the child, who had come to her senses, grew alarmed, and resisted. Von Sassen and Frida then walked about. Frida was shown beautiful articles of female apparel in the shop windows, and was told that after a while she would wear such clothes and ride in a carriage. Von Sassen promised to train her as an opera singer, and praised the child's voice. Frida at this point took fright and rushed to a passing tramcar, boarded it, and made the best of her way home.

The police are investigating the story, but the child's statements are so confused and her nerves so shaken that it is impossible to get a really coherent narraative from her. They believe it is some new development of perversity, regarding which it might be well to have medical opinion.

Von Sassen is evidently a false name, as no opera singer with this name exists. The soi-disant von Sassen is a girl of about 19, quietly dressed, with a winning manner.

WOMEN'S THREE STAGES.

England's Chancellor of the Exchequer Says Last is "Welcome."

Mr. Asquith spoke recently in a most good-natured manner about women. The occasion was the opening of a golf bazaar at Dundee, Scotland, and there was a preponderance of women present.

"We are all delighted at all times and in all places," said Mr. Asquith, "to see ladies upon golf links.

"I have watched the process of female emancipation going through its successive stages. It began with exclusion; then, I think, passed to toleration, and now it amounts to welcome. Well, you may draw any moral you please from that chapter in the history of female effort.

"I will only venture to say this—that it is to me a most gratifying proof of how by process of what I may call peaceful persuasion woman can always extend her own legitimate domain."

Dealing more particularly with golf, Mr. Asquith spoke with some amount of regret.

"There was once," he said, "a famous Lord Chancellor, who said to one of our English judges, that if he had a little more experience he would be the worst judge that ever sat on a bench. I think one is often tempted to think the same of golf, as one proceeds steadily by assiduous practice from bad to worse.

"I was calculating the other day that I myself might have learned a new language in the time I have devoted to becoming a very indifferent performer at the game."

FORTY YEARS A CONVICT.

Pardon at Last for Man Who Shot at a Czar—Now a Lunatic.

Antoine Berezowski, a Pole, who was sentenced to penal servitude for life for attempting to assassinate the Czar Alexander II. on June 6, 1867, on the occasion of his Majesty's visit to Paris, has been pardoned.

Berezowski, who was eighteen, and apprenticed to an engineer, fired into a carriage in which the Czar, the Emperor Napoleon, and his two sons were driving in the Bois de Boulogne on their way to the exhibition.

The occupants of the carriage were uninjured by the first shot, but one of the equerries and a horse were wounded. Berezowski fired again, and the barrel of his pistol exploded and seriously injured his hand and a woman who was close by.

Berezowski was arrested, and with difficulty saved from being mobbed by the crowd.

It is said that the Emperor Napoleon turned toward the Czar and said with a smile, "Sir, we have been under fire together." Alexander replied gravely, "Our destinies are in the hands of Providence."

The Pole was tried, condemned, and shipped to New Caledonia. After some years, by reason of his good behavior, he secured a remission of the hard labor, but was obliged to reside in the colony. He procured a farm at Bou-[illegible]

The Home

CHOICE RECIPES.

Kentucky Pudding.—Three eggs, 2⅓ cupfuls of sugar, ¾ of a cup of butter, 1 cup of cream, 3 tablespoonfuls of flour, 1 teaspoonful of lemon essence.

Irish Potato Pie.—Prepare fine mashed potatoes the same as for the table; add to a quart of the mixture two eggs, one half cup of milk, sweeten to taste; pour into the paste and grate nutmeg over the top. Bake without an upper crust.

Fried Cakes.—Three eggs, two and one-half cups sweet milk, two cups sugar, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder; spices to taste; roll out and cut in shapes, and fry in boiling lard; while hot dip in fine sugar.

Fairy Toast.—Cut stale sponge cake in inch slices, toast golden brown, and cut in two inch squares. Beat to a froth one-half of a tumbler of quince jelly, and when very light add gradually the stiffly whipped whites of two eggs. Heap this on the pieces of toast, and top each with half of a candied cherry. Serve with cream.

Crullers.—Beat two eggs until light, add one-quarter of a teaspoonful of grated nutmeg, one cupful of sugar, and beat hard. Gradually beat in a half cupful of thick sour cream. Dissolve a half teaspoonful of soda in one tablespoonful of warm water, and add to the mixture; then stir in sufficient sifted flour to make a soft dough. Roll out a portion at a time, cut into any desired shape and fry golden brown in deep, smoking hot fat.

Oatmeal Crisps. — Cream one-quarter cup of butter with one-half cup of sugar, add the yolks of two eggs and beat well. Mix two cups of oatmeal with four level teaspoons of baking powder and a saltspoon of salt. Add to the first mixture and fold in the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Drop with a teaspoon on to a buttered sheet and some distance apart. Bake in a slow oven.

Loaf Cake.—One cup sugar, one-half cup butter, one egg, one cup sweet milk, one pint flour, one cup raisins, two teaspoonfuls baking powder.

French Rolls.—One coffee cup of milk, two large tablespoonfuls of sugar, two large tablespoonfuls of butter, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, one teaspoonful of soda (bi-carbonate), one-half teaspoonful of salt; flour enough to make batter stiff enough to take up in a spoon and drop in your pans, which must be hot and buttered as for gems. Bake in a hot oven.

Vanity Cake.—Two eggs, one cup flour. Roll thin as a wafer; cut in patterns. Boil in lard.

Graham Gems. — One quart Graham flour, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, two eggs beaten light, butter the size of an egg melted, one teaspoonful of brown sugar, a little salt, and milk enough to make a batter.

Crumpets.—Take one quart of dough from the bread at an early hour in the morning. Break three eggs separately, yolks and whites, both to be whipped to a light froth, mix them into the dough, and add milk and warm water, until it is a batter, the consistency of buckwheat cakes. Beat it well, and let it rise till breakfast time. Have the griddle hot and nicely greased, pour on the batter in small brown cakes. Bake a light brown.

Nut and Potato Croquettes.—Coarsely chop sufficient black walnut meats to measure one cupful. Mix them with one cupful of mashed and seasoned potatoes and one cupful of soft bread crumbs. Stir in two well-beaten eggs. Add a high seasoning of salt, pepper, and onion juice, a few drops of lemon juice, and three tablespoonfuls of beef stock. When cold mould into croquettes, dip each into beaten egg, roll in fine crumbs and fry in deep smoking-hot fat.

Checkerboard Cake.—Light part: Beat the whites of four eggs to a stiff froth, add 1½ cups white sugar, ½ cup melted butter, ½ cup sweet milk, 2½ cups sifted flour, 1 teaspoon craem tartar, and ½ teaspoon soda. Dark part: Well beaten yolks of 4 eggs, brown or maple sugar, 1 cup, molasses ½ cup, soda ½ teaspoon, sweet milk ⅓ cup, cream tartar 1 teaspoon, 2 teaspoons all kinds of spice, 2½ cups flour or sometimes a little more for this part, as flour differs. Prepare this in same way as the light part, beating thoroughly and drop first an even spoonful of the light then the dark into the pan, which makes the squares. Bake in a slow oven. This receipt has been in my family for years, one of mother's favorites, and a never-failing rule.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

Serve crisp celery with cold meat, it is always appreciated, and is a fine nerve tonic.

For washing coarse cloths soft soap is best, and will go further than the hard yellow soap.

When boiling common starch sprinkle in a little fine salt, this will prevent the starch from sticking.

After nailing down a carpet and before putting in the furniture, sweep the whole surface well, and then go over with a scrubbing brush slightly wetted with ammonia.

Try steaming fowls and meat instead of boiling. And you will find that, by following this process, one derives the full benefit of the fowl or meat, besides retaining the delicate flavor which we notice is often lost in boiling.

For chapped hands take equal quantities of sweet oil, lemon juice, and glycerine. Shake all together before using, and apply a few drops after washing the hands once or twice daily.

To Boil a Ham.—Before cooking, soak the ham in warm water for twenty-four hours. Put this into a large pot, cover with water and let it simmer for three or four hours according to the size. Leave it in the liquor till cold. This much improves the flavor.

New patent leather boots should be slightly warmed by the fire before they are put on; this will soften the leather and prevent its cracking as will also rubbing with salad oil after wearing a few times. Buy good patent leather and it will last longer than almost any kind and always look well.

Varnished wall-papers have many advantages. These are most advisable for passages and the children's bed-rooms, being very durable, and they are easily washed with soap and water. After infectious illness, walls thus papered can be washed with disinfectants, and thus the expense of re-papering is saved. When shabby, another coat of varnish may always be applied.

THE DREADNOUGHT'S TRIALS.

British Battleship Stood the Severe Tests Satisfactorily.

In spite of dismal prophecies the monster battleship Dreadnought has come through her speed and gunnery trials in excellent fashion. She developed a speed of 22 knots per hour without forcing her engines. The same feeling of satisfaction was the result of her gunnery trials. Fears had been widely expressed beforehand that the concussion of her huge 12-inch guns, which are the most powerful weapons ever put into a battleship, would cause serious injury to the structure of the ship, and possibly even to her crew.

These guns, when fired with full charges, each develop a force capable of lifting the Dreadnought bodily nearly three feet in the air, or 47,697 foot tons, in technical language. Eight of them can fire on either beam, and six ahead or astern. They can pierce 51 inches of iron at the muzzle, or 14 inches of Krupp steel at 6,000 yards under battle conditions.

The first test was to fire each gun singly. Next, the pairs of guns in the barbettes were discharged together. Finally came the severest test of all, the simultaneous discharge of all eight guns on the broadside with the full service of 265 pounds of cordite per gun and an 850 pound shell.

This final salvo of eight great guns, exerting together a force enough to lift the Dreadnought 21 feet in the air, is stated by those on board her to have produced an amount of concussion that was terrifying. But the great ship stood the test well and without any serious injury to her hull. As was expected, there was some injury to her lighter fittings, and the glass in several of her port lights was broken.

"She came through marvellously well," was the verdict of one distinguished officer. "The fusillade of all her eight guns on the broadside only made the ship rock slightly."

WORLD WALKERS.

India Seems to be a Stamping Ground Just Now.

The Allahabad (India) Pioneer reports the start, from Karachi, for a walk round the world, of a man named Thomas Lorimer.

The wager was one of 16,000 rupees, made with two bookmakers; the condition being that Lorimer was to start from Karachi without money; that he was neither to beg, borrow, nor steal on the journey, but would earn his living by honest means, and return to Karachi within four years.

Lorimer set out in fit condition, carrying only a waterproof sheet, a couple of small cooking utensils of aluminum, and a few other necessaries.

He is not new to such adventure; and he hopes to get through his present expedition by giving performances en route. He is a society entertainer as well as a good athlete.

His route will be through India, Upper Burmah, to China; through Japan to the Philippines; to and across Australia; then by sea to New Zealand, and thence to and across America. He will cross to the British Isles, and continue onward through France, Germany, the Balkans, Turkey, Palestine, on to Egypt, through Abyssinia and Samoliland; and return to Karachi by sea.

HIS TERRIBLE PUNISHMENT.

The noise made by the burglar in the Ferguson pantry, slight as it was disturbed the light sleeper in the bedroom not far away, and the midnight marauder was surprised a moment later to find himself covered with a big revolver, in the hands of a determined-looking man in a long white robe.

"I hain't done nothin' but eat a few cold victuals, mister," stammered the burglar.

"I see," sternly replied George Ferguson, "you have been eating the remains of a steak and kidney pie. Do you know what I am going to do with you?"

"Turn me over to the police, I s'pose," gasped the helpless thief.

"Worse than that," said Ferguson, with a ferocious grin. "I'm going to make you eat a quart of health food. It's a new kind my wife heard of, and prepared for us yesterday, and it's pretty dry eating; but you'll eat every particle of it, or I'll bore six holes through you. There it is, in that big bowl. Turn yourself loose on it!"

With grim determination, the indignant householder stood over him till it was finished, after which he picked up the luckless scoundrel, who had fallen exhausted to the floor, and threw him out of the open pantry window.

"It may kill him," soliloquized Mr. Ferguson, somewhat remorsefully, as he crawled back into bed, without disturbing the rest of the family, "but a man who breaks into another man's house takes his life in his hand, anyway."

He: "And won't you give me a kiss?" She: "Certainly not. I never kissed a man in my life." He (emphatically): "Neither have I."

Dentist (prodding a patient's gum in search of a fragment of root): "Funny, I don't seem to feel it." Patient (ironical in spite of the pain): "You're in luck!"

"Sir, I come to ask you for the hand of your daughter." "All right," abstractedly replied the old man, who was looking over the said daughter's millinery bill, "would you as soon take her head also?"

Miss Smith (decidedly plain): "Are you an admirer of beauty, Mr. Brown?" Mr. Brown (inspired by desire to be polite): "Really, Miss Smith, if I did like beauty —I—er—couldn't be ungallant enough to say so."

RIOT AT A RACE MEETING

LONGCHAMP RACECOURSE WRECKED BY A MOB.

Many Spectators Were Injured— Wild Scenes a la Paris Commune.

Longchamp, Paris, race course was wrecked on a recent Sunday during violence, bloodshed and incendiarism, which reminded those who saw it of the wild scenes of the Paris Commune.

The pari-mutuel booths were burned to the ground by an infuriated mob, and it is believed that $60,000 money deposited as bets, was stolen.

There was a false start for the third race, and the favorite—a horse with the appropriate name of Storm—remained with four others at the starting post, while an outsider, M. Perichon, and five others got away.

M. Perichon won the race, if race it could be called, amid loud shouts from the public in the paddock and all round the course, and shrieks of "Au voleur! This is robbery." In a twinkling the crowd had rushed across the course, which immediately became a theatre of fighting maniacs.

The police and forty Republican Guards tried to stem the tide making for the parti-mutuel booths, where the official betting is taken, but were thrown, beaten, kicked and had their clothes torn from their backs. Women and children were trampled under foot, numbers of revolver shots were fired, knives were drawn aud used, and the pari-mutuel booths, barricades and fences were set ablaze.

CROWD GOES CRAZY.

The crowd went absolutely crazy. As soon as it was seen that, in spite of the false start, the race was to count, there was a mad rush for the starting gate, which was pulled down and broken up in an instant. Then the crowd went for the police, who were helpless against it, and many people were very seriously hurt.

A few moments later little puffs of smoke rose from all over the course, and wherever there was a pari-mutuel booth, stand, or benches, flames were seen to be rising.

Suddenly a shriek was heard from all sides of "Let us take our money back!" The pari-mutuel clerks could be seen fighting the flames first, and then rushing away from the blazing booths with their boxes of money and of tickets in their arms. In a moment they were surrounded and knocked down, and their boxes were snatched away from them.

These wooden boxes, containing the money and the tickets of the pari-mutuel, were smashed to pieces on the ground, men tearing them open and stamping them into fragments with their feet, and a regular pitched battle took place for the silver, the gold, and the bank notes they contained.

The scene of pillage and of arson lasted for a full hour before it showed any signs of abatement, and it was several hours before it ceased altogether. Well-dressed men and women rushed about with their hands full of gold and bank notes which did not belong to them, and for which they fought desperately with others who tried to rob them of their spoil. From the top of the grandstand the course loked like a battlefield of mad people, a pandemonium in which men and women shrieked and fought and fell amid the yellow blaze of fire and the mounting column of choking smoke.

BEYOND CONTROL.

A strong force of police arrived, but although they made a number of arrests, and although the order was given to mounted guards to ride the crowd down if necessary, very little could be done to maintain order.

No lives were lost, but the casualties were innumerable. At about half-past three the firemen arrived from Puteaux. By that time there were fifty booths blazing, and the crowd, in a white heat of excitement and fury, threw themselves on the firemen and prevented them from extinguishing the flames.

Half a dozen men cut the traces of the horses dragging one of the fire engines, belabored the animals with their sticks and umbrellas, and thus frightened them into a stampede right in the middle of the crowd. The horses galloped wildly hither and thither, lashing out with their hoofs and injuring many people.

At halp-past four M. Lepine, the Prefect of Police, arrived with reinforcements of police and a squadron of engineers, and the fire was got under to a certain extent.

GENERAL RUIN.

In the middle of the thicket the building in which the stakes and pickets for the course were stored, was burned to the ground, nothing but the framework being left standing.

The "pelouse" of Longchamp racecourse—one of the most picturesque race-courses in Europe, the buildings of which were all renovated and improved last season—is a pitiable sight. It is guarded entirely by soldiers, and no one is allowed to enter under any pretext whatever. The turf is pulled up and blackened with fire, all the fencing is either torn up or burned, while all over the course is a sprinkling of pari-mutuel tickets which the crowd scattered when they broke into the booths.

The twenty franc ($4) paddock or "pesage," has suffered little in comparison with the five-franc ($1) paddock, or "pelouse," the buildings of which are entirely wrecked.

ANSWERING A BOY'S QUESTION.

Lawson: "What do you do when your little boy asks you questions you can't answer?"

Dawson: "Send him to bed and get out the encyclopedia."

"You seem upset, Mr. Minge," said a customer to the grocer. "I am. The inspector of weights and measures has just been in." "Ha, ha! He caught you giving fifteen ounces to the pound, did he?" "Worse than that. He said I'd been giving seventeen!"

PARLIAMENT IN SESSION

Large Gathering Attended the November Opening

A despatch from Ottawa says: The opening of Parliament without the usual adjuncts of winter is somewhat of a novelty. Thursday was almost as balmy as a morning in May. There was the usual crowd in front of the Parliament Buildings. The Governor-General arrived sharp at 3 o'clock, the cavalcade being preceded by a detachment of the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards. As soon as his Excellency's carriage drew up under the tower the band of the G.-G.F.G. played the National Anthem and the guard of honor presented arms.

The scene within the Senate Chamber was as beautiful as of yore. All the seats usually occupied by the Senators, and, in fact, every inch of the floor space up under the tower the Upper House, was utilized to accommodate the wives and daughters of Senators and members and of prominent personages from all parts of the country. The general galleries were crowded, notwithstanding the fact that the Sergeant-at-Arms had restricted the issue of tickets of admission.

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

After the Commons had been sent for and Speaker Sutherland and the members of the Lower House had taken their places below the bar, his Excellency opened Parliament with the following speech from the throne:

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate:

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

In opening the third session of the tenth Parliament of Canada I avail myself of the opportunity to offer you my congratulations on the unparalleled prosperity prevailing in all parts of the Dominion. The harvest has been abundant, and the trade with both British and foreign nations continues to expand in annually increasing volume, with every prospect of continued growth for many years to come.

The number of immigrants seeking homes in Canada continues yearly to increase, and it is very satisfactory to observe that a larger proportion than in any former year has in the past season come from the British Isles.

During the recess following the last session I visited the Western provinces and was much gratified to note the great advance that is being made in the development of the vast resources of those highly-favored sections of the Dominion. I found the people of the West rejoicing in their prosperity and full of hope and confidence in the future growth of its agricultural and industrial wealth.

ENTITLED TO MORE MEMBERS.

The quinquennial census recently taken in the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan shows that those provinces are now entitled to an increase in their representation in the House of Commons. A bill giving effect to that provision will be submitted for your approval. In accordance with the announcement made in a previous session, you will be asked to consider a bill for the revision of the Customs tariff.

The sanction of Parliament will be required to give legal effect to the treaty made with the Empire of Japan. A bill for that purpose will be submitted for your approval.

The products and manufactures of Canada shown at the recent international exhibition held in the City of Milan proved a great attraction, and as a result it is confidently believed our trade with Central and Southern Europe can be materially increased.

The naval authorities having relinquished the use of the dockyard at Halifax, a proposal was made to transfer it to the Government of Canada. This offer has been accepted and the dockyard will now be used by the Department of Marine and Fisheries as a base for its operations in connection with aids to navigation.

Many immigrants having in recent years been induced to come to Canada by false representations made in the United Kingdom, at the request of the Minister of Labor a clause has been added to the Merchants' Shipping Bill now before the Imperial Parliament for the punishment of any persons who may be found guilty of that offence.

EXPANSION IN REVENUE.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The accounts of the past year will be laid before you. I am glad to say that the revenue has shown a large expansion, and has not only provided for ordinary expenditure, but has also to a great extent provided for the outlay on capital account.

The estimates for the coming year will be laid before you at an early date.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate:

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

A united application having been received by my Ministers from the Governments of the several provinces asking for an increase in the provincial subsidies, a conference was recently held, when the reasons for granting additional aid were fully set forth and discussed. Resolutions based on the conclusions reached by my Government will be submitted for your consideration.

Bills will be laid before you amending the Election Acts, the Post-office Act, the Dominion Lands Act, a bill for the more effective supervision and inspection of Canadian canned food products, meats and fish, a bill relating to the sale and manufacture of patent medicines, and also a bill to make better provision for dealing with juvenile delinquents.

It is hoped that the report of the commission appointed to inquire into the working of insurance companies will shortly be completed, when it will be laid upon the table.

The subjects I have mentioned will, I hope, receive your best consideration, and the measures to be submitted for your approval will, I trust, tend to the well-being and good government of our fair Dominion.

RAILWAY TIE CONTRACT.

A Big Order for the Provincial Government's Road.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Temiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway Commission has awarded to Mr. John Cahill of Bonfield, near North Bay, the contract, for which tenders were publicly advertised, for 275,000 railway ties. These are to be used in the construction of the branch lines for which the contracts were awarded some time ago and in the completion of the second section of the main line.

The work on the latter portion of the road has been subject to some delays, which could not be avoided so far as the commissioners were concerned. In one instance timbers for trestle work had to be obtained from British Columbia. Of course there is plenty of timber in its natural state in the part of the country through which the road passes, but there are no facilities for preparing it according to the manner necessary for the trestle work mentioned. Quite recently 200 Italian laborers employed in grading the track struck work on soon as they had obtained the pay due them, walked about twenty miles to get a train and departed for Montreal and New York thence to sail to their native land, where they will spend the winter. It is expected that most of them will be back next spring to resume work. This is not an unusual experience with Italian laborers, but it was not any the more welcome to the T. & N. O. contractors because of that.

BRITAIN BARS OUT CHINAMEN.

First Attempt Made to Exclude Them Under Aliens Act.

A despatch from London says: The first attempt to exclude Chinese from landing in Great Britain is now occupying the attention of the Immigration Board. Thirty-two Chinamen from Hong Kong, who arrived at Gravesend on Monday, en route to Liverpool, were refused permission to land, the immigration officers basing their refusal on the Chinamen lacking means to support themselves. The case was appealed to the Immigration Board, and, after consideration, decision was postponed, the chairman of the board pointing out that this was the first case under the Aliens Act, passed last year, and was one of great importance.

NEARLY DROWNED IN LIQUOR.

Workmen Caught in Bursing of Distillery Tank.

A despatch from Glasgow, Scotland, says: A tank in a distillery here, containing about 70,000 gallons of spirits, gave way on Wednesday and a dozen workmen narrowly escaped being drowned in the liquid. They were caught in the hood and dashed against a wall, which, fortunately for them, gave way, thus allowing the liquid to reach the street. Here several horses were caught in the rush and carried off their feet. Eleven of the workmen were slightly injured.

TOSSED BABE INTO THE SEA

Nurse Went Insane and Threw Child Overboard

A despatch from New York says: Rosa Naegle, a governess and nurse of Berne Switzerland, returning to this city from a visit to her native land, won the hearts of all the women and children in the cabins of the big new Holland-America steamship Nieuw Amsterdam, in on Tuesday from Rotterdam and Boulogne. She embarked at the latter port and straightway walked right into the affections of the youngsters and their mothers.

On the afternoon of the fifth day out from Boulogne, Nov. 15, in mid-ocean, while the liner was plunging through white-crested three-storied seas, the young governess saw on the deck below her a group of children of the second cabin playing ring garges.

Presently the governess grabbed up the baby and was pressing it to her bosom as if it were her own child. Then she ran to the ship's rail and laid the little one on it. The mother ran toward Miss Naegle just as the governess, with a laugh heard over half the ship, raised the child high in her arms and tossed it into the tossing seas. Then she turned on the mothers and let out a series of shrieks that sent them and their little ones scampering for protection.

At first it was though that she intended to make a sea sacrifice of others, as she ran after the children. But before she had gone half across the deck she was seized by officers, who locked her up in a cabin. She had gone stark mad.

The body was not recovered.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at $2.70 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, $4.50; second patents, $4, and strong bakers', $3.90, Toronto.

Corn—No. 3 old American yellow, nominal at 54 to 55c outside, and No. 3 new yellow at 51 to 51½c, Toronto.

Bran—The market is steady at $16 to $16.50 in bulk outside. Shorts are quoted at $18.50 to $19 outside.

Wheat—No. 2 white, 71c bid C.P.R. north; No. 2 red winter, 70½c bid, and No. 2 mixed, 70c bid on C.P.R., without offerings. No. 2 goose offered at 68c outside, and No. 1 Northern at 82c, Point Edward, without bids.

Barley—No. 2 wanted at 51c east, and No. 3 extra at 48c, without sellers.

Oats—No. 2 white offered at 36½c outside, and at 36½c on a 6c rate to Toronto, with 36c bid; they offered at 36½c on a 9c rate to New York, and at 36¾c outside, December shipment, for 25,000 bushels, without bids.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at $1.60 to $1.65, and primes at $1.40 to $1.65.

Honey—Strained quoted at 10 to 12c per lb, and combs at $2 to $2.50 per dozen.

Hops—New quoted at 18 to 22c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy scarce, and quoted at $11 to $11.25 on track here. No. 2 quoted at $8 to $8.50.

Straw—$6 to $6.50 per ton.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 55 to 60c per bag, on track, and New Brunswicks, 65 to 70c per bag.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 12 to 15c; chickens, dressed, 8 to 9c; alive, 6 to 7c per lb. Fowl, alive, 4 to 5c; ducks, dressed, 8 to 9c; do, alive, 6 to 7c per lb; geese, 8 to 9c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 22 to 23c; tubs, 20 to 22c; large rolls, 19 to 23c. Creamery prints sell at 26 to 27c, and solids at 24½ to 25c.

Eggs—New laid, 28 to 30c per dozen, and cold storage, 23c.

Cheese—Large cheese, 12½ to 14c, and twins at 14¼ to 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are unchanged. Bacon, long clear, 11½ to 12c per lb in case lots; mess pork, $21 to $21.50; short cut, $23.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 15½c; do, heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 12c; shoulders, 11 to 11¼c; backs, 16½ to 17c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 12¼c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12¾c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 27.—Grain—There was some improvement in the demand for Manitoba wheat over the cable to-day. The market for oats was about steady. Prices hold at around 40c for No. 4 store, 41c for No. 3, and 42c for No. 2. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.60; strong bakers', $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.25; straight rolers, $3.75 to $3.80; do, in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, $1.50 to $1.60. Feed—A firm feeling prevails in the market for millfeed owing to a continued good demand and small supplies; Manitoba bran, in bags, $20; shorts, $22 per ton; Ontario bran in bags, $20 to $20.50; shorts, $22.50 to $23; milled mouillie, $21 to $25 per ton, and straight grain, $28 to $30. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $22 to $24; ½-bbls, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat backs, $23.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50; ½-bbls. do, $10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 12¼ to 12¾c; bbls plate beef, $12 to $13; ½-bbls do, $6.50 to $7; barrels heavy mess beef, $11; ½-bbls do, $6; compound lard, 8 to 9½c; pure lard, 12¼ to 13c; kettle rendered, 13¼ to 14c; hams, 14 to 15½c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15 to 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $8.50 to $8.75; alive, $6.25 to $6.35. Eggs—Selects, 25c; No. 1 candled, 20½ to 21c. Cheese—Ontario, 12½ to 13c; Quebec, 12¼ to 12½c. Butter—Finest creamery, 24½ to 25c; medium grades, 23½ to 24c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Toledo, Nov. 27.—Wheat—Cash, 76½c; December, 76¾c; May, 81¼c. Corn—Cash, 44c; December, 42½c; May, 44½c. Oats—Cash, 36½c; December, 35½c; May, 37½c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 27.—Wheat—Dec., 78½c; May, 80¼ to 80⅝c; July, 81¾ to 81½c; No. 1 hard, 83½c; No. 1 Northern, 82½c; No. 2 Northern, 80¾c; No. 3 Northern, 77 to 78c. Flour—First patents, $4.30 to $4.40; second patents, $4.15 to $4.25; first clears, $3.25 to $3.35; second clears, $2.40 to $2.60. Bran—In bulk, $16 to $16.25.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Nov. 27.—A fairly brisk trade was reported at the Western Market today on moderate deliveries.

An absence of exporters' cattle was recorded on the market to-day. The range was from $4.25 to $4.35 per cwt. for fair to good lots.

Choice butchers', selected, $4.40 to $4.65; medium to fair butchers' cattle, $3.85 to $4.20; mixed lots, $2 to $3.25; cows, $3.15 to $3.35; common cows, $1.50 to $3 per cwt.

Feeders, 1,050 to 1,150 lbs., $3.35 to $3.65; short-keeps, $3.90 to $4.10; stockers, good, $2.50 to $3.25; stockers, common, $1.75 to $2.25 per cwt.

Export ewes were worth $4.25 to $4.85; export bucks, $3 to $3.50, and lambs, $5 to $5.75 per cwt.

Milch cows were in fair demand at $25 to $60 each.

Hogs were 10 cents higher. Selects were worth 6, and lights and fats $5.75 per cwt.

GLAD OF THE CHANCE.

Young Man—"I—er—have called to ask for your daughter's hand."

Her Father—"You can have it and welcome, young man—that is, if you can induce her to take it out of my pocket."

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

The Moosomin jail has sixteen prisoners.

Winnipeg's taxes amount to $1,909,421.48.

The west is threatened with a serious coal famine.

Of the new Provincial bond issue of $3,000,000, there has been subscribed $2,230,000.

Miss Annie Hayhurst of Hamilton has been appointed Superintendent of Niagara Falls Hospital.

The two new Allan liners will be named the Corsican and Grampian. They will be about 10,000 tons gross, and have 14 to 16-knot speed.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux is credited with the statement in Montreal that the Georgian Bay Ship Canal, from Georgian Bay to Montreal, is a thing of the near future.

The increase in Canada's foreign trade for the four months ending October 31 is about $13,250,000.

A five-thousand-ton lake freighter will be built at Bridgeburg by the Canadian Shipbuilding Company.

Clarence Kidd, a Hamilton newsboy, has been left a fortune by a relative of his father.

The enrolment of pupils in the Nelson, B. C., public schools is 402, an increase over last year.

Ranchers at Little Bow, Alberta, are marketing their cattle at $28 a head, instead of $40, as expected early in the season.

Sydney, N. S., is having a well organized Technical school, started under the joint control of Dalhousie and King's Colleges.

The Executive Council of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association will ask the Dominion Government to make compulsory the deportation of United States silver.

Farmers on Lulu Island, near Vancouver, have agreed to prosecute hunters for trespass under the British Columbia Game Act when found shooting on Sunday.

Over 15,000,000 feet of timber have been used this season for bridges and culverts on the G. T. P. from Portage la Prairie to the Bird Tail. It took about a million and a half feet for each of the bridges west of Miniota across the Minnewasa, the Bird Tail and the Cut Arm Creek. These bridges are from 110 to 125 feet high.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Britain has been advised to consider the formation of a navy or airships.

The Boer raid in Cape Colony is causing no anxiety to the Ministry at London.

Hon. Augustine Birrell has declared that the education bill as reconstructed by the Lords is a sheer impossibility.

The British House of Commons has provided a penalty of £50 for persons making false representations to prospective emigrants.

UNITED STATES.

Thousands have been rendered homeless by floods at Seattle.

The American Federation of Labor approves the idea of entering the political arena.

The United States Government has undertaken the dissolution of the Standard Oil trust.

Overcome by grief at the sight of the corpse, a brother of Frank F. Quinn, whose body arrived in Jersey City for burial on Wednesday, fell dead as soon as the coffin was opened.

J. G. Holloway, fireman on a Louisville and Nashville freight train, on Tuesday saved a child's life by climbing to the cowcatcher of the engine and lifting the child from the track in front of the rushing train.

The prune growers of California will receive $2,350,000 more for their crop of 1906 than was obtained by them for the crop of 1905. The total estimated amount due to the prune growers for this year's crop is $4,050,000, representing 100,000,000 pounds of fruit.

Armed bandits held up the Southern Pacific Overland Limited, westbound, at Carlin, Nevada, on Sunday night, and escaped with the mail cases of passengers and the express safe of Conductor Conn. Railroad men say that the robbers got about $1,000 in all.

Maggie Malone, eleven years old, was taken to the Girl' Industrial School at Delaware, Ohio, yesterday. For months she had been robbing houses and stores, dressed like a boy. She changed cities after each theft, and so for a time fooled the police.

Because they were first cousins, Miss Mary Kulz, of Drytown, Penn., refused to marry Clarence Ilgenfletz. Tuesday night Ilgenfletz lay in wait for the girl and her grandmother as they were returning home from church. As they passed he shot the girl twice. Ilgenfletz then sent a bullet into his brain.

Soldiers of the Fifth Infantry, colored, recently dismissed by the President as the result of a riotous disturbance, were formally disarmed on Wednesday. Many men, some of them who have been in the service for over twenty years, shed tears when they gave up their guns.

Mrs. Charles Mowry and her three children were burned to death on Wednesday in their home on a farm at Batavia Station, Mich. The husband and father rose early and built two fires in the house. He then went to the barn to do chores, and while there discovered that his house was on fire. He rushed back, but the flames had made such headway that he could not enter the house.

GENERAL.

Count Von Buelow has declared that Germany's policy is to be one of peace.

Santos Dumont has prophesied that the aeroplane is to take the place of the bicycle.

Immorality among the workmen has sealed the fate of Chinese labor in South Africa.

Russia will shortly undertake the development of Siberia.

Italian Freemasons are endeavoring to start an anti-clerical movement.

Terrorists attempted to assassinate General Rheinbot at Moscow because his humanity was winning over the people.

Fifteen million dollars are reported to have been offered for the mining rights on the Gillies limit.

It is rumored that President Castro of Venezuela is dead, and that the Government is concealing his decease.

Marie Corelli has warned the British people that the United States have no love for them.

There is a rumor that both the C.P.R. and G.N.W. Telegraph Companies desire to buy the Temiskaming Railway's line.

The steamer Theano was sunk at the entrance to Thunder Bay, and the Winona of Hamilton ran on a shoal at Manitoulin Island and had to be beached.

WILL DISCOUNT DREADNOUGHT.

Guns Weighing 85 Tons Likely to be Installed in New Battleships.

Though many of the recent measures of the British Admiralty are open to the sharpest criticism, and have been not unjustly criticized, there is one department, that concerned with the designing of warships, where the present Admiralty is far in advance of all foreign naval administrations, and of past Admiralties in Great Britain. The brilliant success of the Dreadnought is still fresh in the minds of all; the great armored cruisers of the Invincible type represent in their class what the Dreadnought represents in the class of battleship; but there are indications that the naval authorities have in view yet larger and more powerful battleships than even the dreadnought, armed with guns which will throw hers in the shade.

These new ships are not the vessels to be begun in the present financial year, but the battleships of the 1907-8 programme, which are not, unhappily, to be laid down until March or April, 1908. In them there is some reason to believe that the 12-in. gun will be finally abandoned and replaced by a new and far more powerful weapon.

It is impossible by way of reply to the new German ships to put more 12-in. guns into a battleship. The Dreadnought's battery represents the utmost number of guns that can be used in action with real advantage. The conditions necessitate the introduction of a new type of monster gun.

The pattern selected is believed to be a 13½-in. gun forty-five calibres long. That is to say, the gun will be forty-five times 13½-in. in length, or roughly 50½ feet long. Its weight will be about eighty-five or eighty-six tons. A gun of the same calibre, but of old design, and much feebler power, is carried to-day in the Royal Sovereign class. The old gun fires a 1,250-lb. shell, which is 400-lb. heavier than the projectiles fired by the Dreadnought's weapons. The penetration through wrought iron at the muzzle is 51-in. in the case of the Dreadnought's guns. It should be 62-in. or 63-in. at the very least in the case of the new weapons.

Probably the new British battleships will have eight big guns so mounted that all can fire on either broadside and six ahead or astern.

STEAM BARGE FOUNDERED

Six Sailors Met Death In Wreck Off Toronto

A despatch from Toronto says: During the terrific gale which raged over Lake Ontario on Thursday morning, the steam barge Resolute, belonging to Haney and Miller, contractors, went to pieces just outside the Western Gap and six lives out of the crew of twelve were lost in the heavy seas as it was leaving the wreck. A second lifeboat, in command of Capt. John Fahey, reached the land in safety after an hour's hard battle against the waves. Capt. John Sullivan, who stuck to the vessel until she broke up, was washed ashore through the gap, clinging for life to the top of the wrecked vessel's cabin. Thomas Topping, the second engineer, one of those capsized from the first lifeboat, clung to the cabin-top with Capt. Sullivan until he lost his hold and sank from exhaustion. The schooner P. B. Locke, which was in tow of the Resolute, withstood the force of the storm, and lies anchored a short distance from the spot where one mast and the top of a wheel-house mark all that is left of the wreck. The Lock's crew was taken off by a surf boat towed out by the tug Maggie Mitchell and in command of Capt. Ward. The crew of the schooner St. Louis, which had also sought shelter from the storm near the gap, was also taken off by the surf boat.

THE DEAD.

John Harrison, chief engineer, Deseronto; Thomas Topping, second engineer, Deseronto; David White, deck hand, Prescott; Harry Gregory, fireman, Bath, England; John Barnes, fireman, Port Colborne; Nels Nielson, Sweden.

THE SAVED.

Capt John Sullivan, 575 Euclid Avenue, city; Captain John Fahey, St. Catharines; Andrew Hicks, wheelsman, Milford; Michael Haney, mate, Buffalo; Edward McBeth, deck hand, Toronto; Mrs. Lizzie Callaghan, cook, St. Catharines.

BIG STEAMER ASHORE.

A despatch from Detroit says: Eighteen known drowned, and possibly a dozen others, is the record on Thursday of the worst storm that has swept the lakes in many years. The barge Athens sank in Lake Erie, and Capt. Markle, of Milwaukee, and his crew of six men are lost.

Off the new breakwater, at the entrance of Holland Harbor, four men were swept into the lake and drowned.

The gale created much havoc in the Detroit River, and reports from all over the lakes show that the storm left a wake of wreck, disabled, and drownings, and has done much damage to shore property.

The steel steamer Chauncey Hurlburt, bound for Buffalo, was blown out of its course on Lake Erie on Thursday night by the terrific gale, and is aground off Lexmington. The Anchor Line steamer Cincinnati, upbound, with a valuable cargo of package freight, also is ashore on Point Pelee, in Lake Erie, pounding hard, and filled with water. The crew of 20 men was rescued.

MAXIM GUN SAVED THE CHIEF.

Revolutionists Attempt to Assassinate Police Official.

A despatch from Odessa says: The attempt to murder the chief commissary of the Odessa police on Wednesday was frustrated by the use of a Maxim gun. The aggressive band, said to have been composed of social revolutionists, suffered the death of three, and the wounding of three others. The remainder escaped.

Terrorists seized $2,000 in the Russian Navigation Company's office on Wednesday, after killing a police official.

Two thousand copies of the peaceful regenerationist party's appeal were seized.

SAY THEY POCKETED FARES.

Government Immigration Agents Have Been Laid Off.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Half a dozen Government immigration agents who were employed to travel with immigrants to the west have been laid off on account of the charge that they have been collecting from the Government Pullman fares which they did not pay to the railway company. An investigation is in progress, and if the charge is proven the offenders will be required to make restitution.

COMPULSORY FLAG-FLYING.

The Proposal Voted Down by the House of Lords.

A despatch from London says: A motion to insert a clause in the education bill making it compulsory to fly the Union Jack on elementary schools was voted down by the Lords without discussion.

SMELTER IN ALGOMA.

Will Handle Ore Which Now is Sent to Illinois.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: A big smelter is to be erected at Dead Lake by the Northern Ontario Consolidated Copper Company, according to an announcement made on Wednesday. It will be the first in Canada, and will handle ore which now goes to Illinois. Work will start at once. Several new mines will ship ore there.

WHY PEDLAR HANGED HIMSELF.

Afraid of Being Run Over by an Automobile While Tramping.

A despatch from London says: Overwhelming dread of being run down and killed by an automobile while tramping along country roads impelled a travelling peddler to hang himself on a tree at Buckland, Surrey, on Wednesday, to prevent such a catastrophe.

KNEW HOW IT SHOULD BE DONE.

Mistress—"But, bless me, why are you leaving us, Mary? I'm sure I do all the work."

The General Servant—"Yes, ma'am, but I don't like the way you do it."

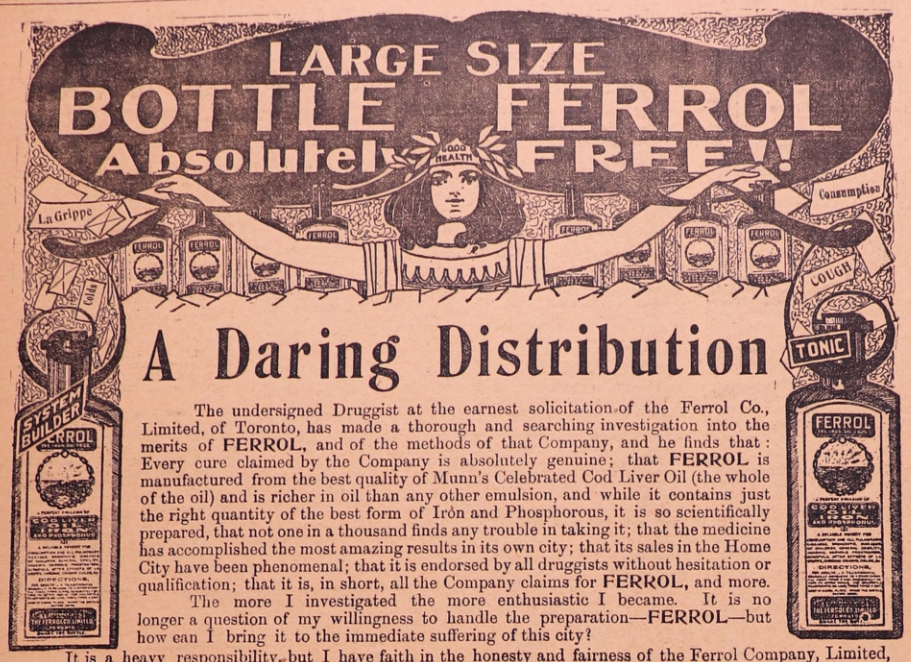
ISLANDS ADDED TO CANADA

Captain Bernier Has Not Been Wasting His Time

A despatch from Ottawa says: Advices have been received from Capt. Bernier, in command of the Government steamer Arctic, that he has decided to Winter in Albert Harbor, Pond's Inlet, Baffin's Land.

Writing to a friend under date of Sept. 10th, Capt. Bernier says—"We have had great luck since we left the old city, and have to date taken possession of eight islands for the Dominion, and have discovered 65 miles of new channel, and named several places and islands which were not named before. We have been as far as Melville Island, and have restored Sir John Franklin's monument and the graves of those we love for the work they did for science.

"We have been looking for whalers, and I am sorry that four of them have been caught in the ice in Melville Bay and will do nothing this Summer. We are Wintering here and will continue our work next Spring until the Fall."



A Daring Distribution

The undersigned Druggist at the earnest solicitation of the Ferrol Co., Limited, of Toronto, has made a thorough and searching investigation into the merits of **FERROL**, and of the methods of that Company, and he finds that: Every cure claimed by the Company is absolutely genuine; that **FERROL** is manufactured from the best quality of Munn's Celebrated Cod Liver Oil (the whole of the oil) and is richer in oil than any other emulsion, and while it contains just the right quantity of the best form of Iron and Phosphorous, it is so scientifically prepared, that not one in a thousand finds any trouble in taking it; that the medicine has accomplished the most amazing results in its own city; that its sales in the Home City have been phenomenal; that it is endorsed by all druggists without hesitation or qualification; that it is, in short, all the Company claims for **FERROL**, and more.

The more I investigated the more enthusiastic I became. It is no longer a question of my willingness to handle the preparation—**FERROL**—but how can I bring it to the immediate suffering of this city?

It is a heavy responsibility, but I have faith in the honesty and fairness of the Ferrol Company, Limited, of Toronto, and the unequalled merits of their preparation, **FERROL**.

(Signed) **W. P. J. ALEXANDER.**

I find also that the druggists in other cities have taken upon themselves the solemn responsibility of standing behind this medicine; and that these druggists have made in each city a daring and remarkable distribution of full-sized bottles.

Impressed by the action of our fellow-druggists, and convinced that they would not have given this remedy such unqualified approval without positive knowledge of its merits, I have decided to follow their example and distribute free of charge

75 Large Bottles of FERROL Free to the Sick

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8th, AT

ALEXANDER'S CORNER DRUG STORE, MADOC.

Maintaining a first-class Drug Store, the above named Druggist occupies a commanding position in the retail drug trade of this city, and almost every remedy that is offered to the public seeks an outlet through his store. But with an eye single to the interests of his many patrons he is careful to handle the most reliable preparations. Consequently when a medicine is recommended and endorsed by this Druggist, that medicine must have merit.

The above Druggist, after a rigid investigation, described elsewhere in this announcement, has decided to make, upon his own responsibility, the most remarkable distribution of medicine ever attempted in this city. Convinced by personal experience of the extraordinary merits of

FERROL

He has purchased from the Ferrol Co., Limited, of Toronto, a large number of bottles of this remedy, for free distribution, and he hereby invites every person suffering from any form of blood trouble; any person who is run down, discouraged and in need of a powerful tonic; any person suffering from Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup and all Bronchial or Lung Trouble, Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Insomnia, Loss of Weight and all wasting diseases; any person who has sought relief in any other remedy or Cod Liver Oil preparation, and failed to find it, cut out the certificate printed herewith, fill out the blank lines, present it at the store on the dates given, and get a bottle of this wonderful preparation, **FERROL**, Free.

It was necessary for me to purchase a large quantity in order to have the privilege of making this free distribution, and the responsibility assumed by me in this matter, I am positive will be appreciated by the public, and the immense sales that are sure to follow will more than compensate me for the expenditure involved.

There is absolutely no sentiment in this endorsement of **FERROL**. It is merely a business recognition of a preparation that possesses positive merit, and a keen desire on the part of a progressive concern to always supply the best goods at the lowest possible price.

THIS CERTIFICATE,

Properly filled out and signed, entitles the holder to one large sized bottle of **FERROL** (Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus), if presented on Saturday, December 8th 1906, at Alexander's Corner Drug Store Madoc, Ontario, from 9 a.m., until samples are exhausted.

Name of Patient,.....

Address,.....

Disease,.....

The bearer of this certificate hereby agrees to give this medicine a thorough and faithful trial and to report to the druggist named above, within three weeks, the improved condition of his health that is almost absolutely certain to follow.

This Coupon must be presented by adults.

No other distribution will be made, and it will be necessary for you to come early in order to be sure of securing a large size bottle of FERROL ABSOLUTELY FREE

REMEMBER, only ONE bottle will be given to each family. Tell your friends of this Wonderful Offer for fear they will not see this advertisement.

FERROL WHAT IT IS AND WHY YOU SHOULD TAKE IT

THE FERROL CO., LIMITED
CITY

May 24th, 1905

GENTLEMEN,

The bottle of FERROL I secured from you, I have found to do great good. My son used it for a bad cold, and it cured him. I know it to be an excellent remedy for a bad cold and for building a person up after sickness. I might say that it was a prominent doctor friend of mine in the city, who used it for his son, and spoke to me of it. I have since recommended it to a great many of my friends to try.

Yours truly,
J. B. TINNING
T. F. AG'T.

WHAT FERROL DOES.—A careful perusal of the foregoing will readily suggest to the reader what **FERROL** does.

It builds up the run down constitution as no other preparation can.

It cures **Anæmia**, no matter how chronic, by supplying the blood with just what it requires in the only form in which impoverished blood can be so supplied.

It prevents **Consumption** by fortifying the constitution against its attacks.

It restores **Nervous Vitality** in a manner little short of marvellous.

It cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and kindred diseases by building up the constitution so that the system will throw off the disease by NATURAL PROCESS—a very different thing from the usual method of treatment by administering cough medicines and other drugs which are sure to impair digestion and are always debilitating in their effects. **FERROL**, on the other hand, while removing the disease, at the same time INCREASES THE WEIGHT, ENRICHES the BLOOD and improves the patient in every respect.

It assists in the development of delicate infants and children, and it is particularly valuable for boys and girls at the **period of transition into manhood and womanhood**, when they are so likely to outgrow their strength and the system is rendered peculiarly susceptible to the attacks of disease.

It strengthens the muscles, tones up the nerves, improves the vitality, strengthens the action of the heart, and builds up the whole system so that the germs of disease can obtain no foothold.

It has a wonderful recuperative effect on the Brain—bringing to it **in proper form** Phosphorus, the Brain's chief constituent; attacks of depression and morbidness, "brain fag," etc., are dispelled—the cure is basal, constructive and complete

WHAT IT IS NOT—It is not a "Patent Medicine"—the ingredients are freely made known, only the method of manufacture being secret.

REMEMBER—There is **only one** Emulsion of **Cod Liver Oil, Iron** and **Phosphorus**, and that one is **FERROL**.

If you feel the need of a Restorative see that you get FERROL and do not be put off with something "just as good"—*there is nothing half so good—nothing "just the same." Protect yourself.*

Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus are not new remedial agents; for ages their merits have been known and recognized, and for many years physicians have indulged the hope that some day a satisfactory combination of these remedies would be perfected and the full benefit of their life-giving properties made available.

In "FERROL" **that hope has at last been fully realized**, and the practical benefits resulting from its use have far exceeded the most sanguine expectations.

These agents are combined in a scientifically prepared Emulsion so palatable that even a nursing infant can and will take it readily, even greedily; so easily assimilated that the most delicate digestive organs will dispose of it with **less difficulty** than they would experience in the digestion of the plainest food.

WHAT IT IS.—"**FERROL**," as its name implies, is composed mainly of Oil and Iron—it is, in short, a PERFECT EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL AND IRON, with a modicum of Phosphorus added, and is positively the **only preparation** combining these ingredients.

The apparently extravagant claim that it has no equal in its peculiar sphere is based on the following common sense reasons:

It combines in palatable form **Cod Liver Oil**, the greatest tissue-builder and flesh-producer known to medical science, with **Iron**, the one and only agent which will supply impoverished Blood with the red corpuscles which it must have in order to insure a **healthy condition**, and **Phosphorus**, which has no equal as a Nerve tonic.

MILLINERY REDUCTIONS

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

The balance of our Millinery

—AT—

HALF PRICE.

Come early and get first choice.

B. O'HARA.

DR. CHAS. JOSE,
MADOC, ONT.
VETERINARY SURGEON,

Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals on the latest and most scientific principles.

If your horse is out of condition USE DR. JOSE'S CONDITION POWDERS.

If he has spavin, splint, windgall, curb or enlargement of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S BLISTER.

If he has cuts, running sores, indolent ulcers, sore neck, shoulders, grease heel, scratches, calks, kicks, or sores of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S ROMAN BALSAM.

USE DR. JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined.

Examination and Consultation Free.

DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

All calls personally or by telephone promptly attended.

Office, St. Lawrence street, opposite the Post Office. Residence, 3rd door west of Dr. Harrison's. Telephone No. 46.

CHAS. JOSE, V.S.

...Special Prices...

Watches, clocks, Chains and Jewelry

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

Goods purchased from me engraved Free of Charge.

J. H. IRVING,
4 Doors South of Moon's Hotel, Madoc

= Thompson & Dafoe =

carry a Full Stock of the following Goods suitable for Christmas Presents, such as:

Complete line of Silverware, Flatware,

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons,

Joseph Rodgers, and Lander, Tracy & Clark Table Cutlery,

Best makes Rodgers Pen and Jack Knives,

Beautiful line of Carvers, (with and without cases,)

Nickle Plated Hockey Skates,

Spring Skates, etc.

We are agents for the famous Steel Range and Aluminum Oil Heater, the most satisfactory Range and Heater on the market. Our motto is "First Quality, second Quantity.

THOMPSON & DAFOE.

GO TO

MORRICE & SON

—FOR—

Men's Fine Boots,

Ladies' Fine Boots,

Children's School Boots,

Men's Working Boots,

Trunks, Valises, Shoe Polish.

MORRICE & SON.